

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/

A
Greek-English
lexicon to the
New
Testament

William Greenfield, Thomas Sheldon Green, Horace ... NT. Philol 75 508 679

508.2 67989 1896 Cop. 2



LIBRARY

OF THE

DIVINITY SCHOOL.

Wallace N. Stearns. 24 Oct. 1896.



Α

GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON

TO

THE NEW TESTAMENT

Bebised and Enlarged

BY

THOMAS SHELDON GREEN, M.A.

WITH A PREFACE BY

H. L. HASTINGS

EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN, BOSTON, U.S A.

AND

A SUPPLEMENT

PREPARED BY WALLACE N. STEARNS UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

J. H. THAYER, D.D., LITT.D.

Professor of New-Testament Criticism and Interpretation in the Divinity School of Harvard University

CONTAINING ADDITIONAL WORDS AND FORMS TO BE FOUND IN ONE OR ANOTHER OF THE GREEK TEXTS IN CURRENT USE, ESPECIALLY THOSE OF LACHMANN, TISCHENDORF, TREGELLES, WESTCOTT AND HORT, AND THE REVISERS OF 1881

THIRTY-THIRD THOUSAND

BOSTON
H. L. HASTINGS, 47 CORNHILL
1806

OCT 24 1893

(468)

Gift of

7.0. Blass of 1876.

Copyright, 1896
BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A
H. L. Hastings

Repository Press 47 Cornhill

Greek-Eng. Lexicon-33M-6, '96
Printed in America

508,2 G7989 1896 cop.2

PREFACE.

The hidden depths both of the wisdom and knowledge of God were manifest, not only in the revelation of his will contained in the Scriptures of truth, but in the manner of giving that revelation, and in the language in which it was given.

Egypt had wisdom, but it was enshrined in hieroglyphics so obscure that their meaning faded centuries ago from the memory of mankind, and for many successive ages no man on earth could penetrate their mysteries. Assyria and Babylon had literature, art, and science; but with a language written in seven or eight hundred cuneiform signs, some of them having fifty different meanings, what wonder is it that for more than two thousand years the language and literature of these nations was lost, buried, and forgotten? The vast literature of China has survived the changes of centuries, but the list of different characters, which in a dictionary of the second century numbered 9353, and in the latest imperial Chinese Dictionary numbers 43,-960,—some of them requiring fifty strokes of the pencil to produce them,-shows how unfit such a language must be for a channel to convey the glad tidings of God's salvation to the poor, the weak, the sorrowful, and to people who cannot spend ten or twenty years in learning to comprehend the mysteries of the Chinese tongue.

Who can imagine what would have been the fate of a divine revelation if the words of eternal life had been enswathed in such cerements as these?

In the wisdom of God, the revelation of his will was given in the Hebrew tongue, with an alphabet of twenty-two letters, some of which, as inscribed on the Moabite stone, B. C. 900, are identical in form and sound with those now used in English books.

This Hebrew alphabet, so simple that a child might learn it in a day, has never been lost or forgotten. The Hebrew language in which the Oracles of God were given to man, has never become a dead language. Since the day when the Law was given to Moses on Mount Sinai, there never has been a day or hour when the language in which it was written was not known to living men, who were able

(iii)

to read, write, and expound it. And the Hebrew is the only language of those ages that has lived to the present time, preserving the record of a divine revelation, and being conserved by it through the vicissitudes of conflict, conquest, captivity, and dispersion; while the surrounding idolatrous nations perished in their own corruption, and their languages and literature were buried in oblivion.

In later ages, when the gospel of the Son of God was to be proclaimed to all mankind, another language was used as a vehicle for its communication. The bulk of the Israelitish race, through their captivities and external associations, had lost the knowledge of the holy tongue, and had learned the languages of the Gentiles among whom they dwelt; and now as their corporate national existence was to be interrupted, and they were to be dispersed among the peoples of the earth, the Hebrew language was not a fit channel for conveying this revelation to the Gentile world. Hence the same wise Providence which chose the undying Hebrew tongue for the utterances of the prophets, selected the Greek, which was at that time, more nearly than any other, a universal language, as the medium through which the teachings of the Saviour and the messages of the apostles should be sent forth to mankind.

This language, like the Hebrew, has maintained its existence,—though it has been somewhat changed by the flight of years,—and the modern Greek spoken in Athens to-day is substantially the Greek of 1800 years ago.

The gospel of Christ was to go forth to every nation; and the miracle of Pentecost indicated that it was the Divine purpose that each nation should hear in their own tongue wherein they were born, the wonderful works of God. Hence the Scriptures have been translated into hundreds of languages, and to-day six hundred millions of people, comprising all the leading races and nations of the earth, may have access to the Word of God in their native tongues. Nevertheless, no translation can perfectly express the delicate shades of thought which are uttered in another language, and it often becomes necessary and desirable to recur to the original Scriptures, and by searching them to find out the precise meaning of those words which were given by the Holy Ghost, and which are "more to be desired than gold, yea, than much fine gold." For while, speaking in a general way, we have faithful translations, which give us with great accuracy the sense of the Scriptures as a whole, yet there are times when we desire fuller and more accurate information concerning particular words uttered by those men to whom the Holy Ghost was given to bring all things to their remembrance, to guide them into all truth, and to show them things to come. Frequently there are depths of meaning which the casual reader does not fathom, and the study of the Greek and Hebrew becomes as needful as it is agreeable to those who love God's law, who delight in his gospel, and who have time and opportunity to prosecute such studies.

There are few lovers of the Bible who do not at times wish that they might clearly know the precise sense of some one original word which may sometimes be obscurely translated; or who would not be delighted to inquire of some competent scholar as to the meaning of certain expressions contained in that Book of God. Such persons are glad to study the original Scriptures, that they may learn, so far as possible, exactly what God has said to man.

The learning of a living language from those who speak it is no trifling task; but a language which must be learned from books, presents much greater difficulties; and to many persons the mastery of the Greek tongue looks like the labor of a lifetime. It is; and yet it is possible for studious Bible readers to learn the things they specially need to know, with an amount of labor which need not appall or dishearten any diligent student.

There are contained in the Greek New Testament about 5594 words; but in the whole Greek literature the words are a great multitude, which perhaps no man has ever numbered. The student of the Scriptures is not anxious to master or explore this vast wealth of Greek literature, but his ambition is to know something of those 5594 New Testament words in which the message of God's mercy is conveyed to fallen man. Hence he may pass by the bulk of Greek literature, and confine his investigations to those few Greek words which are used in the New Testament to convey to man the treasures of Divine truth.

A lexicon of the entire Greek language might extend through thousands of pages. There stands on the shelves of the writer a copy of Stephen's "Thesaurus Græcæ Linguæ," in eight folio volumes, (London, 1816-1825,) which contains more than thirteen thousand large, closely printed pages. A later edition of the same work is still larger; and there are critics and students who would find use for a lexicon as elaborate as this; but for the great mass of Biblical students most of this material would be entirely useless, and a very small volume would contain all they would find necessary in their study of the Scriptures of truth. Thus a portable volume, confining itself to the definition of the words included in the New Testament,

could give them fuller treatment than a very large volume which, covering the entire language would be obliged to condense and abridge at every point, omitting perhaps the very matter most desired by a student of the Sacred Word.

There is another consideration; the Greek of the New Testament differs materially in its character from the classical Greek, or from the Greek language as a whole. About B. C. 288, the law of Moses was translated from Hebrew into Greek, by request of Ptolemy Philadelphus, who sought everywhere for books to enrich his great library at Alexandria. Subsequently other portions were translated, and hence, we have what is known as the Septuagint version of the Old Testament. This was largely used among the Jewish people in Egypt and elsewhere in the time of our Saviour. It was a Greek version of a Hebrew book, and it was through this book, as well as by intercourse with Grecian people and foreigners of the Jewish stock, that the Jewish people became acquainted with the Greek tongue. But the Greek of the Septuagint was full of Hebrew ideas and idioms, and hence the Greek of the Jews in Palestine, and of the New Testament which is also saturated with Old Testament ideas, differed from the ordinary language of the Greeks, new meanings having been imparted to various words, in order that they might represent Hebrew words and Hebrew ideas. For example, when the Greek word hades is used, we are not thereby committed to a belief in all the fabulous ideas of the Greeks concerning the abode of the dead, for the word was but the representative of the Hebrew word sheel, which is almost always translated hades in the Greek Old Testament. Hence in studying this Greek word in the New Testament we are not to go to the Greek classics to find out what they mean by the word hades, but rather to the Hebrew prophets to learn in what sense they use the Hebrew word sheel, of which it is the Greek equivalent. So the word diatheke in classic Greek signifies a will, testament, covenant, and so the term in the common English version is translated in both these ways. But in the Septuagint the word diatheke is used to translate the Hebrew word berith, which signifies a covenant, but does not signify a will or testament. * Hence, instead of speaking of

^{*}Both the Authorized and the Revised Versions of Heb. ix. 15-16 give countenance to the assumption that our Saviour made his last will and testament, and by his death gave it validity. But in that case would not his resurrection three days later, have rendered it null and void? The subject under discussion in Hebrews ix. is not two testaments or wills, but two covenants or agreements; and the

"The New Testament' we should more correctly call it "The New Covenant." A variety of instances might be adduced where New Testament Greek words have meanings widely different from the same words in classic Greek.

It must also be remembered, that there are words in the New Testament which are not found at all in the classical writers. When new ideas are to be conveyed, new words must be found to convey them. In the language of the Hindus there is no word for home, simply because the Hindu has no home. The idea of a home as understood by Christians, is utterly foreign to the Hindu nation and religion. There are heathen nations that have no word for gratitude, because gratitude is unknown to them; so the word agape or charity, which describes unselfish love, a love which reaches to enemies, and which seeks no personal gratification or reward,—that love which is of God, and concerning which it is said, "God is Love," refers to something unknown to the heathen world. They had no word to express it, because they had not the thing itself to express.

These illustrations indicate some of the peculiarities of the New Testament Greek, and serve to show us why the student of the Bible needs an especial apparatus for studying the Greek New Testament. For this purpose, he has been most generously furnished with New Testament lexicons, in different languages, Latin, German, and English, by the labor of devout and learned students. Among the most noteworthy may be mentioned Robinson's Greek Lexicon of the New Testament, and Prof. J. H. Thayer's later and more elaborate Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament, based upon Prof. Grimm's great Lexicon; which is well adapted to meet the needs of the critical student.

The meaning of words is determined finally by their usage by those who employ them, and the only way to settle the sense of disputed death referred to seems to be not the death of a "testator," or mediator but the death of the sacrifice which was offered after the custom of ancient times when a solemn covenant was made, and whose blood sprinkled on the ground and over the covenanting parties, sealed the covenant, which was of no force until the sacrifice was slain. The first covenant was sealed with the blood of calves and goats; the second covenant with the blood of the Son of God. Heb. ix. 15-26; xiii. 20; Exod. xxiv. 4-8; Gen. xv. 8-18; Mark xiv. 24. He was not only the mediator of the new covenant, but also the sacrifice which sealed it, all types combining in Him. For an extended discussion of this subject, consult Macknight on The Epistles, and Granville Penn's Notes on The New Covenant. Heb. ix. 15-16.

and difficult words is carefully to examine each word in its connection, in all the passages where it is used, and in the light of that examination decide as to its meaning or meanings. In some of the more elaborate lexicons a large number of passages are thus cited, illustrating the use of the words under consideration, and in some cases authors have endeavored to give nearly every passage where a word occurs in the New Testament. This, however, cumbers the lexicon with a large amount of material which in most instances is of little use. This examination and comparison of passages, the careful student should make for himself, and his interests in this direction are better served by the use of a concordance; and for those who wish to investigate carefully the meaning of Greek words in the New Testament, ample provision has been made in the Critical Greek and English Concordance, prepared by Prof. C. F. Hudson, under the direction of H. L. Hastings, and revised and completed by the late Ezra Abbot, D. D., LL. D., Professor of New Testament Criticism and Interpretation in the Divinity School of Harvard University. This book contains (1) the more than five thousand words in the

This book contains (1) the more than five thousand words in the Greek Testament, in alphabetical order. (2) References to every pasage where those words occur. (3) Every English word which is used to translate the given Greek word. (4) The passages in which the Greek word is translated by each English word, classified and set by themselves, so that the more usual translations can be discerned at a glance, while the more infrequent translations are also exhibited. (5) The various readings of the leading critical editions and manuscripts of the Greek Testament. (6) An English Index, so that with this book a person who does not know a letter of the Greek alphabet is enabled to find the original for any English word in the New Testament, learn in how many places it occurs, and in how many ways it is translated, so that by examining every passage, he may have the data before him for making up an independent judgment from the facts in the case.

This Greek Concordance obviates the necessity for an exhaustive citation of the passages containing any particular Greek word, and brings us back to the proper sphere of a Lexicon, as a book defining the words contained in the language, with occasional references to passages which illustrate the different meanings; and when equipped with Hudson's Concordance, a manual lexicon of New Testament Greek serves the purpose of the ordinary student.

It is for the accommodation of such students, who know little of

the Greek language, but who desire to "search the Scriptures," and of others more scholarly, who yet find it needful to refresh their memories as to the sense of Greek words, that this Lexicon is offered. It was originally prepared by William Greenfield, who was born in London, in 1799, and died there November 5, 1831. He edited Bagster's Comprehensive Bible, a Syriac New Testament, a Hebrew New Testament, and prepared an abridgment of Schmidt's Greek Concordance. In 1830 he was appointed editor of the Foreign Versions of the British and Foreign Bible Society; and though he died at an early age, he had a high reputation as an accomplished linguist.

In preparing his Lexicon of the New Testament, he drew materials from every accessible source; the Lexicons of Parkhurst, Schleusners Wahl, and Robinson being especially examined and laid under contribution. This Lexicon, issued by Bagster & Sons as a companion for a portable edition of the Greek Testament, served an excellent purpose. At a later date it was carefully revised with numerous additions and improvements, by Rev. Thomas Sheldon Green, M. A., and it has received the hearty approval of competent Greek scholars, like the late Professor Ezra Abbot of Cambridge.

Though the body of this Lexicon includes all the words contained in the Received Text of the Greek New Testament, yet in the texts now more or less current, in particular those of Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tregelles, Westcott and Hort, and the Westminster Revised, certain new words and forms are introduced, not found in the Received Text.

With a desire to give completeness to this Lexicon, a list of these words is presented, with definitions and a record of the places where they occur, at the end of the Lexicon. This list has been prepared by Mr. Wallace N. Stearns, under the supervision of Prof. J. Henry Thayer, of Harvard Divinity School, the successor of the lamented Dr. Ezra Abbot, and one of the revisers of the New Testament, whose arduous labors in the department of sacred lexicography are too well-known to need further mention.

With these statements as to the object and character of this Lexicon, we commit this new edition to the kind providence of Him whose words of truth are therein expounded, and without whose blessing all labor and effort is but in vain.

H. L. HASTINGS.

SCRIPTURAL TRACT REPOSITORY,

BOSTON, MASS., June, 1896.

EXPLANATIONS.

Allusion has been made in the preface to certain peculiarities of New Testament Greek, which distinguish it from the classic Greek of the heathen world.

This Lexicon indicates some of these peculiarities, by distinguishing three classes of words:

- I. Later Greek words, marked L. G., the occurrence of which may be regarded as commencing within the Later Greek period, which is here reckoned from and includes the writings of the historian Polybius, B. C. 204-123.
- II. New Testament words, marked N. T., which only occur in the New Testament, or if found elsewhere are only in certain peculiar quarters.

III. Septuagint words, marked S., which besides their occurrence in the New Testament are found only in the Septuagint Version of the Old Testament, the Greek Apocryphal books, and kindred writings; and the meaning of which is to be studied, not in the usage of classical Greek writings, but rather in the light of the Hebrew Old Testament, and the writings of Jewish authors who were familiar with Hebrew ideas and Hebrew literature.

ABBREVIATIONS,

merc.

CARD IN THE FOLLOWING LEXICOR.

é. Sbeol	Acrist. absolutely, without case	meton.	by metonymy metathesis, the '2 -s -com
	or adjunct.		tion of letter:
BOCTES	accusative case	mid.	middle voice.
adj.	adjective.	N. T	New Testamen'.
aďv	adverb.	opt.	optative mood.
ai.	alibi, in other texts.	O. T	Old Testament.
al. freq	alibi frequenter in many	part.	participle.
	other texts	pass.	passive voice.
Aram	Aramaean.	p. per.	perfect tense
ĂL.	Attic dialect	plu.p	pluperfect tense.
bis,	twice.	pl.	plural.
cf.	confer, compare.	pr.	properly.
coll.	collato, being compared	preced	preceding.
omp	omparative.	prep.	preposition.
conj.	ounjunction.	pron.	pronoun.
contr	contraction, or contracted.	quater	four times.
dat.	dative case.	9 C.	scilices, that is to may
dimin enclit	diminutive.	l	that is.
ARCHE	enclitic, throwing the ac-	seq	sequente, as, seq. gen. se
	cent on the preceding syllable.	İ	quente genitivo, with a genitive following.
&, et.	and.	sing	singular — the figures
e. g.	ezempli gratia, for exam-	nug	placed before sing. or
U. g.	ple.	!	pl. denote the person.
£.	future tense.	spe	specially, i. e. in a special
Ä	from.	1 -	and local meaning.
geL	genitive case.	sub).	subjunctive mood.
Kent	generally, in a general	subs	substantive
W	sense, not affected by	superi	superlative
	adjuncts.	ter.	thrice.
Het	Hebrew, or the Hebrew	trans	transitively
	idiom.	trop	tropically, i. e. turned
i.e.	id est, that is.		aside from its strict
idem.	the same.	1	literal meaning
imperat.	imperative mood	₹.	sel, or,
imperf.	imperfect tense.	V. S.	a various reading to the
impers	impersonal.	1	common text.
impl	implication.	VIE.	videlicet, that is, namely
inf.	infinitive mood	706.	vocative case.
int. interj			d to a word shows it to be
intrans.	intransitive.		ne ; 🦏 to be feminine ; 🎍 🕏
lit.	Hterally.		mmon, I. e. masculire 🛶
	pretar toriently.	. faminin	e: and rk to be nester.

GREEK AND ENGLISH LEXICON

TO THE

NEW TESTAMENT.

Α

A, a, Alpha, the first letter of the Greek Alphabet, and used for the first, Re. 1.8, 11; 21.6; 22.13.

In composition, it denotes privation; sometimes augmentation, and union. $A\beta \tilde{\alpha}_l \eta \tilde{\gamma}_s$, $\acute{\epsilon} os$, $o\mathring{v}_s$, \acute{o} , $\acute{\eta}$, $\tau \delta$, $-\acute{\epsilon} s$, $(\mathring{a} \& \beta \acute{a} \rho \sigma)$ not burdensome, not charge-

able, 2 Co. 11. 9. Aββâ, ind. Ch. or Sy. ΝΙΝ, father,

Mar. 14. 36. Ro. 8. 15. Ga. 4. 6. "Αβυσσος, ου, η, pr. bottomless; place of the dead, hell.

'Αγαθοεργέω, ω, 'Αγαθουργω, f. ήσω, (ἀγαθός & ἔργου) to do good, confer benefits, 1 Ti. 6. 18. N. T.

Αγαθοποιέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἀγαθός & ποιέω) to do good, benefit, do well: (S.) whence

^{*}Aγαθοποιία, as, ή, well-doing, probity, 1 Pe. 4. 19. L. G.

'Aγαθοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, a well-doer, 1 Pe. 2. 14. L. G.

Αγάθός, ή, όν, good, profitable, generous, beneficent, upright, virtuous: whence

'Aγαθωσύνη, ης, ή, goodness, virtue, beneficence. S.

Aγαλλί $\bar{\alpha}\sigma\iota s$, $\epsilon\omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, exultation, extreme joy: (S.) from

Aγαλλιάω, ῶ, f. άσω, to celebrate, praise; also equivalent to Aγαλλιάσμα, το exult, rejoice exceedingly; to desire ardently, Jno. 8.56. S.

'Ayaμos, ου, δ, ή, (â & γάμος) unmarried. 1 Co. 7. 8, 11, 32, 34.

'Αγανακτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to be pained; to be angry, vexed, indignant; to manifest indignation: whence

AΓI

'Aγανάκτησις, εως, ή, indignation, 2 Co. 7, 11.

'Aγαπάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. ἠγάπηκα, to love, value, esteem, feel or manifest generous concern for, be faithful towards; to delight in; to set store upon, Re. 12. 11: whence

'Aγάπη, ης, ἡ, love, generosity, kindly concern, devotedness; pl. love-feasts, Ju. 12. S.

'Aγαπητός, ή, όν, beloved, dear; worthy of love.

'Aγγαρεύω, f. εύσω, (ἄγγαρος, a Persian courier, or messenger, who had authority to press into his service men, horses, &c.) to press or compel another to go somewhere, or carry some burden.

'Αγγείον, ου, τό, (ἄγγος, the same) a vessel, utensil, Mat. 13. 48; 25. 4.

'Aγγελία, ας, ή, a message, doctrine, or precept, delivered in the name of any one, 1 Jno. 3.11: from

"Aγγελος, ου, ό, ή, one sent, a messenger, angel.

Ayε, a particle of exhortation, (pr. imperat. of ἄγω) come, come now, Ja. 4. 13; 5. 1.

'Aγέλη, ης, ή, (ἄγω) a drove, flock, herd.

' Αγευεαλόγητος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & γευεαλογέω) not included in a pedigree independent of pedigree, He. 7. 3

'Aγενής, έος, ό, ή, τό, -ίτ. (ἀ & γενος) ignoble, base, 1 Co. 1. ω

Αγιάζω, f. άσω, p. pass. ἡγίασμαι, (äγιος) to separate, conservate: cleanse, purify, sanctify; regard or reverence as holy: (S.) whence

'Ayıασμός, οῦ, ὁ, sanctification, moral purity, sanctity. S.

Ayıos, ía, ιον, separate from common condition and use; dedicated, Lu. 2. 23; hallowed; used of things, τά äγια, the sanctuary; and of persons, saints, e.g. members of the first Christian communities; pure, rightcous, ceremonially or morally; holy: whence

Αγιότης, ητος, ή, holiness, sanctity, He. 12, 10, S.

Αγιωσύνη, ης, η, sanctification, sanctity, holiness. S.

Αγκάλη, ης, ή, (ἀγκή, the same) the arm, Lu. 2. 28. (a)

Αγκιστρον, ου, τό, a hook, fish-hook, Mat. 17. 27.

Αγκυρα, as, ή, an anchor, Ac. 27. 29, 30, 40,

"Aγνάφος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & γνάπτω, to full, dress) unfulled, undressed; new, Mat. 9.16. Mar. 2.21. N. T.

Αγνεία, as, ή, (άγνόs) purity, chastity, 1 Ti. 4. 12; 5. 2.

Αγνίζω, τ΄ ίσω, to purify; to purify morally, teform. 'Αγνίζομαι, p. ηγνισμαι, a. l. ἡγνίσθην, to live like one under a vow of abstinence, as the Nazarites: whence

Αγνισμός, οῦ, ὁ, purification, abstinence, Ac. 21. 26. L.G.

Αγνοέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to be ignorant; not to understand; sin through ignorance: whence

αγνόημα, ατος, τό, error, sin of ignorance, He. 9. 7.

Αγνοια, as, ή, ignorance.

Aγνός, ή, όν, pure, chaste, modest, innocent, blameless: whence

Αγνότης, τητος, ή, purity, life of purity, 2 Co. 6. 6.

Aγνως, adv. purely, sincerely, Phi. ĺ. 16.

'Αγνωσια, as, ή, (ά & γνώσις) ignorance, 1 Co. 15. 34. 1 Pe. 2. 15. Αγνωστος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & γνωστός)

unknown, Ac. 17. 23.

Αγορά, âs, ή, ἀγείρω, to gather together) a place of public concourse, forum, market-place; things seld in the market, provisions: whence

Αγοράζω, f. άσω, p. pass. ηγόρασμαι, a. l. pass. ηγοράσθην, to buy; redeem, acquire by a ransom or price paid.

Αγοραίος, ου, ό, ή, one who visits the forum; a lounger, one who idles away his time in public places, a low fellow, Ac. 17. 5.

Αγόραιος, ου, ό, ή, pertaining to the forum, judicial; ἀγόραιοι, court days, Ac. 19. 38.

Αγρα, ας, ή, a catching, thing taken, draught of fishes, Lu. 5. 4, 9.

Αγράμμἄτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & γράμμα) illiterate, unlearned, Ac. 4. 13

Αγραυλέω, ω, f. ήσω, (αγρός & αυλή) to remain in the open air, especially by night, Lu. 2. 8.

Αγρεύω, f. εύσω, (ἄγρα) to take in hunting, catch, Mar. 12. 13.

Αγριέλαιος, ου, ή, (ἄγριος & έλαία) a wild olive-tree, oleaster, Ro. 11. 17.

Aγριος, ία, ιον, belonging to the field, wild; fierce, raging: from

'Αγρός, ου, ό, a field, especially a cultivated field; pl. the country; lands, farms, villages.

Αγρυπνέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to be awake watch; to be watchful, vigilant: whence

Αγρυπνία, ας, ή, want of sleep watching, 2 Co. 6.5; 11.27.

Αγω, f. ἄξω, p. ήχα, ἀγήοχα, a. 2. ηγαγον, f. l. pass. ἀχθήσομαι, a. l. pass. ἡχθην, p. pass. ἡγμαι, to lead, bring; lead away, drive off, as a booty of cattle; conduct, accompany: lead out, produce; conduct with force, drag, hurry away; guide, in cite, entice; convey oneself, go, go away; pass or spend as time; celebrate: whence

Aγωγή, η̂s, η̂, guidance, mode of instruction, discipline, course of life, 2 Ti. 3. 10.

'Aγών, ῶνος, ὁ, place of contest, race course, stadium; a contest, strife contention; peril, toil: whence

Aγωνία, as, ή, contest, violent strug gle; agony, anguish, Lu 22. 44.

Αγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, p. pass. ηγώriqual, to be a combatant in the public games; to contend, fight, strive earnestly.

Αδάπανος, ου, δ, ή, (δ & δαπάνη) without expence, gratuitous, 1 Co.

'Αδελ ϕ ή, η̂ς, ή, a sister; near kinswoman or female relative; a female me.aber of the Christian community: from

Αδελφός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀ & δελφύς, the womb) a brother; near kinsman or relative; one of the same nation or nature; one of equal rank and dignity; an associate, a member of the Christian community: whence

Λδελφότης, τητος, $\dot{\eta}$, brotherhood, the body of the Christian brother-hood, 1 Pe. 2. 17; 5. 9. S.

Αδηλος, ου, ό, ή, τό, ον, (ά & δήλος) not apparent or obvious; uncertain, not distinct, Lu. 11. 44. 1 Co. 14. 8: whence

'Αδηλότης, τητος, ή, uncertainty, inconstancy, 1 Ti. 6. 17. L. G.

'Aδήλως, adv. not manifestly, uncertainly, dubiously, 1 Co. 9. 26.

Αδημονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to be depressed or dejected, full of anguish or sorrow.

Aions, ov, o, the invisible abode or mansion of the dead; the place of punishment, hell; the lowest place or condition, Mat. 11. 23. Lu. 10. 15.

Αδιάκρϊτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & διακρίνω) undistinguishing, impartial, Ja. 3. 17.

Αδιάλειπτος, ου, δ, ή, (ἀ & διαλείπω) unceasing, constant, settled. Ro. 9. 2. 2 Ti. 1. 3: whence

Αδιαλείπτως, adv. unceasingly, by an unvarying practice.

Αδιαφθορία, ας, ή, (ἀ & διαφθορά) incorruptness, genuineness, pureness, Tit. 2. 7.

Αδικέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. ηκα, (ἀ & δίκη) to act unjustly; wrong; injure; violate a law: whence

Αδίκημα, ατος, τό, an act of in-'ustice, crime.

Adikia, as, $\dot{\eta}$, injustice, wrong; iniquity, falsehood, deceitfulness.

33

"Αδίκος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, unjust, unrighteous, iniquitous, vicious; deceitful, fallacious.

'Αδίκως, alv. unjustly, undeservedly, 1 Pe. 2. 19.

Aδόκιμος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & δόκιμος) unable to stand test, rejected, refuse, worthless.

"Αδολος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & δόλος) without deceit, sincere, 1 Pe. 2. 2.

Αδρότης, τητος, ή, (άδρός, mature, full) abundance, 2 Co. 8. 20.

Αδυνατέω, ω, f. ήσω, not to be able; to be impossible: from

Αδύνἄτος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ἀ & δύναμαι) impotent, weak; impossible. Αιδω (contr. fr. ἀείδω) f. ἄσω,

ἄσομαι, to sing.

Aεί, alway, for ever, aye. Αετός, οῦ, ὁ, an eagle.

"Aζυμος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & ζύμη) un-leavened; τὰ ἄζυμα, the feast of unleavened bread; metaph. pure from foreign matter, unadulterated, genuine; τὸ ἄζυμον, genuineness, l Co. 5. 7, 8.

'A $\dot{\eta}\rho$, $\dot{a}\dot{\epsilon}\rho$ os, \dot{o} , air, atmosphere.

Αθανασία, ας, ή, (ἀ & θάνατος) immortality, 1 Co. 15. 53, 54. 1 Ti. 6.

Αθέμϊτος, ου, δ, ή, τό, -ον, (ἀ & θεμιτός, lawful) unlawful, criminal, wicked, Ac. 10. 28. 1 Pe. 4. 3.

'Aθεος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & Θεός) an Atheist; godless, estranged from the knowledge and worship of the true God, Ep. 2. 12.

Αθεσμος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & θεσμός, law) lawless, unrestrained, licentious, 2 Pe. 2. 7; 3. 17. L. G.

'Αθετέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀ & τίθημι) pr. to displace, set aside; to abrogate, annul, violate, swerve from ; reject, contemn: (L. G.) whence

Αθέτησις, εως, ή, abrogation, annulling, He. 7. 18; 9. 26.

Αθλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p ἤθληκα, (αεθλος, strife, contest) to strive, contend, be a champion in the public games, 2 Ti. 2. 5: wheree

Λθλησις, εως, ή, contest, combat struggle, conflict, He. 10. 32. L. G

Αθυμέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ά & θυμός) Αἰσχροκερδής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰσχ to despond, be disheartened, Col. 3.21.

'Αheta $\hat{oldsymbol{arphi}}$ ος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, ($\hat{oldsymbol{a}}$ & heta $oldsymbol{\omega}$ ή, a penalty) unpunished; metaph. innocent, Mat. 27. 4, 24.

Alyeios, eia, eiov, (alf, yos, a goat) belonging to a goat, He. 11. 37. Alγιαλός, οῦ, ὁ, sea-shore.

Aidus, ou, o, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\dot{a}\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\iota})$ always existing, eternal, Ro. 1. 20. Jude 6.

Alδωs, οῦς, ή, modesty, reverence, 1 Ti. 2. 9. He. 12. 28.

Aίμα, ατος, τό, blood; of the colour of blood; bloodshed; blood-guiltiness; natural descent.

Αίματεκχυσία, ας, ἡ, (αἶμα & ἔκχυσις, fr. ἐκχέω) an effusion or shedding of blood, He. 9. 22. N. T.

Αίμορροέω, ω, f. ήσω, (αίμα & ρόος, fr. ρέω) to have a flux of blood, Mat. 9. 20.

Αίνεσις, εως, ή, praise, He. 13. 15: (S.) from

Aίνέω, ω, f. έσω, (αίνος) to praise, celebrate.

Αΐνιγμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσω, to intimate obscurely) an enigma, any thing obscurely expressed or inti-mated, 1 Co. 13. 12.

Alvos, ov, o, praise, Mat. 21. 16. Lu. 18. 43.

Αἴρεσις, εως, ἡ (αἰρέομαι) strictly, a choice or option; hence, a sect, faction; by impl. discord, contention.

Αίρετίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἡρέτισα, (fr. same) to choose, choose with delight or love, Mat. 12. 18.

Αἰρετικός, οῦ, ὁ, (fr. same) one who creates or fosters factions, Tit 3. 10.

Λίρ εω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. ἤρηκα, p. pass. ήρημαι, mid. αἰρέομαι, οῦμαι, n. 2. ειλόμην, to take; mid. to choose.

 $\mathbf{A}\tilde{\imath}\rho\omega$, f. $d\hat{\imath}\rho\hat{\omega}$, a. 1. $\tilde{\eta}\rho\alpha$, to take up, lift, raise; bear, carry; take away, remove: destroy, kill

Αλσθάνομαι, ε. αλσθήσομαι, α. 2. ηο σομην, to perceive, understand, Lu. 9. 45: whence

Alothous, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, perception, understanding, Phi. 1. 9.

Αἰσθητήριον, ου, τό, an organ of perception; internal sense, He. 5. 14.

ρός & κέρδος) eager for dishonourable gain, sordid, 1 Ti. 3. 3, 8. Tit. 1. 7: whence

Αἰσχροκερδώς, adv. for the sake of base gain, sordidly, 1 Pe. 5 2. N. T. Αἰσχρολογία, as, ἡ, (αἰσχρός & λόγος) vile or obscene language, foul talk, Col. 3. 8.

Alσχρός, ά, όν, strictly, deformed, opp. to καλός; metaph. indecorous, indecent, dishonourable, vile: whence

Alσχρότης, τητος, ή, indecorum, indecency, Ep. 5. 4.

Alσχύνη, ης, ή, shame, disgrace; cause of shame, dishonourable conduct: (v) whence

Αἰσχύνομαι, f. υνοῦμαι & υνθήσιμαι, to be ashamed, confounded.

Αἰτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ῆτησα, to ask, request; demand; desire. Ac. 7. 46: whence

Αἴτημα, ατος, τό, a thing asked or sought for; petition, request, Lu. 23. 24. 1 Jno. 5. 15.

Alτία, as, ή, cause, motive, incitement; accusation, crime; case.

Αἰτίāμα, ατος, τό, charge, accusation, Ac. 27. 7: from

Αὶτιάομαι, ῶμαι, (αἰτία) τ. r. Ro. 3. 9, to charge, accuse.

Αἴτιος, ου, ό, ή, causative; αἴτιος, an author or causer, He.5.9; to aircor, equivalent to aiτía.

Αιτίωμα, ατος, τό, ν. r. Ac. 25. 7, equivalent to αἰτίαμα. N.T.

Aἰφνίδιος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, unforeseen, unexpected, sudden, Lu. 21. 34. 1 Thes 5. 3.

Αἰχμαλωσία, as, ή, (αἰχμαλωτος) captivity, state of captivity; captive multitude, Ep. 4.8. Re. 13. 10 L. G.

Αἰχμαλωτεύω, f. εύσω, to lead captive; met. to captivate, Ep. 4.8. 2 Ti

Αἰχμαλωτίζω, f. ίσω, to lead captive; by impl. to subject, Lu. 21. 24. Ro. 7. 23. 2 Co. 10. 5. L. G.

Αἰχμάλωτος, ου, ὁ, (αἰχμή, a spear & ἀλίσκομαι, to capture) a captive Lu. 4. 18.

Alών, ῶνος, ὁ, pr. a peri d of time of significant character; life; an era: an age; hence, a state of things marking an age or era; the present order of nature; the natural condition of man, the world; ὁ αἰων, illimitable duration, eternity; as also, οἱ αἰωνες, οἱ αἰων τοῦ αἰωνον, οἱ αἰωνες τῶν αἰωνων; by an Aramaism οἱ αἰωνες, τὸν αἰωνων; by an Aramaism οἱ αἰωνες, the material universe He. 1. 2: whence

Alώνιος, ίου, δ, ή, & alώνιος, ία, ον, indeterminate as to duration,

eternal, everlasting.

'Aκαθαρσία, ας, ή, (ἀ & καθαίρω) uncleanness; lewdness; impurity of motive, 1 Thes. 2. 3.

'Ακαθάρτης, τητος, ή, impurity, Re. 17. 4. N. T.

Ακάθαρτος, ου, ό, ή, impure, unclean; lewd; foul.

 Ακαιρέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἀ & καιρός) to be without opportunity, or occasion, Phi. 4. 10. N.T.

Aκαίρως, adv. unseasonably, 2 Ti. 4.2.

Aκάκοs, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & κακόs) free from evil, innocent, blameless; artless, simple, Ro. 16. 18. He. 7. 26.

Akav θ a, η s, $\dot{\eta}$, a thorn, thorn-bush, Mat. 7. 16: whence

'Ακάνθινος, ου, ό, ή, thorny, made of thorns, Mar. 15. 17. Jno. 19. 5.

Ακαρπος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ά & καρπός) without fruit, unfruitful, barren; by impl. noxious.

'Ακατάγνωστος, ου, ό, η, τό, -ου, (ά & καταγινώσκω) pr. not worthy of condemnation by a judge; hence, irreprehensible, Tit. 2. 8.

*Ακατακάλυπτος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & κατακαλύπτω) uncovered, unveiled, 1 Co. 11. 5, 13. L. G.

'Ακατάκρίτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & κατακρίνω) uncondemned in a public trial, Ac. 16. 37; 22. 25. N. T.

Aκατάλυτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & καταλύω) incapable of dissolution, indissoluble; hence, enduring, everlasting, He. 7. 16. L. G.

Ακατάπαυστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & καταπαύω) which cannot be restrained from a thing, unceasing, 2 Pe. 2. 14. L.G. Aκαταστασία, as, η, (à & καθίσταμα, to be in a fixed and tranquil state) μτ. instability: hence an unsettled state; disorder, commotion, tumult, sedition, Lu. 21. 9. 1 Co. 14. 33. 2 Co. 6. 5; 12. 20. Ja. 3. 16. L. G.

Ακατάστάτος, ου, ό, ή, unstable, inconstant, Ja. 1. 8.

'Ακατάσχετος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & κατέχω) not coercible, irrestrainable, untameable, unruly, Ja. 3. 8. L. G.

'Aκέραιος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & κεράννυμ, to mix) pr. unmixed; hence, without mixture of vice or deceit, sincere, artless, blameless, Mat. 10. 16. Ro. 16. 19. Phi. 2. 15.

Ακλίνής, εος, ό, ή, (ἀ & κλίνω) not declining, unwavering, steady He. 10. 23.

'Aκμάζω, f. άσω, to flourish, ripen, be in one's prime, Re. 14. 18: from Aκμή, η̂s, η, (ἀκή, idem) pr. the point of a weapon; point of time;

point of a weapon; point of time; ἀκμήν for κατ' ἀκμήν, adv. yet, still, even now, Mat. 15. 16.
'Ακοή, ῆς, ἡ, (ἀκούω) hearing, the

act or sense of hearing; the instrument of hearing, the ear; a thing heard, instruction, doctrine, report. Aκολουθέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, p. $\dot{\eta}\kappa$ ο, to follow; follow as a disciple; imitate.

Ακούω, f. ουσω, ούσομαι, p. ἀκηκος, p. pass. ἡκουσμαι a. l. pass. ἡκουσθην, to hear; hearken, listen to; heed, obey; understand.

Ακρασία, as, η, (ἀκρατήs) intemperance, incontinence, Mat. 23. 25. i Co. 7. 5.

Ακράτής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ά & κράτος) not master of one's self, intemperate, 2 Ti. 3. 3.

Ακράτος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ου, (ἀ & κεράνυυμι) unmixed, unmingled wine, Re. 14. 10.

Aκρίβεια, ας, ή, accuracy, exactness; or rigour, severe discipline Ac. 22. 3: from

⁷ Ακρίβής, έος, δ, ή, τό, -ές, accurate, exact; severe, rigorous, Αc. 18 26; 23. 15, 20; 24. 22; 26. 5: whence Ακρίβόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. ἡκρίβωκα, to inquire accurately, or assiduously Mat. 2. 7, 16: comp. ver. 8.

Ακριβώς, adv. diligently, accurately, Mat. 2. 8. Lu. 1. 3. Ac. 18. 25. Ep. 5. 15. 1 Thes. 5. 2.

'Ακρίς, ίδος, ή, a locust, Mat. 3. 4. Mar. 1. 6. Re. 9. 3, 7.

'Ακροατήριον, ου, τό, (ἀκροάομαι, to hear) a place of audience, auditorium, Ac. 25. 23. L. G.

'Ακροατής, οῦ, ὁ, a hearer, Ro. 2. 13. Ju. 1. 22, 23, 25.

'Ακροβυστία, as, ἡ, (ἄκρον & βύω, to cover) the prepuce, foreskin; uncircumcision, the state of being uncircumcised; the abstruct being put for the concrete, uncircumcised men. i. e. Gentiles. S.

Ακρογωνιαίος, α, ον, (ἄκρος & γωνία) corner-foundation stone, Ep. 2. 20. 1 Pe. 2. 6. S.

Ακροθίνιον, ου, τό, (ἄκρος & θίν, a heap) the first-fruits of the pro-duce of the ground, which were taken from the top of the heap and offered to the gods; the best and choicest of the spoils of war, usually collected in a heap, He. 7. 4.

'Ακρον, ου, τό, the top, tip, end, extremity, Mat. 24. 31. Mar. 13. 27. Lu. 16. 24. He. 11. 21: from

Ακρος, a, ον, (ἀκή) pointed; hence, extreme, uppermost.

Ακυρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀ & κυρόω) to deprive of authority, annul, abrogate, Mat. 15. 6. Mar. 7. 13. Gal. 3. 17. L.G.

Ακωλύτως, adv. (ά & κωλύω) without hindrance, freely, Ac. 28. 31. (v). Ακων, ουσα, ον, (for ἀέκων, fr. ἀ

& ἐκών) unwilling, 1 Co. 9. 17.

Αλάβαστρον, ου, το, alabaster; a vase to hold perfumed ointment, properly made of alabaster, but also of other materials, Mat. 26.7. Mar. 14. 3. Lu. 7. 37.

'A $\lambda a \zeta o \nu \epsilon i a$, a s, $\dot{\eta}$, ostentation; boasting; haughtiness, 1 Jno. 2. 16: from Αλαζών, όνος, ό, ή, ostentatious, vain-glorious, arrogant, boasting, Ro. 1. 30. 2 Ti. 3. 2.

'Αλαλάζω, f. άξω, άξομαι, pr. to raise the war-cry, ἀλαλά; hence, to utter other loud sounds; to wail, Mar. 5.38; to tinkle, ring, 1 Co. 13. 1. λαλέω) unutterable, or unexpressed Ro. 8. 26. L. G.

"Αλάλος, ου, ό, ή, (fr. same) unable to speak, dumb, Mar. 7. 37.

"Aλας, ατος, τό, (ἄλς) salt; met. wisdom and prudence. L.G.

'Αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint with oil or ointment.

'Αλεκτοροφωνία, as, η, (ἀλέκτωρ & φωνή) the cock-crowing, the third watch of the night, intermediate to midnight and daybreak, and termed cock-crow, Mar. 13, 35. L.G.

Αλέκτωρ, ορος, δ, a cock, gallus, Mat. 26. 34. Mar. 14. 30. Lu 22. 34. Jno. 13. 38.

Αλευρον, ου, τό, (ἀλέω, to grind) meal, flour, Mat. 13, 33, Lu. 13, 21, 'Αλήhetaεια, as, \dot{r} , (\dot{a} ληhetaήs) trut $oldsymbol{u}$, verity; love of truth, veracity, sincerity; divine truth revealed to man; practice in accordance with Gospel truth.

Αληθεύω, f. εύσω, to speak or maintain the truth; act truly or sincerely, Ga. 4. 16. Ep. 4. 15: from $A\lambda \eta \theta \dot{\eta} s$, $\dot{\epsilon} o s$, \dot{o} , $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{o}$, $-\dot{\epsilon} s$, true; worthy of credit; studious of truth,

veracious: whence

'Αλη θ ινός, ή, όν, sterling; real; unfeigned, trustworthy, true.

'Αλήθω, f. ἀλήσω, (ἀλέω, idem) to grind, Mat. 24. 41. Lu. 17. 35.

'A $\lambda\eta\theta\hat{\omega}s$, adv. $(a\lambda\eta\theta\hat{\eta}s)$ truly, really; certainly, of a truth; truly, veraciously.

Αλιεύς, έος, έως, δ, (ἄλς, the sea) a fisherman, Mat. 4. 18, 19. Mar. 1. 16, 17. Lu. 5. 2: whence

Αλιεύω, f. εύσω, to fish, Jno. 21. 8. Αλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἄλς) to salt, season with salt, preserve by salting, Mat. 5. 13. Mar. 9. 49.

Αλίσγημα, ατος, τό, (άλισγέω, to pollute, in the Sept.) pollution, defilement, Ac. 15. 20. N.T.

' $\lambda\lambda\dot{a}$, conj. but ; however; but still more; ἀλλάγε, at all events; ἀλλ' ή, unless, except. 'Αλλά also serves to introduce a sentence with keenness and emphasis, Ro. 6. 5; 7. 7. Phil. 3. 8. Jno. 16. 2.

Αλάλητος, ου, ό, η, τυ, -υν, (ά & 'Αλλάσσω, f. άξω, a. 1. pass ηλ

λάχθην, a. 2. ἡλλάγην, f. ἀλλαγήσομαι, (fr. ἀλλος) to change, alter, transform, Ac. 6. 14. Ro. 1. 23. 1 Co. 15. 51, 52. Ga. 4. 20. He. 1. 12.

 $A\lambda\lambda a\chi \delta\theta \epsilon \nu$, adv. ($\tilde{a}\lambda\lambda os$ & $-\theta \epsilon \nu$, denoting from a place) from another place or elsewhere, Jno. 10. 1. L. G.

Aλληγορέω, ῶ, (ἄλλος & ἀγορεύω, to speak) to say what is either designed or fitted to convey a meaning other than the literal one, to allegorize, Ga. 4. 24. L. G.

Aλληλούια, Heb. הללודיוה, Praise ye Jehovah, Re. 19. 1, 3, 4, 6.

Aλλήλων, gen. pl., ἀλλήλοις, aις, oις, dat. ἀλλήλους, aς, a, acc. (fr. ἄλλος) one another, each other.

'Aλλογενής, έος, ό, ή, (ἄλλος & γένος) of another race or nation, i.e. not a Jew; a stranger, foreigner, Lu. 17. 18. S.

"Αλλομαι, f. άλοῦμαι, a. 1. ἡλάμην, to leap, jump, leap up, Ac. 3. 8; 14. 10; to spring, as water, Jno. 4. 14.

"Aλλος, η, ο, another, some other; ο άλλος, the other; οι άλλοι, the others, the rest.

'Αλλοτριοέπισκοπος, ου, ό, ή, pr. one who meddles with the affairs of others, a busy-body in other men's matters; factious, I Pe. 4.15. (N. T.) ft. ἐπίσκοπος and

'Aλλότριος, ία, ιον, (ἄλλος) belonging to another, alienus, foreign; a foreigner, alien.

'Aλλόφυλος, ου, ό, ή, (ἄλλος & φυλή) of another race or nation, i. e. not a Jew, a foreigner, Ac. 10. 28.

Aλλως, adv. (\tilde{a} λλος) otherwise, 1 Ti. 5. 25.

Aλοάω, ω, f. ήσω, & άσω, to thresh; to tread, or thresh out, 1 Co. 9. 9. 10. 1 Ti. 5. 18.

Aλογος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (a & λόγος,) without speech or reason, irrational, brute; unreasonable, absurd, Ac. 25. 27. 2 Pe. 2. 12. Jude

'Αλόη, η, ή also termed ξυλαλόη, ἐγάλλογον, aloe, lign-aloe, excoecaria agailochon Linn., a tree which grows u India and Cochip-China, the wood of which is soft and bitter though highly aromatic. It is need by the Orientals as a perfume; and employed for the purposes of embalming, Jno. 19. 39. L.G.

"Αλς, άλός, ό, salt, Mar. 9. 49.

'Αλυκός, ή, όν, (ἄλς) brackish, bitter, salt, Ja. 3. 12.

"A $\lambda \bar{\nu}\pi os$, ov,
Αλύσις, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a chain, Mar. 5.3, 4.

'Aλυσιτελής, έος, δ, ή, (ἀ & λυσιτελής, i. e. λύων τὰ τέλη) pr. bringing in no revenue or profit; hence, unprofitable, useless; and by impl. destructive, fatal, He. 13. 17.

'Aλων, ωνος, ή, (a later form of äλως, ω, ή) a threshing-floor, a place where corn is trodden out; meton. the corn which is trodden out, Mat. 3. 12. Lu. 3. 17.

'Αλώπηξ, εκος, ή, a fox; met. a crafty man, Mat. 8. 20. Lu. 9. 58; 13. 32.

"Αλωσις, εως, ή, (άλίσκομαι) a taking, catching, capture.

"Aμα, adv. with, together with; at the same time.

'Aμάθής, έος, ό, ή, (ά & μανθάνω) unlearned, uninstructed, rude, 2 Pe. 3. 16.

'Αμαράντινος, ου, ό, ή, &

'Aμάραντος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & μαραίνομαι) unfading; hence, enduring, 1 Pe. 1. 4; 5. 4. L.G.

'Aμαρτάνω, f. άμαρτήσομαι & άμαρτήσω, a. l. ήμάρτησα, a. 2, ήμαρτον, pr. to miss a mark; to be in error; to sin; to wrong: whence

'Aμάρτημα, ατος, τό, an error, sin; offence, Mar. 3. 28; 4. 12. Ro. 3. 25. 1 Co. 6. 18.

Aμαρτία, ας, ή, error; offence, sin; a principle or cause of sin; proneness to sin, sinful propensity; guilt or imputation of sin; a guilty subject, sin-offering, expiatory victim.

'Aμάρτυρος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & μάρτυς)
without testimony or witness, with-

out proof, Ac. 14. 17.

Aμαρτωλός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμαρτάνω)
one who deviates from the path
of virtue, a sinner; deprayed, sinful
detestable. L. G.

Aμάχος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & μάχομαι) not disposed to fight; not quarrelsome or contentious, 1 Ti. 3. 3. Tit. 3. 2.

A $\mu \dot{\alpha} \omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$, to collect; to reap, mow, or cut down, Ja. 5. 4.

Aμέθυστος, ου, ὁ, (ἀ & μεθύω) an amethyst, a gem of a deep purple or violet colour, so called from its supposed efficacy in keeping of drunkenness, Re. 21. 20.

'Αμελέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. ἠμέληκα, ἀμελής, ἀ & μέλει) not to care for, to neglect, disregard, Mat. 22. 5. 1 Ti. 4. 14. He. 2. 3; 8. 9. 2 Pe. 1. 12.

Αμεμπτος, ου, δ, ή, (ἀ & μεμπτός, fr μέμφομαι) blameless, irreprehensible, without defect, Lu. 1. 6. Phi. 2. 15; 3. 6. 1 Thes. 3. 13. He. 8. 7.

'Aμέμπτως, adv. blamelessly, unblameably, unexceptionably, 1 Thes. 2. 10; 5. 23.

'Αμέριμνος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & μέριμνα) free from care or solicitude, Mat. 28. 14. 1 Co. 7. 32. 'Αμετάθετος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & μετατί-

Αμετάθετος, ου, ο, η, (ά & μετατίθημι) unchangeable, He. 6. 17, 18. L. G.

Αμετακίνητος, ου, δ, ή, (ἀ & μετακινέω) immoveable, firm, ι Co. 15. 58.

'Αμεταμέλητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & μεταμέλομαι) not to be repented of; by impl. irrevocable, enduring, Ro. 11. 29. 2 Co. 7. 10. 'Αμεταμόπτος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & με-

'Aμετανόητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ά & μετανοέω) impenitent, obdurate. Ro. 2. 5. L. G.

Αμετρος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ου, (ἀ & μέτρου) without or beyond measure, immoderate, 2 Co. 10. 13, 15.

'Aμήν, (Heb. YON firm, faithful, true) used as a particle both of affirmation and assent, in truth, verily, most certainly; so be it; δ ἀμήν, the faithful and true One, Re. 3. 14.

'Αμήτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (\mathring{a} & μήτηρ) without mother; independent of maternal descent, He. 7. 3.

²Αμίαντος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & μιαίνω) pr. unstained, unsoiled; met. undefiled, chaste, He. 13. 4; pure, sincere, Ja. 1. 27; inviolate, unimpaired, 1 Pe. 1. 4.

, "Αμμος, ου, ή, sand.

Aμνός, οῦ, ὁ, a lamb, Jnc 1. 29 36. Ac. 8. 32. 1 Pe. 1. 19.

Aμοιβή, η̂s, η̂, (ἀμείβω, ἀμείβομαι, to requite) requital; of kind offices, recompence, 1 Ti. 5. 4.

*Αμπελος, ου, ἡ, a vine, grape-vine.
'Αμπελουργός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄμπελος
& ἔργον) a vine-dresser, Lu. 13. 7.

'Αμπελών, ῶνος, ὁ, a vineyard.

'Aμύνω, f. υνῶ, a. 1. ἤμυνα, to ward off, help, assist; mid. ἀμύνομαι, to repel from one's self, resist, make a defence, assume the office of protector and avenger, Ac. 7. 24.

'Αμφιβάλλω, f. βαλῶ,(ἀμφὶ, about, & βάλλω) v. r. Mar. 1. 16, to throw around: to cast a net: whence

'Αμφίβληστρον, ου, τό, pr. what is thrown around, e.g. a garment, a large kind of fish-net, drag, Mat. 4. 18. Mar. 1. 16.

³Αμφιέννυμι, f. ἀμφιέσω, p. pass. ἡμφίεσμαι, (ἀμφί & ἔννυμι, to put on) to clothe, invest, Mat. 6. 30; 11. 8. Lu. 7. 25; 12. 28.

Aμφοδον, ου, τό, (equivalent to αμφοδος, ου, η, fr. αμφί & όδός) a road leading round a town or village; the street of a village, Mar. 11. 4.

"Αμ**φ**ότεροι, αι, α, (ἄμφω, both) both.

'Aμώμητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & μῶμος) blameless, irreprehensible, Phi. 2. 15. 2 Pe. 3. 14.

Aμωμον, ου, τό, v. r. Re. 18. 13, amomum, an odoriferous shrub, from which a precious ointment was prepared.

'Αμωμος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & μῶμος) blameless.

Av. The various constructions of this particle, and their significations, must be learnt from the grammars. Standing at the commencement of a clause, it is another form of éar, it, Jno. 20. 23.

Aνά, prep. used in the N.T. only in certain forms. 'Ανὰ μέρος, in turn; ἀνὰ μέσον, through the inidst, between; ἀνὰ δηνάριον, at the rate of a denarius; with numerals, ἀνὰ ἐκα-

rdy, in parties of a hundred. In composition, step by step, up, back, again.

Aνaβaθμός, οῦ, ὁ, the act of ascending; means of ascent, steps, stairs, Ac. 21. 35, 40: from

'Αναβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, p. βέβηκα, 8. 2. ἀνέβην, (ἀνά & βαίνω) to go up, ascend; climb; embark; to rise, mount upwards, as smoke; to grow or spring up, as plants; to spring up, arise, as thoughts.

'Αναβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, p. βέβληκα, (ἀνά & βάλλω) to throw back; mid. to put off, defer, adjourn, Ac. 24. 22.

Αναβιβάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἀνεβίβασα, (ἀνά & βιβάζω) to cause to come up or ascend, draw or bring up, Mat. 13. 48.

Αναβλέπω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & βλέπω) to look upwards; to see again, recover sight: whence

Ανάβλεψις, εως, ή, recovery of sight, Lu. 4. 18.

Άναβοάω, ῶ, f. ήσομαι, a. 1. ησα, (ἀνά & βοάω) to cry out or aloud, exclaim, Mat. 27. 46. Mar. 15. 8. Lu. 9. 38.

'Αναβολή, ῆς, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) delay,

Ανάγαιον, ου, τό v. r. for ἀνώγεον, which see.

Αναγγέλλω, ε. γελώ, α. 1. ἀνήγ γειλα, a. 2. pass. ἀνηγγέλην, (ἀνά & άγγέλλω) to bring back word, announce, report ; to declare, set forth,

Αναγεννάω, ω, f. ήσω, p. pass. άναγεγέννημαι, (ἀνά & γεννάω) to beget or bring forth again; regenerate, l Pe. 1. 3, 23. N. T.

'Αναγινώσκω, f. γνώσομαι, a. 2. ἀνέγνων, a. 1. pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, (ἀνά & γινώσκω) to gather exact knowledge of, recognise, discern; especially, to read.

Αναγκάζω, f. άσω, (ἀνάγκη) to force, compel; constrain, urge.

'Aναγκαίος, α, ον, (ἀνάγκη) necessary, indispensable, 1 Co. 12. 22; sary, indispensable, 1 Co. 12. 22; necessary, needful, right, proper, Ac. 13. 46. 2 Co. 9. 5. Phl. 1. 24; 2. 25. He. 8. 3; near, intimate, closely connected, necessarius, as friends, Ac. 10. 24. 'Αναγκαστῶς, adv. by constraint of compulsion, unwillingly, opp. to εκουσίως, 1 Pe. 5. 2: from

'Aνάγκη, ης, ή, (ἄγχω, to compress) necessity, constraint, compulsion; obligation of duty, moral or spirition. necessity; distress, calamity, afflic-

Αναγνωρίζω, f. ισω, a. 1. pass. ανεγνωρίσθην, (ανά & γνωρίζω) to recognise; pass, to be made known, or to cause one s self to be recognised, Ac. 7. 13.

Ανάγνωσις, εως, ή, (ἀναγινώσκω) reading, Ac. 13. 15. 2 Co. 3. 14. 1 Ti.

'Ανάγω, f. άξω, a. 2. ἀνήγαγον, a. pass. ἀνήχθην, (ἀνά & ἄγω) to conduct; to lead or convey from a lower place to a higher; to offer up, as a sacrifice; to lead out, produce; ἀνάγομαι, as a nautical term, to set sail, put to sea.

Αναδείκνυμι, τ. νύω, f. ξω, (ἀνά & δείκνυμι) pr. to show anything by raising it aloft, as a torch; to display, manifest, show plainly or openly, Ac. 1. 24; to mark out, constitute, appoint by some outward sign, Lu. 10. 1: whence

'Ανάδειξις, εως, ή, a showing forth, manifestation; entrance upon the duty or office to which one is consecrated, Lu. 1. 80. L. G.

'Αναδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, (ἀνά & δέγομαι) to receive, as opposed to shunning or refusing; to receive with hospitality, Ac. 28. 7; to embrace a proffer or promise, He. 11. 17.

Αναδίδωμι, f. δώσω, a. 2. ανέδων, (ἀνά & δίδωμι) to give forth, up, or back; deliver, present, Ac. 23. 33.

'Αναζάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & ζάω) to live again, recover life, Ro. 14. 9. Re. 20. 5; to revive, recover activity, Ro. 7. 9; met. to live a new and reformed life, Lu. 15. 24, 32. L.G.

'Αναζητέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & ζητέω) to track; seek diligently, inquire after, search for, Lu. 2. 44. Ãc. 11. 25.

'Αναζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, (ἀνά & ζώννυμι) to gird with a belt or girdle; mid. ἀναζώννυμαι, to gird one's saif. 1 Pe. 1. 13. S. Αναζωπυρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & ᾿Ανακαλίπτω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & κα. ζωπυρέω, to revive a fire, fr. ζωός & $\pi \hat{v} \rho$) pr. to kindle up a dormant fire; met. to revive, excite; stir up, cultivate one's powers, 2 Ti. 1. 6.

*Αναθάλλω, f. θαλῶ, a. 2. ἀνέθαλον, (ἀνά & θάλλω, to thrive, flourish) pr. to recover verdure, flourish again; met. to recover activity, l'hi. 4. 10.

'Ανάθεμα, ατος, τό, (a later equivalent to ανάθημα, fr. ανατίθημι) a devoted thing, but ordinarily in a bad sense, a person or thing accursed, Ro. 9. 3. 1 Co. 12. 3: 16. 22. Ga. 1. 8, 9; a curse, execration, anathema, Ac. 23. 14: whence

'Αναθεματίζω, f. ίσω, to declare any one to be ἀνάθεμα, to curse, bind by a curse, Mar. 14. 71. Ac. 23. 12, 14, 21. S.

'Αναθεωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & θεωρέω) to view, behold attentively, contemplate, Ac. 17. 23. He. 13. 7.

*Ανάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) α gift or offering consecrated to God, Lu. 21. 5.

'Αναίδεια, ας, ή, (ἀ & αἰδώς) pr. impudence; hence, importunate solicitation, or pertinacious importunity, without regard to time, place, or person, Lu. 11. 8.

'Αναίρεσις, εως, ή, pr. a taking up or away; death, a putting to death, murder, Ac. 8. 1; 22. 20: from

'Αναιρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 2. ἀνεῖλον, a. l. pass. ἀνηρέθην, (ἀνά & αἰρέω) pr. to take up, lift, as from the ground; to take away or off, put to death, kill, murder; to take away, abolish, abrogate, He. 10. 9; mid. to take up infants in order to bring them up, Ac. 7. 21.

Aναίτιος, ίου, ό, ή, (ά & αἰτία) guiltless, innocent, Mat. 12. 5, 7. Άνακαθίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά & καθίζω)

to set up; intrans. to sit up, Lu. 7. 15. Ac. 9. 40.

Ανακαινίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνά & καινίζω) to renovate, renew, He. 6. 6.

Ανακαινόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀνά & καινός) to renovate, invigorate, renew, 2 Co. 4. 16. Col. 3. 10: (N. T.) whence

Ανακαίνωσις, εως, ή, renovation, reformation, Ro, 12. 2, Tit. 3. 5.

λύπτω) to unveil, uncover; pass. met. to be freed from obscurity or impediments to knowledge, 2 Co. 3. 14, 18.

'Ανακάμπτω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & κάμπτω) pr. to reflect, bend back; hence, to bend back one's course, return, Mat. 2. 12. Lu. 10. 6. Ac. 18. 21. He. 11. 15.

'Ανάκειμαι, f. είσομαι, (ἀνά & κεἴ= μαι) to be laid up, as offerings; later, to lie, be in a recumbent posture, recline at table.

Ανακεφαλαιύω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀνά & κεφάλαιον) to bring together several things under one, reduce under one head, Ep. 1. 10; to comprise, Ro. 13. 9. L. G.

Ανακλίνω, f. ἴνῶ, (ἀνά & κλίνω) to lay down; to cause to recline at table, &c.: mid. ἀνακλίνομαι, to recline at table.

Ανακόπτω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & κόπτω) pr. to beat back; hence, to check, impede, hinder, restrain, Ga. 5. 7.

'Ανακράζω, f. ξω, (ἀνά & κράζω) to cry aloud, exclaim, shout, Mar. 1. 23; 6. 49. Lu. 4. 33; 8. 28; 23. 18.

'Ανακρίνω, f. ἴνῶ, (ἀνά & κρίνω) to sift, examine, question; to try; to judge, give judgment upon: hence

Ανάκρισις, εως, ή, investigation, judicial examination, hearing of a cause, Ac. 25. 26.

'Ανακύπτω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & κύπτω) pr. to raise up one's self, look up, Lu. 13. 11. Jno. 8. 7, 10; met. to recover from dejection, be cheered. Lu. 21. 28

Αναλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, a. 2. άνέλαβον, a. l. pass. άνελήφθην, to take up, receive up; bear, carry; take as a companion, take to one's self, assume: hence

Ανάληψις, εως, ή, a taking up, receiving up, Lu. 9. 51.

Αναλίσκω, f. λώσω, a. 1. ἀνήλωσα, & ἀνάλωσα, a. 1. pass. ἀνηλώθην & ἀναλώθην, (ἀνά & ἀλίσκω) to consume, destroy, Lu. 9.54. Ga. 5.15. 2 Thes. 2.8.

'Αναλογία, ας, ή, (ἀνά & λόγος) analogy, ratio, proportion, Ro. 12. 6 Αναλογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (ἀνά & λογίζομαι) to consider attentively He. 12, 3.

Ανάλος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ά &] قام) without saltness, or the taste and pungency of salt, insipid, Mar.

'Ανάλὔσις, εως, ή, pr. dissolution ; met. departure, death, 2 Ti. 4. 6: from

Αναλύω, f. ύσω, (ἀνά & λύω) pr. to loose, dissolve; intrans. to loose in order to departure, depart, Lu. 12. 36; from life, Phi. 1, 23.

Αναμάρτητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & άμαρτάνω) without sin, guiltless, Jno.

'Αναμένω, f. ενῶ, (ἀνά & μένω) to await, wait for, expect, 1 Thes. 1.10.

Αναμιμνήσκω, f. μνήσω, a. 1. pass. ἀνεμνήσθην (ἀνά & μιμιήσκω) to remind, cause to remember, i Co. 4 17; to exhort, 2 Ti. 1.6; mid. to call to mind, recollect, remember, Mar. 14. 72. 2 Co. 7. 15. He. 10. 32: hence

Ανάμνησις, εως, ή, remembrance; a commemoration, memorial, Lu. 22. 19. 1 Co. 11. 24, 25. He. 10. 3.

Ανανεόω, ω, f. ώσω, to renew; mid to reform, become a new person, Ep. 4, 23.

Αντινήφω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & νήφω) to become sober; met. to recover sobriety of mind, 2 Ti. 2. 26. L. G.

Αναντίρρητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ά & ἀντε-ற்) not to be contradicted, indisputable, Ac. 19. 36: (L. G.) hence

Αναντιρρήτως, adv. pr. without contradiction or gainsaying; without hesitation, promptly, Ac. 10. 29. Ανάξιος, ίου, ό, ή, (ά & ἄξιος) unworthy, inadequate, 1 Co. 6. 2: hence

Aναξίως, adv. unworthily, in an improper manner, 1 Co. 11. 27, 29. Ανάπαυσις, εως, ή, rest, intermission, Mat. 11. 29. Re. 4. 8; 14. 11; meton. place of rest, fixed habitation, Mat. 12. 43. Lu. 11. 24: from

Αναπαύω, f. αύσω, (ἀνά & παύω) to cause to rest, give rest or quiet; mid. to take rest, repose, refreshment; to have a fixed place of rest, abide, dwell, 1 Pe. 4. 14.

Αναπείθω, f. είσω, (ἀνά & πείθω) to persuade to a different opinion; to seduce, Ac. 18. 13.

'Αναπέμπω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & πέμπω) to send back, or again, Phile. 11 ; to send up, remit to a tribunal, Lu. 23. 7, 11, 15.

'Aνάπηρος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀνά & πηρός, maimed) maimed, deprived of some member of the body, or at least of its use, Lu. 14. 13, 21.

'Αναπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. ἀνέπεσον, (ἀνά & πίπτω) to fall or recline backwards; recline at table, &c.

'Αναπληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀνά & πληρόω) to fill up, complete; fulfil, confirm, as a prophecy by the event; fill the place of any one; to supply, make good; to observe fully, keep, the law.

Αναπολόγητος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & ἀπολογέομαι) inexcusable, Ro. 1. 20: 2. 1.

L.G.

'Αναπτύσσω, f. ξω, (ἀνά & πτύσσω) to roll back, unrol, unfold, Lu. 4. 17.

'Ανάπτω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & ἄπτω) to light, kindle, set on fire, Lu. 12. 49. Ac. 28. 2. Ja. 3. 5.

Αναρίθμητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & ἀριθμός) innumerable, He. 11. 12.

Ανασείω, f. είσω, (ἀνά & σείω) pr. to shake up; met. to stir up, instigate, Mar. 15. 11. Lu. 23. 5.

Ανασκευάζω, f. άσω, (ἀνά & σκευάζω, fr. σκεύος) pr. to collect one's effects or baggage (σκεύη) in order to remove; to lay waste by carrying off or destroying every thing, destroy; met. to unsettle, pervert, subvert, Ac. 15. 24.

Ανασπάω, ῶ, f. άσω, (ἀνά & σπάω) to draw up, or out, Lu. 14.5. Ac. 11. 10. (ă).

Ανάστἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίστημι) a raising or rising up; resurrection; meton. the author of resurrection, Jno. 11.25; met. & meton. the author and cause of felicity, Lu. 2, 34,

Αναστατόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (fr. same) i. e. ἀνάστατον ποιείν, to lay waste, destroy; to disturb the public tranquillity, excite to sedition and tumult, Ac. 17. 6; 21. 38; to disturb the mind of any one by doubts, &c. to subvert, unsettle, Gal. 5. 12. L. G Ανασταυρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀνά &

with the greatest indignity, met. to treat with the greatest indignity, He. 6. 6. Αναστενάζω, f. ξω, (ἀνά & στε-

Αναστέναζω, 1. ζω, (ανα & στέναζω) to sigh, groan deeply, Mar. 8.

'Aναστρέφω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & στρέφω) to overturn, throw down; to turn back, return; mid. versari, to be employed, occupied, engaged; to have intercourse or be conversant with; to live, pass one's life, follow any mode of life: hence

Aναστροφή, η̂s, η, conversation, mode of life, conduct, deportment.

'Aνατάσσομαι, f. τάξομαι, (ἀνά & τάσσω) pr. to arrange; hence, to compose, Lu. 1. 1. L. G.

'Ανατέλλω, f. τελῶ, a. 1. ἀνέτειλα, (ἀνά & τέλλω, to make to rise) to cause to rise; intrans. to rise, spring up, as the sun, stars, &c.

Aνατίθεμαι, a. 2. ἀνεθέμην, (ἀνά & τίθημι) to submit to a person's consideration a statement or report of matters, Ac. 25. 14. Gal. 2. 2.

"Ανατολή, η̂ς, η̂, (ἀνατέλλω) pr. a rising of the sun, &c.; the place of rising, the east; met. the dawn or day-spring, Lu. 1.78.

'Aνατρέπω, f. ψω, (ἀνά & τρέπω) pr. to overturn, overthrow; met. to subvert, corrupt, 2 Ti. 2.18. Tit. 1.11.

*Ανατρέφω, f. θρέψω, p. pass. ἀνατθραμμαι, a. 2. pass. ἀνετράφην, (ἀνά & τρέφω) to nurse, as an infant, Ac. 7. 20; to bring up, educate, Ac. 7. 21; 22. 3.

'Aναφαίνω, f. φανῶ, (ἀνά & φαίνω) to bring to light, display; mid. to appear, Lu. 19. 11; a nautical term, to come in sight of, Ac. 21. 3.

Αναφέρω, f. οίσω, a. 1. ήνεγκα, a. 2. ἀνήνεγκον, (ἀνά & φέρω) to bear or carry upwards, lead up; to offer sacrifices; to bear aloft or sustain a burden, as sins, 1 Pe. 2. 24. He. 9. 28.

'Αναφωνέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & φωνέω) to exclaim, cry out, Lu. 1. 42. 'Ανάχύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω, to pour out) a pouring out; met. excess, l Pe. 4. 4. L. G.

'Aναχωρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἀνά & χωρέω) to go backward; depart, go Gway; withdraw, retire.

Aνάψυξις εως, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a refreshing coolness after heat; met. refreshing, recreation, rest, Ao. 3. 19. L. G. from Aναψύχω, f. ξω, (ἀνά & ψύχω) to recreate by fresh air; to refresh, cheer, 2 Tl. 1. 16. (b).

Ανδραποδιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἀνδράπυδον, a slave) a man-stealer, kidnap-

per, 1 Ti. 1. 10.

Aνδρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀνήρ) to render brave or manly; mid. to show or behave one seef like a man, 1 Co.16.13. Aνδροφόνος, ου, ό, (ἀνήρ & φόνος) a homicide, man-slayer, murderer, 1 Ti. 1. 9.

Ανέγκλητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & ἐγκαλέω) not arraigned; unblameable irreproachable, 1 Co. 1. 8. Col. 1. 22. 1 Ti. 3. 10. Tit. 1. 6, 7.

Ανεκδιήγητος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & έκδιηγέομαι) which cannot be related, inext ressible, unutterable, 2 Co. 9. 15. L.G.

'Ανεκλάλητος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & ἐκλαλέω) unspeakable, ineffable, 1 Pe. 1. 8. L. G.

Ανέκλειπτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & ἐκλείπω) unfailing, exhaustless, Lu. 12. 33. L. G.

Ανεκτός, η, όν, (ἀνέχω) tolerable, supportable, Mat. 10. 15; 11. 22, 24. Mar. 6. 11. Lu. 10. 12, 14.

'Aνελεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & ἐλεήμων) unmerciful, uncompassionate, cruel, Ro. 1. 31.

'Aνεμίζω, f. ίσω, to agitate with the wind; pass. to be agitated or driven by the wind, Ja. 1. 6. (L.G.) from

Aνεμος, ου, ό, the wind; met. levity, emptiness, Ep. 4. 14.

'Ανένδεκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ον, (ἀ & ἐνδέχεται) impossible, what cannot be, Lu. 17. 1. N. T.

'Ανεξερεύνητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ον, (ά & ἐξερευνάω) unsearchable, inscrutable, Ro. 11. 33.

Ανεξίκακος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀνεχομαι & κακός) enduring or patient under evils and injuries 2 Ti 2.24. L.G.

Aνεξιχνίαστος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & εξιχνιάζω, to explore) which cannot be explored, inscrutable, incomprehensible, Ro. 11. 33. Ep. 3. 8. S.

13

σχύνομαι) without cause of shame, irreproachable, 2 Ti. 2. 15. N. T.

Ανεπίληπτος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & έπιλαμβάνω) pr. not to be laid hold of; met. irreprehensible. unblameable, 1 Ti. 3. 2; 5. 7; 6. 14.

Ανέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a.2.ἀνῆλθον, (ἀνά & ἔρχομαι) to ascend, go up, Jno. 6.3. Gal. 1. 17, 18.

Αιτσις, τως, ή, (ἀνίημι) pr. the relaxing of any state of constraint; relaxation of rigour of confinement, Ac. 24. 23; met. ease, rest, peace, tranquility, 2 Co. 2. 12; 7. 5; 8. 13. 2 Thes. 1.7

Ανετάζω, f. άσω, to examine thoroughly; to examine by torture, Ac. 22. 24, 29. S.

^{*}Ανευ, without, Mat. 10. 29. 1 Pe. 3. 1; 4. 9.

Ανεύθετος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & εὔθετος) not commodious, inconvenient, Ac. 27. 12. N. T.

'Ανευρίσκω, f. ρήσω, (ἀνά & εύρίσκω) to find by diligent search, Lu. 2. 16. Ac. 21. 4.

Ανέχομαι, f. έξομαι, imperf. ἀνειχόμην, ήνειχόμην, ήνεσχόμην, (ἀνά & έχω) to endure, bear with; to suffer, admit, permit.

'Ανεψιός, οῦ, ὁ, a nephew, Col. 4. 10.

'Ανηθον, ου, τό, anethum, dill, an aromatic plant, Mat. 23. 23.

Ανήκω, (ἀνά & ήκω) to come up to, to pertain to; aviker, impers. it is fit, proper, becoming, Col. 3. 18. Ep. 5. Phile. 8.

Ανήμερος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & ημερος, gentle, mild,) ungentle, fierce, ferocious, 2 Ti. 3. 3.

Ανήρ, ἀνδρός, ό, a male person of full age and stature, as opposed to a child or female; a husband; a man, homo, human being; a certain man; some ore; that man, he, ille; used also pleonastically with other nouns and adjectives.

Ανθίστημι, f. ἀντιστήσω, a. 2. ἀντέστην, perf. ανθέστηκα, (αντί & ϊστημι) to oppose, resist, stand out against.

Ανθομολογέομαι, οῦμαι, (ἀντι & ομολογέω) pr. to come to an agreement; hence, to confess openly what is due; t confess, give thanks, praise celebrate, extol, Lu. 2. 38.

"Aνθος, εος, ους, τό, a flower, Ja 1. 10, 11. 1 Pe. 1. 24. bis.

'Ανθρακιά, âs, ή, a mass or heap or live coals, Jno. 18. 18; 21. 9: from Ανθραξ, ἄκος, ό, a coal, burning coal, Ro. 12. 20.

'Ανθρωπάρεσκος, ου, δ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος & ἀρέσκω) desirous of pleasing men, Ep. 6. 6. Col. 3. 22. S.

Άνθρώπινος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) human, belonging to man, 1 Co. 2. 4, 13; 4. 3; 10. 13. Ja. 3. 7. 1 Pe. 2. 13; suited to man, Ro. 6. 19.

Ανθρωποκτόνος, ου, ό, ή, (ἄνθρωπος & κτείνω) a homicide, murderer,

Jno. 8. 44, 1 Jno. 3. 15.

'Ανhetaρω π ος, ου, ό, ή, a human be ing; an individual; used also pleonastically with other words; met a spiritual frame or character, 1 Pe. 3. 4.

'Ανθυπατεύω, f. εύσω, to be pro-

consul, Ac. 18. 12: from

Ανθύπατος, ου, ό, (ἀντί & ΰπατος, a consul) a proconsul, Ac. 13. 7, 8, 12; 19. 38. L. G.

Ανίημι, f. ἀνήσω, a. 2. ἀνῆν, s. ἀνῶ, a. 1. pass. ἀνέθην, (ἀνά & ἵημι) to loose, slacken, Ac. 27. 40; to unbind, unfasten, Ac. 16. 26; to omit or lessen, Ep. 6.9; to leave or neglect, He. 13. 5.

'Ανίλεως, ω, ό, ή, (ά & ίλεως) uncompassionate, unmerciful, stern, Ja. 2. 13. N. T.

Άνιπτος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & νίπτω) unwashed, Mat. 15. 20. Mar. 7. 2, 5.

Ανίστημι, f. ἀναστήσω, a. 1. ἀνέστησα, trans. to cause to stand up of rise; to raise up, as the dead; to cause to appear or exist; intrans a. 2. ἀνέστην, imperat. ἀνάστηθι, ἀνάστα, and mid., to rise up; to come into existence.

'Ανόητος, ου, δ, ή, (α & νοέω) inconsiderate, unintelligent, unwise; Lu. 24, 25, Ro. 1, 14, Gal. 3, 1, 3, Tit. 3, 3; brutish, 1 Ti. 6, 9.

'Ανοια, ας, ή, (ἀ & νοῦς) want of understanding, folly, rashness, madness, Lu. 6. 11. 2 Ti. 3. 9.

'Αντίγω, f. ἀνοίξω, a. 1. ἀνέωξα,

φυσίξα, p. ἀνέφχα (ἀνά & σίγω) trans. to open; intrans. p. 2. ανέφγα, p. pass. ἀνέφγμαι, ηνώγμαι, a. l. pass. ανέφγμαι, ηνώγμαι, με το be opened, to be open.

Ανοικοδομέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀνά & οικοδομέω) to rebuild, Ac. 15. 16. bis. Ανοιξις, εως, ή, (ἀνοίγω) an open-

ing, act of opening, Ep. 6. 19. Ανυμία, as, ή, lawlessness, viola-

tion of law, iniquity, sin : from

Ανομος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & νόμος) lawless, without law, not subject to law; violating the law, wicked, impious, a transgressor: whence

'Aνόμως, adv. without law, Ro. 2.

*Ανορθόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀνά & ὀρθόω) to restore to straightness or erectness, Lu. 13. 13; to reinvigorate, He. 12. 12; to recrect, Ac. 15. 16.

'Ανόσιος, ό, ή, (ἀ & ὅσιος, pious) impious, unholy, 1 Ti. 1. 9. 2 Ti.

'Ανοχή, ης, ή, (ἀνέχομαι) forbearance, patience, Ro. 2. 4; 3. 26.

Ανταγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (ἀντί & ἀγωνίζομαι) to contend, strive against, He. 12. 4.

Αντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνταλλάσσω, to exchange) a price paid in exchange for a thing, compensation, ransom, Mat. 16. 26. Mar. 8. 37.

Ανταναπληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀντί & αναπληρόω) to fill up, complete, supply, Col. 1. 24.

Ανταποδίδωμι, f. δώσω, a. 2. ἀνταπέδων, a. l. pass. ανταπεδόθην, (αντί & ἀποδίδωμι) to repay, requite, recompence, Lu. 14. 14. bis. Ro. 11. 35; 12.19. 1 Thes. 3.9. 2 Thes. 1.6. He. 10.30: whence

'Ανταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompence, retribution, retaliation, Lu. 14. 12. Ro. 11. 9. S.

'Ανταπόδοσις, εως, ή, recompence, reward, Col. 3, 24,

Ανταποκρίνομαι, α. 1. ανταπεκρίθην, (ἀντί & ἀποκρίνομαι) to answer, speak in answer, Lu. 14. 6; to reply against, contradict, dispute, Ro. 9, 20. S.

Αντείπον, inf. αντειπείν, see αντι-Aéyes,

'Αντέχομαι, f. ἀνθέξομ ιι, (ἀντι & έχω) to hold firmly cling or adhere to; to be devoted to any one, Lu. 16. 13. Tit. 1. 9; to exercise a zealous care for any one, 1 Thes. 5. 14.

Αυτί, pr. over against; hence, in correspondence to; in place of; in retribution or return for; in consideration of; on account of.

'Αντιβάλλω, (ἀντί & βάλλω), pr. to throw or toss from one to another; met. to agitate, converse or discourse about, Lu. 24, 17,

'Αντιδιατίθημι, (ἀντί & διατίθημι) to oppose; mid. to be of an opposite opinion, to be adverse or averse to, 2 Ti. 2. 25. L.G.

'Αντίδικος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀντί & δίκη) pr. an opponent in a lawsuit, Mat 5. 25. bis. Lu. 12. 58; 18. 3; an ad versary, l Pe 5 8.

Αντίθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀντί & τίθημι, pr. opposition; hence, a question proposed for dispute, disputation, î Ti. 6. 20.

Αντικαθίστημι, f. ήσω, (ἀντί & καθίστημι) trans. to set in opposition; intrans. a. 2. αντικατέστην, to withstand, resist, He. 12. 4.

Αντικαλέω, (ἀντί & καλέω) to in vite in return, Lu. 14. 12.

Αντίκειμαι, f. είσομαι, (ἀντί & κε $\hat{\mu}$ αι) pr. to occupy an opposite position; met. to oppose, be adverse to.

Αντικρύ, adv., opposite to, over against, Ac. 20, 15,

Αντιλαμβάνομαι, f. λήψομαι, (ἀν• πιλαμβάνω, to take in turn) to aid, assist, help, Lu. 1. 54. Ac. 20. 35; to be a recipient, 1 Ti. 6. 2.

Αντιλέγω, f. λέξω, a. 2. ἀντεῖπον, (ἀντί & λέγω) to speak against, contradict; gainsay, deny; to oppose, be adverse to, Lu. 2. 34; 20. 27. Jno. 19. 12. Ac. 13. 45; 28. 19, 22. Ro. 10. 21. Tit. 1. 9; 2. 9.

Αντίληψις, εως, ή, (αντιλαμβάνω) aid, assistance; met. one who aids or assists, a help, 1 Co. 12. 28.

Aντιλογία, as, ή, (αντιλέγω) contradiction, question, He. 6. 16; 7.7; opposition, rebellion, Jude 11; contumely, He. 12. 3.

Αντιλοιδορέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ἀντί &

Αντίλυτρον, ου, τὸ, (ἀντί & λύτρον) a ransom, 1 Ti. 2. 6. N. T.

Αντιμετρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀντί & μετρέω) to measure again or in return, Lu. 6. 38. Mat. 7. 2. N.T.

Αντιμισθία, ας, ή, (ἀντί & μισθός) a retribution, recompence, Ro. 1. 27. 2 Co. 6. 13. L. G.

Αντιπαρέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. ήλθον, (άντί & παρέρχομαι) to pass over against, to pass by unnoticed, Lu. 10. 31, 32. L. G.

Aντιπέραν, adv., over against, on the opposite side, Lu. 8. 26.

Aντιπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, (ἀντί & πίπω) pr. to fall upon, rush upon any one; hence, to resist by force, oppose, strive against. Ac. 7. 51.

Αυτιστρατεύομαι, (ἀυτί & στρατεύω) to war against; to contravene, oppose, Ro. 7. 23.

Arritáσσω, f. τάξω, (ἀντί & τάσσω) to post in adverse array, as an army; mid. to set one's self in opponion, resist, Ac. 18. 6. Ro. 13. 2. Ja. 5. 6; to be averse, Ja. 4. 6. 1 Pe. 5. 5.

Aυτίτϋπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀντί & τύπος) of correspondent stamp or form, corresponding, similar, 1 Pe. 3. 21; τὸ ἀυτίτυπου, a copy, He. 9. 24.

Αυτίχριστος, ου, ό, (ἀυτί & χριστός) antichrist, an opposer of Christ, 1 Jno. 2. 18, 22; 4. 3. 2 Jno. 7.

Αντλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἄντλος, a sink) to draw, e. g. wine, water, &c. Jno. 2. 8, 9; 4. 7, 15: whence

Aντλημα, ατος, τό, pr. that which is drawn; a bucket, vessel for drawing water, Jno. 4. 11. L.G.

Αντοφθαλμέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\hat{\alpha}$ ντί & δφθαλμός) pr. to look in the face, i.e. rectis oculis; mct. a nautical term, to bear up against the wind, Ac. 27. 15. L. G.

Ανυδρος, ου, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, $(\dot{a}$ & \ddot{v} δωρ) without water, dry, 2 Pe. 2. 17. Jude 12. \dot{v} δποι \ddot{a} νυδροι, dry places, and therefore, in the East, barren, desert, Mat. 12. 43. Lu. 11. 24.

Ανυπόκρῖτος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀ & ὑποκρίνομαι) unfeigned, real, sincere, **B**o. 12 9, et al. L. G

'Aνυπότακτος, ου, δ, ή, (ἀ & ὑποτάσσω) not subjected, not made subordinate, He. 2. 8; insubordinate, refractory, disorderly, contumacious, lawless, 1 Tl. 1. 9. Tit. 1. 6, 10. L. G.

Ανω, adv. above; up, upwards; ό, ή, τό, άνω, that which is above, higher. Ανώγεον, ν. ἀνώγαιον, ν. ἀνώγεων, ν. ανάγειον, ου, τό, (άνω & γή) an upper room, or chamber, coenacu-

Aνωθεν, adv. of place, from above, from a higher place; of time, from the first or beginning; again, anew; with a preposition, the top or upper part, Mat. 27.51.

lum, Mar. 14, 15. Lu. 22, 12.

Ανωτερικός, ή, όν, upper, higher; inland, Ac. 19. 1. N. T.

'Aνώτερος, α, ον, (comp. of ἄνω) higher, superior; to a higher place, Lu. 14. 10; above, before, He. 10. 8. L. G.

'Ανωφελής, έως, ό, ή, τό, -ες, (ἀ & ώφελέω) useless, unprofitable, mischievous, Tit. 3. 9. He. 7. 18.

'Αξίνη, ης, ἡ, an axe, Mat. 8. 10. Lu. 3. 9. (τ).

"Aξιος, ia, ιον, of equal value; worthy, estimable; worthy of, deserving, either good or evil; correspondent to; comparable to; suitable, due: whence

Aξιόω, ω, f. ωσω, p. pass. ηξίωμαι, to judge or esteem worthy or deserving; to deem fitting, to require, Ac. 15. 38; 28. 22.

Aξίως, adv. worthily, suitably, properly, in a becoming manner.

Αόρ $\bar{\alpha}$ τος, ου, ό, $\hat{\eta}$, τό, -ου, ($\hat{\alpha}$ & ορ $\hat{\alpha}$ ω) invisible, Ro. 1. 20. Co. 1. 15, 16. 1 Ti. 1. 17. He. 11. 27.

'Απαγγέλλω, f. γελῶ, a. 1. ἀπήγγγειλα, a. 2. pass. ἀπηγέλην, (ἀπό & αγγέλλω) to enounce that with which a person is charged, or which is called for by circumstances; to carry back word; to report; to declare plainly; to announce formally.

Aπάγχω, f. άγξω, (ἀπό & ἄγχω, to compress) to strangle; mid. to choke or strangle one's self, hang one's self, Mat. 27. 5.

'Απάγω, f. ξω, a. 2. ἀπήγαγον, a.

pass. ἀπήχθην, (ἀπὸ & ἄγω) to lead away, conduct; met. to seduce.

'Απαίδευτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & παιδεύω) uninstructed, ignorant: silly, unprofitable, 2 Ti. 2. 23.

*Απαίρω, f. αρώ, a. l. pass. ἀπήρ-θην, subj. ἀπαρθώ, (ἀπό & αἴρω) to take away; pass. to be taken away; in the sense of departing, Mat. 9. 15. Mar. 2. 20. Lu. 5. 35.

Απαιτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀπό & αἰτέω) to demand, require, demand back, Lu. 6. 30; 12. 20.

Απαλγέω, ω, f. ήσω, p. ἀπήλγηκα, (ἀπό & ἀλγέω, to be in pain, grieve) pr. to desist from grief; hence, to become insensible or callous, Ep. 4. 19.

'Απαλλάσσω, f. ξω, a. 1. pass. άπηλλάχθην, (άπὸ & ἀλλάσσω) to set free, deliver, set at liberty, He. 2. 15; to rid judicially, Lu. 12. 58; mid. to leave, depart, remove from. Ac. 19.

Απαλλοτριόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. pass. άπηλλοτρίωμαι (ἀπό & ἀλλοτριόω, to alienate) to alienate; pass. to be alienated from, be a stranger to, Ep. 2. 12; 4. 18. Col. 1. 21.

Απαλός, ή, όν, soft, tender, Mat. 24. 32. Mar. 13. 28.

Απαντάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἀπό & ἀντάω, to meet) to meet, encounter: whence

'Απάντησις, εως, ή, a meeting, encounter: εἰς ἀπάντησιν, i. q. ἀπαντᾶν, to meet, Mat. 25. l, 6. Ac. 28. 15. 1 Th. 4. 17. L.G.

 $A\pi a\xi$, adv. once; once for all; actually, in fact, Jude 3, 5.

Απαράβάτος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & παραβαίνω) not transient; not to be superseded, unchangeable, He. 7. 24.

Απαρασκεύαστος, ου, δ, ή, (ά & παρασκευάζω) unprepared, 2 Co. 9. 4.

'Απαρνέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, & pass. ἀπαρνηθήσομαι, (ἀπό & ἀρνέομαι) to deny, disown; to renounce, disregard.

 $A\pi a \rho \tau i$, adv. $(a \pi o & a \rho \tau i)$ from this time, henceforth, Jno. 1. 52. Re. 14. 13; forthwith.

Απαρτισμός, ου, **ό,** (ἀπαρτίζω, to

perfect, fr. ἀπό & ἄρτιος) completion perfection, Lu. 14. 28. L.G. Απαρχή, ῆς, ἡ, (ἀπό & ἀρχή) pr. the first act of a sacrifice; hence, the first-fruits, first portion, firstling Ro. 8. 23, et al.

 $A\pi as$, $a\sigma a$, $a\nu$, (a strengthened form of $\pi \hat{a}_{S}$) all, the whole.

Απατάω, ω, f. ήσω, a. 1. pass. ήπατήθη, to deceive, seduce into error, Ep. 5.6. 1 Ti. 2. 14. Ja. 1. 26: whence 'Απάτη, ης, ή, deceit, deception, delusion.

Απάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & πατήρ) pr. without a father, fatherless; hence, independent of paternal descent, He. 7. 3. (ă).

Απαύγασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπό & αὐγάζω) an effulgence, He. l. 3. L. G. Απείδον, subj. ἀπίδω, see ἀφοράω.

Απείθεια, ας, ή, (ἀπειθής) that disposition of mind which will not be persuaded, which refuses belief and obedience, obstinacy, contumacy, disobedience, unbelief, Ro. 11. 30, 32. Ep. 2. 2; 5. 6. He. 4. 6, 11. Col. 3. 6. $A\pi\epsilon i\theta \dot{\epsilon}\omega$, $\dot{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, not to suffer one's self to be persuaded; to refuse belief, disbelieve, be incredulous; to refuse obedience through unbelief, disobey; refuse belief and obedience, be contumacious: from

Απειθής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & πείθω) who will not be persuaded, who re-fuses belief and obedience, unbelieving, disobedient, contumacious.

'Απειλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἡπείλησα, to threaten, menace, rebuke, Ac. 4. 17. 1 Pe. 2. 23: whence

Aπειλή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, threat, commination, Ac. 4. 17, 29; 9. 1; harshness of language, Ep. 6. 9.

Άπειμι, f. έσομαι, (ἀπό & εἰμί) to be absent.

Απειμι, imperfect, ἀπήειν, (ἀπό 🕭 είμι, to go) to go away, depart, Ac 17. 10.

Απείπον, a. 2. act. to tell out; to re fuse, forbid; mid. a. 1. ἀπειπάμην, 10 renounce, disclaim, 2 Co. 4. 2.

'Aπείραστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & πει-ράζω) not having tried, inexpe-rienced, or, untried, or, incapable of being tried, Ja. 1. 13. L.G.

Aneipos, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, (\dot{a} & $\pi\epsilon\hat{i}\rho a$) unexperienced, unskilful, ignorant, He.

'Απεκδέχομαι, Γ. έξομαι, (ἀπό & ἐκδέχομαι) to expect, wait or look for, Ro. 8. 19, 23, 25. 1 Co. 1. 7. Gal. 5. 5. Phi. 3. 20. He. 9. 28. L. G.

'Απεκδύομαι, f. ύσομαι, (ἀπό & ἐκδύω) to put off, strip, divest, renounce, Col. 2. 15; 3. 9. (L. G.): whence

'Λπέκδυσις, εως, ή, a putting or stripping off, renunciation, Col. 2. 11. N. T.

' Απελαύνω, f. ελάσω, a. 1. ἀπήλάσα, (ἀπό & ἐλαύνω) to drive away, Ac. 18, 16.

Απελεγμός, οῦ, δ, (ἀπελέγχω, to refute, fr. ἀπό & ἐλέγχω) pr. refutation; by impl. disesteem, contempt, disgrace, Ac. 19. 27. N.T.

Απελεύθερος, ου, δ, η, (άπό & έλεύθερος) a freed-man, 1 Co. 7. 22.

 $\Lambda \pi \epsilon \lambda \pi i \langle \omega, f. i \sigma \omega, (a \pi o \& \epsilon \lambda \pi i \langle \omega) \rangle$ to lay aside hope, despond, despair; also, to hope for something in return, Lu. 6. 35. L. G.

Απέναντι, adv. (ἀπό & ἔναντι) opposite to, over against, Mat. 21. 2; 27. 61; contrary to, in opposition to, against, Ac. 17. 7; before, in the presence of, Mat. 27. 24. Ac. 3. 16.

 $A\pi\epsilon\rho\alpha\nu\tau$ os, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, (\dot{a} & $\pi\epsilon\rho\alpha$ s) unlimited, interminable, endless, 1 Ti. 1. 4.

Απερισπάστως, adv. (ά & περισπάω) without distraction, without care or solicitude, 1 Co. 7. 35. L. G.

"Απερίτμητος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ἀ & περιτέμνω) pr. uncircumcised; met. obdurate, pertinacious, Ac. 7. 51. L. G.

Άπέρχομαι, ε. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. ηλθον, (ἀπό & ἔρχομαι) to go away, depart; to go forth, pervade, as a rumour: to arrive at a destination; to pass away, disappear; in N. T., απέρχομαι οπίσω, to follow.

Aπέχω, f. \vec{a} Φέξω, $(\vec{a}$ πό & έχω) trans. to have in full what is due or is sought; hence, impers. ἀπέχει, it is enough; intrans. to be distant, to be estranged; mid. to abstain from.

Μπιστέω, ω, f. ήσω, (d & πίστις)

to refuse belief, be increducous, disbelieve; Mar. 16. 11, 16. Lu. 24. 11, 41. Ac. 28. 24; to prove false, violate one's faith, be unfaithful, 2 Ti. 2. 13. Ro. 3. 3.

'Aπιστία, as, ή, (fr. same) unbelief, want of trust and confidence; a state of unbelief, 1 Ti. 1. 13; violation of faith, perfidy, Ro. 3. 3. He. 3. 12, 19.

"Απιστος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ά & πιστός) unbelieving, incredulous, without confidence in any one; vio-lating one's faith, unfaithful, false, treacherous; one who has not embraced the Christian faith, an unbeliever, infidel, pagan; pass. incredible, Ac. 26. 8.

Απλόος, όη, όον, contr. οῦς, ῆ, οῦν, pr. single; hence, simple, uncompounded; sound, perfect, Mat. 6. 22. Lu. 11. 34: whence

Απλότης, ητος, ή, simplicity, sin cerity, purity or probity of mind, Ro. 12. 8. 2 Co. 1. 12; 11. 3. Ep. 6. 5. Col. 3. 22; liberality, as arising from simplicity and frankness of character, 2 Co. 8. 2; 9. 11, 13.

 $A\pi\lambda\hat{\omega}s$, adv. in simplicity; sincerely, really; or, liberally, bountifully, Ja. 1. 5.

 $A\pi\dot{o}$, prep. pr. forth from, away from; hence it variously signifies departure; distance of time or place; avoidance; riddance; derivation from a quarter, source, or material; origination from agency or instrumentality.

Αποβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. ἀπέ-βην, (ἀπό & βαίνω) to descend from a ship, disembark, Lu. 5. 2. Jno. 21. 9; to become, result, happen, Lu. 21. 13. Phi. 1. 19.

'Αποβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. ἀπέβαλον, (ἀπό & βάλλω) to cast or throw off, cast aside, Mar. 10. 50.

Αποβλέπω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & βλέπω) pr. to look off from all other objects and at a single one; hence, to turn a steady gaze, to look with fixed and earnest attention, He. 11, 26.

'Απόβλητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ον, (ἀποβάλλω) pr. to be cast away; met. to be contemned, regarded as vile, 1 Ti. 4. 4.

Aποβολή, η̂s, η̂, (fr. same) a casting oil; rejection, reprobation, Ro

11. 15; loss deprivation, of life, &c. Ac. 27. 22.

*Απογίνομαι, α. 2. ἀπεγενόμην, (ἀπό & vivoual) to be away from, unconnected with; to die; met. to die to, or renounce, any thing, 1 Pe. 2. 24.

 $^{\circ}$ Α π ογρ $\check{\alpha}$ φή, $\hat{\eta}$ ς, $\hat{\eta}$, a register, inventory; registration, enrolment, Lu. 2. 2. Ac. 5. 37: from

Απογράφω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & γράφω) pr. to copy; hence, to register, enrol; mil. to procure the registration of one's name, to give in one's name for registration, Lu. 2. 1, 3, 5.

Αποδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to point out, display; prove, evince, demonstrate, Ac. 25. 7; to designate, proclaim, hold forth, 2 Thes. 2.4; to constitute, appoint, Ac. 2.22; 1 Co. 4. 9. 2 Thes. 2. 4: whence

'Απόδειξις, εως, ή, manifestation, demonstration, indubitable proof, 1 Co. 2. 4.

'Αποδεκατόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀπό & δεκατόω) to pay or give tithes of, Mat. 23. 23. Lu. 11. 42; 18. 12; to tithe, levy tithes upon, He. 7. 5. S.

'Απόδεκτος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, acceptable, 1 Ti. 2. 3; 5.4 (L. G.): from 'Αποδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, (ἀπό & δέχομαι) to receive kindly or heartily, welcome, Lu. 8. 40. Ac. 15. 4; 18. 27; 28. 30; to receive with approbation, assent to, approve, Ac. 2.41; to accept with satisfaction, applaud,

Ac. 24. 3.

'Αποδημέω, ω, f. ήσω, to be absent from one's home or country; to travel into foreign countries, Mat. 21. 33; 25. 14, 15. Mar. 12. 1. Lu. 15. 13; 20.9: from

'Απόδημος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἀπό & δῆμος) absent in foreign countries, Mar. 13. 34.

'Αποδίδωμι, f. δώσω, (ἀπό & δίδωμι) to render that on which there is a claim, or which is looked for; to render in full; to give back, restore, refund; render back, requite, re-taliate; pay a debt; discharge an obligation, perform whatever is to be performed; mid. to sell.

Απυδιορίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό & διορίζω, to set bounds) pr. to separate by intervening boundaries; to separate, Jude 19. N. T

' Αποδοκιμάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπ**ό & δο**κιμάζω) to reject upon trial, to reject Mat. 21. 42. Mar. 12. 10. Lu. 20. 17. 1 Pc. 2. 4, 7; to repulse, refuse credence or admittance, disallow, Lu. 9. 22; 17. 25. He. 12. 17.

'Αποδοχή, ης, ή, (ἀποδέχημαι) pr. reception, welcome; met. cordial assent, 1 Ti. 1. 15; 4. 9.

'Απόθεσις, εως, ή, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away, laying aside, i Pe. 3. 21. 2 Pe. 1. 14.

' $\Lambda \pi o \theta \eta \kappa \eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) a rlace where any thing is laid up for preservation, repository, granary, storehouse, barn, Mat. 3. 12; 6. 26; 13. 30. Lu. 3. 17; 12. 18, 24.

'Αποθησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό & hησαυρίζω) pr. to lay up in store, hoard; met. to collect abundantly, treasure up, 1 Ti. 6. 19. L. G.

'Αποθλίβω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & θλίβω) pr. to press out; to press close, press upon, crowd, Lu. 8. 45. (i).

Αποθνήσκω, f. θανοῦμαι, a. 2. έθα νον, (ἀπό & θνήσκω) to die; to become putrescent, rot, as seeds, Jno. 12. 24 1 Co. 15. 36; to wither, become dry, as a tree, Jude 12; met. to be obnoxious to condemnation and purishment, be exposed to misery or th: second death, Jno. 6. 50; 8. 21, 24; to die to any thing, i.e. to renounce, refuse submission to, be completely severed from, Ro. 6. 2. Gal. 2. 19. Col. 3. 3.

Άποκαθίστημι, v. ἀποκαθιστάνω, f. στήσω, a. l. pass. ἀποκατεστάθη, (ἀπό & καθίστημι) to restore any thing to its former place or state, Mat. 12. 13; 17. 11. Mar. 3. 5; 8. 25, et al.

'Αποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & κα-λύπτω) rr. to uncover, bring to light what was hidden; to reveal; to set in a clear light; to display; pass. to be manifested, appear: whence

Αποκάλυψις, εως, ή, a disclosure, revelation; mct. illumination, instruction; manifestation, appearance. L.G.

Αποκαράδοκία, ας, ἡ, (ἀπό & καραδοκέω, to watch with the head stretched out, to keep an eager look out; fr. κάρα, the head, and δοκεύω to watch) earnest expectation, hope Ro. 8. 19. Phi. 1, 20. N.T. 19

καταλλάσσω) to transfer from a certain state to another which is quite different; hence, to reconcile, restore to favour, Ep. 2. 16. Col. 1. 20, 21.

'Αποκατάστἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκαθίστημι) pr. a restitution or restoration of any thing to its former state; hence, change from worse to better, melioration, introduction of a new and better era, Ac. 3. 21.

Απόκειμα, f. είσομαι, (ἀπό & κεῖμαι) to be laid up, preserved, Lu. 19. 20; to be in store for, be reserved, await any one, Col. 1. 5. 2 Ti. 4. 8. He. 9. 27

'Αποκεφαλίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό & κεφαλή) to behead, Mat. 14. 10. Mar. 6. 16, 28. Lu. 9. 9.

Αποκλείω, f. είσω, (ἀπό & κλείω) to close, shut up, Lu. 13. 25.

Άποκόπτω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & κόπτω) to cut off, amputate, Mar. 9. 43, 45. Jno. 18. 10, 26. Ac. 27. 32. Gal. 5. 12. 'Απόκρίμα, ατος, τό, a judicial sentence, 2 Co. 1. 9: (L. G.) from

'Αποκρίνομαι, a. 1. ἀπεκρινάμην & ἀπεκρίθην, f. ἀποκριθήσομαι, (ἀποκρίνω, to separate, fr. ἀπό & κρίνω) to answer; in N. T. to speak with reference to certain present circumstances, Mat. 11. 25, et al.: whence

Απόκρϊσις, εως, ή, an answer, reply, Lu. 2. 47; 20. 26. Jno. 1. 22; 19. 9.

'Αποκρύπτω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & κρύπτω) to hide away; to conceal, withhold from sight or knowledge, Mat. 11. 25; 25. 18, et al.: whence

Απόκρυφος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, hidden away; concealed, Mar. 4. 22. Lu. 8. 17; stored up, Col. 2. 3.

'Αποκτείνω, f. κτενῶ, a. 1. pass. ἀπεκτόνθην, (ἀπό & κτείνω) to kill, put to death, murder, destroy, annihilate.

Αποκυέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (ἀπό & κυέω) pr. to bring forth, as women; met. to be the cause of, produce, Ja. 1. 15; to be the author of spiritual generation, Ja. 1, 18. L.G.

Δποκυλίω, f. ίσω. (ἀπό & κυλίω) to roll away, Mat. 28. 2. Mar. 16. 3, 4. Lu. 24. 2. (7). L.G.

"Αποκαταλλάσσω, f. ξω, (ἀπό & | Απολαμβάνω, f. λι ψομοι, a. 2 έλαβον, (ἀπό & λαμβάνω) to receive in full, Lu. 16. 25; to receive what is due, sought, or needed; to receive back, recover: to receive in hospitality, welcome, 3 Jno. 8; to take aside, lead away, Mar. 7. 33.

> Απόλαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀπολαύω, το obtain a portion of a thing, enjoy) beneficial participation, ! Ti. 6. 17; enjoyment, pleasure, He. 11. 25.

> Απολείπω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & λείπω) to leave, leave behind; pass. to be left, remain, 2 Ti. 4. 13, 20. He. 4. 6, 9; 10. 26; to relinquish, forsake, desert, Jude 6.

> Απολείχω, f. ξω, (ἀπό & λείχω, to lick) pr. to lick off; to cleanse by licking, lick clean, Lu. 16. 21. L. G.

Απόλλυμι, f. ολέσω, & ολώ, a. 1. ἀπώλεσα, p. ἀπολώλεκα, (ἀπό & ὅλλυμε) to destroy utterly; to kill; to bring to nought, render vain, 1 Co. 1. 19; to lose, be deprived of; mid. ἀπόλλυμαι f. ολοῦμαι, a. 2 ἀπωλόμην, p ἀπό-λωλα, to be destroyed, perish; to be put to death, die; to be lost, wander, Mat. 10. 6; 15. 24.

'Απολλύων, οντος, ό, Apollyon, the destroyer, i. q. 'Αβαδδών, Re. 9. 11.

'Απολογέυμαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, s. l. ἀπελογησάμην & ἀπελογήθην (ἀπό & λόγος) to defend one's self against a charge, to make a defence, Lu. 12. 11; 21. 14, et al.: whence

Απολογία, as, ή, a verbal defence, Ac. 22. 1; 25. 16, et al.

Απολούω, f. ούσω, (ἀπό & λούω) tc cleanse by bathing; mid. to cleanse one's self; to procure one's self to be cleansed; met. of sin, Ac. 22. 16. 1 Co. 6. 11.

'Απολύτρωσις, εως, ή, (ἀπολυτρόω, to dismiss any one for a ransom paid, fr. ἀπό & λυτρόω) redemption, a deliverance procured by the payment of a ransom; moton. a redeemer, the author of redemption, 1 Co. 1, 30; deliverance, simply, the idea of a ransom being excluded, Lu 21. 28. He. 11. 35. N.T.

Απολύω, f. ύσω, (ἀπό & λύω) pr. to loose; to release from any tie or burden; hence, to give liberty, riddance, forgiveness; to divorce; to allow to depart; to permit, or, signal a departure from life, Lu. 2. 29; mid. to depart. (\tilde{v}).

'Απομάσσω, f. ξω, (ἀπό & μάσσω, to wipe) to wipe off; mid. to wipe off one's self, Lu. 10. 11.

Απονέμω, f. νεμῶ, (ἀπό & νέμω, to allot) to portion off; to assign, bestow, 1 Pc. 3. 7.

'Απονίπτω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & νίπτω) to cleanse a part of the body by washing; mid. of one's self, Mat. 27. 24.

Αποπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. ἀπέπεσον, (ἀπό & πίπτω) to fall off, or from, Ac. 9. 18.

'Αποπλανάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἀπό & πλανάω) to cause to wander; met. to deceive, pervert, seduce, Mar. 13. 22; pass. to wander; met. to swerve from, apostatise, 1 Ti. 6. 10.

*Aποπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, a. 1. ἀπέπλευσα, (ἀπό & πλέω) to depart by ship, sail away, Ac. 13. 4; 14. 26; 20. 15; 27. 1.

'Αποπλύνω, f. υνῶ, (ἀπό & πλύνω) to wash, rinse, Lu. 5. 2. (ῦ).

Αποπνίγω, f. $\xiω$, a. 2. pass. dπεπνίγην, (dπό & πνίγω) to choke, suffocate, Mat. 13. 7. Lu. 8. 33; to drown,
Lu. 8. 7. (τ).

Απορέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, & ἀπορέομαι, (ἀ & πόρος, a way) pr. to be without means; met. to hesitate, be at a stand, be in doubt and perplexity, Jno. 13. 22. Ac. 25. 20. 2 Co. 4.8. Gal. 4. 20: whence

Aπορία, ας, ή, doubt, uncertainty, perplexity, Lu. 21. 25.

Απορρίπτω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & ρίπτω) to throw off, Ac. 27. 43.

Απορφανίζω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, (aπό & δρφα-νως) to deprive, bereave, 1 Thes. 2. 17.

Αποσκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (ἀποσκευάζω, to pack up articles, σκεύη, for removal) to prepare for a journey, take one's departure, Ac 21. 15.

Αποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπό & σκίαζο, to threw a shadow, fr. σκιά) a shadow cast; met. the slightest trace, Ja. 1. 17. L. G.

Aποσπίω, ω, f. άσω, (ἀπό & σπάω) to draw away from to draw out or forth, Mat. 26 51; to draw away, seduce, Ac. 20. 30 mid. a. l. åπε-

σπάσθην, to separate one's self, to retire, part, Lu. 22. 41. Ac. 21. 1. (č). Αποστασία, ας, ἡ, (ἀφίστημι) a defection, apostasy, Ac. 21. 21. 1 Thes. 2. 3. L. G.

Aποστάσιον, ίου, τό, (fr. same) defection, desertion, as of a freedman from a patron; in N.T. the act of putting away a wife, repudiation, divorce, Mat. 19. 7. Mar. 10. 4, meton. a bill of repudiation, deed of divorce, Mat. 5. 31.

Αποστεγάζω, f. άσω, (ἀπό & στέγη) to remove or break through a covering or roof of a place, Mar.

Αποστέλλω, f. στελῶ, a. 1. ἀπέσταλια, p. ἀπέσταλια, p. μαss. ἀπέσταλια, α. 2. pass. ἀπέσταλια, άπό & στέλλω) to send forth a messenger, agent, message, or command; to issue, publish; put forth into action, Mar. 4. 29; to despatch; to liberate, dismiss, send a way.

Aποστερέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. pass. ἀποστέρημα, (ἀπό & στερέω, to deprive) to deprive, detach; to debar, 1 Co. 7. 5; to deprive in a bad sense, defraud, Mar. 10. 19. 1 Co. 6.7. mid. to suffer one's self to be deprived or defrauded, 1 Co. 6. 8; pass. to be destitute or devoid of, 1 Ti. 6. 5; to be unjustly withheld, Ja. 5. 4.

'Aποστολή, η̂s, η̂, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending, expedition; office or duty of one sent as a messenger or agent; office of an apostle, apostleship, Ac. 1. 25. Ro. 1. 5. 1 Co. 9. 2. Gal. 2. 8.

Aπόστολος, ου, ό, (fr. same) one sent as a messenger or agent, the bearer of a commission, messenger; an apostle.

Aποστοματίζω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό & στόμω) pr. to speak or repeat off hand; also, to require or lead others to speak without premeditation, as by questions calculated to elicit unpremeditated answers, to endeavout to entrap into unguarded language, Lu. 11. 53.

Aποστρέφω, f. ψω, (ἀπό & στρέφω) to turn away; to remove, Ac. 3. 26. Ro. 11. 26. 2 Ti. 4.4; to turn a people from their allegiance to their sovereign, pervert, incite to revolt, Lu. 23. 14; to replace, restore, Mat. 26. 52; 27. 3; wall. 2. 2. αποστράφω

to turn away from any one, to slight, reject, repulse, Mat. 5. 42. Tit. 1. 14. He. 12. 25; to desert, 2 Ti. 1. 15.

Αποστύγεω, ω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό & στυγών, to hate) to shrink from with abhorrence, detest, Ro. 12. 9.

Αποσυνάγωγος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀπό & συναγωγή) expelled or excluded from the synagogue, excommunicated, cut off from the rights and privileges of a Jew, and excluded from society, Jno. 9. 22; 12. 42; 16. 2. N. T.

Αποτάσσομαι, f. ξομαι, (ἀποτάσσω, to set apart, fr. ἀπό & τάσσω) to take leave of, bid farewell to, Lu. 9. 61. Ac. 18. 18, 21. 2 Co. 2. 13; to dismiss, send away, Mar. 6. 46; to renounce, forsake, Lu.

 $A\pi \sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\epsilon \sigma \omega$, a. 1. pass. άπετελέσθην, (ἀπό & τελέω) to complete; pass. to be perfected, to arrive at full stature or measure, Ja.

1. 15.

'Αποτίθημι, f. θήσω, & mid. ἀποτίθεμαι, a. 2. ἀπεθέμην, to lay off, lay down or aside, as garments, Ac. 7. 58; met. to lay aside, put off, renounce, Ro. 13. 12. Ep. 4. 22, 25. Col. 3. 8, et al.

'Αποτινάσσω, ε. ξω, (ἀπό & τινάσσω, to shake) to shake off, Lu. 9. 5. Ac. 28. 5.

Αποτίνω, f. ίσω, (ἀπό & τίνω) to pay off what is claimed or due; to repay, refund, make good, Phile. 19.

Αποτολμάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\dot{\alpha}\pi\dot{o}$ & τολμάω) to dare or risk outright; to speak without reserve or restraint, Ro. 10. 20.

*Αποτομία, as, ή, (ἀπότομος, cut off, shear, fr. ἀποτέμνω, to cut off, fr. ἀπό & τέμνω) pr. abruptness; met. unmitigated severity, rigour, Ro. 11. 22. L.G.

Αποτόμως, adv. sharply, severely, 2 Co. 13. 10. Tit. 1. 13

Αποτρέπω, f. ψω, (άπό & τρέπω) to turn any one away from a thing; mid. to turn one's self away from any one; to avoid, shun, 2 Ti. 3. 5.

Απουσία, as, ή, (ἄπειμι) absence, Phi. 2. 12.

Αποφέρω, ε. αποίσω, α. 1. ήνεγκα, 8. 2. ήνεγκον, 8. 1 pass. ηνέχθην, (ἀπό : Απωθέω, ω, f. ωθήσω & ώσω. &

& φέρω) to bear or carry away, conduct away, Mar. 15. 1. Lu. 16. 22 1 Co. 16. 3. Re. 17. 3; 21, 10.

Αποφεύγω, f. ξομαι, a.2. ἀπέφυγοι (ἀπό & φεύγω) to flee from, escape; met. to renounce, be free from, 2 Pe. 1. 4; 2. 18, 20.

Αποφθέγγομαι, f. έγξομαι, (ἀπό & φθέγγομαι) to speak out, declare, particularly solemn, weighty, or pithy sayings, Ac. 2. 4, 14; 26, 25. L. G.

Άποφορτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (ἀπό & φόρτος) to unlade, Ac. 21. 3. L. G.

Άπόχρησις, εως, ἡ, (άποχράομαι, to use up, consume by use) a using, or a discharge of an intended use, Col. 2. 22. L. G.

Άποχωρέω, ῶ, ήσω, (ἀπό & χωρέω) to go from or away, depart, Mat. 7. 23. Lu. 9. 39. Ac. 13. 13.

Αποχωρίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. pass. ἀποχωρίσθην (ἀπό & χωρίζω) to separate; pass. to be swept aside, Re. 6. 14; to part, Ac. 15. 39.

Αποψύχω, f. ξω, (ἀπό & ψύχω) pr. to breathe out, faint away, die; met. to faint at heart, be dismayed, Lu. 21. 26. (v).

'Απρόσϊτος, ου, δ, ἡ, τό, -ον, (ἀ & προσιτός, accessible, fr. πρόσειμι, to approach) unapproached, unapproachable, 1 Ti. 6. 16. L. G.

Απρόσκοπος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & προσκοπή) act. not causing to stumble; met. not causing others to stumble in the path of duty, 1 Co. 10. 32; pass. not stumbling, advancing without stumbling; met. not obnoxious to moral exception, unblameable, clear, Ac. 24. 16. Phi. 1. 10. N. T.

Απροσωπολήπτως, adv. (ά & προσωποληπτέω) without respect of persons, impartially, 1 Pe. 1. 17. N. T. Απταιστος, ου, ό, ή, (ὰ & πταίω)

free from stumbling; met. free from offence and sin; irreprehensible, Jude 24.

 $A\pi\tau\omega$, f. $\psi\omega$, pr. to bring in contact, fit, fasten; to light, kindle; mid. ἀπτομαι, f. ψομαι, a. l. ἡψάμην, to touch; to partake, Col. 2. 21; to have intercourse with; to know carnally, 1 Co. 7. 1; by impl. to harm, 1 Jno. 5. 18.

anid ἀπωθέομαι, οῦμαι, α. l ἀπωσάμην, (ἀπό & ώθέω, to thrust) to thrust away, repel from one's sif, repulse, Ac. 7. 27; to refuse, reject, cast off, Ac. 7. 39; 13. 46. Ro. 11. 1, 2. 1 Ti. 1. 19.

Aπώλεια, as, η, (ἀπόλλυμ) consumption, destruction; waste, profusion, Mat. 26. 8. Mar. 14. 4; destruction, state of being destroyed, Ac. 25.16; perdition, misery, eternal ruin, Mat. 7. 13. Ac. 8. 20, et al.

Apa. This particle denotes, first, transition from one thing to another by natural sequence; secondly, logical inference; in which case the premises are either expressed, Mat. 12. 28, or to be variously supplied. Therefore, then, consequently; should it so result. Ac. 17. 27.

Apa, a stronger form of the preceding, used in interrogations.

'Aρά, as, ή, pr. a prayer; more commonly a prayer for evil; curse, cursing, imprecation, Ro. 3. 14.

Αργέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, pr. to be unemployed; to be inoperative, linger,

2 Pe. 2. 3: from

Aργόs, ή, όν, (ἀ & εργον) contr. fr. ἀεργόs, pr. inactive, unemployed, Mat. 20, 3, 6; idle, averse from labour, 1 Ti. 5, 13. Tit. 1, 12; met. 2 Pe. 1. 8; unprofitable, hollow, or by impl. injurious, Mat. 12, 36.

Αργύρεος, έα, εον, contr. οῦς, ᾶ, οῦν, (ἄργυρος) made of silver, Ac. 19. 24. 2 Ti. 2. 20. Re. 9. 20.

*Αργύριον, ίου, τό, (fr. same) silver; meton. money; spc. a piece of silver money, a shekel.

'Αργυροκόπος, ου, δ, (same & κόπτω) a forger of silver, silversmith, Ac. 19. 24. L.G.

"Αργύρος, ου, ό, silver; meton. any thing made of silver; money.

Aρειοπαγίτης, a judge of the court of Areopagus. (ι).

*Αρειος, ου, ό, ἡ, (*Αρης, Mars) of or belonging to Mars, Ac. 17. 19, 22. `Αρεσκεία, ας, ἡ; a pleasing, de-

sire of pleasing, Col. 1. 10: from Αρέσκω, f. ἀρέσω, imperf. ἥρεσκον, a. l. ἤρεσα, to please: to be pleasing.

a. 1. ηρεσα, to please; to be pleasing, acceptable; to consult the pleasure of: whence

'Aρεστός, ή, όν, pleasing, acceptable, 1 Jno. 3. 22; 8. 29; Ac. 12. 3; deemed proper, Ac. 6. 2.

Aρετή, η̂s, η, goodness, good quality of any kind; gracious dealing of God, 1 Pe. 2. 9; 2 Pe. 1. 3; virtue, uprightness, Phl. 4. 8. 2 Pe. 1. 5.

'Αριθμέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἡρίθμησα, p. pass. ἡρίθμημαι, to number, Mat. 10. 30. Lu. 12. 7. Re. 7. 9: from 'Αριθμός, οῦ, ὁ, a number, Lu. 22. 3.

Jno. 6. 10. Ac. 4. 4. Re. 20. 8; 13. 18. Αριστάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἠρίστη-

σα, (ἄριστον) to take the first meal, breakfast, Jno. 21. 12, 15; also, to take a midday meal, Lu. 11. 37.

'Αριστερός, ά, όν, the left; αριστερά, 8c. χείρ, the left hand, Mat. 6. 3; 8ο έξ άριστερῶν 8c. μερῶν, Lu. 23. 33. 2 Co. 6. 7.

"Aριστον, ου, τό, pr. the first meal, breakfast; afterwards extended to signify also a slight midday meal, luncheon, Mat. 22. 4.

Αρκετός, ή, όν, sufficient, enough, Mat. 6. 34; 10. 25; 1 Pe. 4. 3: from

Αρκέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἤρκεσα, pr. to ward off; thence, to be of service, avail; to suffice, be enough; pass. to be contented, satisfied, Lu. 3. 14. 1 Ti. 6.8. He. 13. 5. 3 Jno. 10.

"Apros, v. r. for the following.

"Αρκτος, ου, ό, ἡ, a bear, Re. 13. 2.
"Αρμα, ατος, τό, a charlot, vehicle, Ac. 8. 28, 29, 38.

'Αρμόζω, f. όσω, to fit together; mid. αρμόζομαι, a. l. ηρμοσάμην, to join, unite in marriage, espouse, betroth, 2 Co. 11. 2.

'Aρμός, οῦ, ὁ, a joint or articulation of the bones, He. 4. 12.

'Αρνέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, p. ῆρνημαι a. l. ἡρνησάμην, to deny, contradict, affirm not to be; by impl. to reject, renounce, disown; to be unwilling, refuse, He. 11. 24.

'Αρνίον, ου, τό, a young lamb, lambkin, lamb, Jno. 21. 15. Re. 5. 6, 8.

'Aρνός, a gen. without a nom. in use, its place being supplied by ἀμνός, a lamb.

'Αροτριάω, ῶ, f. άσω, to plough, Lu. 17. 7. 1 Co. 9. 10: from "Αροτρον, ου, τό, (ἀρόω, το plough) a plough, Lu. 9. 62.

^{*}Αρπάγή, η̂s, ἡ, (ἀγπάζω) plunder, pillage, rapine; the act of plundering, He. 10. 34; prey, spoil, or, rapacity, Mat. 23. 25. Lu. 11. 39.

Aρπαγμός. οῦ, ὁ, rapine, robbery, thing plundered; met. & meton. what is retained with an eager grasp, or eagerly claimed and conspicuously exercised, Phi. 2. 6: from

Αρπάζω, f. άσω & ξω, a. 1. ηρ-

Aρπαζω, 1. ατω & ξω, a. 1. ηρπασα, a. 1. pass, ηρπάσην, a. 2. pass, ηρπάγην, to seize, as a wild beast, Jno. 10. 13; take away by force, snatch away, Mat. 13. 19. Jno. 10. 28, 29. Ac. 23. 10. Jude 23; met. to seize on with avidity, claim, vindicate one's right, Mat. 11. 12; to convey away suddenly, transport hastily, Jno. 6. 15, et al.

Aρπαξ, ἄγος, δ, ή, τό, pr. ravenous, ravening, as a wild beast, Mat. 7.15; met. rapacious, given to extortion and robbery, an extortioner, Lu. 18. 11. 1 Co. 5. 10, 11; 6. 10.

'Αρράβών, ῶνος, ὁ, (Hebrew, βυση) a pledge, earnest, 2 Co. 1. 22; 5, 5.

Ep. 1. 14.

"Αρράφος, ου, ο, ή, (ἀ & ράπτω, to sew) not sewed, without seam, Jno. 19. 23. N. T.

Αρρην, ἄρρεν, ενος, ό, τό, male, of the male sex, Ro. 1. 27. Re. 12. 5, 13.

Aρρητος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ἀ & ρητός) pr. not spoken; what ought not to be spoken, secret; which cannot be spoken or uttered, ineffable, 2 Co. 12. 4.

"Αρρωστος, ου, δ, η, (ἀ & ρώννυμι) infirm, sick, an invalid, Mat. 14. 14. Mar. 6. 5, 13; 16. 18. 1 Co. 11. 30.

*Αρσενοκοίτης, ου, ό, (ἄρσην & κοίτη) one who lies with a male, a sodomite, 1 Co. 6. 9. 1 Ti. 1 10. L. G.

"Αρσην, ἄρσεν, ενος, ό, τό, male, of the male sex, Mat. 19. 4. Mar. 10. 6. Lu. 2. 23. Ro. 1. 27. Gal. 3. 28.

Αρτεμις, ιδος, ή, Artemis or Diana, Ac. 19. 24, 27, 28, 34.

Αρτέμων, ονος, ό, (ἀρτάω, to suspend) a topsail, artemon, supparum; or, according to others, the dolon of Pliny and Pollux, a small sail near the prow of the ship, which

was hoisted when the wird was too strong to use larger sails, Ac. 27. 40. N. T.

Apri, adv. of time, pr. at the pre sent moment, close upon it either before or after: now, at the present juncture, Mat. 3. 15; forthwith, presently; just now, recently, already, 1 Thes. 3. 6; &os apr., until now, hitherto, Mat. 11. 12. Jno. 2. 10, et al.; an apri, v. amapri, from this time, henceforth, Mat. 23. 39, et al.

Αρτιγέννητος, ου, δ, ή, (ἄρτι & γεννάω) just born, new-born, 1 Pe. 2. 2. L.G.

Aρτιος, ου, δ, ή, (ἄρω, to fit, adapt) complete, perfect, 2 Ti. 3. 17.

Aρτos, ov, ó, bread; a loaf or thin cake of bread, Mat. 26. 26, ct al.; food, Mat. 15. 2. Mar. 3. 20, ct al.; support, maintenance, living, necessaries of life, Mat. 6. 11. Lu. 11. 3. 2 Thes. 3. 8.

Αρτύω, v. ἀρτύνω, f. ύσω, f. pass. ἀρτυθήσομαι, p. pass. ἤρτυμαι, (ἄρω, to fit) pr. to fit, prepare; to season, make savoury, Mar. 9. 50. Lu. 14. 34. Col. 4. 6.

Aρχάγγελος, ου, ό, (ἀρχι - & ἄγγελος) an archangel, chief angel, I Thes. 4. 16. Jude 9. N. T.

'Aρχαίος, αία, αίον, old, ancient, of a former age, Mat. 5. 21, 27, 33, et al.: from

 $\hat{\mathbf{A}} \rho \chi \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}} s, \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}, \mathbf{a}$ beginning; in respect of time, beginning of things; commencement of the gospel dispensation; of place, first place or precedence in rank or pover, sovereignty; one in vested with authority, a magistrate, potentate, prince; an extremity, corner, Ac. 10. 11. Thy $\hat{\boldsymbol{a}} \rho \chi \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}} y,$ wholly, altogether, Jno. 8, 25,

Aρχηγός, ου, ό, (ἀρχή & ἄγω) a chief, leader, prince, sovereign, Ac. 5. 31; author, efficient cause, Ac. 3. 15. He. 2. 10; 12. 2.

Αρχιερατικός, ή, όν, pontifical, belonging to, or connected with the high priest or his office, Ac. 4. 6: (N. T.) from

Aρχιερεύς, έως, ό, (ἀρχι - & ἰερεύς) a high priest, chief priest.

Αρχιποίμην, ενος, δ, (άρχι - & ποιμήν) chief shepherd, 1 Pe. t 4. N. T. Aρχισυναγωγος, ου, ό, (αρχι - & συναγωγή) a president or moderating elder of a synagogue, Mar. 5. 22, 35, 36, 38. Lu. 8. 49, et al. N. T.

Αρχιτέκτων, ονος, δ, (ἀρχι - & τέκτων) architect, head or masterbuilder, 1 Co. 3. 10.

Aρχιτελώνης, ου, ό, (ἀρχι - & τελώνης) a chief publican, chief collector of the customs or taxes, Lu. 19. 2. N. T.

Aρχιτρίκλινος, ου, ό, (ἀρχι- & τρίκλινος, triclinium, a dining-room in which three couches were placed round the table, &c.) director of a feast, Juo. 2. 8, 9. N. T.

Aρχω, f. ξω, pr. to be first; to reign, govern; mid. to begin; to attempt; to take commencement.

Aρχων, οντος, ό, one invested with power and dignity, chief, ruler, prince, magistrate, Mat. 9. 23; 20. 25, et al. freq.

Αρωμα, ατος, τό, any aromatic substance, spice, &c. Mar. 16. 1. Lu. 23. 56; 24. 1. Jno. 19. 40.

*Aσάλευτος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (ά & σαλεύω) unshaken, immoveable, Ac. 27. 41; met. firm, stable, enduring, He. 12. 28.

*Aσβεστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ον, (ἀ & σβέννυμι) unquenched; inextinguishable; unquenchable, Mat. 3. 12. Mar. 9. 43, 45. Lu. 3. 17.

*A σ ϵ β ϵ ι a, as, $\dot{\eta}$, ($\dot{d}\sigma$ ϵ β $\dot{\eta}$ s) implety, ungodliness; improbity, wickedness, Ro. 1. 18; 11. 26. 2 Ti. 2. 16. Tit. 2. 12. Jude 15. 18.

Ασεβέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, p. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\hat{\epsilon}\beta\eta\kappa\alpha$, a. l. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\hat{\epsilon}\beta\eta\sigma\alpha$, to be impious, to act impiously or wickedly, live an impious life, 2 Pe. 2. 6. Jude 15: from Ασεβής, $\hat{\epsilon}$ ος, \hat{o} ις, $\hat{\delta}$, $\hat{\eta}$, $\hat{\tau}$ ό, $-\hat{\epsilon}$ ι, ($\hat{\alpha}$ &

*Aσεβής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ἀ & σέβομαι) impious, ungodly; wicked, sinful, Ro. 4. 5; 5. 6, et al.

*Aσέλγεια, ας, ή, (ἀσελγης, outrageous) intemperance, licentiousness, lasciviousness, Ro. 13. 13, et al.: insolence, outrageous behaviour, Mar. 7. 22.

A $\sigma\eta\mu$ os, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, (\dot{a} & $\sigma\hat{\eta}\mu$ a) pr. not marked; met. not noted, not remarkable, unknown to fame, ignoble, mean, inconsiderable, Ac. 21. 39.

'Aσθένεια, ας, ή, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, feebleness, 1 Co. 15. 43; bodily infirmity, state of ill health, sickness, Mat. 8. 17. Lu 5. 15, et al.; met. infirmity, frailty, imperfection, intellectual and moral, Ro. 6. 19. 1 Co. 2. 3. He. 5. 2; 7. 28; by impl. suffering, affliction, distress, calamity, Ro. 8. 26, et al.

Aσθενέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}$ σω, a. 1. $\hat{\eta}$ σθένησα, (fr. same) to be weak, infirm, deficient in strength; to be inefficient, Ro. 8. 3. 2 Co. 13. 3; to be sick, Mat. 25. 36, et al.; met. to be weak in faith, to doubt, hesitate, be unsettled, timid, Ro. 14. 1. 1 Co. 8. 9, 11, 12. 2 Co. 11. 29; to be deficient in authority, dignity, or power, be contemptible, 2 Co. 11. 21; 13. 3, 9; by impl. to be afflicted, distressed, needy, Ac. 20. 35. 2 Co. 12. 10_1 13. 4, 9: vehence

Ασθένημα, ατος, τό, pr. weakness, infirmity; met. doubt, scruple, hesitation, Ro. 15. 1. N. T.

Aσθενής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ἀ & σθένος, strength) without strength, weak, infirm, Mat. 26. 41. Mar. 14. 38. 1 Pe. 3. 7; helpless, Ro. 5. 6; imperfect, inefficient, Gal. 4. 9; feeble, without energy, 2 Co. 10. 10; infirm in body, sick, sickly, Mat. 25. 39, 43, 44, et al.; weak, mentally or spiritually, dubious, hesitating, 1 Co. 8. 7, 10; 9. 22. 1 Thes. 5. 14; by impl. afflicted, distressed, oppressed with calamities, 1 Co. 4. 10.

'Aσιανός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, ('Aσία) belonging to the Roman province of Asia, Ac. 20. 4.

Aσιάρχης, ου, δ, ('Aσία & ἀρχή) an Asiarch, an officer in the province of Asia, as in other eastern provinces of the Roman empire, selected, with others, from the more upulent citizens, to preside over the things pertaining to religious worship, and to exhibit aninal public games at their own expense in honour of the gods, in the manner of the ædiles at Rome, Ac. 19. 31. L. G.

'Aσιτία, as, η, abstinence from food, fasting, Ac. 27. 21: from

"Aσττος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & σττος) abstaining from food, fasting, Ac. 27. 33.

Aσκέω, ω, f. ήσω, to exercise of exert one's self, endeavour, Ac. 24.16.

Ασκός, οῦ, ὁ, a leathern bag or bottle, bottle of skin, Mat. 9. 17. Mar. 2. 22. Lu. 5. 37, 38. Ασμένως, adv. gladly, joyfully, Ac.

Aσμένως, adv. gladly, joyfully, Ac. 2. 41; 2i. 17.

'Ασοφος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & σοφός) unwise; destitute of Christian wisdom, Ep. 5. 15.

Aσπάζομαι, f. σομαι, a. 1. ήσπασάμην, ρ. ήσπασμαι, to salute, greet, welcome, express one's good wishes, pay one's respects, Mat. 10. 12. Mar. 9. 15, et al. freq.; to bid farewell, Ac. 20. 1; 21. 6; to treat with affection, Mat. 5. 47; met. to embrace mentally, welcome to the heart or understanding, He. 11. 13: whence

"Aσπασμός, οῦ, ὁ, salutation, greeting, Mat. 23. 7. Mar. 12. 38, et al.

"Aσπίλος, ου, δ, ἡ, (d & σπίλος) spotless, unblemished, pure, 1 Ti. 6. 14. Ja. 1. 27. 1 Pe. 1. 19. 2 Pe. 3. 14. L. G.

Aoπίs, ίδος, ή, an asp, a species of serpent of the most deadly venom, Ro. 3. 18.

Aσπονδος, ου, δ, ή, (å & σπονδή, a libation usually conjoined with the making of a treaty) pr. unwilling to make a treaty; hence, implacable, irreconcileable, Ro. 1. 31. 2 Ti. 3. 3.

Aσσάριον, ίου, τό, dimin. of the Latin as, a Roman brass coin of the value of one-tenth of a denarius or δραχμή, and equal to 3 and one-tenth farthings of our money, used to convey the idea of a very trifling sum, Mat. 10. 29. Lu. 12. 6. N. T.

Acc ov, adv. nearer; very nigh, close, Ac. 27. 13; used as the comp. of

Aστατέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἄστατος, unfixed, unstable, fr. ἀ & τστημι) to be unsettled, have no fixed residence, wander about without a home, 1 Co. 4.11. L.G.

Aστείος, ου, δ, ή, (ἄστυ, a city) pr. belonging to a city; well-bred, polite, polished; hence, elegant, fair, comely, beautiful, Ac. 7. 20. He. 11. 23.

Αστήρ, έρος, δ, a star, luminous body like a star, luminary, Mat. 2. 3, 7, 9, 10. Re. 1 16, et. al.

Αστήμικτος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & στη-

ρίζω) not made firm; unsettled, unstable, unsteady, 2 Pe. 2. 14; 3. 16, L. G.

Aστοργος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & στοργή, natural or instinctive affection) devoid of natural or instinctive affection, without affection to kindred, Ro. 1. 31. 2 Ti. 3. 3.

Aστοχέω, ω, f. ησω, a. 1. ηστόχησα, (a & στόχος, a mark) pr. to miss the mark; met. to err, deviate, swerve from, 1 Ti. 1. 6, 21. 2 Ti. 2. 18. L. G.

'Αστράπή, η̂s, η, lightning, Mat. 24. 27; by impl. light, brightness, lustre, Lu. 11. 36: whence

'Aστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten, flash as lightning, Lu. 17. 24; to be bright, shining, Lu. 24. 4.

"Αστρον, ου, τό, a constellation; a star, Lu. 21. 25. Ac. 7. 43; 27. 20 He. 11. 12.

Aσύμφωνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & σύμφωνος) discordant in sound; disagreeing, of a different opinion, Ac. 28, 25.

Aσύνετος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & συνετός fr. συνέημε) without understanding, dull of apprehension, stupid, Mat. 15. 16. Mar. 7. 18. Ro. 1. 21; foolish, wicked, ungodly, corrupt, Ro. 1. 31; 10. 19.

'Aσυνθετος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & συντίθεμαι, to make a covenant) a violator of covenants, covenant breaker, perfidious, Ro. 1. 31.

Aσφάλεια, as, η, pr. state of one who is secure from falling, firmness; safety, security, 1 Thes. 5. 3; certainty, truth, Lu. 1. 4; diligence, carefulness, vigilance, Ac. 5. 23: from

*Aσφάλής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (à & σφάλλομα, to stumble, fall) pr. firm, secure from falling; firm, sure, steady, immoveable, He. 6. 19; met. certain, sure, Ac. 21. 34; 22. 30; 25. 26; affording means of security, making secure, Phi. 3. 1: whence

Ασφαλίζω, f. ίσω, to make fast, safe, or secure, Mat. 27. 64--66. Ac. 16. 24. L. G.

Aσφαλῶs, adv. securely, safely: with care and diligence, Mar. 14. 44 Ac. 16. 23; certainly, assuredly, As 2. 36. Ασχημονέω, ω, f. ήσω, to be ἀσχή- Ατομος, ου, δ, ή, (d & τέμιω) to μων, indecorous, to behave in an un- divisible, and by impl. exceedingly becoming manner, or indecorously, 1 Co. 13. 5; to behave in a manner open to censure, 1 Co. 7. 36.

'Ασχημοσύνη, ης, ἡ, pr. external indecorum; nakedness, shame, pu-denda, Re. 16. 15; indecency, infamous lust or lewdness, Ro. 1, 27: from

*Ασχήμων, ονος, δ, ή, τό, -ον, (a & σχήμα) indecorous, uncomely, inde-

cent, í Co. 12. 23.

Λσωτία, as, $\dot{\eta}$, (pr. the disposition and life of one who is ἄσωτος, abandoned, recklessly debauched) profligacy, dissoluteness, debauchery, Ep. 5. 18. Tit. 1. 6. 1 Pe. 4. 4.

Ασώτως, adv. dissolutely, profli-

gately, Lu. 15. 13.

'Ατακτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, pr. to desert one's ranks; met. to neglect one's duties, behave disorderly, 2 Thes. 3. 7 : from

Aτακτος, ου, ο, η, (α & τάσσω)
pr. spoken of soldiers who desert
their ranks: met. neglectful of duties, disorderly, 1 Thes. 5, 14.

'Ατάκτως, adv. disorderly, 2 Thes. 3. 6. 11.

Ατεκνος, ου, ό, ή, (ἀ & τέκνον) childless, Lu. 20. 28, 29, 30.

Ατενίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ητένισα, (ἀτενής, intent) to fix one's eyes upon, to look steadily, gaze intently, Lu. 4. 20. et al.

Ατερ, without, Lu. 22. 6, 35.

'Ατιμάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ητίμασα, a. 1. pass. ήτιμάσθην, (ἄτιμος) to dishonour, treat with contumely or indignity, Lu. 20. 11. Jno. 8. 49, et al.

Ατιμία, ας, ή, dishonour, infamy, Ro. 1. 26; indecorum, 1 Co. 11. 14; meanness, vileness, Ro. 9. 21. 1 Co. 15. 43. 2 Ti. 2. 20: from

"Ατιμος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & τιμή) unhonoured, without honour, exposed to contumilious treatment, Mat. 13. 57. Mar. 5. 4. 1 Co. 4. 10; 12. 23.

Άτιμόω, ῶ, p. pass. ἢτίμωμαι, to dishonour, treat with contumely, Mar. 12. 4.

Aτμίς, ίδος, ή, an exhalation, vapour, smoke, Ac. 2. 19. Ja. 4. 14.

minute: ἐν ἀτόμφ 8C. χρόνφ, in επ indivisible point of time, in an instant or moment, 1 Co. 15. 52.

'Ατοπος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ά & τόπος) pr out of place; inopportune, unsuitable, absurd; new, unusual, strange, in N. T. improper, amiss, wicked. Lu. 23. 41. 2 Thes. 3. 2: noxious, harmful, Ac. 28, 6.

Aὐγάζω, f. άσω, to shine upon, illuminate, irradiate, 2 Co. 4. 4: from Aὐγή, η̂s, ἡ, radiance; day-break,

Ac. 20. 11. Αὐθάδης, εος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός & ηδομαι) one who pleases himself, wilful, obstinate; arrogant, imperious, Ti. 1. 7. 2 Pe. 2. 10. (a).

Αὐθαίρετος, ου, ό, ή, (αὐτός & αί· ρέομαι) pr. one who chooses his own course of action; acting spontaneously, of one's own accord, 2 Cr. 8. 3, 17

Αὐθεντέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (to be aiθέντης, one acting by his own authority or power, contr. fr. αὐτούτης, one who executes with his own hand) to have authority over, domineer, 1 Ti. 2. 12. N. T.

Αὐλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ηΰλησα (aὐλός) to play on a pipe or flute pipe, Mat. 11. 17. Lu. 7. 32. 1 Co 14. 7.

 $A\dot{\nu}\lambda\dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta}s$, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. an unroofed enclosure; court-yard; sheepfold, Juo 10. 1, 16; an exterior court, i.q. προαύλιον, i.e. an enclosed place between the door and the street, Re. 11 2; an interior court, quadrangle, i. . the open court in the middle of oriental houses, which are commonly built in the form of a square enclosing this court, Mat. 26. 58, 69, et al.; by synecd. a house, mansion, palace, Mat. 26. 3. Lu. 11. 21.

 $\mathbf{A}\dot{\mathbf{u}}\lambda\eta\tau\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}\mathbf{s}$, $\mathbf{o}\hat{\mathbf{u}}$, $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$, $(a\dot{\mathbf{u}}\lambda\dot{\mathbf{s}}\boldsymbol{\omega})$ a player on a pipe or flute, Mat. 9. 23. Re.

Αὐλίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. 1. ηὐλίσθην (αὐλή) pr. to pass the time in a court-yard; to lodge, bivouac; heree. to pass the night in any place, to lodge at night, pass or remain through the night, Mat. 21. 17. Lu **Λύλός, οῦ, ὁ, a** pipe or flute, 1 Co. 14. 7.

Αὐξάνω, υ, αὕξω, f. ήσω, a. 1. ηὔξησα, a. 1. pass. ηὐξήθην, trans. to cause to grow or increase; pass. to be increased, enlarged, Mat. 13. 32. 1 Co. 3. 6, 7, et al.; intrans. to increase, grow, Mat. 6. 28. Mar. 4. 8, et al.: whence

Αυξησις, εως, ή, increase, growth, Ep. 4. 16. Col. 2. 19.

Αυριον, adv. to-morrow, Mat. 6. 30, et al.; η αυριον sc. ημέρα, the morrow, the next day, Mat. 6. 34, et al.

Aὐστηρόs, á, όν, pr. harsh, sour in flavour; met. harsh, rigid, ungenerous, Lu. 19. 21, 22.

Aὐτάρκεια, as, η, a competence of the necessaries of life, 2 Co. 9. 8; as frame of mind viewing one's lot as sufficient, contentedness, 1 Ti. 6. 6: from Δὐτάρκηs, εos, ovs, ὁ, η, (αὐτός &

άρκέω) pr. sufficient or adequate in one's self; contented with one's lot, Phi. 4. 11.

Αὐτοκατάκρἴτος, ου, ό, ἡ, (αὐτός & κατακρίνω) self-condemned, Tit. 3.11. N. T.

Aὐτόμᾶτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός & μέμαα, to be excited) self-excited, acting spontaneously, spontaneous, of his own accord, Mar. 4. 8. Ac. 12. 10.

Αὐτόπτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός & ὄψομαι) an eye-witness, Lu. 1. 2.

Aὐτός, ή, ό, a reflexive pron., self, very; alone, Mar. 6. 31. 2 Co. 12. 13, of one's self, of one's own motion, Jno. 16. 27; used also in the oblique cases independently as a personal pron. of the third person; ò αὐτός, the same; unchangeable, He. 1. 12; κατὰ τὸ αὐτό, at the same time, together, Ac. 14. 1; ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτό, in one and the same place, Mat. 22. 34; at the same time, together, Ac. 3. 1. But for a full account of the uses of αὐτός, see the Grammars.

Aὑτοῦ, ῆς, οῦ, recip. pron. contr. fr. eavroῦ, ῆς, οῦ, himself, herself, itself, Mat. 1. 21, et al. freq.; for σεαντοῦ, ῆς, οῦ, thyself, Mat. 23. 87.

Avrov, adv. of place, pr. in the very place; here, there, in this, or that

place, Mat. 26. 36. Ac. 15. 34; 18. 19, 21. 4.

Aὐτόχειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός & χείρ) acting or doing any thing with one's own hands, Ac. 27. 19.

Aὐχμηρός, ά, όν, (αὐχμέω, to be dry, squalid, filthy) squalid, filthy; by impl. dark, obscure, murky, 2 Pe. 1. 19.

Αφαιρέω, ω, f. ήσω, a. 2. ἀφείλον, a. 1. pass. ἀφαιρεθήσομαι, (ἀπό & αἰρέω) to take away, remove. Lu. 1. 25; 19. 42, et al.; to take off, cut off, remove by cutting off, Mat. 26. 51. Mar. 14. Lu. 22. 50.

'Aφάνης, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ἀ & φαίνω) out of sight; not manifest, hidden, concealed, He. 4. 13: whence

'Aφανίζω, f. ίσω, to remove out of sight, cause to disappear; pass. to disappear, pass. to destroy, consume, so that nothing shall be left visible, Mat. 6. 19, 20; met. to spoil, deform, disfigure, Mat. 6. 16: whence

'Aφανισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a disappearing, vanishing away; mt. destruction, abolition, abrogation, He. 8. 13. L. G.

"Aφαντος, ου, ό, ή (ἀ & φαίνω) not appearing, not seen, invisible; hence, άφαντος γενέσθαι, to disappear, vanish, Lu. 24.31.

'Αφεδρών, ῶνος, ὁ, (ἀπό & ἔδρα, a seat) a privy, Mat. 15. 17. Mar. 7. 19. L.G.

'Aφειδία, as, η, (α & φείδομαι) pr. the disposition of one who is ἀφειδης, unsparing; hence, in N.T., unsparingness in the sense of rigour, severity, austerity, Col. 2. 23.

*Aφελότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής, not rough, plain, met. simple, sincere, fr. ἀ & φελλεύς, a rough, stony region) sincerity, simplicity, Ac. 2. 46. N.T.

Aφεσις, εως, η, (ἀφίημι) dismission, deliverance from captivity, Lu 4. 18, bis; remission, forgiveness, pardon, Mat. 26. 28, et al.

AΦ $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}$ s, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\ddot{a}\pi\tau\omega)$ a fastening; a ligature, by which the different members are connected, commissure, joint, Ep. 4. 16. Col. 2. 19.

'Αφθαρσία, as, ή, (ἀ & φθείρω) incorruptibility, incorruptness; bz impl. immortality, 1 Co. 15. 42, 52, 54; with the accessory idea of felicity, Ro. 2. 7, et al.; εν αφθαρσία, purely, sincerely, constantly, Ep. 6. 24.

"Αφθαρτος, ου, ό, ή, (fr. same) incorruptible, immortal, imperishable, undying, enduring, Ro. I. 23. 1 Co. 9. 25; 15. 52, et al.

Aφθορία, us, η, (fr. same) v. r. Tit.2. 7, pr. incapability of decay; met. incorruptness, integrity, genuineness, purity. N. T.

Αφίημι, f. ἀφήσω, a. 1. ἀφῆκα, a. 1. pass. ἀφείθην & ἀφέθην, f. pass. άφεθήσομαι, imperf. 3 per. 8. ήφιε, Mar. 1. 34; 11. 16, p. pass. 3 per. pl. άφέωνται, pres. 2 per. s. άφεις, v. r. Re. 2. 20, (ἀπό & ἵημι) to send away, dismiss, suffer to depart; to emit, send forth; την φωνήν, the voice, to cry out, utter an exclamation, Mar. 15.37; τὸ πνεῦμα, the spirit, to expire, Mat. 27. 50; to omit, pass over or by, neglect, care not, Mat. 15. 14; 23. 23. He. 6. 1; to permit, suffer, let, forbid not; to give up, yield, resign, Mat. 5. 40; to remit, forgive, pardon; to relax, suffer to become less intense, Re. 2. 4; to leave, depart from; to desert, forsake; to leave remaining or alone; to leave be-hind, sc. at one's death, Mar. 12. 19, 20, 21, 22. Jno. 14. 27.

Αφικνέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ίξομαι, a. 2. ἀφικόμην, (ἀπό & ἰκνέομαι, to come, arrive) to come, arrive at; to reach as a report, Ro. 16. 19.

Αφιλάγαθος, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ, φίλος & ἀγαθός) not a lover of, inimical to, good and good men, 2 Ti. 3. 3. N. T.

Αφιλάργυρος, ου, ό, ή, (ά, φίλος & ἄργυρος) not fond of money, not covetous, liberal, generous, 1 13. 3. 3.

Αφιξις, εως, ή, (ἀφικνέυμαι) arrival; departure, Ac. 20. 29.

He. 13. 5. N. T.

'Αφίστημι, f. ἀποστήσω, a. 1. ἀπέστησα, (ἀπό & ιστημι) trans. to put away, separate; to draw off or away, withdraw, induce to revolt, Ac. 5. 37; intrans., p. ἀφέστηκα, α. 2. ἀπέστην, and mid. to depart, go away from, Lu. 2. 37, et al.; met. to desist or refrain from, let alone, Ac. 5. 38; 22. 29. 2 Co. 12. 8; to make defection, fall away, apostatise, Lu. 8. 13. 1 Ti. 4. 1. He. 3. 12; to withdraw from. have no intercourse with, I Ti. 6. 5. to abstain from, 2 Ti. 2. 19.

 $A\phi\nu\omega$, adv. suddenly, unexpectedly Ac. 2. 2; 16. 26; 28. 6.

Αφόβως, adv. (ἄφοβος, fearless fr. à & $\phi \delta \beta o s$) fearlessly, boldly, in trepidly, Phi. 1.14; securely, peace fully, tranquilly, Lu. 1.74. 1 Co. 16 10; impudently, shamefully, Jude 12.

Αφομοιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀπό 👂 ομοιόω) to assimilate, cause to re semble, He. 7. 3.

'Αφοράω, ῶ, f. ἀπόψομαι, a. 2. άπειδον, (ἀπό & ὁράω) to view with undivided attention by looking away from every other object; to regard fixedly and earnestly, He. 12. 2; to see distinctly, Phi. 2. 23.

Αφορίζω, f. ίσω, & ἀφοριῶ, pass. ἀφώρισμαι, (ἀπό & ὁρίζω) to limit off; to separate, sever from the rest, Mat. 13. 49, et al.; to separate from society, cut off from all intercourse, excommunicate, Lu. 6. 22; to set apart, select, Ac. 13. 2. Ro. 1. 1. Gal. 1. 15.

'Αφορμή, ης, η, (ἀπό & δρμή) pr a starting point; means to accomplish an object; occasion, opportunity, Ro. 7. 8, 11, et al.

'Αφρίζω, f. ίσω, to froth. foam, Mar. 9. 18, 20 : from

 $A\phi\rho\delta s$, δv , δv , froth, foam, Lu. 9. 39.

'Αφροσύνη, ης, ή, inconsiderateness, folly; folly, in the sense of ostentation, boasting, 2 Co. 11, 1, 17, 21; foolishness, levity, wickedness. impiety, Mar. 7. 22: from

Αφρων, ονος, ό, ή, (ά & φρήν) unwise, inconsiderate, simple, foolish, Lu. 11. 40; 12. 20. 1 Co. 15. 36; ignorant, destitute of the knowledge of the true religion, Ro. 2. 20. Ep. 5. 17. 1 Pe. 2. 15; vain, ostentatious, 2 Co. 11. 16, 19; 12. 6, 11.

'Αφυπνόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἀπό & ὖπνος) to awake from sleep; in N. T. to go off into sleep, fall asleep, Lu. 8. 23.

Aφωνος, ου, ό, ή, (α & φωνή) dumb, destitute of the power of speech, 1 Co. 12. 2. 2 Pe 2. 16; silent, mute, uttering no voice. Ac 8. 52; inarticulate, consisting finarticulate sounds, anmeaning. / Ca 14. 10.

Αχάριστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & χάρις) unthankful, ungrateful, Lu. 6. 35. 2 Ti. 3. 2.

Αχειροποίητος, ου, ό, ή, (ά & χειροποίητος) not made with hands, Mar. 14. 58. 2 Co. 5. 1. Col. 2. 11. N. T.

'Aχλύς, ύος, ή, a mist; darkening of the sight, Ac. 13. 11.

Aχρείος, α, ον, (α & χρεία) useless, unprofitable, worthless, Mat. 25. 30; unmeritorious, Lu. 17. 10: whence

²Αχρειόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. pass. ἦχρειώθην, to render useless; met. pass. to become corrupt, deprayed, Ro. 3. 12. L.G.

*Aχρηστος, ου, δ, ή, (ἀ & χρηστός) unuseful, useless, unprofitable, and by impl. detrimental, causing loss, Phile. 11.

'Aχρι, v. ἄχρις, originally an adv. of place; used as a prep. with respect to place, as far as; to time, until, during; as a conj., until.

Αχύρον, ου, τό, chaff, straw broken up by treading out the grain, Mat. 3. 12. Lu. 3. 17.

Αψευδής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀ & ψευδής) free from falsehood; incapable of falsehood, Tit. 1. 2.

Aψινθος, ου, ή, wormwood, Re. 8.11, where, as a proper name, it is masculine, according to the v. r.

"Αψυχος, ου, δ, ή, τό, -ον, (ά & ψυχή) void of life or sense, inanimate, 1 Co. 14. 7.

В.

Baθμός, οῦ, ὁ, (βαίνω) pr. a step, stair; met. grade of dignity, degree, rank, standing, 1 Ti. 3. 13.

Búθos, εos, ovs, τό, depth; τὸ βάθος, deep water, Lu. 5. 4. Mat. 13.
5, et al.; met. fulness, abundance, immensity, Ro. 11. 33.
2 Co. 8. 2;
an extreme degree, 2 Co. 8. 2; pl. deep laid plans, profound, secret things, 1 Co. 2. 10. Re. 2. 24.

Baθύνω, f. ὕνῶ, to deepen, excavate, Lu. 6. 48: from

Baθύs, εία, ύ, deep. Jno. 4. 11; met. deep, profound. Ac 20. 9; ὅρθρου βα-

660s, lit. at deep morning twilight i.e. at the earliest dawn, Lu. 24. 1.

Bάιον, v. Bαίον, ου, τό, a palm branch, Jno. 12. 13. S.

Bαλάντιον, ου, τό, a bag, purse, Lu. 10. 4; 12. 33; 22. 35, 36.

Bάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. ἔβαλον, p. ββληκα, p. pass, βέβλημα, a. 1. pass, ἐβλήθην, f. pass, βληθήσουα, to throw, cast; to lay, Re. 2. 22. Mat. 8. 6, 14, et al.; to put. place, Ja. 3; to place, deposit, Mat. 27. 6. Mar. 2. 41-44. Lu. 21. 1-4; Jno. 12. 6; to pour, Jno. 13. 5; to thrust, Jno. 18. 11; 20. 27. Mar. 7. 33. Re. 14. 19; to send forth, Mat. 10. 34; to assault, strike, Mar. 14. 65; met. to suggest, Mat. 10. 34. Jno. 13. 2; intrans. to rush, beat, as the wind, Ac. 27. 14.

Bαπίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐβάπτισα, p. pass. βεβάπτισμαι, a. 1. pass. εβάπτισμαι, a. 1. pass. εβαπτισθην, (βάπτω) pr. to dip, immerse; to cleanse or purify by washing; to administer the rite of baptism, to baptize; met. with various reference to the ideas associated with Christian baptism as an act of dedication, e.g. marked designation, devotion, trial, &c.; mid. to procure baptism for one's self, to undergo baptism, Ac. 22. 16.

Bάπτισμα, ατος, τό, pr. immersion; baptism, ordinance of baptism, Mat. 3. 7. Ro. 6. 4, et al.; met. baptism in the trial of suffering, Mat. 20. 22, 23. Mar. 10. 38, 39. N. T.

Baπτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. an act of dipping or immersion; a baptism, He. 6. 2; an ablution, Mar. 7. 4, 8. He. 9. 10. N. T.

Baπτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who baptises, Mat. 3. 1; 11. 11, 12, et al. N. T.

Βάπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔβαψα, p. pass. βέβαμμαι, to dip, Jno 13. 26. Lu. 16. 24; to dye, Re. 19. 13.

Báρ, indec. δ, (גם, Chald. or Syr.)
a son, Mat. 16. 17.

Bάρβάροs, ου, ό, a barbarian, pr. one to whom a pure Greek dialect in not native; one who is not a proper Greek, Ro. 1. 14. Col. 3. 11. Ac. 28. 2, 4; a foreigner speaking a strange language, 1 Co. 14. 11.

Βαρέν, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. pass. βεβάρημαι, (βάρος) to be heavy upon, weigh down, burden, oppress, as sleep, Mat.

26. 43. Mar. 14. 40. Lu. 9. 32; surfeiting, v. r. Lu. 21. 34; calamities, 2 Co. 1. 8; 5. 4; or trouble, care, expense, &c. 1 Ti. 5. 16.

Baρέωs, adv. heavily; met. with difficulty, dully, stupidly, Mat. 13. 15. Ac. 28, 27,

Báρos, εος, τό, weight, heaviness: a burden, any thing grievous and hard to be borne, Mat. 20. 12. Ac. 15. 28. Re. 2. 24; burden, charge, or, weight, influence, dignity, honour, 1 Thes. 2. 6; with another noun in government, fulness, abundance, excellence, 2 Co. 4. 17.

Βαρύνω, f. υνω, a. 1. pass. εβαρύνθην, see βαρέω, Lu. 21. 34. (v): from

Baρύs, εîa, ύ, heavy; met. burdensome, oppressive, or difficult of observance, as precepts, Mat. 23. 4. 1 Jno. 5.3; weighty, important, momentous, Mat. 23. 23. Ac. 25. 7; grievous, oppressive, afflictive, vio-lent, rapacious, Ac. 20, 29; authoritative, strict, stern, severe, 2 Co. 10. 10.

Βαρύτιμος, ου, ό, ή, (βαρύς & τιμή) of great price, precious, Mat. 26. 7.

Βασανίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. pass. έβασανίσθην, (βάσανος) pr. to apply the lapis Lydius or touchstone; met. to examine, scrutinise, try either by words or torture; in N. T. to afflict, torment; pass. to be afflicted, tormented, pained, by diseases, Mat. 8. 6, 29, et al.; to be tossed, agitated, as by the waves, Mat. 14. 24: whence

Βασανισμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. examination by the lapis Lydius or by torture; torment, torture, Re. 9. 5; 14. 11; 18. 7, 10, 15.

Βασανιστής, οῦ, ὁ, pr. an inquisitor, tormentor; in N. T. a keeper of a prison, gaoler, Mat. 18. 34.

Bάσἄνος, ου, ή, pr. lapis Lydius, a species of stone from Lydia, which being applied to metals was thought to indicate any alloy which might be mixed with them, and therefore used in the trial of metals; hence, examination of a person, especially by tor-ture; in N. 7' torture, torment, se-vere pain, Mat. 4. 24. Lu. 16. 23, 28.

Βασιλεία, as, ή, (βασιλεύς) a kingdom, realin, the region or country noverned by a king; kingly power.

authority, dominion, reign; reyal dignity, the title and honour olking; η βασιλεία, Μαι. 9. 35, η βα σιλεία του Θεοῦ, —τοῦ Χριστοῦ, —τοῦ οὐρανοῦ, —τῶν οὐρανῶν, the reign or kingdom of the Messiali, both in a false and true conception of it; used also, with various limitation, of its administration and coming history as in the parables; its distinctive na ture, Ro. 14. 17, requirements, privileges, rewards, consummation.

Βασίλειος, ου, ό, ή, royal, regal; met. possessed of high prerogatives and distinction, 1 Pe. 2.9; τα βασίλεια sc. δώματα, regal mansions, palaces, Lu. 7. 25: from

Βασιλεύς, έως, ό, a king, monarch, one possessing regal authority: whence

Βασιλεύω, f. εύσω, to possess regal authority, be a king, reign; to rule, govern, Mat. 2. 22; met. to be in force, predominate, prevail, Ro. 5. 14, 17, 21; 6. 12; to be in a state of prosperity and happiness, 1 Co.

Βασιλικός, ή, όν, royal, regal, Ac. 12. 20, 21; βασιλικός, used as a subst a person attached to the king, courtier; by impl. of the highest excellence, Ja. 2. 8.

Βασίλισσα, ης, ή, (a later form of βασιλίς) a queen, Mat. 12. 42. Lu. 11. 31. Ac. 8. 27. Re. 18. 7.

Bάσις, εως, ή, (βαίνω) pr. a step; the foot, Ac. 3. 7.

Βασκαίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. εβάσκηνα & ἐβάσκᾶνα, pr. to slander; thence, to bewitch by spells, or by any other means; to delude, Gal. 3. 1.

Βαστάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. έβάστασα, pr. to lift, raise, bear aloft; to bear, carry, in the hands or about the person; carry as a message, Ac. 9. 15; to take away, remove, Mat. 8. 17. Jno. 20. 15; to take up, Jno. 10. 31. Lu. 14. 21; to bear as a burden, endure, suffer; to sustain, Ro. 11. 18; to bear with, tolerate; to sustain mentally, comprehend, Jno. 16. 12.

Báτος, ου, ὁ & ή, a bush, bramble, Mar. 12. 36, et al.

Báτος, ου, ό, (Heb. מבת) a bath, s measure for liquids, which is stated by Josephus (Ant. 1. viii. c. 2 9.) to contain 72 sextarii, or about 13 and a haif gallons. Others make it about 9 gallons; and others, 7 and a half gallons.

Bάτραχος, ου, ό, a frog, Re. 16.18. Βαττολογέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (βάττος, stammerer), pr. to stammer ; hence, to babble; to use vain repetitions, Mat. 6. 7. L. G.

Βδέλυγμα, ατος, τό, (βδελύσσομαι) an abomination, an abominable thing. Mat. 24. 15. Mar. 13. 14, et al.; idolatry with all its pollutions, Re. 17. 4, 5; 21. 27. S.

Bδελυκτός, ή, όν, abominable, detestable, Tit. 1. 16: (S.) from

Bδελύσσομαι, f. ξομαι, p. ἐβδέλυγμαι, to abominate, loathe, detest, abhor, Ro. 2. 22; pass. to be abominable, detestable, Re. 21. 8.

Bέβαιος, αία, ον, (βέβαα, p. of βείνω) firm, stable, stedfast, He. 3. 6, 14; 6. 19; sure, certain, established, Ro. 4. 16, et al.: whence

Beβaιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐβεβαίωσα, to confirm, establish; to render constant and unwavering, 1 Co. 1. 8, et al.; to strengthen or establish by arguments or proofs, ratify, Mar. 120; verify, as promises, Ro. 15. 8.

Bεβαίωσις, εως, ή, confirmation, firm establishment, Phi. 1. 7. He. 6. 15.

Bέβηλος, ou, ó, ή, (βαίνω, to tread, and βηλός, a threshold) pr. what is open and accessible to all; hence, profane, not religious, not connected with religion; unloly; a despised, scorner, i Ti.1.9; 4.7, et al.: whence

Βεβηλόω, ῶ, f. ὡσω, a. 1. ἐβεβήλωσα, to profane, pollute, violate, Mat. 12. 5. Ac. 24. 6. L. G.

Mat. 12. 5. Ac. 24. 6. L. G. Behóv η , η s, $\dot{\eta}$, v. r. Lu. 18. 25, pr. the point of a spear; a needle.

Bέλος, εος, τό, a missile weapon, dart, arrow, Ep. 6. 16.

Bελτίων, ονος, δ, ή, τό, -ον, (comp. of ἀγαθός) better: βέλτων, as an adv. very well, too well to need informing, 2 Ti. 1. 18.

Bημα, ατος, τό, (βαίνω) a step, foot-step, foot-breadth, space to set the foot on, Ac. 7. 5; an elevated place ascended by steps, tribunal, throne, Mat. 27. 19. Ac. 12 21. et al.

Bήρυλλος, ου, ό, ή, a beryl, a precious stone of a sea-green colour, found chiefly in India, Re. 21. 20. L.G.

Bia, as, ή, force, impetus, violence, Ac. 5. 26; 21. 35, et al.: hence

Bιάζω, f. άσω, and mid. βιάζομαι, to urge, constrain, overpower by force; to press earnestly forward, to rush, Lu. 16. 16; pass. to be an object of an impetuous movement, Mat. 11. 12.

Biatos, a, ov, violent, vehement, Ac. 2. 2.

Buστής, οῦ, ὁ, (βιάζω) one who uses violence, or is impetuous; ons who feels an eager, vehement desire for anything, Mat. 11. 12. L. G.

Βιβλαρίδιον, ου, τό, (dimin. of β ιβλάριον, a roll, fr. β (β λος) a small volume or scroll, a little book, Re. 10. 2, 8, 9, 10. L. G.

Bιβλίον, ου, τό, (pr. dimin. of βίβλος) a written volume or roll, book, Lu. 4. 17, 20, et al.; a scroll, bill, billet, Mat. 19. 7. Mar. 10. 4.

Biβλos, ou, η, pr. the inner bark or rind of the papyrus, which was anciently used instead of paper; hence, a written volume, or roll, book, catalogue, account, Mat. 1. 1. Mar. 12. 26, et al.

Βιβρώσκω, f. βρώσομαι, p. βέβρωκα, to eat.

Bios, ov, o, life; means of living; sustenance, maintenance, substance, goods, Mar. 12. 44, et al.: whence

Bιόω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ώσω, a. 1. $\epsilon \beta$ ίωσα, to live, 1 Pe. 4. 2.

Bίωσις, εως, $\dot{\eta}$, manner of life, Ac. 26. 4. S.

Βιωτικός, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\phi}\nu$, pertaining to this life, or the things of this life, Lu. 21 34. 1 Co. 6. 3, 4.

Bλαβερός, ά, όν, hurtful, 1 Ti. 6. 9: from

Bλάπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ξβλαψα, pr. to weaken, hinder, disable; to hurt, harm, injure, Mar. 16. 18. Lu. 4. 35.

Βλαστάνω, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐβλάστησα,
 a. 2. ἔβλαστον, intrans. to germinate,
 bud, sprout, spring up, Mat. 13. 26
 Mar. 4. 27. He. 9. 4; trans. ans

consat. to cause to shoot, produce, yield, Ja. 5. 18.

Βλασφημέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. βεβλασφήμηκα, a. l. ἰβλασφήμησα, to calumniate, revile, treat with calumny and contumely, Mat. 27, 39, et al.; to speak of God or divine things in terms of impious irreverence, to blaspheme, Mat. 9, 3; 26, 65, et al.: whence

Bλασφημία, ας, ή, calumny, railing, reproach, Mat. 15. 19. Mar. 7. 22, et al.; blasphemy, Mat. 12. 31; 26. 65, et al.

B λ á σ ϕ $\eta\mu$ os, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, calumnious, railing, reproachful, 2 Ti. 3. 2. 2 Pe. 2. 11; blasphemous, Ac. 6. 11, 13. 1 Tl. 1. 13.

Bλέμμα, ατος, τό, a look; the act of seeing, sight, 2 Pe. 2. 8: from

Bλέπω, Γ. Ψω, a. 1. ἔβλέΨα, to possess and use the faculty of sight; to direct the eyes towards; to behold; to face, Ac. 27. 12; to descry, observe; met. to direct the thoughts towards, consider; to discern mentally, perceive; to have regard to; to mind; to take heed; in N.T. βλέπειν ἀπό, to beware of, shun. Mat. 8, 15.

Bλητέος, a, ov, (verbal auj. fr. βάλλω) requiring to be cast or pat, Mar. 2. 22. Lu. 5. 38. N. T.

Boάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ἐβόησα, to cry out; to exclaim, proclaim, Mat. 3. 3; 15. 34. Ac. 8. 7, et al.; πρός τινα, to invoke, implore the aid of any one, Lu. 18. 7: from

Boή, η̂s, η̂, a cry, outcry, exclamation, Ja. 5. 4.

Boήθεια, as, ή, help, succour, He. 4. 16; meton. pl. helps, contrivances for relief and safety, Ac. 27. 17: from

Bon $\theta \epsilon \omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta} \sigma \omega$, a. 1. $\hat{\epsilon} \beta o \hat{\eta} \theta \eta \sigma \alpha$, (Boi) & $\theta \epsilon \omega$, to run) pr. to run to the aid of those who cry for help; to advance to the assistance of any one, help, aid, succour, Mat. 15. 25. Mar. 9. 22, 24, et al.: from

Pon θ ós, o \hat{v} , \hat{o} , a helper, He. 13. 6.

Bάθῦνος, ου, ὁ, a pit, well, or cistern, Mat. 12. 11; 15. 14. Lu. 6. 39. $Bολ\dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\dot{\eta}$, (βάλλω) a cast, a throw;

Boλή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$ s, (βάλλω) a cast, a throw; the distance to which any thing can be thrown, Lu. 22, 41. Boλίζω, f. ίσω, a. i. εβόλισα, te heave the lead, sound, Ac. 27. 28: (L. G.) from

Boλίs, ίδος, ή, (βάλλω) a missile weapon, dart, javelin, He. 12. 20; also a plummet, lead for sounding. L. G.

Boρβοροs, ov, o, mud, mire, dung, filth, 2 Pe. 2. 22.

Boρράs, â, ό, i. q. βορέαs, pr. the north, or N. N. E. wind; meton. the north, Lu. 13. 29. Re. 21. 13.

Βόσκω, f. βοσκήσω, a. 1. ἐβόσκησα, to feed, pasture, tend while grazing; βόσκομαι, to feed, be feeding, Mat. 8. 30, 33. Lu. 8. 32, 34, et al.

Bότἄνη, ης, ή, (βόσκω) herb, herbage, produce of the earth, He. 6. 7.

Bότρυς, υος, ό, a bunch or cluster of grapes, Re. 14. 18.

Bουλευτής, ου, ό, a counsellor, senator; member of the Sanhedrim, Mar. 15. 43. Lu. 23. 50: from

Βουλεύω, f. εύσω, to give counsel, to deliberate; mid. βουλεύομαι, to deliberate, Lu. 14. 31. Jno. 12. 10. Ac. 5. 33; to purpose, determine, Ac. 15. 37; 27. 39. 2 Co. 1. 17: from

Boυλή, η̂s, ή, (βούλομαι) counsel, purpose, design, determination, decree, Lu. 7.30; 23.51, et al. freq.; by impl. secret thoughts, cogitations of the mind, 1 Co. 4.5.

Bούλημα, ατος, τό, purpose, will, determination, Ac. 27. 43. Ro. 9. 19.

Bούλομαι, f. βουλήσομαι, imperf. εβουλόμην & At. ήβουλόμην, a. 1. pass. εβουλήθην & Φ. δ. ήβουλόμην, p. βεβούλημαι, to be willing, disposed, Mar. 15. 15. Ac. 25. 20; 28. 18, et al.; to intend, Mat. 1. 19. Ac. 5. 28; 12. 4. 2 Co. 1. 15; to desire, 1 Ti. 6. 9; to choose, be pleased, Jno. 18. 39. Ac. 18. 15. Ja. 3. 4; to will, decree, appoint, Lu. 22. 42. Ja. 1. 18. 1 Co. 12. 11. 1 Ti. 2. 8; 5. 14, et al.; εβουλόμην, l could wish, Ac. 25. 22.

Boυνός, οῦ, ὁ, a hill, hillock, rising ground, Lu. 3. 5; 23. 30.

Bous, βoos, ό, ή, an ox, a bull or cow, an animal of the ox kind, Lu. 13. 15, et al.

Βραβείον, ου, τό, (βραβεύς, a judge

on arbiter in the public games) a prize bestoued on victors in the public games, such as a crown, wreath, chaplet, garland, &c. 1 Co. 9. 24. Phil 3. 14. L.G.

 $B\rho a \beta \epsilon \dot{\nu} \omega$, f. $\epsilon \dot{\nu} \sigma \omega$, (fr. same) pr. to be a director, or arbiter in the public games; in N.T. to preside direct, rule, govern, be predominant Col. 3. 15.

Βραδύνω, f. υνω, (βραδύς) to be slow, to delay, be behindhand, 1 Ti. 3. 15. 2 Pe. 3. 9.

Βραδυπλοέω, ω, f. ήσω, to sail slowly, Ac. 27.7: (L.G.) fr. πλέω &

Βραδύς, εία, ύ, slow; not hasty, Ja. 1. 19; slow of understanding, heavy, stupid, Lu. 24. 25: whence

Βραδύτής, τητος, ή, slowness, tardiness, delay, 2 Pe. 3. 9.

Bραχίων, ονος, ό, the arm; meton. strength, might, power, Lu. 1. 51. Jno. 12. 38. Ac. 13. 17. (i).

Βραχύς, εῖα, ύ, short, brief; few,small, Lu. 22. 58. Jno. 6. 7, et al.

Βρέφος, εος, τό, a child; whether unborn, an embryo, fœtus, Lu. 1. 41, 44; or just born, an infant, Lu. 2. 12, Ac. 7. 19; or partly grown, Lu.
 18. 15. 2 Ti. 3. 15; met. one who has just embraced the Christian faith. 1 Pe. 2. 2.

Bρέχω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἔβρέξα, to wet, moisten, Lu. 7. 38; to rain, cause or send rain, Mat. 5. 45. Lu. 17. 29, et al.

Βροντή, η̂s, η̂, thunder, Mar. 3. 17.Jno. 12. 29, et al.

Βροχή, η̂s, ἡ, (βρέχω) rain, Mat. 7. 25, 27. L.G.

Bρόχος, ου, ό, a cord, noose, 1 Co. 7. 35.

Βρυγμός, οῦ, ὁ, a grating or gnashing of the teeth, Mat. 8, 12; 13, 42 50, et al.: from

Bούχω, f. ξω, to grate or gnash the teeth, Ac. 7. 54. (v).

 $B\rho i\omega$, pr. to be full, to swell with any thing; to emit, send forth, Ja.

Βρῶμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) food, Mat. 14. 15. Mar. 7. 19, et al.; solid food, 1 Co. 3. 2.

Βρώσιμος, ον, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) eatable, that may be eaten, Lu. 24. 41.

Mat. 6, 19, 20.

Bυθίζω, f. iσω, a. 1. $\epsilonβύθισα$, tι immerse, submerge, cause to sink, Lu. 5. 7; to plunge deep, drown, 1 Ti. 6. 9: from

 $Bv\theta \acute{o}s$, ov, \acute{o} , the bottom, lowest part; the deep, sea, 2 Co. 11. 25.

Βυρσεύς, έως, ό, (βύρσα, a hide) a tanner, leather-dresser, Ac. 9. 43; 10. 6, 32. L.G.

Βύσσἴνος, η, σν, made of byssus or fine cotton, Re. 18. 16: from

Bύσσοs, ου, ή, byssus, a species of fine cotton highly prized by the ancients, Lu. 16. 19. v.r. Re. 18. 12. Βωμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a slightly elevated

spot, base, pedestal; hence, an altar Ac. 17. 23.

Г

Γάγγραινα, ης, ή, (γράω, γραίνω, to eat, gnaw) gangrene, mortifica-tion, 2 Ti. 2. 17.

 $\Gamma \dot{a} \zeta a$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, a treasure, treasury, Ac. 8. 27

Γαζοφυλάκιον, ου, τό, (γάζα & φυλακή) a treasury; the sacred treasury, Mar. 12. 41, 43. Lu. 21. 1. Jno. 8, 20. L.G.

Γάλα, γάλακτος, τό, milk, 1 Co. 9. 7; met. spiritual milk, the elementary parts of Christian instruction, 1 Co. 3. 2. He. 5. 12, 13; spiritual nutriment, 1 Pe. 2. 2.

Γαλήνη, ης, ή, tranquillity of the sea, a calm, Mat. 8. 26. Mar. 4. 39. Lu. 8. 24.

Γαμέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\omega}$, &, later, $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, p. γεγάμηκα, α. Ι. έγτμα & έγάμησα, α. Ι. pass. έγαμήθην, to marry, take a wife; to marry, enter the marriage state; mid. to marry, be married, Mar. 10. 12. 1 Co. 7. 9, 10, 28, 39, et al.: whence

Γαμίζω, f. ίσω, to give in marriage, permit to marry, v. r. 1 Co. 7. 38. N. T.

Γαμίσκομαι, to be given in mar riage, Mar. 12. 25. L.G.

Γάμος, ου, ό, a wedding, nuptials

the maptial ceremonies: the attendant festivities, Mat. 25. 10. Jno. 2. 1, 2. Re. 19. 7, 9; any feast or banquet, Lu. 12. 36; 14. 8; meton. the room in which a banquet is held, Mat. 22. 10; the marriage state, He. 13. 4.

Γάρ, a causal particle or conjunction, for; it is, however, frequently used with an ellipsis of the clause to which it has reference, and its force must then be variously expressed: Mat. 15. 27, 27. 23, et al.: it is also sometimes epercyctic, or introductory of an intimated detail of circumstances, now, then, to wit, Mat. 1.18.

Γαστήρ, τέρος, τρός, ή, the belly, stomach; the womb, Lu. 1. 31; ἀν γαστρὶ ἔχειν, to be with child, Mat. 1. 18, 23; 24. 19, et al.; γαστέρες, paunches, gluttons, Tit. 1. 12.

Γε, an enclitic particle imparting emphasis; indicating that a particular regard is to be had to the term to which it is attached. Its force is to be conveyed, when this is possible, by various expressions: at least, indeed, even, &c.

reven, ac., pr. fig. (Heb. DJT N'1) Gehenna, pr. the valley of Hinnom south of Jerusalem, once celebrated for the horrid worship of Moloch, & afterwards polluted with every species of filth, as well as the carcases of animals, and dead bodies of malefactors; to consume which, in order to avert the pestilence which such a mass of corruption would occasion, constant fires were kept burning; hence, hell, the fires of Tartarus, the place of punishment in Hades, Mat. 5. 22, 29, 36; 10. 28; 18. 9, et al. N. T.

Γείτων, ονος, δ, ή, a neighbour, Lu. 14. 12; 15. 6, 9. Jno. 9. 8.

Γελάω, ω, f. άσομαι, &, later, ασω, a. l. εγέλασα, to laugh, smile; by impl. to be merry, happy, to rejoice, Lu. 6. 21, 25. (α).

Γέλως, ωτος, ό, laughter; by impl. mirth, joy, rejoicing, Ja. 4. 9.

Γεμίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐγέμισα, a. 1. pass. ἐγεμίσθην, to fill, Mar. 4. 37; 15. 36, et al.: from

 Γ έμω, to be full, Mat. 23. 27. Lu. 11. 39, et al.

l'erea, as, n, pr. birth; hence, pro-

geny; a generation of mankind, Mat. 11. 16; 23. 36, et al.; a generation, a step in a genealogy, Mat. 17; a generation, an interval of time, an age; in N. T. course of life, in respect of its events, interests, or character, Lu. 16. 8. Ac. 13. 36.

Γενεαλογέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (γενεά & λέγω) to reckon one's descent, derive one's origin, He. 7. 6: whence

Γενεαλογία, ας, ή, genealogy, catalogue of ancestors, history of descent, 1 Ti. 1. 4. Tit. 3. 9.

Γενέσια, ων, τά, pr. a day observed in memory of the dead; in N.T. equivalent to γενέθλια, celebration of one's birth-day, birth-day festival Mat. 14. 6. Mar. 6.21.

Γένεσις, εως, $\hat{\eta}$, birth, nativity. Mat. 1. 18. Lu. 1. 14. Ja. 1. 23; successive generation, descent, lineage, Mat. 1. 1; meton. life, Ja. 3. 6. Γενετ $\hat{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta}$ ς, $\hat{\eta}$, birth, Jno. 9. 1.

Γένημα, τό, v. r. Lu. 12. 18. 2 Co. 9. 10, natural produce, frui⁴, increase. N. T.

Γεννάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, p. γεγέννηκα, a. l. ἐγέννησα, p. pass. γεγέννημα, a. l. ἐγέννησα, p. pass. γεγέννημα, ta. l. pass. ἐγενήθην, spoken of men, to beget, generate, Mat. l. 2...l6, et al.; of voomen, to bring forth, bear, give birth to, Lu. l. l3, 57, et al.; pass. to be born, produced, Mat. 2, l. 4, et al.; met. to produce, excite, give occasion to, effect, 2 Tl. 2. 23; from the Heb. to constitute as son, to constitute as king, or as the representative or vicegerent of God, Ac. l3. 33. He. l. 5; 5. 5; by impl. to be a parent to any one; pass. to be a son or child to any one, Jno. l. 13. l. Co. 4. l5, et al.; where

Γέννημα, ατος, τό, what is born or produced, offspring, progeny, brood, Mat. 3. 7: 12. 34, et al.; fruit, produce, Mat. 26. 29. Mar. 14. 25, et al.; fruit, increase, Lu. 12. 18; 2 Co. 9. 10.

 $\Gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, birth, nativity, Mat. 1. 18. Lu. . 14.

Γεννητός, ή, όν, born, or produced of, Mat. 11. 11. Lu. 7. 28.

 Γ évos, eos, τ ó, $(\gamma$ ívo μ at) offspring, progeny, Ac. 17. 28, 29; family, kindred, lineage, Ac. 7. 13, et al.; race nation, people, Mar. 7. 26. Ac. 4. 36

et al.; kind, sort, species, Mat. 13. 47, et al.

Γερουσία, as, ή, a senate, assembly of elders; the elders of Israel collectively, Ac. 5. 21: from.

Γέρων, οντος, ό, an old man, Jno. 3. 4.

Γεύομαι, f. γεύσομαι, a. 1. έγευσάμης, (mid. of γεύω, to cause to taste) to taste, Mat. 27. 34. Jno. 2. 9; absol. to take food, Ac. 10. 10, et al.; met. to have perception of, experience, He. 6. 4, 5. 1 Pe. 2. 3; θανάτου γεύσθαι, to experience death, to die, Mat. 16,28, et al.

Γεωργέω, ω, f. ήσω, (γεωργός) to cultivate, till the earth, He. 6. 7.

Γεώργιον, οῦ, τό, cultivated field, or ground, a farm, 1 Co. 3. 9: from

Γεωργός, οῦ, ὁ, (γῆ & ἔργον) a husbandman, one who tills the earth, 2 Ti. 2. 6. Ja. 5. 7; in N. T. spc. a vine-dresser, keeper of a vine-yard, i. q. ἀμπελουργός, Mat. 21. 33, 34, et al.

 $\Gamma \hat{\eta}$, $\gamma \hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, (contr. fr. $\gamma \epsilon a$) earth, soil, Mat. 13. 5. Mar. 4. 8, et al.; the ground, surface of the earth, Mat. 10. 29. Lu. 6. 49, et al.; the land, as opposed to the sea or a lake, Lu.5. 11. Jno. 21. 8, 9, 11; the earth, world, Mat. 5. 18, 35, et al.; by synecd. the inhabitants of the earth, Mat. 5. 13; 6. 10; 10. 34; a land, region, tract, country, territory, Mat. 2. 90; 14. 34; by way of eminence, Canaan or Palestine, Mat. 5. 5; 24. 30; 27. 45. Ep. 6. 3; the inhabitants of any region or country, Mat. 10. 15; 11. 24, et al.

Γῆρας, αος, ως, τό, dat. γήραϊ, γήρα, also γήρει, old age, Lu. 1. 36: thence

Γηράσκω, ν. γηράω, ω, f. άσομαι, a. l. ἐγήρᾶσα, & ἐγήρᾶνα, to be or become old, Jno. 21. 18. He. 8. 13.

Γίνομαι, (a later form of γίγνομαι) f. γενήσομαι, p. γέγονα & γεγένημαι, a. l. ἐγεγόμη, a. 2. ἐγενόμη, to come into existence; to be created, exist by creation, Jno. l. 3, lo. Ho. ll. 3. Ja. 3. 9; to be born, produced, grow, Mat. 21. 19. Jno. 8. 58, et al.; to arise, come on, occur, as the phemomena of nature, &c.; Mat. 8. 24, 65; 9. 16, et al.; to come, approach,

as merning or evening, Mat. 8. 16; 14. 15, 23; to be appointed, constituted, established, Mar. 2. 27. Ga. 3. 17, et al.; to take place, come to pass, happen, (ccur, Mat. 1. 22; 24. 6, 20, 21, 34, et al. freq.; to be done, performed, effected, Mat. 21, 42, et al.; to be fulfilled, satisfied, Mat. 6. 10; 26. 42, et al.; to come into a particular state or condition; to become, assume the character and appearance of any thing, Mat. 5, 45; 12. 45, et al.; to become or be made any thing, be changed or converted, Mat. 4. 3; 21. 42. Mar. 1. 17, et al., to be, esse, Mat. 11. 26; 19. 8; γίνεσ-θαι ὑπό τινα, to be subject to, Ga. 4. 4; γίνεσθαι ἐν ἐαυτῷ, to come to one's self, to recover from a trance or surprise, Ac. 12. 11; μη γένοιτο, let it not be, far be it from, God forbid, Lu. 20. 16. Ro. 3. 4, 31, et al.; to be kept, celebrated, solemnised, as festivals, Mat. 26. 2, et al.; to be finished, completed, He. 4. 3.

 $\Gamma\Lambda\Omega$

Γινώσκω, (a later form of γιγνώσκω)
f. γνώσομαι, p. έγνωκα, a. 2. έγνων, p. pass. έγνωγμα, a. 1. pass. έγνωσημι to know, whether the action be interprive or complete and settled; to perceive, Mat. 22. 18. Mar. 5. 29; s. 17; 12. Lu. 8. 46; to mark, discern, Mat. 25. 24. Lu. 19. 44; to ascertain by examination, Mar. 6. 38. Jno. 7. 51. Ac. 23. 25; to understand, Mar. 4. 13. Lu. 18. 34. Jno. 12. 16; 13. 7. Ac. 8. 30. 1 Co. 14. 7, 9; to acknowledge, Mat. 7. 23. 2 Co. 3. 2; to resolve, conclude, Lu. 16. 4. Jno. 7. 26; 17. 8; to be assured, Lu. 21. 20. Jno. 6. 69; s. 52. 2 Pe. 1. 20; to be skilled, to be π aster of a thing, Mat. 16. 3. Az. 21. 37; to know carnally, Mat. 1. 25. Lu. 1. 34; fr. the Heb to view with favour, 1 Co. 8. 3. Gal. 4. 9.

Γλεῦκος, εος, τό, pr. the unfermented juice of grapes, must; hence, sweet new wine, Ac. 2. 13: from

Γλύκύς, εία, ύ, sweet, Ja. 3. 11, 12. Re. 10. 9, 10.

Γ\ôσσa, ης, η, the tongue, Mar. 1
33, 35, et al.; meton. speech, tall
1 Jno. 3. 18; a tongue, language
Ac. 2. 11. 1 Co. 13. 1, et al.; meton.
a language not proper to a speaker
a gift or faculty of such language,
Mar. 16. 17. 1 Co. 14. 13, 14, 26,
al.: fr. Heb. a nation as defined by

tts lunguage, Re. 5. 9, et al.; met. a Γογγυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, a muttering tongue-shaped flame, Ac. 2. 3.

Γλωσσόκομον, ου, τό, (γλώσσα & κομέω, to keep, preserve) pr. a box for keeping the tongues, mouthpieces, or reeds, of musical instruments; hence, genr. any box or receptacle; in N. T. a purse, money bag, Jno. 12. 6; 13. 29. L. G.

Γναφεύς, έως, δ, (γνάφος, a teasel, or thistle) a fuller, part of whose susiness was to raise a nap by means

of teasels, &c., Mar. 9. 3.

Γυήσιος, ου, ό, ή, (γένος) lawful, legitimate, as children; genuine, in faith, &c. 1 Ti. 1. 2. Tit. 1. 4; true, sincere, 2 Co. 8. 8. Phi. 4. 3: whence Γνησίως, adv. genuinely, sincerely, Phi. 2. 20.

Γνόφος, ου, ό, a thick cloud, darknes, He. 12. 18.

Γνώμη, ης, ή, (γινώσκω) the mind, as the means of knowing and judging; various operations of the mind, as inclination, 1 Co. 1. 10; accordance, consent, Phile. 14; purpose, resolution, Ac. 20. 3; opinion, judgment, 1 Co. 7. 25, 40. 2 Co. 8. 10.

Γνωρίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, a. 1. ἐγνώρισα, a. 1. pass. ἐγνωρίσθην, to make known, reveal, declare, Jno. 15. 15; 17. 26, et al.; to know, Phi. 1, 22.

Γνῶσις, εως, ή, (γινώσκω) knowledge, Lu. 1. 77; knowledge of an especial kind and relatively high character, Lu. 11. 52. Ro. 2. 20. 1 Ti. 6, 20, more particularly in respect of Christian enlightenment, Ro. 15. 14. 1 Co. 8. 10; 12. 8. 2 Co. 11. 6, et al.

Γνώστης, ου, ό, (fr. same) one acquainted with a thing, knowing, skil-

ful, Ac. 26. 3. L.G.

Γνωστός, ή, όν, (fr. same) known, Jno. 18. 15. 16. et al.; certain, incontrovertible, Ac. 4. 16; τὸ γνωστόν, that which is known or is cognisable, the unquestionable attributes, Ro. 1. 19; subst. an acquaintance, Lu. 2. 44; 23. 49.

Γογγύζω, f. ύσω, a. l. έγόγγυσα, to speak privately and in a low voice, mutter, Jno. 7. 32; to utter secret and sullen discontent, express indignant complaint, murmur, grumtle, Mat. 20. 11. Lu. 5. 30. Jno. 6.

4. 43, 61: (L. G.) whence

Γογγυσιός, οῦ, ὁ, a muttering murmuring, low and suppressed discourse, Jno. 7. 12; the expression of secret and sullen discontent, murmuring, complaint, Ac. 6. 1. Phi. 2. 14. 1 Pe. 4. 9. L. G.

Γογγυστής, οῦ, ὁ, a murmurer, Jude 16. L.G.

Γόης, ητος, δ, a juggler, diviner; hence, by impl. an impostor, cheat, 2 Ti. 3. 13.

 $\Gamma \acute{o}\mu os$, ov, \acute{o} , $(\gamma \acute{e}\mu \omega)$ the lading of a ship, Ac. 21. 3; by impl. merchandise, Re. 18. 11, 12.

Γονεύς, έως, ό, (γίνομαι) a father; pl. parents, Mat. 10. 21. Lu. 2. 27, 41. 2 Co. 12. 14.

Γόνυ, ἄτος, τό, the knee, Lu. 22. 41. He. 12. 12, et al.

Γονυπετέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. l. ἐγσνυπέτησα, (γόνυ & πίπτω) to fall upon one's knees, to kneel before, Mat. 17. 14; 27. 29. Mar. l. 40; 10. 17.

Γράμμα, ἄτος, τό, (γράφω) pr. that which is written or drawn; a letter, character of the alphabet, Lu. 23. 38; a writing, book, Jno. 5. 47; an acknowledgment of debt, an account, a bill, note, Lu. 16. 6, 7; an epistle, letter, Λο. 28. 21. Ga. 6. 11; ιερά γράμματα, Holy writ, the sacred books of the Old Testament, the Jewish Scriptures, 2 Ti. 3. 15; spc. the letter of the law of Moses, i. e. the bare literal sense, Ro. 2. 27, 29. 2 Co. 3. 6, 7; pl. letters, learning, Jno. 7. 15. Λc. 26. 24: whence

Γραμμάτεύς, εως, δ, a scribe, a clerk, town-clerk, register, recorder, Ac. 19. 35; one skilled in the Jewish law, a teacher or interpreter of the law, Mat. 2. 4; 5. 20, et al. freq; genr. a religious teacher, Mat. 13. 52; by synecd. any one distinguished for learning or wisdom, 1 Co. 1. 20.

Γραπτός, ή, όν, (γράφω) written, Ro. 2. 15.

Γραφή, η̂s, η̂, a writing; in N. T. the Holy Scriptures, the Jewish Scriptures or books of the Old Testament, Mat. 21. 42. Jno. 5. 39, et al.; by syneod. doctrines, declarations, oracles, or promises condained in the sacred books, Mat. 22. 29. Mar. 12. 24, et al.; spc. a prophecy, Mat.

Mar. 14. 49. Lu. 4. 21; 24.
 32; with the addition of προφητική, Ro. 16. 26, of τῶν προφητῶν, Mat.
 56: from

Γράφω, f. ψω, p. γεγράφα, a. 1. έγραψα, to engrave, write, according to the ancient method of voriting on plates of metal, waxed tables, &c. Jno. 8. 6, 8; to write on parchement, paper, &c. generally, Mat. 27. 37, et al.; to write letters to another, Ac. 23. 28, 2 Co. 2. 9; 13. 10, et al.; to describe in writing, Jno. 1. 46, Ro. 10. 5; to inscribe in a catalogue, &c. Lu. 10. 20. Re. 13. 8; 17. 8, et al; to write or impose a law, command or enact in writing, Mar. 10. 5; 12. 19. Lu. 2. 23, et al.

Γραώθης, εος, δ, $\hat{\eta}$, τό, -ες, (γραῦς, an old woman) old-womanish; by impl. silly, absurd, 1 Ti. 4. 7. L. G.

Γρηγορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐγρηγώησα, (a later form from the perf. ἐγρηγορα to be awake, to watch, Mat. 26, 38, 40, 41. Mar. 14, 34, 37, 38; to be alive, 1 Thes. 5. 10; met. to be watchful, attentive, vigilant, circumspect, Mat. 25, 13. Mar. 13, 35, et al.

Γυμνάζω, f. άσω, p. pass. γεγύμνασμα. (γυμνός) pr. to train in gymnastic discipline; hence, to exercise in any thing, train to use, discipline, 1 Tl. 4.7. He. 5. 14; 12, 11. 2 Pe. 2. 14: whence

Γυμνασία, as, η, pr. gymnastic exercise; hence, bodily discipline of any kind, 1 Ti. 4. 8.

Γυμνητεύω, f. εύσω, to be naked; by synecd. to be poorly clad, or destitute of proper and sufficient clothing, 1 Co. 4. 11: (L. G.) from

Γυμνός, ή, όν, naked, without clothing, Mar. 14. 51, 52; without the upper garment, and clad only with an inner garment or tunic, Jno. 21. 7; poorly or meanly clad, destitute of proper and sufficient clothing, Mat. 25. 36, 38, 43, 44. Ac. 19. 16. Ja. 2. 15; met. without a body, 2 Co. 5. 3; not covered, uncovered, open, manifest, He. 4. 13; bare, mere, I Co. 15. 37; naked of spiritual clothing, Re. 3. 17; 16. 15; 17. 16: whence

Γυμνότης, τητος, ή, nakedness; want of proper and sufficient clothing, Ro. 8. 35. 2 Co. 11. 27; spiritual

nakedness, being destitute of spl ritual clothing, Re. 3. 18. S.

Γυναικάριον, (dimin. of γυνή) a little woman, muliercula; a trifling, weak, silly woman, 2 Ti. 3. 6. L. G

Γυναικείος, εία, είον, pertaining to women, female, 1 Pe. 3. 7: from

Γυνή, γυναικός, ή, a woman, Mat 5. 28, et al.; a married woman, wife, Mat. 5. 31, 32; 14. 3, et al.; in the voc. & γίναι, O woman, an ordinary mode of addressing females under every circumstance; met. used of the church, as united to Christ, Re. 19. 7; 21. 9.

Γωνία, as, η, an exterior angle projecting corner, Mat. 6. 5; 21. 42, et al.; an interior angle; by impl. a dark corner, obscure place, Ac. 26. 26; corner, extremity, or quarter of the earth, Re. 7. 1; 20. 8.

Δ

Δαιμονίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. 1. pass. εδαιμονίσθην, in N. T. to be possessed, afflicted, vexed, by a demon, or evil spirit; i. q. δαιμόνον έχειν, Mat. 4. 24; 8. 16, 28, 33, et al.: from

Δαιμόνιον, ίου, τό, (δαίμων) a heathen god, deity, Ac. 17. 18. 1 Co. 10. 20, 21. Re. 9. 20; in N. T., a demon, evil spirit, Mat. 7. 22; 9. 33, 34; 10. 8; 12. 24, et al.: whence

Δαιμονιώδης, εος, δ, ή; pertaining to or proceeding from demons; demoniacal, devilish, Ja. 3. 15. L. G.

Δαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, a god, a superior power; in N. T. a malignant demon, evil angel, Mat. 8. 31. Mar. 5. 12. Lu. 8. 29. Re. 16. 14; 18. 2. Δάκω, f. δήξομαι, a. 2. ἔδακον, p. δέδηχα, to bite, sting; met. to molest, vex, injure, Gal. 5. 15.

Δάκρυ, υος, τό, & δάκρυον, ύου, τό, a tear.

Δακρύω, f. ύσω, a. 1. ἐδάκρυσα, to shed tears, weep, Jno. 11. 35. (v). Δακτύλιος, ου, ό, a ring for the finger, Lu. 15. 22: from

Δάκτὔλος, ου, ὁ, a finger, Mat. 23.
4. Mar. 7. 33, et al.; fr. Heb. power, Lu. 11. 20.

Δαμάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. εδάμασα, p. pass. δεδάμασμαι, (δαμάω, the same)

to subdue, tame, Mar. 5. 4. Ja. 3. 7; met. to restrain within proper limits, govern, Ja. 3. 8. (μα).

Δάμἄλις, εως, ή, a heifer, He. 9. 13.

Δανείζω, f. είσω, a. 1. εδάνεισα, to lend money, Lu. 6. 34, 35; mid. to borrow money, Mat. 5. 42: from

Δάνειον, ου, τό, (διίνος, a gift, loan) a loan, debt, Mat. 18. 27.

 $\Delta a \nu \epsilon \iota \sigma \tau \dot{\eta} s$, $o \hat{v}$, \dot{o} , $(\delta a \nu \epsilon \dot{\iota} (\omega) a lender$. creditor, Lu. 7. 41. L. G.

Δαπανάω, ω, f. ήσω, a. 1. έδαπάmga, to expend, be at expense, Mar. 5. 26. Ac. 21. 24. 2 Co. 12. 15; to spend, waste, consume by extravagance, Lu. 15. 14. Ja. 4. 3: from

 $\Delta a\pi \dot{a}\nu\eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, expense, cost, Lu. 14. 28. (πă).

 $\Delta \epsilon$, a conjunctive particle, marking the superaddition of a clause, whether in opposition or in continuation, to what has preceded, and it may be variously rendered but, on the other hand, and, also, now, &c.; καὶ δέ, when there is a special superaddition in continuation, too, yea, &c. It sometimes is found at the commencement of the apodosis of a sentence, Ac. 11. 17. It serves also to mark the resumption of an interrupted discourse, 2 Co. 2. 10. Gal. 2. 6.

 $\Delta \epsilon \eta \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\delta \epsilon \iota \iota \mu a \iota)$ want, entreaty; prayer, supplication, Lu. 1. 13; 2. 37; 5. 33, et al.

 $\Delta \epsilon \hat{i}$, imperson. fr. $\delta \epsilon \omega$, f. $\delta \epsilon \dot{\eta} \sigma \epsilon i$, 1. ἐδέησε, imperf. ἔδει, subj. δέη, inf. δείν, part. δέον, it is binding, it is necessary, it behoveth, it is proper; it is inevitable, Ac. 21. 22.

 $\Delta \epsilon i \gamma \mu a$, άτος, τό, (δείκνυμι) pr. that which is shown, a specimen, sample; met. an example by way of warning, Jude 7: whence

Δειγματίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. έδειγμάτισα, to make a public show or spectacle of, Col. 2. 15. N. T.

Δεικνύω, (ὕ) ν. δείκνῦμι, f. δείξω, a. l. εδειξα, a. l. pass. εδείχθην, to show, point out, present to the sight, Mat. 4. 8; 8. 4, et al.; to exhibit, permit to see, cause to be seen, Jno. 2. 18; 10. 32. 1 Ti. 6. 15; to demonstrate, prove, Ja. 2. 18; 3. 13; met. to teach, make known, declare, announce, Mat. 16. 21. Jno. 5. 20. Ac. 10. 28, et al.

 $\Delta \epsilon i \lambda i a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, ($\delta \epsilon i \lambda \delta s$) timedity 2 Ti. 1. 7.

Δειλιάω, ω, f. άσω, to be timid, ba in fear, Jno. 14. 27: (L. G.) from

Δειλός, ή, όν, timid, fearful, pusil. lanimous, cowardly, Mat. 8. 26. Mar. 4. 40. Re. 21. 8.

 $\Delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \alpha$, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{\delta}$, gen. $\delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \delta \delta$, acc. δείνα, such a one, a certain one, Mat. 26. 18.

 $\Delta \epsilon \iota \nu \hat{\omega} s$, adv. ($\delta \epsilon \iota \nu o s$, terrible, vehement) dreadfully, grievously greatly, vehemently, Mat. 8. 6. Lu 11. 53.

Δειπνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω & ήσομαι, a. 1. έδείπνησα, to sup, Lu. 17. 8; 22. 20. 1 Co. 11. 25. Re. 3. 20: from

 $\Delta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \pi \nu o \nu$, $o \nu$, $\tau \acute{o}$, p r. a meal; supper, the principal meal taken in the evening, Lu. 14. 12. Jno. 13. 2, 4, et al.; meton. food, 1 Co. 11. 21; a feast, banquet, Mat. 23. 6. Mar. 6. 21, 12. 39, et al.

 Δ εισιδαιμονία, as, $\dot{\eta}$, fear of the gods; in a bad sense, superstition; a form of religious belief, Ac. 25, 19:

(L. G.) from

Δεισιδαίμων, ονος, δ, ή, (δείδω, to fear, & δαίμων) reverencing the gods and divine things, religious; in a bad sense, superstitious: in N.T. careful and precise in the discharge of religious services, Ac. 17. 22.

 $\Delta \epsilon \kappa a$, oi, ai, τa , ten, Mat. 20, 24: 25. l, et al.; ἡμερῶν δέκα, ten days. a few days, a short time, Re. 2. 10. Δεκαδύο, οί, αί, τά, (δέκα & δύο)

i. q. δώδεκα, twelve, Ac. 19. 7; 24. 11.

Δεκαπέντε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δέκα & πέντε) fifteen, Jno. 11. 18. Ac. 27. 28. Gal. 1. 18.

Δεκατέσσαρες, ων, οί, αί, & τὰ δεκατέσσαρα, (δέκα & τέσσαρες) fourteen, Mat. 1. 17. 2 Co. 12. 2. Gal. 2. 1. $\Delta \epsilon \kappa \breve{a} \tau \sigma s$, η , $\sigma \nu$, $(\delta \epsilon \kappa a)$ tenth, Jno. 1.

40. Re. 11. 13; 21. 20; δεκάτη, sc. μερίς, a tenth part, tithe, He. 7. 2, 4, 8, 9: whence

Δεκατόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. δεδεκάτωκα, to cause to pay tithes; pass to be tithed, pay tithes, He. 7. 6, 9. N. T.

 $\Delta \epsilon \kappa \tau \delta s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\delta v}$, $(\delta \dot{\epsilon} \chi o \mu a \iota)$ accepted. acceptable, agreeable, approved

La. 4 24. Ac. 10. 35. Phi 4. 18; by impl, when used for a certain time; marked by a favourable manifestation of the divine pleasure, propitious, Lu. 4. 19. 2 Co. 6. 2. S.

Δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ, a bait,) pr. to entrap, take or catch with a bait; mct. allure, entice, delude, Ja. 1. 14. 2 Pe. 2. 14, 18.

 $\Delta \epsilon \nu \delta \rho o \nu$, ou, $\tau \dot{o}$, a tree, Mat. 3. 10, 7. 17; 13. 32.

Δεξιολάβος, ου, δ, (δεξιός & λαμβάνω) one posted on the right hand; a flank guard; a light armed spearman, Ac. 23. 23. (2). N T.

Δεξιός, ά, όν, right, as opposed to left, dexter, Mat. 5. 29, 30. Lu. 6. 6, et al.; η δεξιά, sc. χείρ, the right hand, Mat. 6. 3; 27. 29, et al.; η δεξιά, sc. μέρη, the parts towards the right hand, the right hand side; rablicut, v. καθήσων, v. ἐστάναι, ἐκ δεξων (μερῶν) τινος, to sit or stand at the right hand of any one, to enjoy with any one the highest honour and dignity which he can bestow, Mat. 20. 21; 26. 64, et al.; είνωι ἐκ δεξιῶν (μερῶν) τινος, to be at one's right hand, to be one's heiper, to afford aid to any one, Ac. 2. 25; δεξιὰς (κεῆρας) διδόνωι, to give the right hand to any one, as a pledge of sincerity in one's promises, Gal. 2. 9. Δεόριαι, see δέω.

Δέον, οντος, τό, (part. of δεί) necessary, 1 Pe. 1. 6; proper, right, Ac. 19. 36. 1 Ti. 5, 13.

Δέος, δέους, τό, (δείδω, to fear) fear, v.r. He. 12. 28.

Δέρμα, ἄτος, τό, (δέρω) the skin of an animal, He. 11. 37: whence

Δερμάτινος, η, ον, made of skin, leathern, Mat. 3. 4. Mar. 1. 6.

Δέρω, f. δερῶ, a. 1. ἔδειρα, 2 f. pass. δαρήσομαι, to skin, flay; hence, to beat, scourge, Mat. 21. 35. Mar. 12. 3, 5; 13. 9, et al.

Δεσμεύω, f. εύσω, (δεσμός) to bind, bind up, as a bundle, Mat. 23. 4; to bind, confine, Ac. 22. 4.

Δεσμέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (fr. same) to bind, confine, i. q. δεσμεύω, Lu. 8. 29. L. G.

 $\Delta \epsilon \sigma \mu \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}_S$, $\dot{\eta}$, (δέω) a bundle as of tares, Mat. 13. 20.

Δεσμιος, ίου, δ, (fr. same) one bound, a prisoner, Mat. 27. 15, 16, Mar. 15. 6, et al,

Δεσμός, οῦ, ὁ, pl. τά δεσμά, & oī δεσμό, (fr. same) a bond, any thing by which one is bound, a cord, chain, fetters, &c.; and by meton imprisonment, Lu. 8. 29. Ac. 16. 26; 20. 23, et al.; a string or ligament, as of the tonque, Mar. 7. 35; met. an impediment, infirmity, Lu. 13. 16.

Δεσμοφύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (δεσμός & φυλάσσω) a keeper of a prison, jailer, Ac. 16. 23, 27, 36. (ΰ). L. G.

Δεσμωτήριον, ίου, τό, (δεσμόω) a prison, Mat. 11. 2. Ac. 5. 21, 23; 16. 26.

Δεσμώτης, ου, δ, (fr. same) a prisoner, i. q. δέσμιος, Ac. 27. 1, 42.

Δεσπότης, ou, δ, a lord, master, especially of slaves, 1 Ti. 6, 1, 2, 2 Ti. 2, 21. Tit. 2, 9, 1 Pe. 2, 18; by impl. as denoting the possession of supreme authority, Lord, sovereign, used of God, Lu. 2, 29. Ac. 4, 24. Re. 6, 10, and of Christ, 2 Pe. 2, 1. Jude 4.

Δεῦρο, adv. hither, here; used also as a sort of imperative, come, come hither! Mat. 19.21. Mar. 10.21, et al.; used of time, ἄχρι τοῦ δεῦρο, sc. χρόνον, to the present time, Ro. 1.13.

Δεῦτε, i.e. δεῦρ' ἴτε, an exclamation in the plural, of which the singular form is δεῦρο, come, Mat. 4.19; il. 28, et al.; as a particle of exhortation, incitement, &c., and followed by an imperative, come now, &c. Mat. 21. 38; 28. 6, et al.

Δευτεραίος, αία, αίον, (δεύτερος) on the second day of a certain state or process, and used as an epithet of the subject or agent, Ac. 28. 13.

Δεύτερον, neut. of δεύτερος, used as an adv. the second time, again, Jno. 3. 4; 21.16, et al.

Δευτερόπρωτος, ου, ό, ή, (δεύτερος & πρώτος) second-first, an epithet of uncertain meaning, but probably appropriated to the Sabbath following the first day of unleavened bread, Lu 6. 1. N. T.

Δεύτερος, α, ον, (δύο) second, Mat 22. 26, et al.; τὸ δεύτερον, again the second time, another time, Jude 5; so ἐκ δευτέρου, Mat. 26. 42, et al.; & ἐν τῷ δευτέρφ, Ac. 7. 13.

Δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, p. δέδεγμαι, a. 1. δδεξάμην, to take into one's hands, &c. Lu. 2.8; 16. 6, 7, et al.; to receive, Ac. 22. 5; 28. 21. Phi. 4. 18; to receive into and retain, contain, Ac. 3. 21; met. to receive by the hearing, learn, acquire a knowledge of, 2 Co. 11. 4. Ja. 1. 21; to receive, admit, grant access to, to receive kindly, welcome, Mat. 10. 40, 41; 18. 5, et al.; to receive in hospitality, entertain, Lu. 9. 53. He. 11. 31; to bear with, bear patiently, 2 Co. 11. 16; met. to receive, approve, assent to, Mat. 11. 14. Lu. 813. Ac. 8. 14; 11. 1, et al.; to admit, and by impl. to embrace, follow, 1 Co. 2. 14. 2 Co. 8. 17, et al.

Δέω, f. δήσω, p. δέδεκα, a. 1. ἔδησα, p. pass. δέδεμαι, a. 1. pass. δέδην, to bind, tie, Mat. 13. 30; 21. 2, et al.; to bind, confine, Mat. 27. 2; 14. 3, et al.; to bind, confine, Mat. 27. 2; 14. 3, et al.; to impede, hinder, 2 Ti. 2. 9; to affect with disease, Lu 13. 16; to bind by a legal or moral tie, as marriage, Ro. 7. 2. 1 Co. 7. 27, 39; by impl. to impel, compel, Ac. 20. 22; in N. T., to pronounce or declare any thing to be binding or obligatory; or, to declare any thing prohibited and unlawful, Mat. 16. 19; 18. 18.

 $\Delta \dot{\epsilon} \omega$, f. $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$, a. 1. $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\delta} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma$, to lack, fall short of; mid. $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \omega a$, f. $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \sigma \omega a$, a. 1. $\delta \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\eta} \dot{\sigma} \omega$, to be in want, to need; to ask, request, Mat. 9. 38. Lu. 5. 12: 8. 28, 38, et al.; in N.T. absolto pray, offer prayer, beseech, supplicate, Lu. 21. 36; 22. 32. Ac. 4. 31; 8. 22, 24, et al.

Aη, a particle serving to add an intensity of expression to a term or clause. Its simplest and most ordinary uses are when it gives impressiveness to an affirmation, indeed, really, doubtless, Mat. 13. 23. 2 Co. 12. 1, or earnestness to a call, injunction or entreaty, Lu. 2. 15. Ac. 13. 2: 15. 36. 1 Co. 6. 20.

Δηλος, η, ον, pr. clearly visible; plain, manifest, evident, Mat. 26. 73. 1 Co. 15. 27. Gal. 3. 11. 1 Ti. 6. 7: whence

Δηλόω, ω, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐδήλωσα, to render manifest or evident; to

make known, to tell, relate, le clare, 1 Co. 1.11. Col. 1.8; to show point out, bring to light, 1 Co. 3. 13 to intimate, signify, He. 9. 8; 12. 27 1 Pe. 1. 11.

Δημηγορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (δῆμος & ἀγορεύω) to address a public assembly, to deliver an harangue or public oration, Ac. 12. 21.

Δημιουργός, οῦ, ὁ, (δῆμος & ἔργον) pr. one who labours for the public, or, exercises some public calling; an architect, especially the Divine Architect of the universe, He. 11. 10.

 $\Delta \hat{\eta} \mu o s$, ov, δ , the people, Ac. 12. 22; 17.5; 19.30, 33: whence

Δημόσιος, ία, ον, public, belonging to the public, Ac. 5. 18; δημοσίη, publicly, Ac. 16. 37; 18. 28; 20. 20.

Δηνάριον, ίου, τό, Lat. denarius, ο Roman silver coin. The silver denarius was at first equivalent to about 84d. of English money, declining, under the empire. to about 74d. and was therefore somewhat less than the Greek δραχμή. The name originally imported ten ases.

Δήποτε, an intensive combination of the particle δή with ποτε; which see; as an intensive, Jno. 5. 4.

Δήπου, see που.

Διά, prep., with a genitive, through, used of place or medium, Mat. 7.13. Lu. 6.1.2 Co.11.33, et al.; through, of time, during, in the course of, He. 2.15. Ac. 5.19, et al.; after an interval of, Mar. 2.1, et al.; through, of immediate agency, causation, instrumentality, by means of, by, Jno. 1.3. Ac. 3.18, et al.; of means or manner, through, by, with, Lu. 8.4. 2 Co. 5.7; 8.8, et al.; of means or condition, in a state of, Ro. 4.11, et al.; with an accusative, used of cousation which is not direct and immediate in the production of a result, on account of, because of, for the sake of, with a view to, Mar. 2.27. Jno. 1. 31, et al.; rarely, through, while subjected to a state of untoward circumstances, Gal. 4.13.

Διαβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. διέβην, (διά & βαίνω) to pass through or over. Lu. 16. 26. Ac. 16. 9. He. 11. 29.

Διαβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, (διά & βάλλω) to throw or convey through or over

to thrust through; to defame, to inform against, Lu. 16. 1.

Διαβεβαιόομαι, (διά & βεβαιόω) to assert strongly, asseverate, 1 Ti. 1. 7. Tit. 3. 8.

Διαβλέπω, ε. ψω, (διά & βλέπω) to look through; to view steadily; to see clearly or steadily, Mat. 7. 5. Lu. 6. 42.

Διάβολος, ου, ό, ή, (διαβάλλω) a calumniator, slanderer, 1 Ti. 3. 11. 2 Ti. 3. 3. Fit. 2. 3; a treacherous informer, traitor, Jno. 6, 70; ὁ διάβολος, the devil

Διαγγέλλω, f. γελώ, a. 1. διήγγειλα, a. 2. pass. διηγγέλην, (διά & άγγέλλω) to publish abroad, Lu. 9. 60. Ro. 9. 17; to certify to the public, Ac. 21. 26; to tell, announce, give notice of, divulge, publish abroad, Ac. 21. 26; to declare, promulgate, teach, Lu. 9. 60; fr. the Heb. to celebrate, praise, Ro. 9. 17.

Διαγίνομαι, f. γενήσομαι, a. 2. διεγενόμην, (διά & γίνομαι) to continue through; to intervene, elapse, Mar. 16. 1. Ac. 25. 13; 27. 9.

Διαγινώσκω, f. γνώσομαι, (διά & γινώσκω) pr. to distinguish; to resolve determinately; to examine, inquire into, judicially, Ac. 23. 15;

Διαγνωρίζω, f. ίσω, (διά & γνωρίζω) to tell abroad, publish, Lu. 2.

Διάγνωσις, εως, ή, (διαγινώσκω) pr. an act of distinguishing or discernment; a determination; examination judicially, hearing, trial, Ac. 25. 21.

Διαγογγύζω, f. ύσω, (διά & γογγύζω) to murmur, mutter, Lu. 15. 2;

Διαγρηγορέω, ῶ, (διά & γρηγορέω) to remain awake; to wake thoroughly, Lu. 9. 32. L. G.

Διάγω, f. ξω, (διά & ἄγω) to conduct or carry through or over; to pass or spend time, live, 1 Ti. 2. 2. Tit. 3. 3.

Διαδέχομαι, 1. δέξομαι, (διά & δέχομαι) to receive by transmission; to receive by succession, Ac 7. 45.

Διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω, διά & (460) pr. a band or fillet; a diadem. the badge of a sovereign, Re. 12. 3; 13. 1; 19. 12.

Διαδίδωμι, f. δώσω, a. 1. διέδωκα, (διά & δίδωμι) to deliver from hand to hand; to distribute, divide, Lu. 11. 22; 18. 22. Jno. 6. 11. Ac. 4. 35.

Διάδοχος, ου, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a successor, Ac. 24. 27.

Διαζώννυμι, v. ζωννύω, f. ζώσω, p. pass. διέζωσμαι, (διά & ζώννμι) to gird firmly round, Jno. 13. 4, 5; mid to gird round one's self, Jno. 21. 7.

Διαθήκη, ης, η, (διατίθημι) a testamentary disposition, will; a covenant, He. 9. 16, 17. Gal. 3. 15; im N. T., a covenant of God with men, Gal. 3. 17; 4. 24. He. 9. 4. Mat. 26. 28, et al.; the writings of the old covenant 2 Co. 2. covenant, 2 Co. 3. 14.

Διαίρεσις, εως, ή, a division; a distinction, difference, diversity, 1 Co. 12. 4, 5, 6: from

Διαιρέω, ω, f. ήσω, a. 2. διείλον. (διά & αἰρέω) to divide, to divide out distribute, Lu. 15. 12. 1 Co. 12. 11.

Διακαθαρίζω, 1. ιῶ, (διά & καθαρίζω,) to cleanse thoroughly, Mat. 3. 12. Lu. 3. 17. N. T.

Διακατελέγχομαι, f. έγξομαι, (διά, κατά, & έλέγχομαι) to confute strenuously or thoroughly, Ac. 18. 28. N. T.

Διακονέω, ω, f. ήσω, imperf. έδια-κόνουν, a. l, έδιακόνησα, p. δεδιακόνηκα, but later διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, δεδιηκόνηκα, (διάκονος) to wait, attend upon, serve, Mat. 8. 15. Mar. 1. 31. Lu. 4. 39, et al.; to be an attendant or assistant, Ac. 19. 22; to perform a service by commission, 2 Co. 3. 3. 1 Pe. 1. 12; to minister to another's necessities, relieve, assist, or supply with the necessaries of life, provide the means of living, Mat. 4. 11; 27. 55. Mar. 1. 13; 15. 41. Lu. 8. 3; to fill the office of διάκονος, deacon, perform the duties of that office, I Ti. 3. 10, 13. 1 Pe. 4. 11; to collect and make distribution of alms, Ro. 15. 25. 2 Co. 8. 19, 20. He. 6. 10.

Διακονία, ας, ή, serving, service, waiting, attendance, the act of rendering friendly offices, Lu. 10. 40. 2 Ti. 4. 11. He. 1. 14; relief, aid, Ac. 6. 1; 11. 29. 2 Co. 8. 4; 9. 1, 12, 13; a commission, Ac. 12. 25. Ro. 15. 31; a commission or ministry in the service of the Gospel, Ac. 1. 17, 25; 20. 24. Ro. 11. 13. 2 Co. 4. 1; 5. 18. 1 Tl. 1. 12; service in the Gospel, Ac. 6. 4; 21. 19. 1 Co. 16. 15. 2 Co. 6. 3; 11. 8. Ep. 4. 12. Re. 2. 19; a function, ministry, or office in the church, Ro. 12. 7. 1 Co. 12. 5. Col. 4. 17. 2 Tl. 4. 5; a ministering in the conveyance of a revelation from God, 2 Co. 3. 7, 8, 9.

Διάκονος, ου, ό, η, one who renders service to another, an attendant, servant, Mat. 20. 26; 22. 13. Jno. 2. 5, 9, et al.; one who executes a commission, a deputy, Ro. 13. 4; 15. 8. Χριστοῦ, Θεοῦ, ἐν κυρίερ, &c. a religious instructor, preacher of the gospel, 1 Co. 3. 5. 2 Co. 3. 6; 6. 4, et al.; a follower, disciple, Jno. 12. 26; a deacon or deaconess, whose official duty was to superintend the alms of the church, with other kindred services, Ro. 16. 1. Phi. 1. 1. 1 Ti. 3. 8, 12. (a).

Διακόσιοι, αι, α, two hundred, Mar. 6. 37. Jno. 6. 7, et al.

Διακούω, f. ούσομαι, (διά & ἀκούω) to hear a thing through; to hear judicially, Ac. 23. 35.

Διακρίνω, f. ἴνῶ, (διά & κρίνω) to separate, sever; to make a distinction or difference, Ac. 15. 9. 1 Co. 11. 29; to make to differ, distinguish, prefer, confer a superiority, 1 Co. 4. 7; to examine, scrutinise, estimate, 1 Co. 11. 31; 14. 29; to discern, discriminate, Mat. 16. 3; to judge, hear and decide a cause, 1 Co. 6. 5; mid. διακρίνομα, a. 1. διακρίνην, to dispute, contend, Ac. 11. 2. Jude 9; to make a distinction mentally, Ja. 2. 4. Jude 22; in N. T., to hesitate, be in doubt, doubt, Mat. 21. 21. Mar. 11. 23, et al.: vohence

 $\Delta t d\kappa \rho i \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a separation; a distinction, $\sigma \tau$, doubt, Ro. 14.1; a discerning, the act of discerning or distinguishing, He. 5. 14; the faculty of distinguishing and estimating, 1 Co. 12. 10.

Διακωλύω, f. ύσω, (διά & κωλύω) to hinder, restrain, prohibit, Mat. 3. 14. (ΰ).

Διαλαλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (διά & λαλέω) to talk with; by impl. to consult, deliberate, Lu. 6.11; to divulge, publish, spread by rumour, Lu. 1. 65. ελέχθην. (διά & λέγω) to discourse, reason, argue, Ac. 17. 2, 17; 24. 12, et al.; to address, speak to, He. 12 5; to contend, dispute, Mar. 9. 34. Jude 9.

Διαλείπω, f. ψω, a. 2. διέλιπον, (διά & λείπω) to leave an interval; to intermit, cease, Lu. 7. 45.

 $\Delta \iota \acute{a}\lambda \epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma s$, ov, $\acute{\eta}$, speech; manner of speaking; peculiar language of a nation, dialect, vernacular idiom, Δc . 1. 19; 2. 6, 8; 21. 40; 22. 2; 26. 14.

Διαλλάσσω, (διά & ἀλλάσσω) to change, exchange; pass. διαλλάσσομαι, a. 2. διηλλάγην, to be reconciled to another, Mat. 5. 24.

Διαλογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (διά & λογίζομαι) pr. to make a settlement of accounts; to reason, deliberate, ponder, consider, Mat. 16. 7, 8. Mar. 2. 6, 8. Jnc. 11. 50, et al.; to dispute, contend, Mar. 9. 33: whence

Διαλογισμός, οῦ, ό, reasoning, ratiocination, thought, cogitation, purpose, Mat. 15. i9. Mar. 7. 21, ct al.; discourse, dispute, disputation, contention, Lu. 9. 46, et al.; doubt, hesitation, scruple, Lu. 24. 38

Διαλύω, f. ύσω, (διά & λύω) to dissolve, dissipate, disperse, Ac. 5. 36.

Διαμαρτύρομαι, f. ροῦμαι, a. l. δίε εμαρτυράμην, (διά & μαρτύρομαι) to make solemn affirmation, protest; to charge, exhort with entreaty, admonish solemnly, Lu 16.28. Ac. 2. 40, et al.; to testify or teach earnestly, enforce publicly, Ac. 8.25; 18. 5, et al. (ΰ).

Διαμάχομαι, f. χέσομαι, οῦμαι, (διά & μάχομαι) to fight out, to fight resolutely; met. to contend vehemently, insist. Ac. 23. 9.

Διαμένω, f. ενῶ, a. 1. διέμεινα, p. διαμεμένηκα, (διά & μένω) to continue throughout; to continue, be permanent or unchanged, Lu. 1, 22. Gal. 2. 5. He. l. 11. 2 Pe. 3. 4; to continue, remain constant, Lu. 22. 28.

Διαμερίζω, f. ίσω, (διά & μερίζω) to divide into parts and distribute, Mat. 27, 35. Mar. 15. 24. Ac. 2. 3, et al.; pass. in N. T., to be in a state of dissension, Lu. 11. 17, 18; 12. 52, 53: vbence

Διαλέγομαι, f. λέξομαι, a. 1. δι- Διαμερισμός, οῦ, δ, division; met

m N. T., disunion, dissension, Lu. Διαπορεύτμαι, f. εύσομαι, (διά & 12.51. L.G.

 $\Delta ιανέμω$, f. εμω̂, a. l. pass. διενεμήθην, (διά & νέμω) to distribute; to divulge, spread abroad, Ac. 4. 17.

Διανεύω, f. εύσω, (διά & νεύω) to signify by a nod, beckon, make signs, Lu. 1. 22. L. G.

Διανόημα, ατος, τό, (διανοέομαι, to turn over in the mind, think, fr. διά & νοέω) thought, Lu. 11. 17.

Διάνοια, ας, $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) pr. thought, intention; the mind, intellect, understanding, Mat. 22. 37. Mar. 12. 30. Lu. 10.17, et al.; an operation of the understanding, thought, imagina-tion, Lu. 1. 51; insight, comprehension, 1 Jno. 5. 20; mode of thinking and feeling, disposition of mind and heart, the affections, Ep. 2. 3. Col. 1. 21

Διανοίγω, f. οίξω, (διά & ἀνοίγω) to open, Mar. 7. 34, 35. Lu. 2. 23; 24. 31; met. to open the sense of a thing, explain, expound, Lu. 24. 32. Ac. 17. 3; διανοίγειν τὸν νοῦν, τὴν καρ-δίαν, to open the mind, the heart, so as to understand and receive, Lu. 24. 45. Ac. 16. 14.

Διανυκτερεύω, f. εύσω, (διά & νύξ) to pass the night, spend the whole night, Lu. 6. 12.

Διανύω, f. ύσω, (διά & ἀνύω, to accomplish) to complete, finish, Ac. 21. 7. (v).

Διαπαντός, διὰ παντός) (i. e. through all time, throughout; always, Mar. 5. 5, et al.; continually by stated routine, Lu. 24. 53. He. 9. 6.

Διαπαρατρϊβή, η̂ς, η̂, (διά & παρατοιβή, collision, altercation, fr. παρατρίβω, to rub against, παρά & τρίβω) pertinacious disputation, v. r. 1 Ti. 6. 5. N. T.

Διαπεράω, ω, f. άσω, (διά & πε- $\rho \hat{a} \omega$) to pass through or over, Mat. 9. 1; 14. 34. Mar. 5. 21, et al. (a).

Διαπλέω, f. εύσομαι, a. 1. διέπλευσα, (διά & πλέω) to sail through or over, Ac. 27. 5.

Διαπονέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, a. 1. λεισονήθην, (διαπονέω) pr. to be thoroughly exercised with labour; to be wearied; to be vexed. Ac. 4. 2; 16. 18. Διαστέλλω, (διά & στέλλω) τ

πορεύομαι) to go or pass through, Lu. 6. 1; 13. 22. Ac. 16. 4; to pass by, Lu. 18. 36, i. q. παρέρχομαι, v. 37.

Διαπορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (διά & ἀπο- $\rho \hat{\epsilon} \omega$) to be utterly at a loss; to be in doubt and perplexity, Lu. 9. 7; 24. 4,

Διαπραγματεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (διά & πραγματεύομαι) to dispatch a matter thoroughly; to make profit in business, gain in trade, Lu. 19. 15.

Διαπρίω, f. ίσω, (διά & πρίω) to divide with a saw, saw asunder; to grate the teeth in a rage; pass. met. to be cut to the heart, to be enraged, Ac. 5. 33; 7. 54, (î)

Διαρθρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, & διαρθροῦμαι, α. 1. διηρθρώθην, (διά & ἄρθρον, α joint) to articulate, speak distinctly, v. r. Lu. 1. 64.

Διαρπάζω, f. άσω, (διά & άρπάζω)

to plunder, spoil, pillage, Mat. 12. 29, bis. Mar. 3. 27, bis. Διαρρήγνυμι & διαρρήσσω, f. ήξω, (δια & ρήγνυμι) to break asunder, rend, tear, burst, Mat. 26. 65, et al.

Διασαφέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. διεσάφησα (διά & σαφής, manifest) to make known, declare, tell plainly, or fully. Mat. 18. 31.

Διασείω, f. σω, (διά & σείω) pr. to shake thoroughly or violently to harass, intimidate, extort from, Lu.

Διασκορπίζω, f. ίσω, (διά & σκορπίζω) to disperse, scatter, Mat. 26. 31. Mar. 14. 27, et al.; to dissipate, waste, Lu. 15. 13; 16.1; to winnow, or, to strew, Mat. 25. 24, 26. L. G.

Διασπάω, ῶ, f. άσομαι, p. pass. διέσπασμαι, a. l. pass. διεσπάσθην, (διά & σπάω) to pull or tear asunder or in pieces, burst, Mar. 5. 4. Ac. 23 10. (ă).

 $\Delta \iota \alpha \sigma \pi \epsilon i \rho \omega$, f. $\epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$, a. 2. p. pass. διεσπάρην, (διά & σπείρω) to scatter abroad or in every direction, as seed; to disperse, Ac. 8. 1, 4; 11. 19: whence

 $\Delta \iota a \sigma \pi \circ \rho a$, \hat{a} s, $\hat{\eta}$, pr. a scattering asof seed; dispersion; in N. T. meton, the dispersed portion of the Jews, Διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διίστημι) interval, space, distance, Ac. 5. 7.

Διαστολή, η̂s, η̂, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference, Ro. 3. 22; 10. 12. 1 Co. 14. 7. L. G.

Διαστρέφω, f. ψω, p. pass. διέστραμμα, (διά & στρέφω) to distort, turn awry; met. to pervert, corrupt, Mat. 17. 17. Lu. 9. 41, et al.; to turn out of the way, cause to make defection, Lu. 23. 2. Ac. 13. 8; διεστραμμένος, perverse, corrupt, erroneous.

Διασώζω, f. σῶσω, a. 1. pass. διεσώψην, (διά & σώζω) to bring safe through; to convey in safety, Ac. 23. 24; pass. to reach a place or state of safety, Ac. 27. 44; 28. 1, 4. 1 Pe. 3. 20; to heal, to restore to health, Mat. 14. 36. Lu. 7. 3.

Διατάγή, η̂s, η̂, (διατάσσω) an injunction, institute, ordinance, Ro. 13. 2. Ac. 7.53. L. G.

Διάταγμα, ατος, τό, (fr. same) a mandate, commandment, ordinance, He. 11. 23. L. G.

Διαταράσσω, f. ξω, (διά & ταράσσω) to throw into a state of perturbation, to move or trouble greatly, Lu. 1. 29.

Διατάσσω, f. ξω, & mid. διατάσσομαι, (διά & τάσσω) pr. to arrange, make a precise arrangement; to prescribe, l Co. 11. 34; 16. 1. Tit. 1. 5; to direct, Lu. 8. 55. Ac. 20. 13; to charge, Mat. 11. 1; to command, Ac. 18. 2, et al.; to ordain, Gal. 3. 19.

Διατελέω, ω, f. έσω, (διά & τελέω) to complete, finish; intrans. to continue, persevere, in a certain state or course of action, Ac. 27. 33.

Διατηρέω, ω, f. ήσω, (διά & τηρέω) to watch carefully, guard with vigilance; to treasure up, Lu. 2.51; earror en, to keep one's self from, to abstain wholly from, Ac. 15. 29.

Διατί, i. e. διὰ τί, interroy. for what?

why? wherefore? Mat. 9. 14; 18. 16 Lu. 19. 23, 31.

Διατίθημι, (διά & τίθημι) to arrange; mid. διατίθεμαι, f. θήσομαι, a. 2. διεφίμην, to arrange according to one's own mind; to make a disposition, to make a will; to settle the terms of a covenant, to ratify, Ac. 3. 25. He. 8. 10; 10. 16; to assign, Lu. 22. 29.

 $\Delta \iota a \tau \rho i \beta \omega$, f. $\psi \omega$, ($\delta \iota a' \approx \tau \rho i \beta \omega$) pr. to rub, wear away by friction; met. to pass or spend time, to remain, stay, tarry, continue, Jno. 3. 22; 11. 54. Ac. 12. 19; 14. 3, 28, et al. (i).

Διατροφή, ης, ή, (διατρέφω, to nourish) food, sustenance, 1 Ti. 6. 8.

Διαυγάζω, f. άσω, (διά & αὐγάζω) to shine through, shine out, dawn, 2 Pe. 1. 19. L. G.

Διαυγής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (διά & aὐγή) translucent, transparent, pellucid, v. r. Re. 21. 21.

Διαφάνής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (διαφαίνω, to show through) transparent, pellucid, Re. 21. 21.

Διαφέρω, f. οίσω, a. 1. ήνεγκα, a. 2. ήνεγκον, (διά & φέρω) to convey through, across, Mar. 11. 16; to carry different ways or into different parts, separate; pass. to be borne, driven, or tossed hither and thither, Ac. 27. 27; to be promulgated, proclaimed, published, Ac. 13. 49; intrans. met. to differ, 1 Co. 15. 41; to excel, be better or of greater value, be superior, Mat. 6. 36; 10. 31, et al.; impers. διαφέρω, it makes a difference, it is of consequence; with ουδώ, it makes no difference, it is nothing, Gal. 2. 6.

Διαφεύγω, f. ξομαι, a. 2. διέφυγον, (διά & φεύγω) to flee through, escape by flight, Ac. 27. 42.

Διαφημίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. διεφήμισα, (διά & φημή) to report, proclaim, publish, spread abroad, Mat. 9. 31; 28. 15. Mar. 1. 45.

Διαφθείρω, f. φθερῶ, (διά & φθείρω) a. l. διέφθειρα, p. διέφθαρκα, a. 2. pass. διεφθέρην, p. pass. διέφθαρκα, to corrupt or destroy utterly: to waste, bring to decay, Lu. 12. 33. 2 Co. 4. l6; to destroy, Re. 8. 9; 11. l8; mel. to corrupt, pervert utterly, 1 Th. 6. 5: whence

Διαφθορά, âs, ή, corruption, dissolution, Ao. 2.27, 31; 13. 34, 35, 36, 37.

Διάφορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (διαφέρω) different, diverse, of different kinds, Ro. 12. 6 He. 9. 10; excellent, superior, He. 1. 4; 8. 6.

Διαφυλάσσω, f. ξω, (διά & φυλόσσω) to keep or guard carefully or with vigilance; to guard, protect, Lu. 4. 10.

Διαχειρίζω & διαχειρίζομαι, (διά & χείρ) pr. to have in the hands, to manage; mid., later, to kill, Ac. 5. 30; 26. 21.

Διαχλευάζω, f. άσω, (διά & χλευάζω) to jeer outright, deride, v. r. Ac. 2. 13.

Διαχωρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (mid. of διαχωρίζω, to separate, fr. διά & χωρίζω) to depart, go away, Lu. 9. 33.

Διδακτικός, ή, όν, (διδάσκω) apt or qualified to teach, I Ti. 3. 2. 2 Ti. 2. 24. N. T.

Διδακτός, ή, όν, (fr. same) pr. taught, teachable, of things; in N.T., taught, of persons, Jno. 6. 45. 1 Co.

Διδασκαλία, as, η, the act or occupation of teaching, Ro. 12. 7. 1 Ti. 4. 13, et al.; information, instruction, Ro. 15. 4. 2 Ti. 3. 16; matter taught, precept, doctrine, Mat. 15. 9. 1 Ti. 1. 10, et al.; from

Διδάσκάλος, ου, ό, a teacher, master, Ro. 2. 20, et al.; in N. T. as an equivalent to ραββί, Jno. 1. 39, et al.

Διδάσκω, f. διδάξω, p. δεδίδαχα, a. 1. δίδαξα, a. 1. pass. δεδάχην, to teach, Mat. 4. 23; 22.16, et al.; to teach or speak in a public assembly, 1 Tl. 2. 12; to direct, admonish, Mat. 28. 15. Ro. 2. 21, et al.: whence

 $\Delta t \partial \alpha \chi \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta} s$, $\dot{\eta}$, instruction, the giving of instruction, teaching, Mar. 4. 2; 12. 38, et al.; instruction, what is taught, doctrine, Mat. 16. 12. Jno. 7. 16, 17, et al.; meton. mode of teaching and kind of doctrine taught, Mat. 7. 28. Mar. 1. 27.

Δίδραχμον, ου, τό, (δίς & δραχμή) a didrachmon, or double drachm, a silver coin equal to the drachm of Alexandria, to two Attic drachms, to two Roman denarii, and to the halftheked of the Jews, in value about 15d. halfpenny of our money, Mat. 7.24 bis.

Δίδύμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (δύο) twofold, a twin; the Greek equivalent to the name Thomas, Jno. 11. 16; 20. 24: 21. 2.

Δίδωμι, f. δώσω, p. δέδωκα, a. 1. δδωκα, a. 2. δδων, p. pass. δόδωμαι, a. 1. pass. δόδημι, to give, bestow, present, Mat. 4. 9; 6. 11. Jno. 3. 16; 17. 2; et al. freq.; to give, cast, throw, Mat. 4. 9; 6. 11. Jno. 3. 16; 17. 2; et al. freq.; to give, cast, throw, Mat. 7. 6; to supply, suggest, Mat. 10. 19. Mar. 13. 11; to distribute alms, Mat. 19. 21. Lu. 11. 41, et al.; to pay tribute, &c. Mat. 22. 17. Mar. 12. 14. Lu. 20. 22; to be the author or source of a thing, Lu. 12. 51. Ro. 11. 8, et al.; to grant, permit, allow, Ac. 2. 27; 13. 35. Mat. 13. 11; 19. 11, et al.; to deliver to, intrust, commit to the charge of any one, Mat. 25. 15. Mar. 12. 9, et al.; to give or deliver up, Lu. 22. 19. Jno. 6. 51, et al.; to reveal, teach, Ac. 7. 38; to appoint, constitute, Ep. 1. 22; 4. 11; to consecrate, devote, offer in sacrifice, 2 Co. 8. 5. Gal. 1. 4. Re. 8. 3, et al.; to present, expose one's self in a place, Ac. 19. 31; to recompense, Re. 2. 23; to attribute, ascribe, Jno. 9. 24. Re. 11. 13; fr. the Heb. to place, put, infix, inscribe, He. 8. 10; lo. 16, et al.; to inflix, impress, 2 Co. 12. 7. Re. 13. 16; to inflict, Jno. 18. 22; 19. 3. 2 Thes. 1. 8; to give in charge, assign, Jno. 5. 36; 17. 4. Re. 9. 5; to exhibit, put forth, Mat. 24. Ac. 2. 19; to yield, bear fruit, Mat. 13. 8; δόδοναι ἀνομοσίουν, responsum dare, to endeavour, strive, Lu. 12. 8; δόδοναι ἀνόμοσίουν, responsum dare, to answer, reply, Jno. 1. 22; διδόναι τόντον, locum dare, to give place, yield, Lu. 14. 9. Ro. 12. 19.

 Δ teγείρω, f. δteγερῶ, a. 1. pass. διηγέρθην, (διά & εγείρω) to arouse or awake thoroughly, Mat. 1. 24. Mar. 4. 38, 39. Lu. 8. 24; pass. to be raised, excited, agitated, as a sen, Jno. 6. 18; met. to stir up, arouse, animate, 2 Pe. 1. 13; 3. 1.

Διενθυμέομαι, οῦμαι, (διά & ἐνθυμέομαι) to revolve thoroughly in the mind, consider carefully, v.r. Ac. 10. 19. L.G.

Διέξοδος, ου, η, (διά & ἔξοδος) a passage throughout; a line of road a thoroughfare, Mat. 22. 9.

Δι ερμηνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, an interpreter, 1 Co. 14, 28: (L. G.) from

Διερμηνεύω, f. εύσω, a late compound used as an equivalent to the simple ionneviou. to explain, interpret, translate, Lu. 24. 27. Ac. 9. 36. l Co. 14. 5, 13, 27; to be able to interpret, 1 Co. 12. 30.

Διέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. διῆλθον, ιδιά & έρχομαι) to pass through, Mar. 10. 25. Lu. 4. 30, et al.; to pass over, cross, Mar. 4. 35. Lu. 8. 22; to pass along, Lu. 19. 4; to proceed, Lu 2. 15. Ac. 9. 39, et al.; to travel through or over a country, wander about, Mat. 12. 43. Lu. 9. 6, et al.; to transfix, pierce, Lu. 2. 35; to spread abroad, be prevalent, as a rumour, Lu. 5. 15; met. to extend to, Ro. 5. 12.

Διερωτάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (διά & ἐρωτάω) to sift by questioning, of persons; in N. T., of things, to ascertain by inquiry, Ac. 10. 17.

Διετής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (δίς & ἔτος) of two years; of the age of two years, Mat. 2. 16: whence

Διετία, ας, η, the space of two years, biennium, Ac. 24. 27; 28. 30. N. T.

Διηγέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ἡσομαι, (διά & ἡγέομαι) pr. to lead throughout; to declare thoroughly, detail, recount, relate, tell, Mar. 5. 16; 9. 9. Lu. 8. 39. Ac. 8. 33. He. 11. 32, et al.: whence

Διήγησις, εως, ή, a narration, relation, history, Lu. l. l.

Διηνεκής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (διά & ἡνεκής, extended, prolonged) continuous, uninterrupted; είς τὸ, διηνεκές, perpetually, He. 7. 3; 10. 1, 12, 14.

Διθάλασσος, ου, ό, ή, (δίς & θάλασσα) bimaris, washed on both sides by the sea; τόπος διάλασσος, a shoal or sand bank formed by the confluence of opposite currents, Ac. 27.41. L. G.

Διϊκνέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ίξομαι, (διά & ἰκνέομαι) to go or pass through; to penetrate, He. 4. 12.

Διίστημι, f. διαστήσω, (διά & ΐστημι) to set at an interval, apart; to station at an interval from a former position, Ac. 27. 28; intrans. a. 2. διέστην, to stand apart; to depart, be parted, Lu. 24. 51; of time, to intervene, be interposed, Lu. 22. 59.

Διϊσχυρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (διά & ίσχυρίζομαι, fr. ίσχυρός) to feel or express reliance; to affirm confidently, asseverate, Lu. 22. 59. Ac. 12. 15.

Δικαιοκρισία, ας, ή, (δίκαιος & κρίσις) just or righteous jadgment, Ro. 2. 5. S.

Δίκαιος, αία, αιον, used of things, just, equitable, fair, Mat. 20. 4. Lt. 12. 57. Jno. 5. 30. Col. 4. 1, et al.; of persons, just, righteous, absolutely, Jno. 17. 25. Ro. 3. 10, 26. 2. Ti. 4. 8. 1 Pe. 3. 18. 1 Jno. 1. 9; 2. 1, 29. Re. 16. 5; righteous by account and acceptance, Ro. 2. 13; 5. 19, et al.; in ordinary usage, just, upright, innoent, plous, Mat. 5. 45; 9. 13, et al. freq.: δ δίκαιος, the Just One, one of the distinctive titles of the Messiah, Ac. 3. 14; 7. 52; 22. 14: whence

Δικαιοσύνη, ης, η, fair and equitable dealing, justice, Ac. 17. 31. He. 11. 33. Ro. 9. 28; rectitude, virtue, Lu. 1. 75. Ep. 5. 9; in N. T., generosity, alms, 2 Co. 9. 10. v. r. Mat. 6. 1; piety, godliness, Ro. 6. 13, et al.; investiture with the attribute of righteousness, acceptance as righteous, justification, Ro. 4. 11; 10. 4, et al. freq.; a provision or means for justification, Ro. 1. 17. 2 Co. 3. 9, et al.; an instance of justification, 2 Co. 5. 21.

Δικαιόω, ῶ, f. ώσομαι, & ώσω, a. 1. εδικαιώσα, p. pass. δεδικαίωμαι, a. 1. pass. εδικαιώθην, pr. to make or render right or just; mid. to act with justice, Re. 22. 11; to avouch to be good and true, to vindicate, Mat. 11. 19. Lu. 7. 29, et al.; to set forth as good and just, Lu. 10. 29; fcl. 15; in N. T., to hold as guiltless, to accept as righteous, to justify, Ro. 3. 26, 20, 4. 5; 8. 30, 33, et al.; pass. to be held acquit, to be cleared, Ac. 13. 39. Ro. 3. 24; 6. 7; to be approved, to stand approved, to stand approved, to stand approved, to stand accepted, Ro. 2. 13; 3. 20, 28, et al.; where

Δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, pr. a rightful act, act of justice, equity; a sentence, of condemnation, Re. 15. 4; in N. T., of acquittal, justification, Ro. 5. 16; a decree, law, ordinance, Lu. 1. 6. Ro. 1. 32; 2. 26; 8. 4. He. 9. 1, 10; a meritorious act, perfect

nghteousness, Ro. 5. 18; state of righteousness, Re. 19. 8.

Δικαίως, adv. justly, with strict justice, 1 Pe. 2. 23; deservedly, Lu. 23. 41; as it is right, fit or proper, 1 Co. 15. 34; uprightly, honestly, piously, religiously, 1 Thes. 2. 10. Ti. 2. 12.

Δικαίωσις, ϵ ως, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a making right or just; a declaration of right or justice; a judicial sentence; \dot{m} N. T, acquittal, acceptance, justification, Ro. 4. 25; 5. 18.

Δικαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (δικάζω, to judge, fr. δίκη) a judge, Lu. 12. 14. Ac. 7. 27, 35.

Δίκη, ης, η, right, justice; in N. T., judicial punishment, vengeance, 2 Thes. 1. 9. Jude?; sentence of punishment, judgment, Ac. 25. 15; personified, the goddess of justice or vengeance, Nemesis, Pæna, Ac. 28. 4.

Δίκτύον, ου, τό, a net, fishing-net, Mat. 4. 20, 21, et al.

Δίλογος, ου, ό, ἡ, (δίς & λόγος)
pr. saying the same thing twice;
in N. T., double-tongued, speaking
one thing and meaning another, deceitful in words, I Ti. 3. 8. N. T.

Διό, (i. e. δι' ö) on which account, wherefore, therefore, Mat. 27. 8. 1 Co. 12. 3, et al.

Διοδεύω, f. εύσω, (διά & όδεύω) to travel through *a place*, traverse, Lu. 8. 1. Ac, 17. 1. L. G.

 $\Delta \iota \acute{o}\pi \epsilon \rho$, conj. strengthened from $\delta \iota \acute{o}$, on this very account, for this very reason, wherefore, 1 Co. 8.13; 10.14; 14.13.

Διοπετής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό-ές, (Ζεύς, Διός, & πίπτω) which fell from Jupiter, or heaven; τοῦ διοπετοῦς, &c. αγάλματος, Ac. 19. 35.

Διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, (διορθόω, to correct, fr. διά & δρθόω, to make straight, fr. δρθός) correction, emendation, reformation, v. r. Ac. 24. 3.

 $\Delta \iota \acute{o} \rho \theta \omega \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\acute{\eta}$, (fr. same) a complete rectification, reformation, He. 9. 10.

Διορύσσω, f. ξω, (διά & ὀρύσσω) to dig or break through, Mat. 6. 19, 20; 24. 43. Lu. 12. 39.

Διόσκουροι, ν. διόσκοροι, ων, οί, (Ζεύς, Διός, & κοῦρος, a youth) the Dioscuri, Castor & Pollux, sons of

Jupiter by Leda, and patrons of sailors, Ac. 28. 11.

Διότι, conj. (διά, στι) on the ac count that, because, Lu. 2.7; 21. 28 in as much as, Lu. 1. 13. Ac. 18. 10 et al.

Διπλόος, οῦς, όη, ῆ, όον, οῦν, double, Mat. 23. 15. 1 Ti. 5. 17. Re. 18. 6: whence

 $\Delta \iota \pi \lambda \acute{o}\omega$, $\acute{\omega}$, \acute{c} . $\acute{\omega}\sigma \omega$, a. 1. \acute{c} δί $\pi \lambda \omega \sigma a$, to double; to render back double, Re. 18. 6.

Δίς, adv. (δύο) twice, Mar. 14. 30 72, et al.; in the sense of entirely, utterly, Jude 12; ἄπαξ καὶ δίς, once and again, repeatedly, Phi. 4. 16.

Διστάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐδίστασα, (δίς) to doubt, waver, hesitate, Mat. 14. 31; 28. 17.

Δίστομος, ου, ό, ή, (δίς & στόμα) pr. having two mouths; two-edged, He. 4. 12. Re. 1. 16; 2. 12.

11e. 4. 12. Re. 1. 16; 2. 12. Δισχίλιοι, αι, α, (δίς & χίλιοι) two thousand, Mar. 5. 13. (i)

Διϋλίζω, f. ίσω, (διά & υλίζω, to strain, filter) to strain, filter thoroughly; to strain out or off, Mat. 23. 24.

Διχάζω, f. άσω, (δίχα, apart) to cut asunder, disunite; met. to cause to disagree, set at variance, Mat. 10. 35.

Διχοστασία, ας, ή, (δίχα & στάσις) a standing apart; a division, dissension, Ro. 16. 17. 1 Co. 3. 3. Gal. 5. 20.

Διχοτομέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (δίχα & τέμνω) pr. to cut into two parts, cut asunder; in N. T., to inflict a punishment of extreme severity, Mat. 24.

 $\Delta\iota\psi\acute{a}\omega$, $\mathring{\omega}$, f. $\mathring{\eta}\sigma\omega$, a. 1. $\mathring{\epsilon}\delta\dot{\iota}\psi\eta\sigma\alpha$, $(\delta\dot{\iota}\psi_a$, thirst) to thirst, be thirsty, Mat. 25. 35, 37, 42, 44, et al.; met. to desire or long for ardently, Mat. 5. 6. Jno. 4. 14; 6. 35, et al.

 $\Delta i \psi o s$, $\epsilon o s$, τo , thirst, 2 Co. 11. 27. $\Delta i \psi \bar{\nu} \chi o s$, ou, δ , $\hat{\eta}$, $(\delta i s \& \psi \nu \chi \hat{\eta})$ double-minded, inconstant, fickle, Ja. 1. 8; 4. 8. L. G.

Διωγμός, ου, ό, (διώκω) pr. chase pursuit; persecution, Mat. 13. 21 Mar. 4. 17; 10. 30, et al.

Διώκτης, ου, ό, a persecutor, 1 Ti 1. 13: (L. G.) from **Μόκω,** f. ώξω, a. 1. ἐδίωξα, p. pass. δεδίωγμαι, a. l pass. εδιώχθην, to put in rapid motion; to pursue; to fol ow, pursue the direction of, Lu. 17. 23; to follow eagerly, endeavour earnestly to acquire, Ro. 9. 30, 31; 12. 13, et al.; to press forwards, Phi. 3. 12, 14; to pursue with malig-nity, persecute, Mat. 5. 10, 11, 12, 44, et al

Δόγμα, ατος, τό, (δοκέω) a decree, statute, ordinance, Lu. 2. 1. Ac. 16. 4; 17. 7. Ep. 2. 15. Col. 2. 14: whence

Δογματίζω, f. ίσω, to decree, prescribe an ordinance; mid. to suffer laws to be imposed on one's self, to submit to, bind one's self by, ordinances, Col. 2. 20. L. G.

Δοκέω, ῶ, f. δόξω, a. l. ἔδοξα, to think, imagine, suppose, presume, Mat. 3. 9; 6. 7, et al.; to seem, appear, Lu. 10. 36. Ac. 17. 18, et al.; impers. δοκεῖ, it seems; it seems good, best or right, it pleases, Lu. 1. 3. Ac. 15. 22, 25, et al.

Δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. έδοκίμασα, p. pass. δεδοκίμασμαι, (δόκιμος) to prove by trial; to test, assay metals, 1 Pe. 1.7; to prove, try, examine, scrutinise, Lu. 14. 19. Ro. 12. 2, et al.; to put to the proof, tempt, He. 3. 9; to approve after trial, judge worthy, choose, Ro. 14. 22. 1 Co. 16. 3. 2 Co. 8. 22, et al.; to decide upon after examination, judge of, distinguish, discern, Lu. 12. 56. Ro. 2. 18. Phi. 1. 10.

Δοκιμασία, as, η, proof, probation, v. r. He. 3. 9.

Δοκιμή, η̂s, η̂, trial, proof by trial, 2 Co. 8. 2; the state or disposition of that which has been tried and approved, approved character or temper, Ro. 5. 4. 2 Co. 2. 9, et al.; proof, document, evidence, 2 Co. 13. 3. L. G.

Δοκίμιον, ου, τό, that by means of which any thing is tried, proof, criterion, test; trial, the act of trying or putting to proof, Ja. 1. 3; approved character, 1 Pe. 1. 7: from

Δόκιμος, ου, ό, ή, proved, tried; approved after examination and trial, Ro. 16. 10. Ja. 1. 12, et al.; by impl. a sceptable, Ro. 14. 18.

Δοκός, οῦ, ἡ & ὁ, a beam or spar | Δουλαγωγέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (δυῦλος

of limber; Mat. 7. 3, 4, 5. Lu. 6. 41, 42.

 $\Delta \delta \lambda \cos$, ia, ωv , & os, ωv , ($\delta \delta \lambda \cos v$) fraudulent, deceitful, 2 Co. 11, 13: whence

Δολιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to deceive, use fraud or deceit, Ro. 3. 13. S.

 $\Delta \delta \lambda o s$, ov, δ , pr. a bait or contrivance for entrapping; fraud, deceit, insidious artifice, guile, Mat. 26.
4. Mar. 7. 22; 14. 1, et al: whence

 Δ ολόω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$, pr. to entrap, beguile; to adulterate, corrupt, fal-sify, 2 Co. 4. 2.

λόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present, Mat. 7. 11, et al. L. G.

 $\Delta \delta \xi a$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, $(\delta o \kappa \dot{\epsilon} \omega) pr$, a seeming; appearance; a notion, imagina-tion, opinion; the opinion which obtains respecting one; reputation, credit, honour, glory; in N. T., honourable consideration, Lu. 14. 10; praise, glorification, honour, Jno. 5. 41, 44. Ro. 4. 20; 15. 7, et al.; dignity, majesty, Ro. 1. 23. 2 Co. 3. 7, et al.; a manifestation of some glorious attribute, Jno. II. 40. 2 Pc. I. 3, et al.; pl. dignitaries, 2 Pc. 2. 10. Jude 8; glorification in a future state of bliss, 2 Co. 4. 17. 2 Ti. 2. 10, et al.; pride, ornament, I Co. II. 15. 1 Thes. 2. 20; splendid array, pomp, magnificence, Mat. 6. 29; 19. 28, et al.; radiance, dazzling lustre, Lu. 2. 9. Ac. 22, 11, et al.

Δοξάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐδόξασα, p. pass. δεδόξασμαι, a. l. pass. εδοξάσθην, according to the various significations of 866a, to think, suppose, judge; to extol, magnify, Mat. 6. 2. Lu. 4. 15, et al.; in N. T., to adore, worship, Ro. 1. 21, et al.; to invest with dignity, or majesty, 2 Co. 3. 10. He. 5. 5, et al.; to cause a manifestation of dignity, excellence, or majesty, Jno. 12. 28; 13. 32, et al.; to glorify by admission to a state of bliss, to beatify, Ro. 8. 30, et al.

Δορκάς, άδος, ή, a gazelle or ante-

lope, Ac. 9. 36, 39.

Δόσις, εως, ή, (δίδωμι) pr. a giving; outlay, Phi. 4. 15; a dona-(δί**δ**ωμι) pr. a tion, gift, Ja. 1. 17.

Δότης, ου, δ, (fr. same) a giver, 2 Co 2.7. S.

Δουλεία, as, ή, (δοῦλος) slavery, bondage, servile condition; in N. T., met, with reference to degradation and unhappiness, thraldom spiritual or moral, Ro. 8. 15, 21. Gal. 4. 24; 5. 1. He. 2. 15.

Δουλεύω, f. εύσω, p. δεδοόλευκα, a. 1. ἐδούλευσα, (fr. same) to be a slave or servant; to be in slaver or subjection, Jno. 8. 33. Ac. 7. 7 Ro. 9. 12; to discharge the duties of a slave or servant, Ep. 6. 7. 1 Ti. 6. 2; to serve, be occupied in the service of, be devoted, subservient, Mat. 6. 24. Lu. 15. 29. Ac. 20. 19. Ro. 14. 18; 16. 18, et al.; met. to be enthralled, involved in a slavish service, spiritually or morally, Gal. 4. 9. 25. Tit. 3. 3. 9, 25.

Δοῦλος, η, ον, adj. enslaved, enthralled, subservient, Ro. 6. 19; as a subst. δούλος, a male slave, or servant, of various degrees, Mat. 8. 9, et al. freq.; a person of mean condition, Phi. 2. 7; fem. δούλη, a female slave; a handmaiden, Lu. 1. 38, 48. Ac. 2 18; δοῦλος, used figuratively, in a bad sense, one involved in moral or spiritual thraldom, Jno. 8. 34. Ro. 6. 17, 20. 1 Co. 7. 23. 2 Pe. 2. 19; in a good sense, a devoted servant, follower or minister, Ac. 16. 17. Ro. 1. 1, et al.; one pledged or bound to serve, 1 Co. 7. 22. 2 Co. 4. 5: whence

Δουλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐδούλωσα, p. pass. δεδούλωμαι, a. l. ε0ουλωσα, λώθην. to reduce to some lands. y, to reduce to servitude, enslave, oppress by retaining in servitude, Ac. 7. 6. 2 Pe. 2. 19; met. to render subservient, 1 Co. 9. 19; pass. to be under restraint, 1 Co. 7. 15; to be in bondage, spiritually or morally, Gal. 4. 3. Tit. 2. 3; to become devoted to the service of, Ro. 6. 18, 22.

 $\Delta o \chi \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta} s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\delta \dot{\epsilon} \chi o \mu a \iota) pr$. reception of guests; in N. T., a banquet, feast, Lu. 5. 29; 14. 13.

Δράκων, οντος, δ, a dragon or large serpent; met. the devil or Satan. Re. 12. 3, 4, 7, 9, 13, 16, 17; 13. 2, 4, 11; 16. 13; 20. 2.

Δράσσομαι, (δράξ, the fist) pr. to grasp with the hand, clutch; to lay hold of, seize, take, catch, 1 Co. 8, 19,

Δραχμή, ης, η, a drachm, an Attic silver coin of nearly the same value as the Roman denarius, about 74d. of our money, Lu. 15. 8, 9.

Δρέπἄνον, ου, τό, (δρέπω, to crop. cut off) an instrument with a curved blade, as a sickle, Mar. 4. 29. Re. 14. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Δρόμος, ου, ό, (δέδρομα) a course, race, race-course; met. course of life or ministry, career, Ac. 13. 25; 20. 24. 2 Ti. 4. 7.

Δύναμαι, f. δυνήσομαι, imperf. έδυνάμην, & ήδυνάμην, a. l. έδυνησάμην, & έδυνάσθην, έδυνήθην, ήδυνήθην, to be able, either intrinsically and absolutely, which is the ordinary significa-tion; or, for specific reasons, Mat. 9. 15. Lu. 16. 2.

Δύναμις, εως, ή, power; strength. ability, Mat. 25. 15. He. 11. 11; aconty, stat. 25. 15. He. 11. 11; efficacy, 1 Co. 4. 19, 20. Phi. 3. 10. 1 Thes. 1. 5. 2 Ti. 3. 5; energy, Col. 1. 29. 2 Ti. 1. 7; meaning, purport of language, 1 Co. 14. 11; authority, Lu. 4. 36; 9. 1; might, power, majesty, Mat. 22, 29; 24. 30. Ac. 3. 12. Ro. 9. 17 a Th. 2. 17 a Th. 2. 18. 18. 19. 17 17. 2 Thes. 1.7. 2 Pe. 1. 16; in N. T., a manifestation or instance of power, mighty means, Ac. 8. 10. Ro. 1. 16. 1 Co. 1. 18, 24; ἡ δύναμις, omnipotence, Mat. 26. 64. Lu. 22. 69. Mar. 14. 62; *pl.* authorities, Ro. 8. 38. Ep. 1. 21. 1 Pe. 3. 22; miraculous power, Mar. 5. 30. Lu. 1. 35; 5. 17; 6. 19; 8. 46; 24. 49. 1 Co. 2. 4; a miracle, Mat. 11. 20, 21, et al. freq.; a worker of miracles, 1 Co. 12. 28, 29; fr. the 1 Heb. ai δυνάμεις τῶν οὐρανῶν, the heavenly luminaries, Mat. 24. 29. Mar. 13. 25. Lu. 21. 26; ai δυνάμεις, the spiritual powers, Mat. 14. 2. Mar. 6. 14: whence

Δυναμόω, ω, f. ώσω, to strengthen, confirm, Col. 1. 11. L. G.

Δυνάστης, ου, δ, a potentate, sovereign, prince, Lu. 1. 52. 1 Ti 6 15; a person of rank and authority a grandee, Ac. 8. 27.

 $\Delta v \nu a \tau \epsilon \omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta} \sigma \omega$, to be powerful, mighty, to show one's self powerful, 2 Co. 13. 3. v. r. Ro. 14. 4. (N. T.): from

Δυνατός, ή, όν, (δύναμαι) able having power, powerful, mighty δυνατὸς είναι, to be able, i. q. δύνασθαι Lu. 14. 31. Ac. 11. 17, et al.; ò ôvos

rés, the Mighty One, God, Lu. 1. 49; το δυντ τόν, power, 1. q. δύναμις, Ro. 9. 22 · valid, powerful. efficacious, 2 Co. 10. 4; distinguished for rank, authority or influence, Ac. 25. 5. 1 Co. 1. 26; d:stinguished for skill or excellence, Lu. 24. 19. Ac. 7. 22. Ro. 15. 1; δυνατόν & δυνατά, possible, capable of being done, Mat. 19. 26; 24. 24, et al.

Δύνω, a. 2. ἔδυν, to sink, go down, set as the sun, Mar. 1. 32. Lu. 4. 40. Δύο, both indeclin. & also gen. and dat. δυοΐν, v. gen. δυῶν, dat. δυσί; in N. T., both indeclin. and also with dat. δυσί, two, Mat. 6. 42; 21. 28, 31, et al. freq.; oi δύο both, Jno. 20. 4; δύο ἡ τρεῖς, two or three, some, a few, Mat. 18, 20; from the Heb. δύο δύο, two and two, Mar. 6. 7, i. q. ἀνὰ δύο, Lu. 10. 1, and κατά δύο, 1 Co. 14. 27.

Δυς—, an inseparable particle, conveying the notion of untowardness, as hard, ill, unlucky, dangerous, like the English un—, mis—; opp. to ev.

Δυσβάστακτος, ου, ό, ή, (δυς & βαστάζω) difficult or grievous to be borne, oppressive, Mat. 23.4. Lu. 11.46. L.G.

Δυσεντερία, as, ή, (δυς & ἔντερον, an intestine) a dysentery, Ac. 28. 8. Δυσερμήνευτος, ου, ό, ή, (δυς & ἐρμηνεύω) difficult to be explained, hard to be understood, He. 5. 11. L. G.

Δύσκολος, ου, ό, ή, (δυς & κόλον, food) pr. peevish about food; hard to please; disagreeable; in N. T., difficult, Mar. 10. 24: whence

 $\Delta v \sigma κόλως$, adv. with difficulty, hardly, Mat. 19. 23. Mar. 10. 23, et al. $\Delta v \sigma \mu \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}_S$, $\dot{\eta}_S$, $\dot{\delta}\dot{v}\omega$) a sinking or setting; pl. δ $v \sigma \mu a\dot{\mu}$, $\dot{\alpha}_S$, the setting of the sun; hence, the west, Mat. 8. 11; 24. 27, et al.

Δυσνόητος, ου, ό, ή, (δυς & νοητός, fr. νοέω) hard to be understood, 2 Pe. 3. 16. L. G.

Δυσφημέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, pr. to use ill words; to reproach, revile, v. r. 1 Co. 4. 13.

Δυσφημία, as, ή, (δυς & φήμη) ill words; words of ill omen; reproach, contumely, 2 Co. 6. 8.

Δώδεκα, οί, αί, τά, (δύο & δέκα)

twelve, Mat. 9. 20; 10. 1, et al.; α δώδεκα, the twelve apostles, Mat. 26 14, 20, et al.: whence

 $\Delta\omega\delta\epsilon\kappa\alpha\tau$ os, η , $o\nu$, the twelfth, Re. 21. 20.

Δωδεκάφῦλον, ου, τό, (δώδεκα & φυλή) twelve tribes, Ac. 26. 7. N. T. Δῶμα, ατος, τό, pr. a house; synecd. a roof, Mat. 10. 27; 24. 17, et a.

 $\Delta\omega\rho\epsilon\dot{a}$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, a gift, free gift, benefit, Jno. 4. 10. Ac. 2. 38, et al.

Δωρεάν, accus. of δωρεά, adv. gratis, gratuitously, freely, Mat. 10. 8. Ro. 3. 24, et al.; in N. T. undeservedly, without cause, Jno. 15. 25; in vain, Gal. 2. 21.

Δωρέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, s. 1. ἐδωρήσατο, p. δεδώρημαι, (δῶρον) to give freely, grant, Mar. 15. 45. 2 Pe. l. 3, 4: whence

Δώρημα, ατος, το, a gift, free gift, Ro. 5. 16. Ja. 1. 17.

Δῶρον, ου, τό, (δίδωμ) a gift, present, Mat. 2.11. Ep. 2.8. Re. 11. 10; an offering, sacrifice, Mat. 5. 23, 24; 8. 4, et al.; δώρον, 8c. έστι, it is consecrated to God, Mat. 15. 5. Mar. 7. 11; contribution to the temple. Lu. 21. 1, 4.

E.

"Eā, interj. ha! an expression of surprise or displeasure, Mar. 1. 24. Lu. 4. 34.

Eάν, conj. if. The particulars of the use of έαν must be learnt from the grammars. Έαν μή, except, unless; also equivalent to άλλά, Gal. 2. 16. Έαν, in N. T., as in the later Greek, is substituted for άν after relative words, Mat. 5. 19, et al. freq. Εάνπερ, a strengthening of έαν by the enclitic particle περ, if it be that, if at all events, He. 3. 6, 14, 6. 3.

'Eaυτοῦ, η̂s, οῦ, contr. αὐτοῦ, η̂s, οῦ, pl. ἰαυτῶν, a reflexive pronoun of the third person, himself, herself, itself, Mat. 8. 22: 12: 26; 9: 21, et al.; also used for the first and second persons, Ro. 8. 23. Mat. 23. 31; also equivalent to ἀλλήλων, Mar. 10. 26. Jno. 12: 19; ἀφ' ἐαυτοῦ, ἀφ' ἐαυτοῦ, of himself, themselves, voluntarily of himself, themselves, voluntarily

own nature, Ro. 14. 14; ἐξ ἐαυτῶν, of one's self merely, 2 Co. 3. 5; καθ ἐαυτῶν, by one's self, alone, Ac. 28. 16. Ja. 2. 17; παρ ἐαυτῷ, with one's self, at home, 1 Co. 16.2; πρὸς ἐαυτόν, to one's self, to one's home, Lu. 24. 12. Jno. 20. 10; or, with one's self, Lu. 18. 11.

Eάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. άσω, imperf. ϵ ίων, a. 1. eiava, to let, allow, permit, suffer to be done, Mat. 24. 43. Lu. 4. 41, et al.; to let be, let alone, desist from, Lu. 22, 51. Ac. 5. 38; to commit a ship to the sea, let her drive, Ac. 27. 40.

Εβδομήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (εβδομος) seventy, Ac. 7. 14, et al.; οὶ ἀβδομ. the seventy disciples, Lu. 10. 1, 17.

Έβδομηκοντάκις, adv. seventy times, Mat. 18. 22.

Εβδομος, η, ον, $(\epsilon \pi \tau \dot{a})$ seventh, Jno. 4. 52. He. 4. 4, et al.

Έβραϊκός, ή, όν, Hebrew, Lu. 23. 38: from

Εβραίος, αία, αίον, ν. ου, δ, a Hebrew, one descended from Abraham the Hebrew, 2 Co. 11. 22. Phi. 3. 5; in N. T., a Jew of Palestine, opp. to Ελληνιστής, Ac. 6. 1: whence

Έβραις, ίδος, ή, εc. διάλεκτος, the Hebrew dialect, l. e. the Hebreo-Ara-moso dialect of Palestine, Ac. 21. 40, et al.

Έβραϊστί, in Hebrew, Jno. 5. 2; 19. 13. et al.

"Εδράμον, part. δραμών, see τρέχω.

Έγγίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, p. ϯγγικα, a. l. ήγγισα, (fr. έγγύς) pr. to cause to approach; in N. T. intrans. to approach, draw near, Mat. 21. l. Lu. 18. 35, et al.; met. to be at hand, impend, Mat. 3. 2; 4. 17, et al.; μέχρι θανάτον εγγίζειν, to be at the point of death, Phi. 2. 30; fr. Heb. to draw near to God, to offer him rever-ence and worship, Mat. 15. 8. He. 7. 19. Ja. 4. 8; used of God, to draw near to men, assist them, lestow favours on them, Ja. 4. 8. L. G.

Εγγράφω, f. ψω, p. pass. ἐγγέγραμμαι, (ἐν & γράφω) to engrave, inscribe; met. to infix or impress

deeply, 2 Co. 3. 2, 3.

Εγγυος, ου, δ, ἡ, (fr.ἐγγύη, a pledge) a surety, sponsor, He. 7. 22.

Eγγύs, adv. near, as to place, Lu 19. 11, et al.; close at hand, Ko. 10.8; near, in respect of ready inter . position, Phi. 4. 5; near, as to time, Mat. 24. 32, 33, et al.; near to God, as being in covenant with him, Ep. 2. 13; οι έγγύς, the people near to God, the Jews, Ep. 2. 17.

Έγγύτερον, adv. (pr. neut. of έγγύτερος, comp. of έγγύς) nearer, Ro.

Έγείρω, f. έγερῶ, p. έγήγερκα, a. 1. ήγειρα, p. pass. ἐγήγερμαι, a. l. pass. ἡγέρθην, to excite, arouse, awaken, Mat. 8.25, et al.; mid. to awake, Mat. 2. 13, 20, 21, et al.; met. mid. to rouse one's self to a better course of conduct, Ro. 13. 11. Ep. 5. 14; to raise from the dead, restore to life, Jno. 12. 1, et al., and mid. to rise from the dead, Mat. 27. 52. Jno. 5. 21, et al.; met. to raise as it were from the dead, 2 Co. 4 14; to raise up, cause to rise up from a recumbent posture, Ac. 3. 7, and mid. to rise up, Mat. 17. 7, et al; to restore to health, Ja. 5. 15; met. et seq. ἐπί, to excite to war, mid. to rise up against, Mat. 24. 7, et al.; to raise up again, rebuild, Jno. 2. 19, 20; to raise up from a lower place, to draw up or out of a ditch. Mat. 12. 11; fr. Heb. to raise up, to cause to arise or exist, Ac. 13. 22, 23; mid. to arise, exist, appear, Mat. 3. 9; 11. 11, et al.: whence

"Εγερσις, εως, η, pr. the act of waking or rising up; resurrection, resuscitation, Mat. 27. 53.

Εγκάθετος, ου, ό, ή, (έν & καθinμι) suborned, Lu. 20. 20.

Έγκαίνια, ίων, τά, (ἐν & καινός) initiation, consecration; in N. T., the feast of dedication, an annual festival of eight days in the month Kisleu, Jno.

Εγκαινίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ενεκαίνισα. p. pass. ἐγκεκαίνισμαι, to handsel, initiate, consecrate, dedicate, renovate; to institute, He. 9. 18; 10. 20. S.

Έγκαλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (ἐν & καλέω) to bring a charge against, accuse; to institute judicial proceedings, Ac. 19. 38, 40; 23, 28, 29; 26. 2, 7. Ro. 8. 33

Εγκαταλείπω, f. ψω, a. 2. εγκατέλιπον, (εν & καταλείπω) to leave in a place or situation, Ac. 2.27; to leave behind; to forsake, abandon, Mat. 27. 46, et al.; to leave, as a remnant from destruction, Ro. 9. 29.

Έγκατοικέω, ω, f. ήσω, (έν & κα-τοικέω) to dwell in or among, 2 Pe.

'Εγκεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐν & κεντρίζω, to prick) to ingraft; met. Ro. 11. 17, 19, 23, 24.

Έγκλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκαλέω) an accusation, charge, crimination, Ac. 23. 29; 25. 16.

Εγκομβόομαι, οῦμαι, f. ώσομαι, (κόμβος, a string, band; whence eyκόμβωμα, a garment which is fast-ened by tying) pr. to put on a gar-ment which is to be tied; in N. T., to put on, clothe; met. 1 Pe. 5. 5.

Eγκοπή, η̂s, η̂, pr. an incision, e. g. a trench, &c. cut in the way of an enemy; an impediment, hindrance, 1 Co. 9. 12: (L. G.) from

Εγκόπτω, f. ψω, (ἐν & κόπτω) pr. to cut or strike in ; hence, to impede, interrupt, hinder, Ro. 15. 22. 1 Thes. 2. 18. i Pe. 3. 7. Gal. 5. 7.

Έγκράτεια, ας, ή, (έγκρατής) selfcontrol, continence, temperance, Ac. 24, 25, et al.

Έγκρατεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, to possess the power of self-control or continence, I Co. 7. 9; to practise abstinence, 1 Co. 9. 25.

Eγκράτής, έος, δ, ή, (κράτος) strong, stout; possessed of mastery; master of self, Tit. 1. 8.

Έγκρίνω, f. ινῶ, (ἐν & κρίνω) to judge or reckon among, consider as belonging to, adjudge to the number of, class with, place in the same rank, 2 Co. 10. 12.

Έγκρύπτω, f. ψω, (ἐν & κρύπτω) to conceal in any thing; to mix, intermix, Mat. 13. 33. Lu. 13. 21.

"Εγκύος, ου, ή, (ἐν & κύω) with _child, pregnant, Lu. 2. 5.

Έγχρίω, f. ίσω, (έι & χρίω) to rub in, anoint, Re. 3. 18. (7)

Εγώ, gen. έμοῦ & μου, Ι.

Ἐδαφίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, pr. to form a level and firm surface; to level with the ground, overthrow raze, destroy, Lu. 19. 44: from

Εδαφος, ϵ ος, τ ό, pr. a bottom, base: hence, the ground, Ac. 22. 7.

'Εδραίος, αία, αίον, (ἔδρα, a seat) sedentary; met. settled, steady, firm, stedfast, constant, 1 Co. 7. 37; 15. 58 Col. 1. 23.

Εδραίωμα, ατος, τό, (έδραιόω, to settle, fr. preceding) a basis, founda-tion, 1 Ti. 3. 15. N. T.

Έθελοθρησκεία, ας, ἡ, (ἐθέλω & θρησκεία) self-devised worship, supererogatory worship, will-worship, Col. 2. 23.

 $^{\prime}\mathrm{E} heta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$ & $heta\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\omega$, the latter being the form in the present in N. T., f. ἐθελήσω form in the present in N. 1.1. to evapore & θελήσω, imperf. ήθελου, al. ήθελησα, to exercise the will, properly by an unimpassioned operation; to be willing, Mat. 17. 4, et al.; to be inclined, disposed, Ro 13. 3, et al.; to choose, Lu. 1. 62; to intend, design, Lu. 14. 28, et al.; to will, Jno. 5. 21; 21. 22, et al.; ήθελον, I could wish, Gal. 4. 20.

Εθίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. είθισμαι. (ἔθος) to accustom; pass. to be cus-

tomary, Lu. 2. 27.

Έθνάρχης, ου, ό, (ἔθνος & ἄρχω) a governor, chief, or head of any tribe or nation, prefect, 2 Co. 11. 32. L. G.

Έθνικός, ή, όν, (ἔθνος) national; in N. T., gentile, heathen, not Israelitish, Mat. 6.7; 18.17: (L. G.) whence

Έθνικῶς, adv. after the manner of the gentiles, heathenishly, Gal. 2. 14. N. T.

Έheta
uος, ϵ ος, auό, a multitude, company, Ac. 17. 26. 1 Pe. 2. 9. Re. 21. 24; a nation, people, Mat. 20. 25; 21. 24; a nation, people, mat. 20. 25; 21. 43, et al.; pl. 56m, fr. the Heb. nations or people, as distinguished from the Jews, the heathen, gentiles, Mat. 4. 15; 10. 5. Lu. 2. 32, et al.

 $\mathbf{E}\theta$ os, ϵ os, $\boldsymbol{\tau}$ ó, a custom, usage, Lu. 2. 42; 22. 39, et al.; an institute, rite, Lu. 1. 9. Ac. 6. 14; 15. 1, et al. Ei, conj. if, Mat. 4. 3, 6; 12. 7. Ac.

27. 39, et al. freq.; since, Ac. 4. 9, et al.; whether, Mar. 9. 23. Ac. 17. 11, et al.; that, in certain expressions, Ac. 26. 8, 23. He. 7. 15; by a suppression of the apodosis of a sentence

ei serves to express a wish; O if! O that! Lu. 19. 42; 22. 42; also a strong negation, Mar. 8. 12. He. 3. 11; 4. 3; ei kai, if even, though, although, Lu. i κai, if even, though, although, Lu.

Mat. 11. 27, et al.; ei μħ, unless, except,
Mat. 11. 27, et al.; also equivalent to

chhá, but, Mat. 12. 4. Mar. 13. 32.
Lu. 4. 26, 27; ei μħ, unless perhaps, unless it be, Lu. 9. 13, et al.;
ei τις, ei τι, pr. if any one: who
soever, whatsoever, Mat. 18. 28, et
al. The syntax of this particle must
be learnt from the grammars. As an
interrogative particle, whether, Ac.
17. 11, et al.; in N. T. as a mere note
of interrogation. Lu. 22, 49, et al. of interrogation, Lu. 22. 49, et al.

£ldov, imperat. ldé & lde, optat. ίδοιμι, subj. ίδω, inf. ίδειν, part. ίδων, see opáw.

Eίδος, εος, τό, form, external appearance, Lu. 3. 22; 9. 29. Jno. 5. 37; kind, species, 1 Thes. 5. 22; sight, perception, 2 Co. 5. 7. Εἰδώ, εἰδέναι, εἰδώς, see οἰδα.

Είδωλείον, ου, τό, (είδωλον) heathen temple, 1 Co. 8. 10. N. T.

Εἰδωλόθυτος, ον, (εἴδωλον & θύω) pr. sacrificed to an idol; meton. the remains of victims sacrificed to idols, reserved for eating, Ac. 15. 29; 21. 25, et al. N. T.

Είδωλολατρεία, ας, ή, (εἴδωλον & λατρεία) idolatry, worship of idols, 1 Co. 10. 14. Gal. 5. 20, et al. N. T.

Είδωλολάτρης, ου, ό, (εἴδωλον & λάτρις, a servant, worshipper) an idolater, worshipper of idols, 1 Co. 5. 10, 11; 6. 9; 10. 7, et al. N. T. (α)

Είδωλον, ου, τό, (είδος) pr. a form, shape, figure; image or statue; hence, an idol, image of a god, Ac. 7. 41, et al.; meton. a heathen god, 1 Co. 8. 4, 7, et al.; for εἰδωλόθυτον, the flesh of victims sacrificed to idols, Ac. 15, 20,

Eἰκῆ, adv. without plan or system; without cause, lightly, rashly, Mat. 5. 22. Col. 2. 18; to no purpose, in vain, Ro. 13. 4. 1 Co. 15. 2. Gal. 3. 4; 4. 11. Είκοσι, οί, αί, τά, twenty, Lu. 14.

31, et al. Εἰκοσιπέντε (είκοσι & πέντε) twen-

y-five, Jno. 6. 19. Vikovitévoapes, (eikovi & tévsaues) (wenty four, Re. 5. 8, 14.

Εἰκοσιτρείς, (εἴκοσι & τρείς) twen ty-three, 1 Co. 10. 8.

Είκω, f. ξω, to yield, give place submit, Gal. 2. 5.

Εἰκών, ονος, ή, a material image, likeness, effigy, Mat. 22. 20. Mar. 12. 16, et al.; a similitude, representation, exact image, 1 Co. 11.7, et al.; resemblance, Ro. 8. 29, et al.

Είλικρίνεια, as, ή, clearness, purity; met. sincerity, integrity, ingenuous ness, 1 Co. 5. 8, et al.: from

Εἰλικρϊνής, έος, ό, ή, (εϊλη sun shine & κρίνω) pr. that which being viewed in the sunshine is found clear and pure; met. spotless, sincere, ingenuous, Phi. 1. 10. 2 Pe. 3. 1.

Eίλίσσω, f. ξω, properly Tonic for έλίσσω, (είλέω, to roll) to roll up, Re 6. 14.

Είμί, imperf. ην & ημην, f. ἔσομαι, imperat. ίσθι, ἔστω & ητω, subj. &, inf. elvas, part. wv, a verb of existence, to be, to exist, Jno. 1. 1; 17.5. Mat. 6.30 Lu. 4. 25, et al. freq.; iori, it is possible, proper, He. 9. 5; a simple copula to the subject and predicate, and therefore in itself affecting the force of the serience only by its tense, mood, for Jno. 1. 1; 15. 1, et al. freq.; it also forms a frequent circumlocution with the participles of the present and perfect of other verbs, Mat. 19. 22. Mar. 2. 6, et al.

Eiμι, to go, come, but generally with a future signification, v. r. Jno. 7.

Είνεκεν, equivalent to ένεκα, on account of, 2 Co. 7. 12, ter.

 $Ei\pi a$, Mat. 26. 25, et al., imperat. είπον οι είπον, ν. r. Ac. 28. 26, see λέγω.

 $\mathbf{E}i\pi\epsilon\rho$, a strengthening of $\epsilon \mathbf{i}$ by the enclitic particle περ, if indeed, if it be so that, Ro. 8. 9. 1 Co. 15. 15; since indeed, since, 2 Thes. 1. 6. 1 Pe. 2. 3: although indeed, 1 Co. 8. 5.

Eίπον, imperat. $\epsilon l \pi \epsilon$, subj. $\epsilon l \pi \omega$, opt. είποιμι, inf. είπειν, part. είπων, see λέγω.

 $Ei\pi\omega s$, (cl & $\pi\omega s$) if by any means. if possibly, Ac. 27. 12, et al.

Εἰρηνεύω, f. εύσω, to be at peace; to cultivate peace, concord, or har

mony, Mar. 9. 50. Ro. 12. 18, et al.:

Εἰρήνη, ης, ὴ, peace, Lu. 14. 32. Ac. 12. 20, et al.; tranquillity, Lu. 11. 21. Jno. 16. 33. 1 Thes. 5. 3; concord, unity, love of peace, Mat. 10. 34. Lu. 12. 51, et al.; meton. the author of peace or concord, Ep. 2. 14; fr. the Heb. felicity, every kind of blessing and good, Lu. 1. 79; 2. 14, 29, et al.; meton. a salutation expressive of good wishes, a benediction, blessing, Mat. 10. 13, et al.: whence

Rlρηνικόs, ή, όν, pertaining to peace; peaceable, disposed to peace and concord, Ja. 3. 17; fr. the Heb. profitable, blissful, He. 12. 11.

Είρηνοποιέω, ω, f. ήσω, (είρήνη & ποιέω) to make peace, restore concord, Col. 1. 20. L. G.

Elρηνοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, a peace-maker, one who cultivates peace and concord, Mat. 5. 9.

Eis. into, Mat. 2. 11, et al.; to, as far as, to the extent of, Mat. 2. 23; 4. 24, et al.; until, Jno. 13. 1, et al.; against, Mat. 18. 15. Lu. 12. 10; be-fore, in the presence of, Ac. 22. 30, et al.; in order to, for, with a view to, Mar. 1. 38, et al.; for the use or service of, Jno. 6. 9. Lu. 9, 13. 1 Co. 16. 1; in accordance with, Mat. 12. 41. Lu. 11. 32. 2 Ti. 2. 26; also equivalent to ev, Jno. 1. 18, et al.; by, in forms of swearing, Mat. 5. 35, et al.; fr. the Heb. elvat, γίνεσθαι eis—, to become, result in, amount to, Mat. 19. 5. 1 Co. 4. 3, et al.; eis τί, why, wherefore, Mat. 26. 8.

Είς, μία, εν, gen. ένός, μιᾶς, ένός, one, Mat. 10. 29, et al. freq.; only, unicus, Mar. 12. 6; one, united so as to be, in a manner, one, Mat. 19. 5, 6. Jno. 10. 30; one and the same, Lu. 12. 52. Ro. 3. 30, et al.; of one and the same standing or value, 1 Co. 3. 8; equivalent to ris, a certain one, Mat. 8. 19; 16. 14, et al.; a, an, Mat. 21. 19. Ja. 4. 13, et al.; els exacros, each one, every one, Lu. 4. 40. Ac. 2. 3, et al.; είς τὸν ενα, one another, 1 Thes. 5. 11; els-kai els, the oneand the other, Mat. 20. 21, et al.; els καθ' είς & οδὲ καθ' είς, one by one, one after another, in succession, Mar. 14. 19. Jno. 8. 9, et al.; fr. the Heb., as an ordinal, first, Mat. 28. 1, et al.

Eirayw, f. $\xi \omega$, (ϵ is & $\tilde{a} \gamma \omega$) to lead

EΙΣ or bring in, introduce, conduct of usher in or to a place or person, Lu. 2. 27; 14. 21; 22. 54, et al. (ă)

Είσακούω, f. ούσομαι, (είς & ἀκούω) to hear or nearken to, i. ε. obey, 1 Co. 14. 21; to listen to the prayers of any one, accept one's petition, Mat. 6. 7. Lu. 1. 13. Ac. 10. 31. He. 5. 7.

Είσδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, (είς & δέχομαι) to admit; to receive into favour, receive kindly, accept with favour, 2 Co. 6. 17.

Είσειμι, (είς & είμι) imperf. είσήειν, to go in, enter, Ac. 3. 3; 21. 18, 26. He. 9. 6.

Είσερχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. εισήλθον, (είς & έρχομαι) to go or come in, enter, Mat. 7. 13; 8. 5, 8, et al.; spc. to enter by force, break in, Mar. 3. 27. Ac. 20. 29; met. with eis κόσμον, to begin to exist, come into existence, Ro. 5. 12. 2 Jno. 7; or, to make one's appearance on earth, He. 10.5; to enter into or take possession of, Lu. 22. 3. Jno. 13. 27; to enter into, enjoy, partake of, Mat. 19. 23, 24, et al.; to enter into any one's labour, be his successor, Jno. 4. 38; to fall into, be placed in certain circumstances, Mat. 26. 41, et al.; to be put into, Mat. 15. 11. Ac. 11. 8; to present one's self before, Ac. 19. 30; met. to arise, spring up, Lu. 9. 46; fr. the Heb. εἰσέρχεσθαι καὶ έξέρχεσθαι, to go in and out, to live, discharge the ordinary functions of life, versari, Ac. 1. 21.

Εἰσκαλέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. έσω, & mid. εἰσκαλέομαι, οῦμαι, (εἰς & καλέω) to call in; to invite in, Ac. 10. 23.

Eίσοδος, ου, ή, (είς & öδος) a place of entrance; the act of bringing in or introducing; admission, reception, 1 Thes. 1. 9. He. 10. 19. 2 Pe. 1. 11; a coming, approach, access, 1 Thes. 2. 1; entrance upon office, commencement of official duties, Ac 13. 24.

Eἰσπηδάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, (εἰς & πηδάω, to leap) to leap or spring in, rush in eagerly, Ac. 14. 14; 16. 29

Είσπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (είς & πορεύομαι) to go or come in, enter, Mar. 1. 21; 5. 40, et al.; to come to, visit, Ac. 28. 30; to be put in, Mat 15. 17. Mar. 7, 15, 18, 19; to inter

vene, Mar. 4. 19; fr. the Heb. ciσπορεύεσθαι καὶ ἐκπορεύεσθαι, equivalent to εἰσέρχεσθαι καὶ ἐξέρχεσθαι, above, Ac. 9. 28.

Είστρέχω, a. 2. είσέδραμον, (είς & τρέχω) to run in, Ac. 12. 14.

Εἰσφέρω, f. οίσω, a. 1. ἡνεγκα, a. 2. ἡνεγκον, (εἰς & φέρω) to bring in, to, or into, Lu. 5. 18, 19. 1 Ti. 6. 7. He. 13. 11; to bring to the ears of any one, to amnounce, Ac. 17. 20; to lead into, Mat. 6. 13. Lu. 11. 4.

Etra, adv. then, afterwards, thereupon, Mar. 4. 17, 28. Lu. 8. 12, et al.; in the next place, 1 Co. 12. 28; besides, He. 12. 9.

Eἴωθα, 2. p. from an old pr. ἔθω with a present signification, plup. είωθειν, part. είωθώς, to be accustomed, to be usual, Mat. 27. 15, et al.

Ex, before a consonant, & before a cowel, prep. from, out of, a place, Mat. 2.15; 3.17; of, from, out of, denoting origin or source, Mat. 1.3; 21.19; of, from some material, Mat. 3.9. Ro. 9.21; of, from, among, partitively, Mat. 6.27; 21. 31; Mar. 9.17; from, denoting cause, Re. 8. 11; 17. 6; means or instrument, Mat. 12. 23, 37; by, through, denoting the author or efficient cause, Mat. 1. 18. Jno. 10. 32; of, denoting the distinguishing mark of a class, Ro. 2. 8. Gal. 3. 7, et al.; of time, after, 2 Co. 4. 6. Re. 17. 11; from, after, since, Mat. 19. 12. Lu. 8. 27; for, with, denoting a rate of payment, price, Mat. 20. 2; 27. 7; at, denoting position, Mat. 20. 21, 23; after passive verbs, by, of, from, marking the agent, Mat. 15. 5. Mar. 7. 11; forming with certain vervls a periphrasis for an adverb, Mat. 26. 42, 44. Mar. 6. 51. Lu. 23. 8; put after verbs of freeing, Ro. 7. 24. 2 Co. 10; used partitively after verbs of eating, drinking, &c. Jno. 6. 26. 1 Co. 9. 7.

Eκαστος, η, ον, each one, every one separately, Mat. 16. 27. Lu. 13. 15, et al.: whence

Έκαστοτε, adv. always, 2 Pe. 1. 15.

Έκἄτόν, οί, αί, τά, one hundred, Mat. 13. 8. Mar. 4. 8, et al.

Εκατουταετής, έος, ό, ή, (έκατόν & έτος) a hundred years old, Ro. 4. 19. Έκατον εαπλασίων, ονος, ό, ή, a

hundredfold, centuple, Mat. 19, 28, et al.

Έκατοντάρχης, ου, δ, and

Έκατόνταρχος, ου, ό, (έκατόν & άρχος) commander of 100 men, a centurion, Mat. 8. 5, 8, 13. Lu. 7. 2, 6, et al.

Eκβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. ἐξέβαλου. (ἐκ & βάλλω) to cast out, eject by force, Mat. 15. 17. Ac. 27. 38; to expel, force away, Lu. 4. 29. Ac. 7. 58; to refuse, Jno. 6. 37; to extract, Mat. 7. 4; to reject with contempt, despise, contemn, Lu. 6. 22; in N. T., to send forth, send out, Mat. 9. 38. Lu. 10. 2; to send away, dismiss, Mat. 9. 25. Mar. 1. 12; met. to spread abroad, Mat. 12. 20; to bring out, produce, Mat. 12. 35; 13. 52, et al.

Έκβἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) way out, egress; hence, result, issue, He. 13.7; means of clearance or successful endurance, 1 Co. 10. 13.

'Εκβολή, η̂s, η̂, (εκβάλλω) a casting out; especially, a throwing overboard of a cargo, Ac. 27. 18.

Έκγαμίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐκ & γαμίζω) to give in marriage, Mrt. 22. 30; 24. 38 Lu. 17. 27. v. r. 1 Co. 7. 38. L. G.

Έκγαμίσκω, (ἐκ & γαμίσκω) i. q. ἐκγαμίζω, Lu. 20. 34, 35. L. G.

Eκγονος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐκγίνομαι, to be born) born of, descended from ἔκγονα, descendants, grandchildren 1 Tl. 5. 4.

Έκδαπανάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\dot{\epsilon}\kappa$ & δαπανάω) to expend, consume, exhaust,
2 Co. 12. 15. L. G.

Εκδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, (έκ & δέχομαι) pr. to receive from another; to expect, look for, Ac. 17. 16, et al.; to wait for, to wait, 1 Co. 11. 33. 1 Pe. 3. 20, et al.

"Εκδηλος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐκ & δῆλος) clearly manifest, evident, 2 Ti. 3. 9.

'Eκδημέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (ἐκ & δῆμος)
pr. to be absent from home, go abroad, travel; hence, to be absent from any place or person, 2 Co. 5. 6, 8, 9.

'Eκδίδωμι, f. ἐκδώσω, a. 2. mid ἐξεδόμην, (ἐκ & δίδωμι) to give out, to give up; to put out at interest; in N. T., to let out to tenants, Mat. 21 33, 41, et al.

Εκδιηγέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἐκ & διηγέομαι) to narrate fully, detail, Ac. 13. 14; 15. 3. L. G.

Eκδικέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἐκ & δίκη) pr. to execute right and justice; to punish, 2 Co. 10.6; in N. T., to right, avenge a person, Lu. 18.3, 5, et al.: (L. G.) whence

Eκδίκησις, εως, η, satisfaction; vengeance, punishment, retributive justice, Lu. 21. 22. Ro. 12. 19, et al.; εδιάτησιν ποῖειν, to vindicate, avenge, Lu. 18. 7, 8, et al.; διδόναι εκδ. to inflict vengeance, 2 Thes. 1. 8.

Eκδίκος, ου, ό, ή, maintaining right; an avenger, one who inflicts punishment, Ro. 13. 4. 1 Thes. 4. 6.

Eκδιώκω, f. ώξω, (ἐκ & διώκω) pr. to chase away, drive out; in N. T., to persecute, vex, harass, Lu. 11. 49. 1 Thes. 2. 15.

Εκδοτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐκδίδωμι) de-

livered up, Ac. 2. 23.

*Εκδοχή, η̂ς, η̂, (ἐκδέχομαι) in N. T., a looking for, expectation, He. 10. 27. Εκδύω, ν. δύνω, f. ύσω, (ἐκ & δύνω) pr. to go out from; to take off, strip, unclothe, Mat. 27. 31; 27. 28.

strip, unclothe, Mat. 27. 31; 27. 28, et al.; mid. to lay aside, to put off, 2 Co. 5. 4. (τω, τω, τω) Εκεί, adv. there, in that place, Mat.

2. 13, 15, et al.; thither, Mat. 2. 22; 17. 20, et al.: whence

Eκείθεν, adv. from there, thence, Mat. 4.21; 5.26, et al.

Eκείνος, η, ο, (έκεί) a demonstrative pronoun, used with reference to a thing previously mentioned or implied, or already familiar; that, this, he, &c., Mat. 17. 27; 10. 14. 2 Ti. 4. 8, et al. in contrast with obroc, referring to the former of two things previously mentioned, Lu. 18. 14, et al.

Excive, adv. thither, there, Ac. 21. 3; 22. 5.

'Εκζητέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & ζητέω) to seek out, investigate diligently, scrutinise, I Pe. 1.0; to ask for, be seech earnestly, He. 12.17; to seek diligently or earnestly after, Ac. 15. 17. Ro. 3. 11. He. 11. 6; fr. the Heb. to require, exact, demand, Lu. 11. 50, 51. L. G.

Εκθαμβέομαι, οῦμαι, to be amazed,

astonished, awe-struck, Mar. 9. 15 14. 33; 16. 5, 6: from

"Εκθαμβος, ου, δ, ή, (εκ & θάμβος)
amazed, awe-struck, Ac. 3. 11. L. G

^{*}Εκθετος, ου, ό, ή, τό, ον, (ἐκτίθημι) exposed, cast out, abandoned, Ac. 7. 19.

'Εκκαθαίρω, f. αρῶ, a. 1. ηρα, &. later, āρα, (ἐκ & καθαίρω) to cleams thoroughly, purify, 2 Ti. 2. 21; to purge out, eliminate, 1 Co. 5. 7.

Έκκαίομαι, a. 1. pass. εξεκαύθην, (ἐκκαίω, to kindle up, ἐκ & καίω) to blaze out; to be inflamed, Ro. 1. 27.

²Εκκακέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & κακός) to lose spirits, to be faint-hearted, despond, Ep. 3. 13; to faint, to flag, be remiss, indolent, slothful, Lu. 18. 1. Gal. 6. 9. 2 Co. 4. 1, 16. 2 Thes. 3. 13. L. G.

Έκκεντέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & κεντέω) to stab, pierce deeply, transfix, Jno. 19. 37. Re. 1. 7. L. G.

'Εκκλάω, f. άσω, a. 1. pass. έξεκλάσθην, (ἐκ & κλάω) to break off, Ro. 11.17, 19, 20.

Eκκλείω, f. είσω, (ἐκ & κλείω) to shut out, exclude; to shut off, separate, insulate, Gal. 4. 17; to leave no place for, eliminate, Ro. 3. 27.

'Eκκλησία, ας, ή, (εκκλέω, to summon forth) a popular assembly, Ac. 19, 32, 39, 41; in N. T., the congregation of the children of Israel, Ac. 7, 38; transferred to the Christian body, of which the congregation of Israel was a figure, the church, 1 Co. 12, 28, Col. 1, 18, et al.; a local portion of the church, a local church, Ro 16, 1, et al.; a Christian congregation, 1 Co. 14, 4, et al.

Eκκλίνω, f. ινῶ, (ἐκ & κλίνω) to deflect, deviate, Ro. 3. 12; to decline or turn away from, avoid, Ro. 16. 17 1 Pe. 3. 11.

'Εκκολυμβάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & κολυμβάω) to swim out to land, Ac. 27. 42.

'Εκκομίζω, f. ίσω, (έκ & κομίζω) to carry, bring out; especially, to carry out a corpse for burial, Lu 7.12.

*Eκκόπτω, f. ψω, (ἐκ & κόπτω) to cut out; to cut off, Mat. 3. 10; 5. 30, et al.; met. to cut off occasion, remove, prevent, 2 Co. 11, 12; to render ineffectual, 1 Pe. 3. 7.

Εκκρέμαμαι, (έκ & κρέμαμαι) to hang upon a speaker, fondly listen to, be carnestly attentive, Lu. 19.48. Έκλαλέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, (έκ & λαλέω) to speak out; to tell, utter, divulge, Ac. 23.25

²Εκλάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐκ & λάμπω) to shine out or forth, be resplendent, Mat. 13. 43.

²Εκλανθάνω, (ἐκ & λανθάνω) to make to forget quite; mid. ἐκλανθάνομαι, p. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget entirely, He. 12. 5.

Exhéres, f. ξω, to pick out; in N. T., mid. ἐκλέγομαι, a. l. ἐξελεξιάμην, to choose, select, Lu. 6. 13; 10. 42, et al.; in N. T., to choose out as the recipients of special favour and privilege, Ac. 13. 17. 1 Co. 1. 27, et al.

Eκλείπω, f. ψ ω, (ἐκ & λείπω) intrans., to fall, Lu. 22. 32; to come to an end, He. 1. 12; to be defunct, die, Lu. 16. 9.

Eκλεκτός, ή, όν, (ἐκλέγομαι) chosen out, selected; in N. T., chosen as a recipient of special privilege, elect, Col. 3. 12, et al.; specially beloved, Lu. 22. 35; possessed of prime excellence, exalted, I Ti. 5. 21; choice, precious, 1 Pe. 2. 4, 6.

Fixλογή, ης, η, (same) the act of choosing out, election; in N. T., election to privilege by divine grace, Ro. 11. 5, et al.; η inλλογή, the aggregate of those who are chosen, the elect, Ro. 11. 7; inλλογής, equivalent to inλεκτόν, by Hebruism, Ac. 9. 15.

Έκλύομαι, (ἐκλύω, to loosen, debilitate, ἐκ & λύω) to be weary, exhausted, faint, Mat. 9. 36; 15. 32. Mar. 8. 3. Gal. 6. 9; to faint, despond, He. 12. 3, 5.

²Εκμάσσω, f. ξω, (εκ & μάσσω) to wipe off; to wipe dry, Lu. 7. 38, 44. Jno. 11. 2; 12. 3; 13. 5.

Εκμυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐκ & μυκτηρίζω, fr. μυκτήρ, the nose) to mock, deride, scoff at, Lu. 16. 14; 23. 35.

Eκνέω, f. ἐκνεύσομαι, a. 1. ἐξέreusa, pr. to swim out, to escape by swimming; hence, generally, to escape, get clear of a place, Jno. 5. 18; though ἐκντύσας, in this place, may be referred to ἐκνεύω, to deviato withdraw.

Eκνήφω, f. ψω, (ἐκ & νήφω) pr. to awake sober after intoxication; mct. to shake off mental bewilderment, to return to a right mode of thinking, feeling, acting, &c. 1 Co. 15. 34.

Eκούσιος, a, ον, & ου, δ, ή, (ἐκών) voluntary, spontaneous, Phile. 14. whence

Έκουσίως, adv. voluntarily, spontaneously, He. 10. 26. 1 Pe. 5. 2.

Έκπἄλαι, αdv. (ἐκ & πάλαι) of old, long since, 2 Pe. 2. 3; 3. 5. L. G.

Έκπειράζω, f. άσω, (ἐκ & πειράζω) to tempt, put to the proof, Mat. 4. 7. Lu. 4. 12. 1 Co. 10. 9; to try, sound, Lu. 10. 25. L. G.

Έκπέμπω, f. ψω, (ἐκ & πέμπω) to send out, or away, Ac. 13. 4; 17. 10.

Εκπερισσώς, adv. (strengthened fr. περισσώς) exceedingly, vehemently, v. r. Mar. 14. 31.

Έκπετάννυμ, f. άσω (έκ & πετάννυμι) to stretch forth, expand, extend, Ro. 10. 21. (ă)

Έκπηδάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & πηδάω, to leap, spring) to leap forth, rush out, v. r. Ac. 14. 14.

Εκπίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, p. πέπτωκα, a. l. εξέπεσα, a. 2. εξέπεσον, to fall off or from, Mar. 13. 25. Ac. 12. 7; 27. 32, et al.; met. to fall from, forfeit, lose, Gal. 5. 4. 2 Pe. 3. 17. Re. 2. 5; to be cast ashore, Ac. 27. 17, 26, 29; to fall to the ground, be fruitless, ineffectual, Ro. 9. 6; to cease, come to an end, 1 Co. 13. 8.

Έκπλέω, f. εύσομαι, a. l. έξεπλευσα, (ἐκ & πλέω) to sail out or from a place, Ac. 15. 39; 18. 18; 20. 6.

Έκπληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἐκ & πληρόω) to fill out, complete, fill up; met. to fulfil, perform, accomplish, Ac. 13. 32: whence

Έκπλήρωσις, εως, ή, pr. a filling up, completion; hence, a fulfilling, accomplishment, Ac. 21. 26. L. G.

Έκπλήσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 2 pass. ἐξεπλάγην, (ἐκ & πλήσσω) pr. to strike out of; hence, to strike out of one's wits, to astound, amaze; pass. Mat. 7, 28; 13. 54, et al.

Έκπνέω, ῶ, f. ευσω & εύσομαι, (ἐκ & πνέω) to breathe out; to expire, die, Mar. 15. 37, 39. Lu. 23. 46.

Εκπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (ἐκ & πορεύομαι) to go from or out of a place, depart from, Mar. 11. 19; 13. 1, et al.; to be voided, Mar. 7. 19; to be cast out, Mat. 17. 21; to proceed from, be spoken, Mat. 4. 4; 15. 11, et al.; to burst forth, Re. 4. 5; to be spread abroad, Lu. 4. 37; to flow out, Re. 22. 1; fr. the Heb. ἐκπορ. καὶ είσπορ. see εἰσέρχομαι, Ac. 9. 28.

Εκπορνεύω, f, εύσω, (ἐκ & πορνεύω) to be given to fornication, Jude 7. L. G.

Έκπτύω, f. ύσω & ύσομαι (ἐκ & πτύω) to spit out; met. to reject, Gal. 4. 14. (ὕ)

*Εκριζόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἐκ & ρίζόω) to root up, eradicate, Mat. 13. 29; 15. 13. Lu. 17. 6. Jude 12. L. G.

Eκστάσις, εως, η, (έξίστημι) pr. a displacement; hence, a displacement of the mind from its ordinary state and self-possession; amazement, astonishment, Mar. 5. 42; excess of fear; fear, terror, Mar. 16. 8. Lu. 5. 26. Ac. 3. 10; in N. T., an ecstasy, a trance, Ac. 10. 10; 11. 5; 22. 17.

Εκστρέφω, f. ψω, p. pass. ἐξέσσραμμαι, (ἐκ & στρέφω) pr. to turn othing entirely; in N. T., pass. to be perverted, Tit. 3. 11.

Eκταράσσω, f. ξω, (ἐκ & ταράσσω) to disturb, disquiet, throw into confusion, Ac. 16. 20.

Eκτείνω, f. τενῶ, (ἐκ & τείνω) to stretch out, Mat. 8. 3; 12. 13, et al. to lay hands on any one, Lu. 22. 53; to exert power and energy, Ac. 4. 30; to cast out, let down an anchor, Ac. 27. 30.

Eκτελέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (ἐκ & τελέω) to bring quite to an end, to finish, complete, Lu. 14. 29, 30.

Εκτένεια, ας, ή, (ἐκτενής) pr. extension; in N. T., intenseness, intentness; ἐν ἐκτενεία, intently, assiduously, Ac. 26. 7. L. G.

Εκτενέστερον, adv. very earnestly, Lu. 22. 44; pr. neut. comp. of

² Εκτενής, έος, ό, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ἐκτείνω, pr. extended; met. intense, earnest, fervent, Ac. 12.5. 1 Pe. 4.8: whence

'Eκτενως, adv. intensely, fervently, earnestly, 1 Pe. 1. 22.

²Eκτίθημι, f. ἐκθήσω, (ἐκ & τίθημι) pr. to place outside, put forth; to expose an infant, Ac. 7. 21; mat. to set forth, declare, explain, Ac. 11. 4; 18. 26; 28. 23.

'Εκτινάσσω, f. ξω, (ἐκ & τινάσσω, to shake) to shake out, shake off, Mat. 10. 14. Mar. 6. 11, et al.

⁷Εκτος, η, ον, ($\tilde{\epsilon}\xi$) sixth, Mat. 20. 5; 27. 45, et al.

Έκτός, adv. $(\hat{\epsilon}\kappa)$ without, on the outside; τὸ ἐκτός, the exterior, outside, Mat. 23. 26: met. be sides, Ac. 26. 22. 1 Co. 15. 27; ἐκτὸ, εἰ μή, unless, except, 1 Co. 14. 5, et al.

Έκτρέπω, f. Ψω, a. 2. pass. έξετραπην, (ἐκ & τρέπω) to turn out or aside, He. 12.13;mid. to turn away or aside, swerve, 1 'li. 1. 6; 5. 15. 2 Ti. 4. 4; to turn from, avoid, 1 Ti. 6. 20.

² Εκτρέφω, f. ἐκθρέψω, (ἐκ & τρέφω) to nourish, promote health and strength, Ep. 5. 29; to bring up, educate, Ep. 6. 4.

Έκτρωμα, ατος, τύ, (ἐκτιτρώσκω, to cause abortion) an abortion, fœtus prematurely born, 1 Co. 15. 8.

Έκφέρω, f. ἐξοίσω, a. 1. ἐξήνεγκα, a. 2. ἐξήνεγκον, (ἐκ & φέρω) to bring forth, carry out, Lu. 15. 22. Ac. 5. 15. 1 Ti. 6. 7; to carry out for burial, Ac. 5. 6, 9, 10; to produce, yield, He. 6. 8.

Έκφεύγω, f. ξομαι, a. 2. ἐξέφυγον, p. ἐκπέφειγα, (ἐκ & φεύγω) intrans., to flee out, to make an escape, Ac. 16. 27; 19. 16; trans., to escape, avoid, Lu. 21. 36. Ro. 2. 3, et al.

Έκφοβέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & φοβέω) to terrify, 2 Co. 10. 9.

Έκφοβος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐκ & φόβος) affrighted, Mar. 9. 6. He. 12. 21.

'Εκφύω, f. ύσω, (ἐκ & φύω) to generate; to put forth, shoot, Mat. 24. 32. Mar. 13. 28. (ἔ, ἔσ—)

Έκχεω, f. εκχεω, or εκχεω, a. 1. εξε· χεα, p. εκκεχύκα, pass. p. εκκεχύκας a. 1 ἐξεχύθην, to pour out, Re. 16. 1, 2, 3 et al.; to shed blood, Mat. 26. 28. Mar. 14. 24, et al.; pass. to gush out, Ac. 1. 18; to spill, scatter, Mat. 9. 17. Jno. 2. 15; met. to give largely, bestow liberally, Ac. 2. 17, 18, 33; 10. 45, et al.; pass. to rush headlong into any thing, be abandoned to, Jude 11.

Έκχύνω, a later form equivalent to εκχέω. Mat. 23. 35, et al.

Εκχωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐκ & χωρέω) to go out, depart from, flee, Lu. 21. 21.

Έκψύχω, f. ξω, to expire, give up the glost, Ac. 5. 5, 10; 12. 23. (v) Έκων, οῦσα, όν, willing, voluntary, Ro. 8. 20. 1 Co. 9. 17.

Eλαία, as, ή, an olive tree, Mat. 21.1; 24.3, et al.; an olive, fruit of the olive tree, Ja. 3.12: whence

"Ελαιον, ου, τό, olive oil, oil, Mat. 25. 3, 4, 8. Mar. 6. 13, et al.

Eλαιών, ῶνος, ὁ, an olive garden; in N. T., the mount Olivet, Ac. 1. 12.

'Ελάσσων, ν. ττων, ονος, δ, ή, τδ, -ον, (comp. of the old word ἐλαχός). less: less in age, younger, Ro. 9. 12; less in dignity, inferior, He. 7. 7; less in quality, inferior, worse, Jno. 2. 10: whence

Eλαττον, adv. (pr. neut. of preced.) less, 1 Ti. 5. 9.

Έλαττονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἠλαττόνησα, trans. to make less; intrans. to be less, inferior; to have too little, want, lack, 2 Co. 8. 15. L. G.

Έλαττόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. pass. ἢλαττωμα, to make less or inferior, He. 2.7; pass to be made less or inferior, He. 2. 9; to decline in importance, Jno. 3. 30.

'Ελαύνω, f. ἐλάσω, p. ἐλήλακα, to drive, urge forward, spur on, Lu. 8. 29. Ja. 3. 4. 2 Pc. 2. 17; to impel a vessel by oars, to row, Mar. 6. 48. Jno. 6. 19.

'Ελαφρία, ας, ή, lightness in weight; hence, lightness of mind, thoughtlessness, levity, 2 Co. 1. 17: (L. G.) from

Έλαφρός, ά, όν, light, not heavy, Mat. 11. 30. 2 Co. 4. 17.

Eλάχιστος, η, ον, (sup. of μικρός, fr. ἐλαχύς) smallest, least, Mat. 2. 6; 5. 19, et al.

Eλαχιστότερος, a, ον, (comp. of preced.) far less, far inferior, Ep. 3.8. L. G.

Ελεγμός, οῦ, ὁ, v. r. 2 Ti. 3. 16, a later equivalent to ἔλεγχος.

Eλεγξις, εως, ή, (a later form for ελεγχος) reproof, confutation, 2 Pe. 2. 16.

Έλεγχος, ου, δ, (ἐλέγχω) pr. a trial in order to proof, a proof; meton. a certain persuasion, He. 11. 1; reproof, refutation, 2 Ti. 3. 16; from

Έλέγχω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἥλεγξα, a. 1. pass. ἡλέγχθη, to convict. Jno. 8. 9, 46; to refute, confute, 1 Co. 14. 24. Tit. 1. 9; to detect, lay bare, expose, Jno. 3. 20. Ep. 5. 11, 13; to put to shame; to reprove, reprehend, rebuke, Mat. 18. 15. Lu. 3. 19. 1 Ti. 5. 20; to discipline, correct by chastisement, chastise, He. 12. 5. Re. 3. 19.

Eλεεινός, ή, όν, (ξλεος) pitiable, wretched, miserable, 1 Co. 15. 19. Re. 3. 17.

Eλεέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ἢλέησα, p. pass. ἡλέημαι, a. 1. pass. ἡλέημαι, (fr. same) to pity, commiserate, have compassion on; pass. to receive pity, experience compassion, Mat. 5. 7; 9. 27; 15. 22, et al.; to be gracious to any one, show gracious favour and saving mercy towards; pass. to be an object of gracious favour and saving mercy, Ro. 9. 15, 16, 18; 11. 30, 31, 32, et al.; spc. to obtain pardon and forgiveness, 1 Ti. 1. 13, 16.

Eλεημοσύνη, ης, ή, pity, compassion; in N.T., alms, almsgiving, Mat. 6. 2, 3, 4. Lu. 11. 41, et al.: from

Eλεήμων, ονος, δ, ή, (έλεεω) merciful, pitiful, compassionate, Mat. 5.7. He. 2.17.

Eλεοs, ου, ό, & in N. T. έους, τό, pity, mercy, compassion, Mat. 9. 13; 12. 7. Lu. 1. 50, 78, et al.; meton. benefit which results from compassion, kindness, mercies, blessings, Lu. 154, 58, 72; 10. 37. Ro. 9. 23, et al.

Έλευθερία, ας, ή, liberty, freedom, 1 Co. 10. 29. Gal. 2. 4, et al.: from

Eλεύθερος, a, $o\nu$, free, in a state of freedom as opposed to slavery, 1 Co. 12.13. Gal. 3.28, et al.; free, exempt, Mat. 17.26. 1 Co. 7.39, et al.; unre-

stricted, unfettered, 1 Co. 9.1; free from the dominion of sin, &c. Jno. 8. 36. Ro. 6. 20; free in the possession of Gospel privileges, 1 Pe. 2. 16: whence

'Ελευθερόω, ῶ, ſ. ώσω, to free, set free, Jno. 32. 36. Ro. 6. 18, 22, et al. Έλευσις, εως, ή, (obs. έλεύ θ ω) ${f a}$

coming, advent, Ac. 7. 52. L. G. Έλεφάντίνος, η, ον, (ελέφας, ivory) ivory, made of ivory, Re. 18. 12.

Έλίσσω, f. ξω, to roll, fold up, as garments, He. 1. 12.

Έλκος, εος, τό, pr. a wound; hence, an ulcer, sore, Lu. 16. 21. Re. 16. 2, 11: whence

Έλκόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to ulcerate, exulcerate; pass. to be afflicted with ulcers, Lu. 16. 20.

Έλκω, & L.G. έλκύω, imp. εί λκον, f. ύσω, a. l. εϊλκύσα, to draw, drag, Jno. 21.6, 11. Ac. 16. 19; 21. 30. Ja. 2. 6; to draw a sword, unsheath, Jno. 18. 10; met. to draw mentally and morally, Jno. 6. 44; 12. 32.

Eλλάς, άδος, ή, Hellas, Greece; in N. T., the southern portion of Greece as distinguished from Macedonia, Ac.

Έλλην, ηνος, δ, a Greek, Ac. 18. 17. Ro. 1. 14; one not a Jew, a gentile, Ac. 14. 1; 16. 1, 3, et al.

Έλληνικός, ή, όν, Greek, Grecian, Lu. 23. 28. Re. 9. 11.

Έλληνίς, ίδος, ή, a female Greek, Mar. 7. 26. Ac. 17. 12.

Έλληνιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐλληνίζω, to imitate the Greeks) pr. one who uses the language and follows the customs of the Greeks; in N. T., a Jew by blood but a native of a Greekspeaking country, Ac. 6. 1; 9. 29.

Ελληνιστί, adv., in the Greek language, Jno. 19. 20. Ac. 21. 37.

'Ελλογέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐν & λόγος) to enter in an account, to put to one's account, Phile. 18; in N. T., to impute, Ro. 5. 13.

Έλπίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, p. ἦλπικα, a. l. ἦλπισα, to hope, expect, Lu. 23. 8; 24. 21, et al.; to repose hope and confidence in, trust, confide, Mat. 12. 21. Jno. 5. 45, et al.: from

Eλπίς, ίδος ή, pr. expectation; 'Euós, ή, όν, possessive adj. of the

hope, Ac. 24. 15. Ro. 5. 4, et al.; ne ton, the object of hope, thing hoped for, Ro. 8. 24. Gal. 5. 5, et al.; the author or source of hope, Col. 1. 27. 1 Tl. 1, et al.; trust, confidence,
 1 Pe. 1. 21; ἐπ' ἐλπίδι, in security,
 with a guarantee, Ac. 2. 26. Ro. 8. 20.

'Eλωί, (Aram. אלהו') my God, Mar 15. 34.

Εμαυτού, ηs, ού, reflexive pron. (ἐμοῦ & ἀὐτοῦ) myself, mei ipsius, Lu. 7. 7. Jno. 5. 31, et al.

'Εμβαίνω, f. ἐμβήσομαι, a. 2. ἐνέβην, (ἐν & βαίνω) to step in; to go on board a ship, embark, Mat. 8. 23; 9. 1; 13. 2, et al.

Έμβάλλω, 1. βαλώ, a. 2. ἐνέβαλο, (ểν & βάλλω) to cast into. Lu. 12. 5.

'Εμβάπτω, f. ψω, (ἐν & βάπτω) to dip in, Mat. 26. 23. Jno. 13. 26; mid. εμβάπτομαι, to dip for food in a dish. Mar. 14, 20,

Έμβατεύω, f. εύσω, (έν & βαίνω) pr. to step into or upon; met. to search into, investigate; to pry into intrusively, Col. 2. 18.

Έμβιβάζω, f. άσω, (ἐν & βιβάζω) to cause to step into or upon; to set in or upon; especially, to put on board, Ac. 27. 6.

Έμβλέπω, ε. ψω, (ἐν & βλέπω) to look attentively, gaze earnestly at an object, followed by eis, Mar. 6.26. Ac. 1. 11; to direct a glance, to look searchingly or significantly, at a person, followed by the dat., Mar. 10. 21; 14. 67. Lu. 22. 61, et al.; absol. to see clearly, Mar. 8. 25. Ac. 22, 11.

'Εμβριμάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἐν & βριμάομαι, to snort) to be greatly fretted or agitated, Jno. 11. 33; to charge or forbid sternly or vehe-mently, Mat. 9. 30. Mar. 1. 43; to express indignation, to censure, Mar. 14. 5.

Έμεω, ω, f. έσω, to vomit, Re. 8. 16. 'Εμμαίνομαι, f. ανοῦμαι, (ἐν & μαίνομαι) to be mad against, be furious towards, Ac. 26. 11. L. G.

Έμμένω, f. ενῶ, (ἐν & μένω) pr. to remain in a place; met. to abide by, to continue firm in, persevere in, Ac. 14. 22. Gal. 3. 10. He. 8. 9.

61

Eμπαιγμονή, η̂s, ή, (ἐμπαίζω) mocking, scoffing, derision, v. r. 2 Pe. 3.3. N. T.

Έμπαιγμός, οῦ, ὁ, mocking, scoffing, scorn, He. 11. 36: (L. G.) from Εμπαίζω, f. αίξω, (ἐν & παίζω) to play upon, deride, mock, treat with scorn and contumely, Mat. 20. 19: 27. 29, et al.; by impl. to illude, delude, deceive, Mat. 2. 16: whence Εμπαίκτης, ου, ὁ, a mocker, derider, scoffer, 2 Pe. 3. 3. Jude 18.

L. G. Eumerimatéw, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\hat{\epsilon}\nu$ & expressív) as to walk about in a

πεοιπατέω) pr. to walk about in a place; met. in N. T., to live among, be conversant with, 2 Co. 6. 16. Εμπίπλημι, & ἐμπιπλάω, ω, f. ἐμπλόςου, a. 1. pass. ἐνεπλήσθην, (ἐν & πίπλημι) to fill. Ac. 14. 17: pass. to

έμπλήσω, 3. 1. pass. ἐνεπλήσθην, (ἐν & πέμπλημι) to fill, Ac. 14. 17; pass. to be satisfied, satisfied, full, Lu. 1. 53; 6, 25. Jno. 6. 12; met. to have full enjoyment of, Ro. 15. 24.

Εμπίπρημι, f. πρήσω, to set on fire, to burn, Mat. 22. 7.

Eμπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. ἐνέπεσον, (ἐν & πίπτω) to fall into, Mat. 12. 11. Lu. 14. 5; to encounter, Lu. 10. 36; to be involved in, 1 Ti. 3. 6, 7; 6. 9; εἰς χεῖρας, to fall under the chastisement of, He. 10. 31.

Eμπλέκω, f. ξω, (ἐν & πλέκω) pr. to intertwine; met. to implicate, entangle, involve; pass. to be implicated, involved, or to entangle one's self in, 2 Tl. 2. 4. 2 Pe. 2. 20.

Eμπλοκή, ῆς, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) braiding or plaiting of hair, 1 Pe. 3. 3. L. G.

Eμπνέω, f. εύσω, (ἐν & πνέω) to breathe into or upon; to respire, breathe; met. to breathe of, be animated with the spirit of, Ac. 9. 1.

Έμπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (ἐν & πορεύομαι) to travel; to travel for trained, Ja. 4.13; by impl. to make a gain of, deceive for one's own advantage, 2 Pe. 2. 3: whence

Έμπορία, as, ή, traffic, trade, Mat. 22. 5.

Eμπόριον, a mart, market-place, emportum; meton. traffic, Jno. 2. 16.

Eμπορος, ου, δ, pr. a passenger by sea; a traveller; one who travels about for traffic, a merchant, Mat 13. 45. Re. 18. 3, 11, 15, 23.

"Eμπροσθέν, adv., used also as a prep., before, in front of, Lu. 19. 4. Phi. 3. 14; before, in the presence of, in the face of, Mat. 5. 24; 23. 14; before, previous to, Jno. 1. 15, 27, 30; fr. the Heb. in the sight or estimation of, Mat. 11. 26; 18. 14, et al.

Έμπτύω, f. ύσω, (ἐν & πτύω) to spit upon, Mat. 26. 67; 27. 30, et al.; (ὑω, ὑσω) L. G.

Eμφάτης, εος, ους, δ, η, τό, -ες, (ἐν & φαίνω) apparent, conspicuous, obvious to the sight, Ac. 10. 40; met. manifest, known, comprehended, Ro. 10. 20: whence

Eμφανίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐνεφάνισα, to cause to appear clearly; to communicate, report, Ac. 23. 15, 22; to lay an information, Ac. 24. 1; 25. 2, 15; to manifest, intimate plainly, He. 11. 14; to reveal, make known, Jno. 14. 21, 22; pass. to appear, be visible, Mat. 27. 53; to present one's self, He. 9. 24.

*Εμφοβος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐν & φόβος) terrible; in N. T., terrified, affrighted, Lu. 24. 5, 37. Ac. 10. 4; 22. 9, et al. Εμφυσάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐν & φυσάω, to breathe) to blow or breathe

σάω, to breathe) to blow or breathe into, inflate; in N. T., to breathe upon, Jno. 20. 22.

"Εμφύτος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἐν & φύω) implanted, ingrafted, infixed, Ja. 1.21.

Ev. prep. pr. referring to place, in, Mat. 8. 6. Mar. 12. 26. Re. 6. 6, et al. freq.; upon, Lu. 8. 32, et al.; among, Mat. 11. 11, et al.; before, in the presence of, Mar. 8. 38, et al.; in the sight, estimation of, 1 Co. 14. 11, et al.; before, judicially, 1 Cc. 6. 2; in, of state, occupation, hadet, Mat. 21. 22. Lu. 7. 25. Ro. 4. 10, et al.; in the case of, Mat. 17. 12, et al.; in respect of, Lu. 1, 7. 1 Co. 1. 7, et al.; on occasion of, on the ground of, Mat. 6. 7. Lu. 1. 21, et al.; used of the thing by which an oath is made, Mat. 5. 34, et al.; of the instrument, means, efficient cause, Ro. 12. 21. Ac. 12, et al.; equipped with, furnished with, 1 Co. 4. 21. He. 9. 25, et al.; arrayed with, accompanied by, Lu

14.31. Ju. 14, et al.; of time, during in the course of, Mat. 2. 1, et al.; in N. T., of demonical possession, possessed by, Mar. 5. 2, et al.

Εναγκαλίζομαι, f. ισομαι, (εν & άνκάλη) to take into or embrace in one's arms, Mar. 9. 36; 10. 16. L. G.

Eνάλιος, ία, ιον, & ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν & äλs) marine, living in the sea, Ja. 3.7.

Evaντι, adv. (εν & αντί) over against, in the presence of, Lu. 1. 8. L. G.

Evaντίον, adv. (pr. neut. of εναντίος) before, in the presence of, Mar. 2. 12. Lu. 20. 26. Ac. 8. 32; fr. the Heb. in the sight or estimation of, Ac. 7. 10; with row Θeoù, an intensive expression, Lu. 24. 19.

Eναντίος, α, ον, (ἐν & ἀντί) opposite to, over against, Mar. 15. 39; contrary, as the wind, Mat. 14. 24. Ac. 26. 9; 28. 17. 1 Thes. 2. 15; ὁ ἐξ ἐναντίας, an adverse party, enemy, Tit. 2. 8; adverse, hostile, counter, 1 Thes. 2. 15.

*Ενάρχομαι, f. ξομαι, (ἐν & ἄρχομαι) to begin, commence, Gal. 3.3. Phi. 1, 6.

"Ενατος, see έννατος.

'Ενδεής, έος, ους, ό, ή, (ενδέω) indigent, poor, needy, Ac. 4. 34.

"Ενδειγμα, ατος, τό, a token, evidence, proof, 2 Thes. 1. 5: from

Eνδείκνυμαι, f. δείξομαι, (mid. of eνδείκνυμαι, to point out) to manifest, display, Ro. 9. 17, 22. He. 6. 10, et al.; to give outward proof of, Ro. 2. 15; to display a certain bearing towards a person; hence, to perpetrate openly, 2 Ti. 4. 14: whence

Eνδειξις, εως, ή, a pointing out; met. manifestation, public declaration, Ro. 3. 25, 26; a token, sign, proof, i. q. ενδειγμα, 2 Co. 8. 24. Phi. 1. 28

Ένδεκα, οί, αί, τά, (εἶς, εν & δέκα) eleven, Mat. 28. 16. Mar. 16. 14, et

eleven, Mat. 28. 16. Mar. 16. 14, et al: whence Ενδέκατος, άτη, ατον, eleventh,

Mat. 20. 6, 9. Re. 21. 20. Ενδέχεται, impers. (ἐνδέχομαι, to admit) it is possible, Lu. 13. 33.

Ενδημέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, (έν & δημος) to dwell in a place, to be at home, **2** Co. 5 6, 8, 9

^{*}Ενδιδύσκω, a later form, equiva lent to ἐνδύω, Lu. 8. 27; 16. 19; & v. r Mar. 15. 17.

"Ενδίκος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐν & δίκη) fair, just, Ro. 3. 8. He. 2. 2.

Eνδόμησις, εως, ἡ, (ενδομέω) pr. a thing built in; in N. T., a building, structure, Re. 21. 18. L. G.

'Eνδοξάζω, f. άσω, (ἐν & δοξάζω) to invest with glory; μuss. to be glorified, to be made a subject of glorification, 2 Thes. 1. 10, 12. S.

Eνδοξος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐν & δόξα) honoured, 1 Co. 4. 10; notable, memorable, Lu. 13. 17; splendid, gorgeous, Lu. 7. 25; in unsullied array, Ep. 5. 27.

Ep. 5. 27.

"Ενδύμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδύω) clothing a garment, Mat. 6. 25, 28; 22. 11, 12, et al.; in particular, an outer garment, cloak, mantle, Mat. 3. 4. L. G.

Eνδυναμόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἐν & δύναμις) to empower, invigorate, Phi. 4. 13. 1 Ti. 1.12. 2 Ti. 4.17; mid to summon up vigour, put forth energy, Ep. 6. 10. 2 Ti. 2.1; pass to acquire strength, be invigorated, be strong, Ac. 9. 22. Ep. 6. 20. He 11. 84. N. T.

'Eνδύω & ἐνδύνω, f. ύσω, (ἐν δ δώω) to enter, 2 Ti. 3. 6; to put on, clothe, invest, array, Mat. 27. 31. Mar. 15.17,20; mid. clothe one's self, be clothed or invested, Mat. 22. 11; 27. 31, et al.; trop. to be invested with spiritual gifts, graces, or character, Lu. 24. 49. Ro. 13. 14, et al. (ὑω, ὑνω, ὑνω): whence

Ενδύσις, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a putting on, or wearing of clothes, 1 Pe. 3. 3.

Eνέδρα, as, ή, (έν & έδρα) pr. a sitting in or on a spot; an ambush, ambuscade or lying in wait, Ac. 23. 16; 25. 3: whence

Eνεδρεύω, f. εύσω, to lie in wait or ambush for, Ac. 23. 21; to endeayour to entrap, Lu. 11. 54.

Ένεδρον, ου, τό, i. q. ἐνέδρα, Αc. 23. 16. N. T.

Ένειλέω, ῶ, f. ἡιτω, (ἐν & είλεω to inwrap, envelope, Mar. 15. 46.

"Ενειμι, (ε'ν & εἰμί) to be in or within; τὰ ἐνόντα, those things which are within, Lu. 11. 41.

63

Ένεκα, ν. ενεκεν, ν. είνεκεν, adv. on account of, for the sake of, by reason of, Mat. 5. 10, 11; 10. 18, 39, et al.

Ενέργεια, ας, ή, (ένεργής) energy, efficacy, power, Phi. 3. 21. Col. 2. 12; active energy, operation, Ep. 4. 16. Col. 1. 29, et al.

Ένεργέω, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐνήργησα, (fr. same) to effect, 1 Co. 12. 6, 11. Gal. 3. 5. Ep. 1. 11, 20. Phi. 2. 13; absol. to be active, Mat. 14. 2. Mar. 6.14. Ep. 2. 2; in N. T., to communicate energy and efficiency, Gal. 2. 8; pass. to be called into activity, be actively developed, take effect, Ro. 7. 5. 2 Co. 1. 6, et al.; ἐνεργουμένη, Ja. 5. 16, full of energy, fervent: whence

Ενέργημα, ατος, τό, an effect, thing effected, 1 Co. 12. 6; operation, working, 1 Co. 12. 10. L. G.

Ένεργής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν & ἔργον) active, Phile. 6; efficient, energetic, He. 4. 12; adapted to accomplish a thing, effectual, 1 Co. 16. 9.

Ενευλογέω, ω, f. ήσω, (έν & εὐλογέω) to bless in respect of, or by means of, Ac. 3. 25. Gal. 3. 8. S.

Eνέχω, f. ξω, imperf. ἐνεῖχον, (ἐν & ἔγω) to hold within; to fix upon; in N. T., intrans. (scil. χόλον) to entertain a grudge against, Mar. 6. 19; to be exasperated against, Lu. 11. 53; pass. to be entangled, held fast in, Gal. 5. 1.

Ev θ á $\delta\epsilon$, adv. ($\tilde{\epsilon}\nu\theta$ a, here, & $\delta\epsilon$, an enclitic particle) pr. hither, to this place, Jno. 4. 15, 16, et al.; also, here, in this place, Lu. 24. 41, et al.

E $\nu\theta\epsilon\nu$, adv. $(\epsilon\nu)$ hence, from this place, v. r. Lu. 16. 26.

*Ενθυμέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, a.1. ἐνεθυμήθην, (ἐν & θυμός) to ponder in one's mind, think of, meditate on, Mat. 1. 20; 9. 4. Ac. 10. 19: whence

'Eνθύμησιs, εωs, ή, the act of thought, cogitation, reflection, Mat. 9. 4; 12. 25. He. 4. 12; the result of thought, invention, device, Ac. 17. 29.

Eνι, (for ἔνεστι, fr. ἔνειμι) there is in, there is contained, there exists, Gal. 3. 28, ter. Col. 3. 11. Ja. 1. 17.

Eviautós, oû, ó, (évos) a year, more particularly as being a cycle of sea-

sons, and in respect of its revolution, Jno. 11. 49, 51; 18. 13, et al.; in N. T., an era, Lu. 4. 19.

Pείστημ, f. ἐνστήσω, (ἐν & ἴυτημ.) to place in or upon; ἐπέταπε. p. ἐνόστηκα, part. ἐνεστώς, f. ἐνστήσομαι, to stand close upon; to be at hand, impend, to be present, Ro. 8. 38. 2 Thes. 2. 2, et al.

²Ενισχύω, f. ύσω, (ἐν & ἰσχύω) to strengthen, impart strength and vigour, Lu. 22. 43; intrans. to gain, acquire, or recover strength and vigour, be strengthened, Ac. 9. 19 (ῦσ). ²Εννάτος, v. ἐνάτος, ἀτη, ογ, ninth,

Mat. 20. 5. Re. 21. 20, et al.: from Εννέα, οί, αί, τά, nine, Lu. 17. 17.

Έννενήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, ninety. Έννενηκονταεννέα, οί, αί, τά, (fr.

Eυνενηκονταεννεα, οι, αι, τα, (ir. two preced.) ninety-nine, Mat. 18. 12, 13. Lu. 15. 4, 7.

Eννεός, οῦ, ὁ, & ἐνεός, stupid; dumb; struck dumb with amazement, bewildered, stupified, Ac. 9.7.

'Εννεύω, f. εύσω, (ἐν & νεύω) to nod at, signify by a nod; to make signs; to intimate by signs, Lu. 1. 62.
"Εννοια, ας, ἡ, (ἐν & νοέω, νοῦς) notion, idea; thought, purpose, intention, He. 4. 12. 1 Pe. 4. 1.
"Εννομος, ου, δ, ἡ, (ἐν & νόμος)

Έννομος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν & νόμος) within law, lawful, legal, Ac. 19. 39; in N. T., subject or under a law, obedient to a law, 1 Co. 9. 21.

Έννὔχος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἐν & νύξ) nocturnal; neut. ἔννυχον, as an adv., by night, Mar. 1. 35.

Eνυικέω, ω, f. ήσω, (έν & οἰκέω) to dwell in, inhabit; in N. T., met to be indwelling spiritually. Ro. 8. 11. Col. 3. 16. 2 Ti. 1. 14; to be infixed mentally, 2 Ti. 1. 1. 5; of the Deity, to be specially present, 2 Co. 6. 16.

Ένότης, τητος, ή, (είς, ένός) oneness, unity, Ep. 4. 3, 13.

Ένοχλέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἐν & ὀχλέω) to trouble, annoy; to be a trouble, He. 12. 15.

"Ενοχος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐνέχω) held in or by; subjected to. He. 2. 15; obnoxious, liable to, Mat. 5. 21, 22; 26. 66. Mar. 3. 29; 14. 64; an offender against, 1 Co. 11. 27. Ja. 2. 10.

Ένταλμα, ατος, τό, (έντελλομαι)

equivalent to ἐντολή, a precept, commandment, ordinance, Mat. 15. 9. Mar. 7. 7. Col. 2. 22. S.

Ενταφιάζω, f. άσω, (ἐντάφιος, θάπτω) to prepare a body for burial, Mat. 26. 12; absol. to make the ordinary preparations for burial, Jno. 19. 40: (L. G.) whence

Ένταφιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, the preparation of a corpse for burial, Mar. 14.8. Jno. 12. 7. N. T.

Εντέλλομαι, f. τελούμαι, a. 1. ένετειλάμην, p. ἐντέταλμαι, to enjoin, charge, command, Mat. 4. 6; 15. 4; 17. 9, et al.; to direct, Mat. 19. 7. Mar. 10. 3.

Eντεύθεν, adv. hence, from this place, Mat. 17. 20. Lu. 4. 9, et al.; εντεύθεν καὶ ἐντεύθεν, hence and hence, on each side, Re. 22. 2; hence, from this cause, Ja. 4. 1.

Εντευξις, εως, ή, (έντυγχάνω) pr. a meeting with; hence, converse, address; prayer, supplication, intercession, 1 Ti. 2. 1; 4. 5.

Έντιμος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐν & τιμή) honoured, estimable, dear, Lu. 7. 2; 14. 8. Phi. 2. 29; highly valued, precious, costly, 1 Pe. 2. 4, 6.

Έντολή, η̂ς, ή, (ἐντέλλομαι) an injunction; a precept, commandment, Mat. 5. 19; 15. 3. 6; instruction in one's duties, 1 Ti. 6. 14. 2 Pe. 2. 21; a command, direction, Jno. 10. 18. Ac. 17. 15; an edict, Jno. 11. 57; a direction, Mar. 10. 5; a commission, instructions committed to any one to be proclaimed, a charge, Jno. 12. 49, 50, et al.

Εντόπιος, ου, ό, ή, (έν & τόπος) q. ἔντοπος, in or of a place; an inhabitant, citizen, Ac. 21. 12.

Εντός, adv. (ϵv) inside, within, Lu. 17. 21; to evros, the interior, inside, Mat. 23, 26,

Εντρέπω, f. ψω, (έν & τρέπω) pr. to turn one back upon himself; hence, 1) put to shame, make ashamed; mid. υτρέπομαι, 1. εντραπήσομαι, 8. 2. ενε-.ραπόμην, to revere, reverence, regard, Mat. 21. 37. Mar. 12. 6, et al.; absol. to feel shame, be put to shame, 2 Thes. 3. 14. Tit. 2. 8

Εντρέφω, 1. ενθρέψω, (εν & τρέφω) to nourish in, bring up or edu-cate in; pass. to be imbued, Ti. 4 6. Εξ, see έκ.

"Εντρομος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐν & τρόμος trembling, terrified, Ac. 7.32; 16.29 He. 12.21. L. G.

Έντροπή, η̂ς, ή, (ἐντρέπω) reverence; in N. T., shame, 1 Co. 6. 5,

Έντρυφάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐν & τρυφάω) to live luxuriously, riot, revel.

'Εντυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, a. 2. ἐνετύχον, (er & τυγχάνω) to fall in with, meet; to have converse with, address; to address or apply to any one, Ac. 25. 24; ὑπέρ τινος, to intercede for any one, plead the cause of, Ro. 8. 27, 34. He. 7. 25; κατά τινος, to address a representation or suit against any one, to accuse, complain of. Ro. 11. 2.

'Εντυλίσσω, f. ξω, p. pass. ἐντετύλιγμαι, (ἐν & τυλίσσω) to wrap up in, inwrap, envelope, Mat. 27. 59. Lu. 23. 53; to wrap up, roll or fold together, Jno. 20. 7.

'Εντυπόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἐν & τυπόω, fr. τύπος, an impress) to impress a figure, instamp, engrave, 2 Co. 3. 7.

'Ενυβρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐν & ὕβρις) to insult, outrage, contemn, He. 10. 29.

Ένυπνιάζω, f. άσω, & ἐνυπνιάζοιαι, f. ἐνυπνιασθήσομαι, to dream ; in N. T., to receive some supernatural impression or information in a dream, Ac. 2. 17; to cherish vain opinions, Jude 8: from

Ενύπνιον, ου, τό, (pr. neut. of ivimuos, presented during sleep, fr. iv & ບັກນວຣ) a dream; in N. T., a supernatural suggestion or impression received during sleep, a vision, Ac.

Ενώπιον, adv. (pr. neut. of ενώπιος, in sight or front) before, in the presence of, Lu. 5. 25; 8. 47; in front of, Re. 4.5, 6; immediately preceding as a forerunner, Lu. 1.17. Re. 16.19; fr. the Heb. in the presence of, metaphysically, i.e. in the sphere of sensation or thought, Lu. 12.9; 15. 10. Ac. 10. 31; in the eyes of, in the judgment of, Lu. 16. 15; 24. 11 Ac. 4. 19, et al. L. G.

Ένωτίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. l. ένωτισάμην, (ἐν & οὖς,) to give ear, listen hearken to, Ac. 2. 14. L. G.

Έξαγγέλλω, f. γελῶ, (έξ & ἀγγέλλω) to tell forth, divulge, publish; to declare abroad, celebrate, 1 Pe. 2. 9.

Eξαγοράζω, f. άσω, (έξ & άγοράζω) to buy out of the hands of a person; to redeem, set free, Gal. 3.13; mid. to redeem, buy off, to secure for one's self or one's own use; to rescue from loss or misapplication, Ep. 5. 16. Col. 4. 5. L. G.

Εξαγω, f. ξω, a. 2. εξηγαγον, (εξ & εγω) to bring or lead forth, conduct out of, Mar. 8. 23; 15. 20. Lu. 24. 50,

et al.

Έξαιρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 2. ἐξεῖλον, (ἐξ & αἰρέω) to take out of; to pluck out, tear out, Mat. 5. 29; 18. 9; mid. to take out of, select, choose, Ac. 26. 17; to rescue, deliver, Ac. 7. 10, 34; 12. 11; 23. 27. Gal. 1. 4.

Εξαίρω, f. αρῶ, (έξ & αἴρω) pr. to lift up out of; in N.T., to remove,

eject, 1 Co. 5. 2, 13.

Εξαιτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐξ & αἰτέω) to ask for from; to demand; mid. to demand for one's self, Lu. 22. 31; also, to obtain by asking. Eξαίφνης, αἰν. (ἐξ & αἴφνης) sud-

denly, unexpectedly, Mar. 13. 36,

et al.

Εξακολουθέω, ω, f. ήσω, (έξ & ακολουθέω) to follow out; to imitate, 2 Pe. 2. 2, 15; to observe as a guide, 2 Pe. 1. 16. L. G.

Εξακόσιοι, αι, α, (έξ & έκατόν) six hundred, Re. 13. 18; 14. 20.

Έξαλείφω, f. ψω, (έξ & ἀλείφω) pr. to anoint or smear over; hence, to wipe off or away, Re. 7. 17; 21. 4; to blot out, obliterate, expunge, Col. 2. 14. Re. 3. 5; met. to wipe out quilt, Ac. 3. 19.

Έξάλλομαι, ε, αλοῦμαι, (ἐξ & ἄλλομαι) to leap or spring up or forth,

Ac. 3. 8.

Εξανάστασις, εως, ή, (έξ & ἀνάστασις) a raising up; a dislodgment; a rising up; a resurrection from the dead, Phi. 3. 11.

Εξανατέλλω, f. τελῶ, (έξ & ἀνατέλλω) to raise up, make to spring up; intrans. to rise up, sprout spring up or forth, Mat. 12. 5. Mar. 4. 5.

Εξ, οί, αί, τά, σίχ, Mat. 17. 1. Mar. Ἐξαιίστημι, Γ. ἐξαναστήσω, (ἐξ & ἀνίστημι) to cause to rise up, raise up; fr. the Heb. to cause to exist, Mar. 12. 19. Lu. 20. 28; intrans. a. 2. άνέστην, to rise up from, stand forth, Ac. 15. 5.

'Εξαπατάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (έξ & ἀπατάω) pr. to deceive thoroughly; to deceive, delude, beguile, Ro. 7. 11;

16. 18. 1 Co. 3. 18, et al.

Eξάπἴνα, adv., a later form for ἐξαπίνης, suddenly, immediately, unexpectedly, Mar. 9. 8.

Έξαπορέω, ῶ, & έξαπορέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (ἐξ & ἀπορέω) to be in the utmost perplexity or despair,

2 Co. 1. 8; 4. 8. L. G. Έξαποστέλλω, f. στελώ, (έξ & ἀποστέλλω) to send out or forth; to send away, dismiss, Lu. 1.53, et al.; to dispatch on a service or agency, Ac. 7. 12, et al.; to send forth as a pervading influence, Gal. 4. 6.

Έξαρτίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. εξήρτισμαι, (ἐξ & ἄρτιος) to equip or furnish completely, 2 Ti. 3. 17; to complete time, Ac. 21. 5. L. G.

Έξαστράπτω, ε. ψω, (έξ & ἀστράπτω) pr. to flash forth; hence, to glisten, Lu. 9. 29.

Ἐξαυτης, adv. (έξ αὐτης, sc. της ωρας) lit. at the very time; presently instantly, immediately, Mar. 6. 25. Ac. 10. 33; 11. 11, et al

'Εξεγείρω, ε. γερῶ, (ἐξ & ἐγείρω) to excite, arouse from sleep; to raise up from the dead, 1 Co. 6. 14; to raise up into existence, or, into a certain

condition, Ro. 9. 17.

"Εξειμι, (έξ & ε $\tilde{\iota}$ μι) imperf. έξ $\tilde{\eta}$ ειν, inf. ἐξιέναι, part. ἐξιών, to go out or forth, Ac. 13. 42; to depart, Ac. 17. 15; 20. 7; ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν, to get to land, from the water, Ac. 27. 43.

Έξελέγχω, f. ξω, (έξ & έλέγχω) to search thoroughly, to test; convict; by impl. to punish, Jude 15.

Έξελκω, f. ξω, (εξ & ελκω) to draw or drag out; met. to withdraw, allure, hurry away, Ja. 1. 14.

Έξεραμα, ατος, τό, (έξεράω, το vomit) vomit, 2 Pe. 2. 22. L. G. Έξερευνάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐξ & ἐ-

υνάω) to search out, to examine closely, 1 Pe. 1. 10.

C6

Εξερχομαι, f. έξελεύσυμαι, a. 2. έξηλθον, p. έξελήλυθα, (έξ & έρχομαι) to go or come out of; to come out, Mat. 5. 26; 8. 34, et al.; to proceed, emanate, take rise from, Mat. 2. 6; 15. 18. 1 Co. 14. 36, et al.; to come abroad, I Jno. 4. l, et al.; to go forth, go away, depart, Mat. 9. 31. Lu. 5. 8, et al.; to escape, Jno. 10. 39; to pass away, come to an end, Ac. 16. 19.

Εξεστι, impers., part. εξόν, it is occible; it is permitted, it is lawful.

Mat. 12. 2, 4, et al.

Έξετάζω, ε. άσω, (έξ & έτάζω, to inquire, examine) to search out; to inquire by interrogation, examine strictly, Mat. 2.8; 10.11; to interrogate, Jno. 21. 12.

'Εξηγέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (έξ & ηγέσμαι) to be a leader; to detail to set forth in language; to tell, narrate, recount, Lu. 24. 35. 10. 8, et al.; to make known, reveal, Jno. 1. 18.

Έξήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (ἔξ) sixty, Mat. 13. 8, 23, et al.

Eξη̂s, adv., successively, in order; in N. T. with the art., δ, ή, τό έξη̂s, next, Lu. 7. 11; 9. 37, et al.

Έξηχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. pass. ἐξήχημαι, (ἐξ & ἡχώ) to make to sound forth or abroad; pass. to sound forth, be promulgated, I Thes. I. S. L. G.

"Εξις, εως, ή, (έχω) a condition of body or mind, strictly, as resulting from practice; habitude, He. 5. 14.

Έξίστημι, & έξιστάω, ῶ, ſ. ἐκστήσω, a. l. εξέστησα, later p. εξέστακα (eξ & ιστημι) trans. pr. to put out of its place; to astonish, amaze, Lu. 24. 22. Ac. 8. 9, 11; intrans. a. 2. ἐξέστην, & mid. ἐξίσταμαι, to be astonished, Mat. 12. 22, et al.; to be beside one's self, Mar. 3. 21. 2 Co. 5. 13.

Έξισχύω, f. ύσω, (ἐξ & ἰσχύω) to be fully able, Ep. 3. 18. L. G.

Eξοδος, ου, ή, (έξ & όδός) a way out, a going out, a going out, departure, He. 11. 22; met. a departure from life, decease, death, Lu. 9. 31. 2 Pe. 1. 15

Εξολοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (έξ & όλοθρεύω) to destroy utterly, exterminate, Ac. 3. 23. L. G.

Έξομολογέω, ῶ, f. ησω, (ἐξ & όμο- | Έξω, adv. (ἐξ) without, out of

λογέω) to agree, bind one's self, pa) mise, Lu. 22.6; mid. to confess. Mat. 3. 6; to profess openly, Phi. 2. 11. Re. 3. 5; to make open avowal benefits; to praise, celebrate, Mar. 11. 25. Lu. 10. 21, et al. L. G.

Έξόν, see Έξεστι.

Έξορκίζω, f. ίσω, (έξ & δρκίζω) to put an oath to a person, to adjure, Mat. 26. 63: whence

Eξορκιστής, ου, ό, pr. one who puts an oath; in N.T., an exorcist, one who by various kinds of in cantations, &c. pretended to expel demons, Ac. 19. 13.

Έξορύσσω, f. ξω, (ἐξ & ὀρύσπω) to dig out or through, force up, Mar. 2. 4; to pluck out the eyes, Gal. 4. 15,

Εξουδενόω, Mar. 9. 12, equivalent to 'Εξουθενέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐξ & οὐθέν, a later form of οὐδέν) to make light of, set at nought, despise, contemn, treat with contempt and scorn, Lu. 18. 9, et al.; to neglect, disregard, 1 Thes. 5. 20; εξουθενημένος, abject, contemptible, 2 Co. 10. 10; by impl. to reject with contempt, Ac. 4. 11. S.

Έξουσία, as, ή, (ἔξεστι) power, ability, faculty, Mat. 9. 8; 10. 1, et al.; efficiency, energy, Lu. 4. 32, et al.; liberty, license, Jno. 10. 18. Ac. 5. 4; authority, rule, dominion, juris diction, Mat. 8. 9; 28. 18; meton. pl. authorities, potentates, powers, Lu. 12.11. 1 Co. 15.24. Ep. 1. 21; right, authority, full power, Mat. 9. 6; 21. 23; privilege, prerogative, Jno. 1. 12; perhaps, a veil, 1 Co. 11. 10: whence

Έξουσιάζω, f. άσω, to have or exercise power or authority over any one, Lu. 22. 25; to possess indepen dent control over, 1 Co. 7. 4, bis; pass. to be subject to, under the power or influence of, 1 Co. 6. 13. L. G.

Έξοχή, $\hat{\eta}$ ς, $\hat{\eta}$, (έξέχω, to be prominent) pr. prominency, any thing prominent; in N. T., eminence, distinction, Ac. 25. 23.

Έξυπνίζω, f. ίσω, to awake, arouse from sleep, Jno. 11. 11: (L.G.) from Έξυπνος, ου, ό, ή, (έξ & υπνος) awake, aroused from sleep, Ac. 16. 27. L. G.

doors, Mat. 12. 46, 47; δ, η, τὸ ἔξω, outer, external, foreign, Ac. 26. 11. 2 Co. 4. 16; met. not belonging to one's community, Mar. 4. 11. 1 Co. 5. 12, 13; out, away, from a place or person, Mat. 5. 13; 13. 48; as a prep. out of, Mar. 5. 10, et al.: whence

"Εξωθεν, adv. outwardly, externally, Mat. 23. 27, 28. Mar. 7. 15; δ, ħ, τδ έξωθεν, outer, external, Mat. 23. 25. Lu. 11. 39; τδ έξωθεν, the exterior, Lu. 11. 40; οἱ έξωθεν, those who do not belong to the Christian community, 1 Ti. 3. 7, et al.

Εξωθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, & ώσω, a. 1. εξέωσα, in N. Τ. εξωσα, (εξ & ώθεω) to expel, drive out, Ac. 7. 45; to propel, urge forward, Ac. 27. 39.

Eξώτερος, a, ον, (comp. of ἔξω) outer, exterior, external, Mat. 8. 12; 22. 13; 25. 30. S.

Eoika, p., with pr. sig., from obsol. είκω, to be like, Ja. 1. 6, 23.

Eορτάζω, f. άσω, to keep a feast, celebrate a festival, 1 Co. 5. 8: from

Eoρτή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, a solemn feast, public festival, Lu. 2. 41; 22. 1. Jno. 13. 1; spc. used of the passover, Mat. 26. 5; 27. 15, et al.

Eπαγγελία, as, η, annunciation, 2 Ti. 1. 1; a promise, act of promising, Ac. 13. 23, 32; 23. 21; meton, the thing promised, promised favour and blessing, Lu. 24. 49. Ac. 1. 4, et al.: from

Fπαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, (ἐπί & ἀγγέλλω) to declare, announce; mid. to promise, undertake, Mar. 14. 11. Ro. 4. 21, et al.; to profess, 1 Ti. 2. 10: whence

Eπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, a promise, 2 Pe. 3. 13; meton. promised favour or blessing, 2 Pe. 1. 4.

Eπάγω, f. άξω, a. 2. ἐπήγαγον, (ἐπί & ἄγω) to bring upon, cause to come upon, 2 Pe. 2. 1, 5; met. to cause to be imputed or attributed to, to bring guilt upon, Ac. 5. 28.

Έπαγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (ἐπί & ἀγωνίζομαι) to contend strenuously in defence of, Jude 3. L. G.

Eπαθροίζω, f. οίσω, (ἐπί & ἀθροίζω, to gather together) to collect close upon, or beside; mid. to crowd upon, Lu. 11. 29. Επαινέω, ῶ, f. έσω & έσομα', s. 1. ἐπήνεσα, (ἐπί & αἰνέω) to praise, commend, applaud, Lu. 16.8. Ro. 15. 11. 1 Co. 11. 2, 17, 22, bis.

"Eπαινος, ου, ό, (έπί & αίνος) praise, applause, honour paid, Ro. 2. 29, 2 Co. 8. 18, et al.; meton. ground of reason of praise or commendation, Phi. 4. 8; by impl. favourable regard, reward, Ro. 13. 3. 1 Pe. 2. 14. 1 Co. 4. 5.

Eπαίρω, f. αρῶ, a. 1. ἐπῆρα, a. 1. pass. ἐπήρδην, to lift up, raise, elsvate; to hoist, Ac. 27. 40; τὴν φωνῆν, to lift up the voice, to speak in a loud voice, Lu. 11. 27; τὰς χείρας, to lift up the hands in prαγεγ, Lu. 24. 50. I Ti. 2. 8; τοὺς ὁφθαλμούς, to lift up the eyes, to look, Mat. 17. 8; τὴν κεφαλήν, to lift up the head, to be encouraged, animated, Lu. 21. 28; τὴν πτέρναν, to lift up the heel, to attack, assault; or, to seek one's overthrow or destruction, Jno. 13. 18; pass. to be borne upwards, Ac. 1. 9; met. mid. to exalt one's self, assume consequence, be elated, 2 Co. 10. 5, et al.

Επαισχύνομαι, a. 1. ἐπησχύνθην, f. ἐπαισχυνθήσομαι, (ἐπί & αἰσχύνομαι) to be ashamed of, Mat. 8. 38. Lu. 9. 26, et al.

Eπαιτέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί & αἰτέω) to prefer a suit or request in respect of certain circumstances; to ask alms, beg, Lu. 16. 3.

Eπακολουθέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί & ἀκολουθέω) to follow upon; to accompany, be attendant, Mar. 16. 20; to appear in the sequel, 1 Ti. 5. 24; met. to follow one's steps, to imitate, 1 Pe. 2. 21; to follow a vork, pursue, prosecute be studious of, devoted to, 1 Ti. 5. 10.

Επακούω, f. ούσομαι, (ἐπί & ἀκούω) to listen or hearken to; to hear with favour, 2 Co. 6. 2.

Έπακροάομαι, ῶμαι, (ἐπί & ἀκροάομαι, to hear) to hear, hearken, listen to, Ac. 16. 25.

Eπάν, conj. (ἐπεί & ἄν) whenever, as soon as, Mat. 2. 8. Lu. 11. 22, 34

Έπάναγκες, adv. (ἐπί & ἀνάγκη. of necessity, necessarily; τὰ ἐπανω γκες, necessary things, Ac. 15. 28.

Έπανάγω, f. ξω, a. 2. ἐπανήγαγον

(int & iviya) to bring up or back; intrans. to return, Mat. 21. 18; a nautical term, to put off from shore, Lu. 5. 3. 4.

Επαναμιμνήσκω, f. έπαναμνήσω, (ἐπί & ἀναμιμνήσκω) to remind, put in remembrance, Ro. 15. 15.

Έπαναπαύω, f. αύσω, (ἐπί & ἀναwavω) pr. to make to rest upon; mid. to rest upon; to abide with, Lu. 10.6; to rely on, confide in, abide by confidingly, Ro. 2. 17. L. G.

Επανερχομαι, a. 2. επανηλήτον, (επί & ανέρχομαι) to come back, return, Lu. 10. 35; 19. 15.

Έπανίστημι, (ἐπί & ἀνίστημι) to raise up against; mid. to rise up against, Mat. 10. 21. Mar. 13. 12.

Έπανόρθωσις, εως, ή, (ἐπανορθόω, to set upright again; to set to rights; ἐπί & ἀνορθόω) correction, reformation, 2 Ti. 3. 16.

Επάνω, adv. (ἐπί & ἄνω) above, over, upon, of place, Mat. 2.9; 5.14; over, of authority, Lu. 19. 17, 19; above, more than, Mar. 14. 5, et al. (ă)

Έπαρκέω, ῶ, β. έσω, (ἐπί & ἀρκέω) pr. to ward off; to assist, relieve, succour, 1 Ti. 5. 10, 16, bis.

Έπαρχία, ας, ή, (ἔπαρχος, a prefect, &c.) a prefecture, province, Ac. 23. 34; 25. 1. L. G.

Επαυλις, εως, ή (ἐπί & αὐλίζομαι) pr. a place to pass the night in; a cottage; in N. T., a dwelling, habitation, Ac. 1. 20.

Επαύριον, adv. (ἐπί & αὖριον) tomorrow; ἡ ἐπαύριον, εc. ἡμέρα, the next or following day, Mat. 27. 62. Mar. 11. 12, et al.

'Επαυτοφώρω, adv. (ἐπί & αὐτόφωρος, fr. αὐτός & φώρ, a thief) pr. in the very theft; in N. T., in the very act, Jno. 8. 4.

Έπαφρίζω, ε. ίσω, (ἐπί & ἀφρίζω) to foam out; to pour out like foam, vomit forth, Jude 13.

Επεγείρω, f. γερῶ, (ἐπί & ἐγείρω) to raise or stir up against, excite or instigate against, Ac. 13. 50; 14. 2.

 $\mathbf{E}\pi\epsilon i$, conj, when, after, as soon as, Lu. 7. 1; since, because, in as much as, Mat. 18. 32; 27. 6; for, for then, for else, since in that case, Ro. 8. 6. 11. 6, et al.

Έπειδή, conj. (ἐπεί & δή) since because, in as much as, Mat. 21. 46. Lu. 11. 6. Ac. 13. 46. et al.

Επειδήπερ, conj. (ἐπειδή & περ) since now, since indeed, considering that, Lu. 1. 1.

'Επείδον, a. 2. of έφοράω, imperat. ëπιδε, to look upon, regard; in N. T., to view with favour, Lu. 1. 25. Ac. 4, 29,

Επειμι, (ἐπί & εἶμι) part. ἐπιών, to come upon; to come after; to succeed immediately, Ac. 7. 26; 16. 11; 20. 15; 21. 18; 23. 11.

Επείπερ, conj. (ἐπεί & περ) since indeed, seeing that, Ro. 3, 30,

Έπεισαγωγή, ης, ή, (ἐπί & εἰσάγω) a superinduction, a further introduction, whether by way of addition or substitution, He. 7. 19.

Έπειτα, adv. (ἐπί & εἶτα) thereupon, then, after that, in the next place, afterwards, Mar. 7. 5. Lu. 16. 7, et al.

Επέκεινα, adv. (i. e. ἐπ' ἐκείνα) on yonder side, beyond, Ac. 7. 43.

Επεκτείνω, f. ενῶ, (ἐπί & ἐκτείνω) pr. to stretch out further; in N. T., mid. to reach out towards, strain for, Phi. 3. 14.

Επενδύτης, ου, ό, the outer or upper tunic, worn between the inner tunic and the external garments, Jno. 21.7: (v) from

'Επενδύω, f. ύσω, (ἐπί & ἐνδύω) to put on over or in addition to: mid. to put on oneself in addition: to be further invested, 2 Co. 5. 2, 4.

'Επέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. ἐπῆλθον, (ἐπί & ἔρχομαι) to come to, Ac. 14. 19; to come upon, Lu. 1. 35; 21. 26. Ac. 1. 8. Ja. 5. 1; to come upon unexpectedly, overtake, Lu. 21. 35; to be coming on, to succeed, Ep. 2. 7; to occur, happen to, Ac. 8. 24; 13. 40; to come against, attack, Lu. 11. 22.

'Επερωτάω, ῶ, ε. ήσω, (ἐπί & έρωτάω) to interrogate, question, ask, Mat. 12. 10; 17. 10, et al.; in N. T., to request, require, Mat. 16. 1; fr. the Heb. έπερ. τον Θεόν, to seek after

desire an acquaintance with God, Ro. 10. 20: whence

Επερώτημα, ατος, τό, pr. an interrogation, question; in N. T., profession, pledge, 1 Pe. 3. 21.

Eπέχω, f. ἐφέξω, imperf. ἐπεῖχον, a. 2. ἐπέσχον, (ἐπὶ & ἔχω) trans. to hold out, present, exhibit, display, Phi. 2. 16; intrans. to observe, take heed to, attend to, Lu. 14. 7. Ac. 3. 5. 1 Ti. 4. 16; to stay delay, Ac. 19. 22.

Eπηρεάζω, f. άσω, to harass, insult, Mat. 5. 44. Lu. 6. 28; to traduce,

calumniate, 1 Pe. 3. 16.

 $\mathbf{E}\pi i$, prep., with the gen., upon, on, Mat. 4. 6; 9. 2; 27. 19, et al.; in, of locality, Mar. 8. 4, et al.; near upon, by, at, Mat. 21. 19. Jno. 21. 1, et al.; upon, over, of authority, Mat. 2. 22. Ac. 8. 27, et al.; in the presence of especially in a judicial sense, 2 Co. 7. 14. Ac. 25. 9, et al.; in the case of, in respect of, Jno. 6. 2. Gal. 3. 16; in the time of, at the time of, Ac. 11. 28. Ro. 1.10,et al.; ἐπ' ἀληθείας, really, bona fide, Mar. 12. 32, et al.; with the dat., upon, on, Mat. 14. 8. Mar. 2. 21. Lu. 12. 44, et al.; close upon, by, Mat. 24. 33. Jno. 4. 6, et al.; in the neighbourhood or society of, Ac. 28. 14; over, of authority, Mat. 24. 47, et al.; to, of addition, besides, Mat. 25. 20. Ep. 6. 16. Col. 3. 14, et al.; immediately upon, Jno. 4. 27; upon, of the object of an act, towards, to, Mar. 5. 33. Lu. 18. 7. Ac. 5. 35, et al.; against, of hostile posture or disposition, Lu. 12. 52, et al.; in dependance upon, Mat. 4. 4. Lu. 5. 5. Ac. 14. 3, et al.; upon the ground of, Mat. 19. 9. Lu. 1. 59. Phi. 1. 3. He. 7. 11; 8. 6; 9. 17, et al.; with a view to, Gal. 5. 13. 1 Thes. 4. 7, et al.; with the acc., upon, with the idea of with the dec., upon, with the tided of previous or present motion, Mat. 4.5; 14. 19, 26, et al.; towards, of place, to, Mat. 3.13; 22. 34, et al.; towards, of the object of an action, Lu. 6. 35; 9. 38, et al.; against, of hostile movement, Mat. 10. 21, et al.; over, of authority, Lu. 1. 33, et al.; to the extent of, both of place and time, Re. 21. 16. Ro. 7. 1, et al.; near, by, Mat. 9. 9, et al.; about, at, of time, Ac. 3. 1, et al.; in order to, with a view to, for the purpose of, Mat. 3.7. Lu. 7. 44. et al.

Επιβαίνω, 1. βήσομαι, p. βίβηκα,

a. 2. ἐπέβην, (ἐπί & βαίνω) pr. to step upon; to mount, Mat. 21. 5; to go on board, Ac. 21. 6; Ac. 21. 2; 27. 3; to enter. Ac. 20. 18; to enter upon, Ac. 25. 1.

Επιβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. ἐπέβάλου (πί & βάλλω) to cast or throw upon Mar. 11.7. 1 Co. 7. 35; to lay on. apply to, Lu. 9. 62; to put on, sew on, Mat. 9. 16. Lu. 5. 36; τὰς χείρας, to lay hands on, offer violence to, seize, Mat. 26. 50, et al.; also, to lay hand to, undertake, commence, Ac. 12. 1; intrans. to rush, dash, beat into, Mar. 4. 37; to ponder, reflect on, Mar. 14. 72; to fall to one's share, pertain to, Lu. 15. 12.

Eπιβάρέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & βαρέω) to burden; met. to be burdensome, chargeable to, 1 Thes. 2. 9. 2 Thes. 3.8; to bear hard upon, overcharge, over-censure, 2 Co. 2.5. L.G.

² Επιβιβάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί & βιβάζω) to cause to ascend or mount, to set upon, Lu. 10. 34; 19. 35. Ac. 23. 24.

Eπιβλέπω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & βλέπω) to look upon; to regard with partiality, Ja. 2. 3; to regard with kindness and favour, compassionate, Lu. 1. 48; 9. 38.

Έπίβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is put over or upon; in N. T., a patch, Mat. 9. 16. Mar. 2. 21. Lu. 5. 36, bis. L. G.

'Επιβοάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπὶ & βοάω) to cry out to or against; to vociferate, Ac. 25, 24.

Eπιβουλή, η̂s, η, (ἐπί & βουλή) a purpose or design against any one; conspiracy, plot, Ac. 9. 24; 20. 3, 19, 23. 30.

Επιγαμβρεύω, f. εύσω, (ἐπί & γαμβρεύω, to marry) to marry a wife by the law of affinity, Mat. 22. 24.

Eπίγειος, είου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ου, (ἐπί & γἡ) pr. on the earth, Phi. 2. 10; earthly, terrestrial, Jno. 3. 12. 1 Co. 15. 40. 2 Co. 5. 1. Phi. 3. 19; earthly, low, grovelling, Ja. 3. 15.

Eπιγίνομαι, (ἐπί & γίνομαι) to come on, spring up, as the wind, Ac. 28. 13.

Eπιγινώσκω, f. γνώσομαι, a. 1. pass. ἐπεγνώσθην, (επί & γινώσκυ) pr. to make a thing a subject of observation; hence, to arrive at knowledge

admit, 1 Co. 14. 37. 1 Tl. 4. 3, et al.; pass. to have one's character discerned and acknowledged, 2 Co. 6. 9; fr. the Heb. to regard with favour and kindness, 1 Co. 16. 18: whence

 $E\pi i\gamma\nu\omega\sigma\iota s$, $\epsilon\omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, the coming at the knowledge of a thing, ascertainment, Ro. 3. 20; a distinct perception or impression, acknowledgment, Col. 2. 2, et al.

Επιγράφή, η̂s, η̂, an inscription; a legend of a coin, Mat. 22. 20. Mar. 12. 16. Lu. 20. 24; a label of a criminals name and offence, Mar. 15. 26. Lu. 23. 38: from

Eπιγράφω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & γράφω) to imprint a mark on; to inscribe, engrave, write on, Mar. 15. 26. Ac. 17. 23. Re. 21. 12; met. to imprint, impress deeply upon, He. 8. 10; 10. 16. (ἄ).

Έπιδείκνυμι, ν. νύω, & mid. ἐπιδείκνυμα, f. δείξω, (ἐπί & δείκνυμι) to exhibit, Mat. 16. 1. Ac. 9. 39; to show, Mat. 22. 19. Lu. 17. 14; 20. 24; 24. 40; to point out, Mat. 24. 1; to demonstrate, prove, Ac. 18. 28. He. 6. 17.

Επιδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, (ἐπί & δέχομαι) to admit; to receive kindly, welcome, entertain, 3 Jno. 10; met to admit, approve, as ent to, 3 Jno. 9.

Entôημέω, $\hat{\omega}$, \hat{t} , $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, (êπί & δημος) to dwell among a people; to be at home among one's own people; αnd , \hat{t} , N. T, to solourn as a stranger among another people, Ac. 2. 10; 17, 21.

Επιδιατάσσομαι, f. ξομαι, (ἐπί & διατάσσω) to enjoin any thing additional, superadd an injunction &c. Gal. 3. 15. N. T.

Eπιδίδωμι, f. δώσω, (ἐπὶ & δίδωμι) to give in addition; also, to give tc, deliver to, give into one's hands, Mat. 7. 9, 10. Lu. 4. 17; 24. 30, 42. et al.; intrans., probably a mautical term, to commit a ship to the wind, let her drive, Ac. 27. 15.

Επιδιορθόω, ω, f. ώσω, (ἐπί &

δομθόω) to set further to rights, to carry on an amendment, Tit. 1.5.
Επιδύω, f. δύσω, (ἐπί & δύω) of

Eπιδύω, f. δύσω, (ἐπί & δύω) of the sun, to set upon, to set during, Ep. 4. 26.

Επιείκεια, ας, ή, reasonableness, equity; in N. T., gentleness, mildness, 2 Co. 10. 1; lenity, clemency, Ac. 24. 4: from

Eπιεικής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί & εἰκός) pr. suitable; fair, reasonable; gentle, mild, patient, 1 Ti. 3. 3. Tit. 3. 2. Ja. 3. 17. 1 Pe. 2. 18; τὸ ἐπιεικός, mildness, gentleness, probity, I'hi.4.5.

Έπιζητέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (ἐπὶ & ζητέω) to seek for, make search for, Ac. 12. 19; to require, demand, Mat. 12. 39; 16. 4. Ac. 19. 39; to desire, endeavour to obtain, Ro. 11. 7. He. 11. 14, et al.; to seek with care and anxiety, Mat. 6. 32.

Έπιθανάτιος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐπί & θά-νατος) condemned to death, under sentence of death, 1 Co. 4.9. L. G. Έπίθεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτίθημι) the act of placing wron imposition of

act of placing upon, imposition of hands, Ac. 8. 18, et al.

Eπιθυμέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί & θυμός) to set the heart upon; to desire, long for, have earnest desire, Mat. 13.17. Lu. 15.16, et al.; to lust after, Mat. 5. 28, et al.; spc. to covet, Ro. 13. 9, et al.: whence

Eπιθυμητής, οῦ, ό, one who has an ardent desire for a thing, 1 Co. 10.6.

Eπιθυμία, ας, η, earnest desire, Lu. 22. 15, et al.; irregular or violent desire, cupidity. Mar. 4. 19, et al.; spc. impure desire, lust, Ro. 1. 24, et al.; met. the object of desire, what enkindles desire, 1 Jno. 2. 16, 17.

'Επικαθίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐπί & καθίζω) to cause to sit upon, seat upon, Mat. 21. 7; or, according to the v. r. ἐπεκάθισεν, intrans. to sit upon.

Eπικαλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, p. pass. ἐπικάληται, a. l. pass. ἐπικλήθην. (ἐπί & καλέω) to call on; to attach or connect a name, Ac. 15. 17. Ja. 2. 7; to attach an additional name, to surname, Mat. 10. 3, et al.; priss. to receive an appellation or surname, He. 11. 16; mid. to call upon, invoke, 2 Co. 1. 23, et al.; to appeal to, Ac. 25. 11, 12, 21.

Επικάλυμμα, ατος, τό, a covering, veil; met. a cloak, i Pe. 2. 16: from

Επικαλύπτω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & καλύπτω) to cover over; met. to pardon, forgive, Ro. 4. 7.

Έπικατάρᾶτος, ου, δ, ή, (ἐπί & κατάρατος) cursed, accursed; obnoxious to the heaviest punishments, Gal. 3. 10; infamous, Gal. 3. 13; outcast, vile, Jno. 7. 49.

Έπίκειμαι, f. κείσομαι, (ἐπί & κείμαι) to lie upon, be placed upon, Jno. 11. 38; 21. 9; to press, urge upon, Lu. 5. 1. Ac. 27. 20; be urgent, importunate upon, Lu. 23. 23; to be imposed upon; be imposed by law, He. 9. 10; by necessity, 1 Co. 9. 16.

Επικούρειος, ου, δ, an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus, Ac. 17. 18.

Έπικουρία, ας, ή, (ἐπίκουρος, α helper) help, assistance, Ac. 26. 22. Ἐπικρίνω, f. ινῶ, (ἐπί & κρίνω) to

decide; to decree, Lu. 23. 24. (7) Επιλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, & mid. ἐπιλαμβάνομαι, (ἐπί & λαμβάνω) to take hold of, Mat. 14.31. Mar. 8.23; to lay hold of, seize, Lu. 23. 26. Ac. 16. 19, et al.; met. to seize on one's words, catch in one's words, Lu. 20. 20, 26; to obtain, as if by seizure, 1 Ti. 6, 12, 19; to assume a portion of, to assume the nature of, He. 2.

16; or, to succour.

The Succour.

Entland διαρμα, f. λήσομαι, a. 2.

ἐπελαθόμην, (ἐπί & λανθάνω) to forget,

Mat. 15, 5, et al.; to be forgethil,

neglecthil of, to disregard, Phi.

3. 14. He. 6. 10, et al.; p. pass. part.

επιλελησμένος, in N. T., in a passive

sense, forgotten, Lu. 12. 6.

Επιλελησμένος διαρμα το διαρμα τ

Επιλέγω, f. ξω, (ἐπί & λέγω) tocall, denominate, Jno. 5. 2; mid. to select for one's self, choose, Ac. 15. 40. Επιλείπω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & λείπω) to be insufficient, to run short, to fail, He. 11. 32.

Έπιλησμονή, ης, η, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness, oblivion, Ja. 1. 25.

Επίλοιπος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐπιλείπω) remaining, still left, 1 Pe. 4. 2.

Επίλύσις, εως, ή, a loosing, libera-

enigm itical and obscure, 2 Pe. 1. 20: from

'Επιλύω, f. ύσω, (ἐπί & λύω) ta loose what has previously been fast ened or entangled, as a knot; met. to solve, to explain what is enigmatical as a parable, Mat. 4. 34; to settle put an end to a matter of debate, Ac. i9. 39.

Επιμαρτυρέω, ω, f. ησω, (έπί & μαρτυρέω) to bear testimony to, to testify solemnly, 1 Pe. 5. 12.

Έπιμελεια, ας, ή, (ἐπιμελής) care,

attention, Ac. 27. 3.

'Επιμέλομαι, 🔻 ἐπιμελέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ἐπιμεληθήσομαι, and, later, ἐπιμελήσομαι, a. l. ἐπεμελήθην, (ἐπί & μέλομαι) to take care of, Lu. 10. 34 35. l Ti. 3. 5.

'Επιμελῶς, adv. (ἐπιμελής) carefully, diligently, Lu. 15. 8.

'Επιμένω, f. νω, (ἐπί & μένω) to stay longer, prolong a stay, remain on, Ac. 10. 48; 15. 34, et al.; to continue, persevere, Jno. 8.7. Ac. 12.16; to adhere to, continue to embrace, Ac. 13. 43. Ro. 11. 22; to persist in, Ro. 6. 1, et al.

'Επινεύω, f. εύσω, (ἐπί & νεύω) to nod to; met. to assent to, consent,

Ac. 18, 20,

Ἐπίνοια, as, ἡ, (ἐπί & νοῦς) cogitation, purpose, device, Ac. 8. 22.

Έπιορκέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & ὅρκος) to forswear one's self, to fail of observing one's oath, Mat. 5. 33.

Eπίορκος, ου, ό, ή, (fr. same) one who violates his oath, perjured, 1 Ti. 1. 10.

'Επιοῦσα, ης, ή, scil. ἡμέρα, ses

Έπιούσιος, ίου, ό, ή, supplied with or, sufficient, Mat. 6. 11. Lu. 11. 3. N. T.

Έπιπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. ἐπέπεσον, (ἐπί & πίπτω) to fall upon; to throw one's self upon, Lu. 15. 20. Jno. 13. 25. Ac. 20. 10, 37; to press, urge upon, Mar. 3. 10; to light upon, Ro. 15. 3; to come over, Ac. 13. 11; to come upon, fall upon mentally or spiritually, Lu. 1. 12. Ac. 8. 16; 10, 10, 44; 11. 15; 19. 17.

tion; met. interpretation of what is Επιπλήσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, (έπί &

πλησσω) pr. to inflict blows upon; met. to chide, reprove, 1 Ti. 5. 1.

Έπιπνίγω, f. ξω, (ἐπί & πνίγω) pr. to suffocate; met. to choke, obstruct the growth of, v. r. Lu. 8, 7. N. T.

'Επιποθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & ποθέω) to desire besides; also, to desire earnestly, long for, 2 Co. 5. 2; to have a strong bent, Ja. 4. 5; by impl. to love, have affection for, 2 Co. 9. 14, et al .: whence

Eπιπόθησις, εως, ή, earner, desire, strong affection, 2 Co. 7. 7, 11.

Έπιπόθητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ον, earnestly desired, longed for, Phi. 4. 1. L. G.

Επιποθία, ας, ή, earnest desire, Ro. 15. 23. N. T.

³Επιπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (ἐπί & πορεύομαι) to travel to; to come to. Lu. 8. 4.

Επιρράπτω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & ράπτω) to sew upon, Mar. 2. 21. N. T.

επιρρίπτω, f. ψω, (ἐπί & ρίπτω) to throw or cast upon, Lu. 19. 35; met. to devolve upon, commit to, in confidence, 1 Pe. 5. 7.

Έπίσημος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί & σῆμα) pr. bearing a distinctive mark or device; noted, eminent, Ro. 16. 7; notorious, Mat. 27. 16.

Ἐπισιτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπισιτίζομαι, to provision, fr. ἐπί & σιτίζω, to feed, fr. σίτος) supply of food, provisions, Lu. 9. 12.

Έπισκέπτομαι, Γ. ψομαι, (ἐπί & σκέπτομαι) to look at observantly, to inspect; to look out, select, Ac. 6.3; to go to see, visit, Ac. 7. 23; 15. 36; to visit for the purpose of comfort and relief, Mat. 25. 36, 43. Ja. 1. 27; from the Heb., of God, to visit with gracious interposition, Lu. 1. 68, 78, et al.

Επισκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (έπισκευάζω, to put in readiness) to prepare for a journey, v. r. Ac. 21. 15.

Επισκηνόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ἐπί & σκηνή, a tent) to quarter in or at; met. to abide upon, 2 Co. 12.9. L. G.

Επισκιάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί & σκιάζω, to shade, fr. σκιά) to overshadow, Mat. 17. 5, et al.; met. to shed influence upon, Lu 1. 35.

Επισκοπέω, ω, (έπί & σκοπέω) to

look at, inspect; met. to be circumspect, heedful, He. 12. 15; to oversee, to exercise the office of inioкотос, 1 Ре. 5. 2.

'Επισκοπή, ης, η, inspection, over-sight, visitation: of God, visitation, interposition, whether in mercy or judgment, Lu. 19.44. 1 Pe. 2. 12; care, the office of an overseer or bishop, 1 Ti. 3. 1; from the Heb. charge, function, Ac. 1. 20. S.

Επίσκοπος, ου, ό, pr. an inspector, overseer; a watcher, guardian, 1 Pe. 2.25; in N. T., an ecclesiastical overseer, Ac. 20. 28. Phi. 1. 1. 1 Ti. 3. 2. Tit. 1. 7.

'Επισπάω, ῶ, f. άσω, (ἐπί & σπάω) to draw upon or after; in N. T., mid., to obliterate circumcision by artificial extension of the foreskin, 1 Co. 7. 18.

Eπίσταμαι, σαι, ται, to be versed in, to be master of, 1 Ti. 6. 4; to be acquainted with, Ac. 18. 25; 19. 15. Jude 10; to know, Ac. 10. 28, et al.; to remember, comprehend, Mar 14. 68.

'Επιστάτης, ου, δ, (ἐφίσταμαι) pr. one who stands by; one who is set over; in N. T., in voc., equivalent to διδάσκαλε, or ἡαββί, Master, Doctor, Lu. 5. 5; 8. 24, 45, et al. (ă)

Έπιστέλλω, f. ελῶ, (ἐπί & στέλ- $\lambda\omega)$ to send word to; to send injunctions, Ac. 15. 20; 21. 25; to write to, write a letter, He. 13. 22.

'Επιστήμων, ονος, ό, ή, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowing, discreet, Ja. 3. 13.

Έπιστηρίζω, f. ίξω, (ἐπί & στηρίζω) pr. to cause to rest or lean on, to settle upon; met. to confirm, strengthen, establish, Ac. 14. 22; 15. 32, 41; 18. 23.

Έπιστολή, ῆς, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) word sent; an order, command; an epistle, letter, Ac. 9. 2; 15. 30, et al.

Έπιστομίζω, f. ίσω, (ἐπί & στόμα) to apply a curb or muzzle; met. to put to silence, Tit. 1. 11.

Έπιστρέφω, f. ψω, a. 2. pass. έπεστράφην, (ἐπὶ & στρέφω) trans. to turn towards: to turn round: to bring back, convert, Lu. 1. 16, 17. Ja. 5. 19, 20; intrans. and mid., to turn one's self upon or towards, Ac. 9. 40. Re. 1. 12; to turn about, Mat. 9. 22 Επιστροφή, η̂s, ή, a turning towards, a turning about; in N.T., met., conversion, Ac. 15. i3.

Επισυνάγω, f. ξω, (ἐπί & συνάγω) to gather to a place; to gather to-gether, assemble, convene, Mat. 23. 37; 24. 31, et al.: (L. G.) whence

Eπισυναγωγή, η̂s, η̂, the act of being gathered together or assembling bled, 2 Thes. 2. 1; an assembling together, He. 10. 25. S.

Ἐπισυντρέχω, (ἐπί & συντρέχω) to run together to a place, Mar. 9. 25.

*Επισύστἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a gathering, concourse, tumult, Ac. 24. 12; a crowding of calls upon the attention and thoughts, 2 Co. 11, 28.

Επισφαλής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (ἐπί & σφάλλω) on the verge of fall ing, unsteady; met. insecure, hazardous, dangerous, Ac. 27. 9.

Έπισχύω, f. ύσω, (ἐπί & ἰσχύω) to strengthen; intrans. to gather strength; met. to be urgent, to press on a point, Lu. 23. 5.

Έπισωρεύω, ε. εύσω, (ἐπί & σωρεύω, fr. σωρός, a heap) to heap up, accumulate largely; met. to procure in abundance, 2 Ti. 4. 3. L. G.

Επιτάγή, ης, ή, a later form for ἐπίταξις οτ ἐπίταγμα, injunction, 1 Co. 7. 6, 25. 2 Co. 8.8; a decree, Ro. 16. 26. 1 Ti. 1. 1. Tit. 1. 3; authoritativeness, strictness, Tit. 2. 15: from

Έπιτάσσω, f. ξω, (ἐπί & τάσσω) to set over or upon; to enjoin, charge, Mar. 1. 27; 6. 39. Lu. 4. 36, et al.

Έπιτελέω, ῶ, ε. έσω, (ἐπὶ & τελέω) to bring to an end; to finish, complete, perfect, Ro. 15. 28. 2 Co. 8. 6, 11; to perform, Lu. 13. 32; to carry into practice, to realise, 2 Co. 7.1; to discharge, He. 9.6; to execute; He. 8. 5; mid. to end, make an end, Gal. 3. 3; to carry out to completion, Phi. 1. 6; pass. to be fully undergone, endured, 1 Pe. 5. 9.

Επιτήδειος, εία, ειον, (ἐπιτηδές) fit, suitable, necessary, Ja. 2. 16. Έπιτίθημι, f. ἐπιθήσω, (ἐπί & τίθημι) to put, place, or lay upon, Mat. 9. 18. Lu. 4. 40, et al.; to impose a name, Mar. 3. 16, 17; to lade, Ac. 28. 3; to inflict, Ac. 16. 23. Lu. 10. 30. Re. 22. 18; mid. to set or fall upon, assail, assault, attack, Ac. 18. 10.

Ἐπιτιμάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & τιμάω) pr. to set a value upon; to assess a penalty; to allege as a crimination; hence, to reprove, chide, censure, rebuke, reprimand, Mat. 19. 13. Lu. 23. 40, et al.; in N. T., te admonish strongly, enjoin strictly, Mat. 12. 16. Lu. 17. 3.

Επιτιμία, as, ή, used in N. T. in the sense of επιτίμημα or επιτίμησιε, a punishment, penalty, 2 Co. 2. 6.

Επιτρέπω, f. ψω, a. 2. pass. ἐπετράπην, p. ἐπιτέτραμμαι, (ἐπί & τρέπω) to give over, to leave to the entire trust or management of any one: hence, to permit, allow, suffer, Mat. 8. 21. Mar. 5. 13, et al.: whence

Επιτροπή, η̂ς, η, a trust; a commission, Ac. 26. 12.

Έπίτροπος, ου, ό, one to whose charge or control a thing is left; a steward, bailiff, agent, manager, Mat. 20. 8; steward or overseer of the revenue, treasurer, Lu. 8. 3; a guardian of children, Gal. 4. 2.

Επιτυγχάνω, a. 2. ἐπέτὔχον, (ἐπί & ruyxavw) to light upon, find; to hit, reach; to acquire, obtain, attain. Ro. 11. 7. He. 6. 15; 11. 33.

'Επιφαίνω, f. φανῶ, a. 1. ἐπέφηνα, later and in N. T., ἐπέφανα, a. 2. pass. ἐπέφανην, (ἐπί & φαίνω) to make to appear, to display; pass. to be manifested, revealed, Tit. 2. 11; 3. 4; intrans. to give light, shine, Lu. 1. 79. Ac. 27. 20.

Επιφάνεια, ας, η, appearance, manifestation, 1 Ti. 6. 14. 2 Ti. 1. 10, et al.; glorious display, 2 Thes. 2.8: from

Έπιφανής, έος, ους, ό, ή, pr. in full and clear view; splendid, glorious, illustrious, Ac. 2. 20.

Έπιφαύσκω, in N. T. f. αύσω, (φῶς) to shine upon, give light to, enlighten,

Ep. 5. 14.

'Επιφέρω, f. ἐποίσω, a. 2. ἐπένεγκον, $(\epsilon \pi i$ & $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega)$ to bring upon O against, Ac. 25. 18. Jude 9; to ir flict, Ro. 3. 5; to bring to, apply to, Ac. 19. 12; to bring in addition, add,

superadd, Phi. 1. 16.

Επιφωνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & φωνέω) to cry aloud, shout, raise a shout in favour or against any one, Lu. 23. 21. Ac. 12. 22; 22. 24.

Έπιφώσκω, a varied form of έπιφαύσκω, to dawn, Mat. 21. 1; hence, used of the reckoned commencement of the day, to be near commencing, to draw on, Lu. 23. 54.

Έπιχειρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & χείρ) to put hand to a thing; to under-take, attempt, Lu. 1. 1. Ac. 9. 29; 19. 13.

Έπιχέω, ῶ, f. εύσω, (ἐπί & χέω) to pour upon, Lu. 10. 34.

Έπιχορηγέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & χορηγέω) to supply further; to superadd, 2 Pe. 1. 5; to supply, furnish, give, 2 Co. 9. 10. Gal. 3. 5. 2 Pe. 1. 11; pass. to gather vigour, Col. 2. 19.

Έπιχορηγία, as, ή, supply, aid, Ep. 4. 16. Phi. 1. 19. L. G.

Έπιχρίω, f. ίσω, (ἐπί & χρίω) to smear upon, to anoint, Jno. 9. 6. 11. (7).

Έποικοδομέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἐπί & οικοδομέω) to build upon; pass. met. to be built upon, rest firmly on, Ep. 2. 20. Col. 2. 7; to build besides or further; to build up, carry up a building; met. to carry up to a higher degree of faith and spiritual advancement, Ac. 20. 32, et al.

Εποκέλλω, α. 1. ἐπώκειλα, (ἐπί & οκέλλω, idem) to run a ship aground, Ac. 27, 41.

Επονομάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί & ὀνομάζω) to attach a name to; pass. to be named, to be styled, Ro. 2. 17.

Εποπτεύω, f. εύσω, to look upon, observe, watch; to witness, be an eye-witness of, 1 Pe. 2. 12; 3. 2: from

Επόπτης, ου, ό, (ἐπί & ὄψομαι) a looker on, eye-witness, 2 Pe. 1. 16.

Έπος, εος, τό, (είπον) a word, that which is expressed by words; is income, so to say, if the expression may be allowed, He. 7. 9.

Έπουράνιος, ίου, ό, ή, (ἐπί & οὐparos) heavenly, in respect of locality, Eperyopau, f. Louau, to vemit dis-

Ep. 1. 20; Pni. 2. 10, et al.; và cacopávia, the upper regions of the atr. Ep. 6. 12; heavenly, in respect of essence and character, unearthly, 1 Co. 15. 48, 49, et al.; met. divine, spiritual, Jno. 3. 12, et al.

Επτά, οί, αί, τά, seven, Mat. 15. 34, 37, et al.; by Jewish usage for a round number, Mat. 12. 45. Lu. 11. 26: whence

Επτάκις, adv. seven times, Mat. 18. 21, 22. Lu. 17. 4, bis. (a)

Επτακισχίλιοι, αι, α, (ξπτάκις & χίλιοι) seven thousand, Ro. 11. 4.

'Εργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, a. 1. είργασάμην, p. εἰργασμαι. (ἔργον) intrans. to work, labour, Mat. 21. 28. Lu. 13. 14; to trade, traffic, do business, Mat. 25. 16. Re. 18. 17; to act, exert one's power, be active, Jno. 5. 17: trans. to do, perform, commit, Mat. 26. 10. Jno. 6. 28; to be engaged in, occupied upon, 1 Co. 9. 13. Re. 18. 17; to acquire, gain by one's labour, Jno. 6. 27, et al.: whence

Eργάσία, ας, ή, work, labour; m N. T., ἐργασίαν διδόναι, operam dare, to endeavour, strive, Lu. 12.58; performance, practice, Ep. 4. 19; a trade, business, craft, Ac. 19. 25; gain acquired by lubour or trade, profit, Ac. 16. 16, 19; 19. 24, 25.

Εργάτης, ου, δ, a workman, labourer. Mt. 9.37,38; 20. 1, 2, 8; met. a spiritual workman or labourer, 2 Co. 11. 13, et al.; an artisan, artificer, Ac. 19. 25; a worker, practiser, Lu. 13. 27. (ă)

Εργου, ου, τό, a work, any thing done or to be done; a deed, work, action, Jno. 3, 21. Ep. 2. 10. 2 Co. 9. 8, et al. freq.; duty enjoined, office, charge, business, Mar. 13. 34. Jno. 4. 34, et al. freq.; a process, course of action, Ja. 1. 4; a work, product of an action or process, Ac 7. 41. He. 1. 10 es al.

Έρεθίζω, f. ίσω, a. 2. ηρέθισα, (ἐρέθω, idem, ἔρις) to provoke; το irritate, exasperate, Col. 3. 21; to incite, stimulate, 2 Co. 9. 2.

ερείδω, f. είσω, a. 1. ήρεισα, to make to lean upon; to fix firmly; intrans, to become firmly fixed, stick fast, Ac. 27. 41.

gorge, mct. to utter, declare openly, Mat. 13. 35.

 $E \rho \epsilon \nu \nu \dot{\alpha} \omega$, $\dot{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$, to search, trace, investigate, explore, Jno. 5. 39; 7. 52, et al.

Eρημία, a solitude, uninhabited region, waste, desert Mat. 15. 33, et al.:

Eρημος, ου, δ, η, & η, ον, lone, desert, waste, uninhabited, Mat. 14, 15. Mar. 6, 31, 32, 35; lone, abandoned to ruin, Mat. 23, 38. Lv. 13, 35, met. lone, unmarried, Ga. 4, 27; as a subs. a desert, uninhabited region, waste, Mat. 3, 1; 24, 26. Ac. 7, 36, et al.: whence

Έρημόω, ῶ, f. ὡσω, p. pass. ἡρήμωμαι, a. l. pass. ἡρημώθην, to lay waste, make desolate, bring to ruin, Mat. 12. 25. Lu. 11. 17. Re. 17. 16; 18. 16, 19: whence

Eρήμωσις, εως, ή, desolation, devastation, Mat. 24. 15. Mar. 13. 14, et al. L. G.

Eρίζω, f. ίσω, (ἔρις) to quarrel; to wrangle; to use the harsh tone of a wrangler or brawler, to grate, Mat. 12. 19.

*Eρīθεία, as, η, (εριθεύομαι, to serve for hire, to serve a party; ερίθος, a hired labourer) the service of a party, party spirit; feud, faction, 2 Co. 12.20; contentious disposition, Ja. 3.14, et al.; by impl. untowardness, disobedience, Ro. 2.8.

Εριον, ου, τό, (έρος, είρος, idem) wool, He. 9. 19. Re. 1. 14.

Eρις, ιδος, ή, altercation, strife, Ro. 13. 13; contentious disposition, Ro. 1. 29. Phi. 1. 15, et al.

Eρίφιον, ίου, το, a goat, kid, Mat. 25. 33: dim. from

Έρἴφος, ου, ό, ή, a goat, kid, Mat. 25. 32. Lu. 15. 29.

Eρμηνεία, as, ή, interpretation, explanation, 1 Co. 14. 26; meton. the power or faculty of interpreting, 1 Co. 12. 10: from

Eρμηνεύω, f. εύσω, (έρμηνεύς, an interpreter) to explain, interpret, translate, Jno. 1. 39, 43; 9. 7. He. 7. 2.

Eρμηs, οῦ, ὁ, Hermes or Mercury, son of Jupiter and Maia, the messenger and interpreter of the gods, and the patron of eloquence, learning, &c. Ac. 14. 12.

^eΕρπετόν, οῦ, τό, (ἔρπω, to creep) a creeping animal, a reptile, Ac. 10. 12, et al.

 $^{\circ}$ E $\rho\nu\theta\rho\delta s$, \acute{a} , $\acute{a}\nu$, red, Ac. 7. 36. He

"Ερχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. ήλύθον, by sync. ήλθον, p. ελήλύθα, tc come, to go, to pass. By the combination of this verb with other terms a variety of meaning results, which, however, is due, not to a change of meaning in the verb, but to the adjuncts. 'O έρχόψονς, He who is coming, the expected Messiah, Mat 11. 3, et al.

Eρωτάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to ask, interrogate, inquire of, Mat. 21. 24. Lu. 20. 3; in N. T., to ask, request, beg, beseech, Mat. 15. 23. Lu. 4. 38. Jno. 14. 16, et al.

Eσθής, ῆτος, ἡ, (ἔννυμ, to clothe) a robe, vestment, raiment, Lu. 22. 11. Ac. 1. 10, et al.: whence

Εσθησις, εως, $\dot{\eta}$, a garment, robe, raiment, Lu. 24. 4. L. G.

Eσθίω, f. ἔδομαι, & in N. T. φά-γομαι, εσαι, a. 2. ἔφαγον, (ἔδω) to eat, Mat. 12. 1; 15. 27; ἐσθίειν κοὶ πίσειν, to eat and drink, to eat and drink in the usual manner, follow the common mode of living, Mat. 11. 18; also with the associated notion of supposed security, Lu. 17. 27; to feast, banquet, Mat. 24. 49; met. to devour, consume, He. 10. 27. Ja. 5. 3; from the Heb. ἄρτον ἐσθίειν, to eat bread, to take food, take the usual meals, Mat. 15. 2, et al.

"Εσοπτρον, ου, τό, (ὄψομαι) a mirror, speculum, Ja. 1. 23. 1 Co. 13. 12.

Εσπέρα, ας, ή, fem. of έσπερος, evening, Lu. 24. 29. Ac. 4.3; 28. 23.

"Εσχάτος, η, ον, farthest; last, latest, Mat. 12. 45. Mar. 12. 6; lowest, Mat. 19. 30; 20. 16, et al.: whence 'Εσχάτως, adv. extremely; ἐσχά-

Εσχάτως, adv. extremely; εσχάτως έχειν. to be in the last extremity, Mar. 5. 23.

Eσω, adv., for the more usual form είσω, in, within, in the interior of. Mat. 26.58. Jno. 20. 26, et al.; ὁ, ἡ τό ἔσω, inner, interior, internal; met. within the pale of community 1 Ce

Εσωθεν, adv. from within, from the interior, Mar. 7. 21, 23; within, in the internal parts, Mat. 7. 15, et al.; ὁ, ἡ, τό ἔσωθεν, interior, internal, Lu. 11. 39, 40; ὁ ἔσωθεν ἄνθρωπος, the mind, soul, 2 Co. 4. 16.

*Εσώτερος, α, ον, inner, interior, Ac. 16. 24. He. 6. 19.

Eταίρος, ου, ό, a companion, associate, fellow, comrade, fr.end, Mat. 11. 16; 20. 13; 22. 12; 26. 50.

Έτερόγλωσσος, ου, ό, ή, (ἔτερος & γλῶσσα) one who speaks another or foreign language, 1 Co. 14. 21. L. G.

Έτεροδιδασκαλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἔτερος & διδασκαλία) to teach other or different doctrine, and spc. what is foreign to the Christian religion, 1 Ti. 1. 3; 6. 3. N. T.

Ετεροζυγέω, ω, (ἔτερος & ζυγός) to be unequally yoked or matched, 2 Co. 6. 14.

Ετερος, a, ον, other, another, some other, Mat. 8. 21; 12. 45; met. different, Lu. 9. 29, et al.; ò ërepos, the other of two, Mat. 6.24; τῆ ἐτέρα, the next day, Ac. 20. 15; 27. 3; ὁ ἔτερος, one's neighbour, Ro. 13. 8, et al.; foreign, strange, Ac. 2. 4. 1 Co. 14. 21; illicit, Jude 7: whence

'Ετέρως, adv. otherwise, differently, Phi. 3. 15.

Έτι, adv. yet, still, Mat. 12. 46; still, further, longer, Lu. 16. 2; further, besides, in addition, Mat. 18. 16; with a compar., yet, still, Phi. 1. 9.

'Ετοιμάζω, f. άσω, (ἔτοιμος) to make ready, prepare, Mat. 22. 4; 26. 17, et al.: whence

Ετοιμασία, as, ή, preparation; preparedness, readiness, alacrity, Ep.

"Ετοιμος, η, ον, ου, ό, ή, also έτοιμος, ready, prepared, Mat. 22. 4, 8. Mar. 14. 15, et al.: whence

'Ετοίμως, adv. in readiness, preparedly, Ac. 21. 13, et al.

"Eros, εος, τό, a year, Lu. 2. 41; 3. 23, et al.

E.J., adv. well, good, happily, rightly, Mar. 14. 7. Ac. 15. 29; well! well done! Mat. 25. 21, 23, et al.

 5.12; δ ἐσω ἄνθρωπος, the inner man, the mind, soul, Ro. 7.22: whence
 Εὐαγγελίζω, f. ίσω, to address with good tidings, Re. 10. 7; 14. 6; but elsewhere mid. εὐαγγελίζομα, to proclaim as good tidings, to announce good tidings of, Lu. 1. 19, et al.; absolt to announce the good tidings of the gospel, Lu. 4. 18; 9. 6, et al.; pass. to be announced as good tidings, Lu. 16. 16; to be addressed with good tidings, Mat. 11. 5. Lu. 7. 22. He.

> Εὐαγγέλιον, ου, τό, (εὖ & ἄγγελος) glad tidings, good or joyful news, Mat. 4. 23; 9. 35; the gospel, doc-trines of the gospel, Mat. 26. 13. Mar. 8. 35; meton. the preaching of, or instruction in the gospel, I Co. 4. 15; 9. 14, et al.

> Εὐαγγελιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζω) pr. one who announces glad tidings; an evangelist, preacher of the gospel, teacher of the Christian religion, Ac. 21.8. Ep. 4.11. 2 Ti. 4.5. N. T.

> Εὐαρεστέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. εὐηρέστηκα, to please well, He. 11. 5, 6; pass. to take pleasure in, be well pleased with, He. 13. 6: (L. G.) from Εὐάρεστος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (εὐ &

> αρεστός, fr. αρέσκω) well pleasing, acceptable, grateful, Ro. 12. 1, 2, et al.: whence.

> Εὐαρέστως, adv. acceptably, He. 12. 28.

> Εὐγενής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & γέvos) well born, of high rank, honourable; Lu. 19. 12. 1 Co. 1. 26; generous, ingenuous, candid, Ac. 17. 11.

> Εὐδία, ας, ή, (εὖ & Ζεύς, Διός, Jupiter, lord of the air and heavens) serenity of the heavens, a cloudless sky, fair or fine weather, Mat. 16. 2.

> Εὐδοκέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (εὖ & δοκέω) to think well, approve, acquiesce, take delight or pleasure, Mat. 3. 17; 17. 5. Mar. 1. 11. Lu. 3. 22; 12. 32, et al.: (L. G.) whence

Εὐδοκία, ας, ή, approbation; good will, favour, Lu. 2. 14; good pleasure, purpose, intention, Mat. 11.26. Lu. 10. 21; Ep. 1. 5, 9. Phi. 2. 13; by impl. desire, Ro. 10. 1.

Εὐεργεσία, as, ή, (εὐεργέτης) well doing; a good deed, benefit conferred, Ac. 4. 9: duty, good offices, 1 Ti. 6. 2.

Εὐεργέτης, ου, ό, (εὖ & ἔργον) a well doer; a benefactor, Lu. 22. 25.

Εύθετος, ου, ό, ή, (εύ & τίθημι pr. well arranged, rightly disposed; fit, proper, adapted, Lu. 9. 62; 14. 35; useful, He. 6. 7.

 $\vec{E} \dot{v} \theta \dot{\epsilon} \omega s$, a dv. $(\vec{\epsilon} \dot{v} \theta \dot{v} s)$ immediately, forthwith, instantly, at once, Mat. 8. 3; 13. 5, et ai.

Εὐθυδρομέω, ω, f. ήσω, (εὐθύς & ! δρόμος) to run on a straight course; to sail on a direct course, Ac. 16, 11; 21. 1. L. G.

 $Εὐθ\overline{υ}μϵω$, $\hat{ω}$, f. $\dot{η}σω$, to be cheerful, be in good spirits, take courage, Ac. 27. 22, 25. Ja. 5. 13: from

Εὖθūμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ϵὖ & θυμός) of good cheer or courage, cheerful, Ac. 27. 36: whence

Εὐθυμότερον, adv. (pr. neut. comp. of preced.) more cheerfully, Ac. 24, 10.

Eὐθύμως, adv. cheerfully, v. r. Ac. 24, 10.

Εὐθύνω, f. υνῶ, a. 1. ῦνα, to guidestraight; to direct, guide, steer a ship, Ja. 3. 4; to make straight, Jno. 1. 23: from

Eὐθύς, εῖα, ύ, straight, Mat. 3. 3. Mar. 1. 3; met. right, upright, true, Ac. 8. 21, et al.

Eὐθύς, adv. straight forwards; directly, immediately, instantly, forthwith, Mat. 3. 16; 13. 20, 21, et al.

Εὐθύτης, τητος, ή, rectitude, righteousness, equity, He. 1. 8. (v).

Εὐκαιρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ηὐκαίησα, (εὐκαιρος) to have convenient Mar. 6. 31. 1 Co. 16. 12; to be at leisure, for a thing, give one's self up to a thing, Ac. 17. 21. L. G.

Εὐκαιρία, as, ή, convenient opportunity, favourable occasion, Mat. 26.

16. Lu. 22. 6: from

Ευκαιρος, ου, ό, ή, (εὐ & καιρός) timely, opportune, seasonable, convenient, Mar. 6. 21. He. 4. 16: whence Εύκαίρως, adv. opportunely, season-

ably, conveniently, Mar. 14. 11. 2 Ti.

Εθεργετέω, ω, f. ήσω, to do good, εὐκοπώτερος, a, ον, (comp. of εθκοτος, casy, fr. εὐ & κόπος) easier, from more feasible, Mat. 9.5; 19. 24. Mar. 2. 9, et al. L. G.

> Εὐλάβεια, ας, η, the disposition of one who is εὐλαβής, caution, circumspection; in N. T., reverence to God,

plety, He. 5. 7; 12. 28.

Εὐλαβέομαι, οῦ, f. ήσομαι, a. 1. ηὔλαβήθην, to be cautious or circumspect; to fear, be afraid or apprehensive, Ac. 23. 10; in N. T. absol. to reverence God, to be influenced by pious awe, He. 11. 7: from

Εὐλάβής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ & λαμβάνω) pr. taking hold of well, i.e. warily; hence, cautious, circumspect; full of reverence towards God, devout, pious, religious, Lu. 2. 25. Ac. 2. 5; 8. 2.

Εὐλογέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. ηκα, a. 1 ησα, (εὐ & λόγος) pr. to speak well of; in N. T., to bless, ascribe praise and glorification, Lu. 1. 64, et al.; to bless, invoke a blessing upon, Mat. 5. 44, et al.; to bless, confer a favour or blessing upon, Ep. 1. 3. He. 6. 14; pass. to be blessed, be an object of favour or blessing, Lu. 1. 28, et al.: whence

Eὐλογητός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, worthy of praise or blessing, blessed, Mar. 14. 61. Lu. 1. 68, et al. S.

Eὐλογία, as, η, pr. good speaking; fair speech, flattery, Ro. 16, 18; in N. T., blessing, praise, celebration, 1 Co. 10, 16. Re. 5, 12, 13; invocation of good, benediction, Ja. 3, 10; favor conferred with benefit Ro. a favour conferred, gift, benefit, Ro. 15. 29. 2 Co. 9. 5, 6, et al.

Εύμετάδοτος, ου, ό, ή, (εὖ & μεταδίδωμι) ready in imparting, interal, bountiful, 1 Ti. 6. 18. L. G.

Εὐνοέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (εΰνοος, εὖ & νόος, νοῦς) to have kind thoughts, be well affected or kindly disposed towards, Mat. 5. 25.

Εύνοια, as, ή, (fr. same) good will, kindliness; heartiness, Ep. 6.7; con-

jugal duty, 1 Co. 7. 3.

Εὐνουχίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. εύνουχίσα, to emasculate, make a eunuch; to impose chaste abstinence on, to bind to a practical emasculation, Mat. 19. 12: (L. G.) from

Εὐνοῦχος, ου, ό, (εὐν , a bed, 🍇

έχω) pr. one who has charge of the bedchamber; hence, a eunuch, one emasculated, Mat. 19. 12; as eunuchs in the East often rose to places of power and trust, hence, a minister of a court, Ac. 8. 27, 34.

Εὐοδόω, f. ώσω, ($\epsilon \tilde{v}$ & $\delta \delta \delta \hat{o}$ s) to give a prosperous journey; cause to prosper or be successful; pass. to have a prosperous journey, to succeed in a journey, Ro. 1. 10; met. to be furthered, to prosper, temporally or spiritually, 1 Co. 16. 2. 3 Jno. 2, bis.

Εὐπάρεδρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ & πάρε-δρος, one who sits by, an assistant, assessor, fr. παρά & εδρα, a seat) constantly attending; assiduous, devoted to; τὸ εὐπάρεδρον, assiduity, devotedness, v. r. 1 Co. 7. 35. L. G.

Εὐπειθής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & πείθω) easily persuaded, pliant, Ja. 3. 17.

Εὐπερίστάτος, ου, ό, ή, (εὖ & περιίσταμαι) easily or constantly environing or besetting, He. 12. 1. N. T.

Εὐποιία, ας, ή, (εὖ & ποιέω) doing good, beneficence, He. 13. 16. L. G.

Εὐπορέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (εὐπορέω, to supply, fr. εύπορος, easy, abounding, in easy circumstances) to be in prosperous circumstances, enjoy plenty, Ac. 11. 29.

Εύπορία, as, ή, (fr. same) wealth, abundance, Ac. 19. 25.

Εύπρέπεια, ας, ή, (εύπρεπής, well looking, fr. ev & πρέπει) grace, beauty, Ja. 1. 11.

Εὐπρόσδεκτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ & προσδέχουαι) acceptable, grateful, pleasing, Ro. 15. 16, 31. 2 Co. 8. 12. 1 Pe. 2. 5; in N. T., gracious, 2 Co. 6. 2.

Ευπρόσεδρος, ου, ό, ή, (εὐ & πρόσεδρος, an assessor) constantly attending, assiduous, devoted to, 1 Co. 7. 35; equivalent to εὐπάρεδρος.

Εύπροσωπέω, ω, f. ήσω, (εὐπρόσωπος, of a fair countenance, fr. εδ & πρόσωπον) to carry or make a fair appearance, to be specious, Gal. 6. 12. N. T.

Εύρίσκω, f. εύρήσω, p. εὔρηκα, a. 2. εθρον, a. 1 pass. εθρέθην, later a. 1. εθρησα, and a. mid. εθράμην, Hc. 9. 12; to find, to meet with, light upon, Mat. 18.28; 20.6; to find out, Ευτόνως, adv. (ευτόνος, on the

to detect, discover, Lu. 23, 2, 4, 16; to acquire, obtain, win, gain, Lu. 1. 30; 9. 12; to find mentally, to comprehend, recognise, Ac. 17. 27. Ro. 7. 21; to find by experience, observe, gather, Ro. 7. 18; to devise as feasible, Lu. 5. 19; 19. 48.

Εὐροκλύδων, (εὐρος, the east wind, & κλύδων, a wave) Euroclydon, the name of a tempestuous wind, Ac. 27.14. There are, however, two various readings, Εὐρυκλύδων (εὐρύς) από τειμιτης, Ευρυκλύδων (ευρύς) and Ευρακύλων. Euroaquilo. (ὔ). N. T.

Εὐρύχωρος, ου. ό, ἡ, (εὐρύς, broad, & χώρα) spacious; broad, wide, Mat.

Εὐσέβεια, ας, η, (εὐσεβής) reverential feeling; piety, devotion, god-liness, Ac. 3. 12. 1 Ti. 2. 2; 4. 7, 8, et al.; religion, the Christian religion, 1 Ti. 3. 16.

 $\mathbf{E}\dot{v}\sigma\epsilon\boldsymbol{\beta}\dot{\epsilon}\omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to exercise piety; towards a deity, to worship, Ac. 17. 23; towards relatives, to be dutiful towards, 1 Ti. 5. 4: from

Εὐσεβής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & σέβομαι) reverent; pious, devout, religious, Ac. 10. 2, 7; 22. 12. 2 Pe. 2. 9: whence

 $E\dot{v}\sigma\epsilon\beta\hat{\omega}s$, adv. piously, religiously, 2 Ti. 3. 12. Tit. 2. 12.

Εὖσημος, ου, ό, ἡ, (εὖ & σῆμα) pr. well marked, strongly marked; met. significant, intelligible, perspicuous, 1 Co. 14. 9.

Εὖσπλαγχνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & σπλάγχνον) in N.T., tender-hearted, compassionate, Ep. 4. 32. 2 Pe. 3. 8. Εὐσχημόνως, adv. (εὐσχήμων) in a becoming manner, with propriety, decently, gracefully, Ro. 13, 13, 1 Co. 14, 40, 1 Thes. 4, 12,

Eὐσχημοσύνη, ης, ἡ, comeliness, gracefulness; artificial comeliness, ornamental array, embellishment, 1 Co. 12. 23: from

Εύσχήμων, ονος, ό, ή, (εὐ & σχημα) of good appearance, pleasing to look upon, comely, 1 Co. 12. 24; met. becoming, decent; τὸ εὐσχημων, decorum, propriety, 1 Co. 7. 35; honourable, reputable, of high standing and influence, Mar. 15. 43. Ac. 13. 50; 17.12.

Ac. 18. 29.

Βὐτραπελία, ας, ἡ, (εὐτράπελος, ready, witty, fr. εὐ & τρέπω) facetiousness, pleasantry; hence, buffoonery, ribaldry, Ep. 5. 4.

Eὐφημία, as, η, pr. use of words of good omen; hence, favourable expression, praise, commendation, 2 Co. 6.8: from

Εἴφημος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ϵὖ & φήμη) pr. of good omen, auspicious; hence, of good report, commendable, laudable, reputable, Plui. 4. 8.

Εὐφορέω, ω, f. ήσω, (εὕφορος, εὖ & φέρω) to bear or bring forth well or plentifully, yield abundantly, Lu. 12. 16.

Εὐφραίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. εὕφρηνα & εὐφράνα, (εὕφρων, εὐ & φοήν) to gladden, 2 Co. 2. 2; pass. to be glad, exult, rejoice, Lu. 12. 19. Ac. 2. 26; mid. to feast in token of joy, keep a day of rejoicing, Lu. 15. 23, 24, 29, 32, et al.

Εὐφροσύνη, ης, ή, (εὖφρων) joy, gladness, rejoicing, Ac. 2. 28; 14. 17.

Εὐχαριστέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ησα, (εὐχάριστος) to thank, give thanks, Mat. 15. 36; 26. 27, et al.

Eὐχαριστία, αs, η, gratitude, thankfulness, Ac. 24. 3; thanks, the act of giving thanks, thanksgiving. 1 Co. 14. 16, et al.; conversation marked by the gentle cheerfulness of a grateful heart, as contrasted with the unseemly mirth of eὐτραπελία, Ep. 5.4: from

Eὐχάριστος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & χάρις) grateful, pleasing; grateful, mindful of benefits, thankful, Col. 3. 15.

 $E \dot{\nu} \chi \dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta} s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a wish, prayer, Ja. 5. 15; a vow, Ac. 21. 23.

Εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, a. 1. ηὐξάμην, to pray, offer prayer, Ac. 26. 29. 2 Co 13.7,9. Ja. 5. 16; to wish, desire, Ac. 27. 29. Ro. 9. 3. 3 Jno. 2.

Εὔχρηστος, ου, ό, ἡ, (εὖ & χρηστός) highly useful, very profitable, 2 Ti. 2. 21; 4. 11. Phile. 11.

Eὐψυχέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (εὕψῦχος, of good courage, το & ψυχή) to be animated, encouraged, in good spirits, Phi 2. 19.

Eὐωδία, ας, ἡ, (εὐώδης, εὖ & ὅδωδα, οζω) a sweet smell, grateful odour, fragrance, 2 Co. 2. 15. Ep. 5. 2. Phi. 4. 18.

Eὐώνυμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ & ὄνομα) of good name or omen; used also as an euphemism by the Greeks instead of aporteois, which was a word of bad import, as all omens on the left denoted misfortune; the left, Mat. 20. 21, 23; 25, 33, 41, et al.

"Εφάγον, a. 2. of ἐσθίω.

Εφάλλομαι, f. αλούμαι, (ἐπί & αλλομαι) to leap or spring upon, assault, Ac. 19. 16.

Έφάπαξ, αdv. (ἐπί & ἄπαξ) once for all, Ro. 6. 10; at once, 1 Co. 15. 6. Έφεσῖνος, η, ον, Re. 2. 1, and

'Εφεσιος,ία,ιον, Ephesian, of Εφεσος, ον, η, Ephesus, a city of Asia Minor, Ac. 19. 28, 34, 35; 21. 29.

Εφευρετής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐφευρίσκω, to come upon, find, discover, fr. ἐπί & εὐρίσκω) an inventor, deviser, Ro. 1. 30.

Eφημερία, ας, ή, pr. daily course; the daily service of the temple; a course of priests to which the daily service for a week was allotted in rotation, Lu. 1. 5, 8: (L. G.) from

Eφήμερος, ου, ό, ή, (ἐπί & ἡμέρα) lasting for a day; daily; sufficient for a day, necessary for every day, Ja. 2. 15.

Έφικνέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ίξομαι, a. 2. ἐφικόμην, (ἐπί & ἰκνέομαι, to come) to come or reach to, to reach a certain point or end; to reach, arrive at. 2 Co. 10. 13, 14.

Eφίστημι, f. ἐπιστήσω, (ἐπί & ἴστημι) trans. to place upon, over, close by; intrans. p. ἐφέστηκα, part. ἐφεστώς, a. 2. ἐπέστηκη mid. ἐφίστημα, to stand by or near, Lu. 2. 38; 4. 39; to come suddenly upon, Lu. 2. 9. 2. 4; to come upon, assault, Ac 6. 12; 17. 5; to come near, approach. Lu. 10. 40; to impend, be instant, be at hand, 1 Thes. 5. 3; to be present, Ac, 28. 2; to be pressing, urgent, earnest, 2 Ti. 4. 2.

'Εφφαθά, (Aramaean, ΠΠΕΠΚ) be thou opened, Mar. 7. 34.

"E $\chi\theta\rho a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, enmity, discord, feud, Lu. 23. 12. Gal. 5. 20; alienation

80

Eχθρός, ά, όν, hated, under disfavour, Ro. 11. 28; inimical, hostile, Mat. 13. 28. Col. 1. 21; as a subs. an enemy, adversary, Mat. 5. 43, 44; 10. 36. Lu. 6. 27, 35, et al.

*Εχιδνα, ης, ή, (ἔχις) a viper, poisonous serpent, Ac. 28. 3; used also fig. of persons, Mat. 3. 7.

Έχω, f. $\tilde{\epsilon}\xi\omega$, imperf. $\epsilon i\chi o\nu$, a. 2. έσχον, p. έσχηκα, to hold, Re. 1. 16, et al.; to seize, possess a person, Mar. 16. 8; to have, possess, Mat. 7. 29, et al. freq.; to have, have ready, be furnished with, Mat. 5. 23. Jno. 5. 36; 6. 68, et al.; to have as a matter of crimination, Mat. 5. 23. Mar. 11. 25, et al.; to have at com-mand, Mat. 27. 65; to have the power, be able, Mat. 18. 25. Lu. 14. 14. Ac. 14, et al.; to have in marriage Mat. 14. 4, et al.; to have, be affected by, subjected to, Mat. 3. 14; 12. 10. Mar. 3. 10. Jno. 12. 48; 15. 22, 24; 16. 21, 22. Ac. 23. 29. 1 Ti. 5. 12. He. 7. 28. 1 Jno. 1. 8; 4. 18; χάριν έχειν, to feel gratitude, be thankful, 1 Ti. 1. 12. 2 Ti. 1. 3. Phile. 7; to hold, esteem, regard, Mat. 14. 5. Lu. 14. 18, 19, et al.; to have or hold as an object of knowledge, faith, or practive, Jno. 5. 38, 42; 14. 21. 1 Jno. 5. 12. 2 Jno. 9; intrans. with adverbs or adverbial expressions, *o be, to fare, Mat. 9. 12. Mar. 2. 17; 5. 23. Lu. 5. 31. Jno. 4. 52. Ac. 7. 1; 12. 15; 15. 36; 21. 13. 2 Co. 10. 6; 12. 14. 1 Ti. 5. 25. 1 Pe. 4.5; τὸ νῦν ἔχον, for the present; in N. T., ἔχειν ἐν γαστρί, to be pregnant, Mat. 1. 18, et al.; as also έχειν κοίτην, Ro. 9. 10; έχειν δαιμόνιον, to be possessed, Mat. 11. 18, et al.; of time, to have continued, to have lived, Jno. 5. 5, 6; 8. 57; of space, to embrace, be distant, Ac. 1. 12; mid. pr. to hold by, cling to; hence, to border upon, be next, Mar. 1. 38. Lu. 13. 33. Ac. 20. 15; 21. 26; to tend immediately to, He. 6. 9.

Ews, conj., of time, while, as long as, Jno. 9. 4; until, Mat. 2. 9. Lu. 15. 4; as also in N. T., iws ob, iws frow, Mat. 5. 18, 26; iws for, until now, Mat. 11. 12; iws more, until when, how long, Mat. 17. 17; iws originary, until this day, to this time, 2 Co. 3. 15; as prep., of time, until,

Mat. 24. 21; of place, unto, even to Mat. 1. 23. Lu. 2. 15; ἐως ἀνω, to the brim, Jno. 2. 7; ἔως ἐις, even to, as far as, Lu. 24. 50; ἔως κάτω, to the bottom; ἔως δόε, to this place, Lu. 23. 5; of state, unto, even to, Mat 26. 38; of number, even, so much as, Ro. 3. 12, et al. freq.

Z

Zάω, ζῶ, ζῆς, ςῆ, f. ζήσω & ζήσομαι, a. l. έζησα, p. έζηκα, to live, to be possessed of vitality, to exercise the functions of life, Mat. 27. 63. Ac. 17. 28, et al.; τὸ ζῆν, life, He. 2. 15; to have means of subsistence; 1 Co. 9. 14; to live, to pass existence in a specific manner, Lu. 2. 36; 15. 13, et al.; to be instinct with life and vigour; hence, ζῶν, living, an epithet of God, in a sense pecular to Himself; ἐλπὶς ζῶνα, a vigorous and enduring hope, 1 Pe. 1. 3; ὕῶν ζῶν, a perennial flow of water, Jno. 4. 10; to be cheered and happy, 1 Thea. 3. 8; to be exempt from spiritual condemnation, to have fruition of salvation, 1 Jno. 4. 9, et al.

Zεστός, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\phi}\nu$, ($\dot{\zeta}\epsilon\omega$) pr. boiled; boiling, boiling hot; met. glowing with zeal, fervent, Re. 3, 15, 16.

Zευγος, εος, τό, a yoke of animals; a pair, couple, Lu. 2. 24; 14. 19.

Ζευκτηρία, ας, ή, (pr. fem. of ζευκτήριος, fr. ζεύγνυμι, to yoke, join) a fastening, band, Ac. 27. 40.

Zeύs, Διόs, δ, the supreme God of the Greeks, answering to the Jupiter of the Romans, Ac. 14. 12, 13.

Zέω, f. ζέσω, to boil, to be hot; in N.T., met. to be fervent, ardent, zealous, Ac. 18. 25. Ro. 12. 11.

Ζηλεύω, f. εύσω, i. q. ζηλόω, v. r. Re. 3. 19: from

 $Z\hat{\eta}\lambda$ os, ou, \hat{o} , $\langle \hat{\xi}\epsilon\omega \rangle$ in a good sense, generous rivalry; noble aspiration; in N. T., zeal, ardour in behalf z ardent affection, Jno. 2.17. Ro. 10. 2; in a bad sense, jealousy, envy, malice, Ac. 13. 45. Ro. 13. 13; indignation, wrath, Ac. 5.17 et al.: whence

Zηλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to have strong affection towards, be ardently devoted to, 2 Co. 11. 2; to make a show of affection and devotion towards, Gal. 4. 17; to desire earnestly, aspire

sagerly after, I Co. 12. 31; 14. 1, 39; absol. to be fervent, to be zealous, Re. 3. 19; to be jealous, envious, spiteful, Ac. 7. 9; 17. 5. 1 Co. 13. 4. 13. 4. 2; pass. to be an object of warm regard and devotion, Gal. 4. 18: whence

Εηλωτήs, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a generous rival, an imitator; in N. T., an aspirant, 1 Co. 14. 12. Tit. 2. 14; a devoted adherent, a zealot, Ac. 21. 20; 22. 3. Gal. 1. 14.

πμία, ας, ή, damage, loss, detriment, Ac. 27. 10, 21. Phi. 3. 7, 8: whence

Zημιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to visit with loss or harm; pass. to suffer loss or detriment, 1 Co. 3. 15. 2 Co. 7. 9; to lose, to forfeit, Mat. 16. 26. Mar. 8. 36. Phi. 3. 8.

Zητέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to seek, look for, Mat. 18. 12. Lu. 2. 48, 49; to search after, Mat. 13. 45; to be on the watch for, Mat. 26. 16; to pursue, endeavour to obtain, Ro. 2. 7; 1 Pe. 3. 11, et al.; to desire, wish, want, Mat. 12. 47; to seek, strive for, Mat. 6. 33; to endeavour, Mat. 21. 46; to require, demand, ask for, Mar. 8. 11. Lu. 11. 16; 12. 48; to inquire or ask questions, question, Jno. 16. 19; to deliberate, Mar. 11. 18. Lu. 12. 29; in N. T. fr. Heb. ζητεῦ τὴν ψυχψ, to seek the life of any one, to seek to kill, Mat. 2. 20: whence

Zήτημα, ατος, τό, a question; a subject of debate or controversy, Ac. 15. 2; 18. 15; 23. 29, et al.

 $Z\eta\tau\eta\sigma\iota s$, $\epsilon\omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a seeking; an inquiry, a question; a dispute, debate, discussion, Jno. 3. 25. 1 Ti. 1. 4; a subject of dispute or controversy, Ac. 25. 20, et al.

Zi (áviov, ov, ró, zizanium, darnel, spurious wheat, a plant found in Palestine, which resembles wheat both in its stalk and grain, but is worthless and deleterious, Mat. 13. 26, 27, 29, 30, 36, 38, 40. L. G.

Zόφος, ου, ό, gloom, thick darkness, 2 Pe. 2. 4, 17. Jude 6, 13.

Zuyós, ou, ó, a collateral form of syróv, (ściyupu) pr. a cross bar or band; a yoke; met. a yoke of bondage, state of slavery, servile condition, I Ti. 6. 1; service or obligation, Mat. 11. 29, 30. Ac. 15. 10. Gal.

5. 1; the beam of a balance: by synecd. a balance, pair of scales, Re. 6. 5.

Ζύμη, ης, ἡ, leaven, Mat.16. 12; 13
33; met. leaven of the mind and conduct, a system of doctrine or morals, used in a bad sense, Mat. 16. 6, 11.
1 Co. 5. 6, et al.: whence

Zυμόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to leaven, cause to ferment, Mat. 13. 33. Lu. 13. 21. 1 Co. 5. 6. Gal. 5. 9.

Zωγρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, p. ἐζώγρηκα, (ζωός, alive, & ἀγρείω) pr. to take alive, take prisoner in war instead of killing; to take captive, enthral, 2 Ti. 2.26; also, to catch animals, as fish: in which sense it is used figuratively, Lu. 5. 10.

 $Z\omega\eta$, $\hat{\eta}s$, $\hat{\eta}$, $(\hat{\zeta}\acute{a}\omega)$ life, animated existence, state of being alive, Lu. 16. 25. Ac. 17. 25; life, manner of life, conduct, Ro. 6. 4; in N. T., life, deliverance from the proper penalty of sin, expressed by $\theta\acute{a}\nu$ aros, Jno. 6. 51. Ro. 5. 18, et al.; life, the final state of the redeemed, Mat. 25. 46, et al.; the author of life, means of attaining life, Jno. 5. 39; 11. 25. Col. 3. 4. $Z\acute{\omega}\eta\eta$, ηs , $\hat{\eta}$, a zone, belt, girdle,

Mat. 3. 4; 10. 9, et al. Ζώννῦμι, and in N. Τ. ζωννῦω, f. ζώσω, to gird, gird on, put on one's girdle, Jno. 21. 18, bis.

Zωογονέω, ω̂, f. ήσω, (ζωός & γόνος) pr. to bring forth living creatures; in N. T., to preserve alive, save, Lu. 17. 33. Ac. 7. 19.

Zôoν, ov, τό, a living creature, animal, He. 13. 11. 2 Pe. 2. 12, et al. Zουποιέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ζωός & ποιώ) pr. to engender living creatures; to impart life, make alive, vivify, Ro. 4. 17; 8. 11. 1 Co. 15. 36; in N. T., met. to impart the life of salvation, Jno. 6. 63. 2 Co. 3. 6, et al.

Н

"H, either, or, Mat. 6. 24, et al.; after comparatives, and āλλος, ετερος, expressed or implied, than, Mat. 10.1% 18. 8. Ac. 17. 21; 24. 21; intensive after ἀλλά & πρίν, Lu, 12. 51. Mat. 1. 18; it also serves to point an intemrogation, Ro. 3. 29, et al.

H. a particle occurring in the N. T. only in the combination η μήν, introductory to the terms of an oath, He.

Ηγεμονεύω, f. εύσω, (ἡγεμών) to he a guide, leader, chief; in N. T., to hold the office of a Roman provincial governor, Lu. 2. 2; 3. 1.

Hyεμονία, as, ή, leadership, sovereignty; in N.T., a reign, Lu. 3. 1:

from

'Ηγεμών, όνος, ό, a guide; a leader; a chieftain, prince, Mat. 2. 6; a Roman provincial governor, under whatever title, Mat. 27. 2, et al.

Ήγέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, to lead the way; to take the lead, Ac. 14.12; to be chief, to preside, govern, rule, Mat. 2. 6. Ac. 7. 10; ηγούμενος, a chief officer in the church, 11e. 13.7, 17, 24; also, with p. ηγημαι, to think, consider, count, esteem, regard, Ac. 26. 2. 2 Co. 9. 5, et al.

"Ηδέως, adv. (ἡδύς) with pleasure, gladly, willingly, Mar. 6. 20; 12. 37. 2 Co. 11. 19.

 $^{\bullet}$ H $\delta\eta$, adv. before now, now, already, Mat. 3. 10; 5. 28, et al.; ήδη ποτέ, at length, Ro. 1. 10. Phi. 4. 10.

"Ηδιστα, adv. (pr. neut. pl. superlat. of hous) with the greatest pleasure, most gladly, 2 Co. 12. 9, 15.

Hδονή, ης, ή, (ήδος) pleasure, gratification; esp. sensual pleasure, Lu. 8. 14. Tit. 3. 3. Ja. 4. 3. 2 Pe. 2. 13; a passion, Ja. 4. 1.

Ηδύοσμον, ου, τό, (ἡδύς & ὀσμή) garden mint, Mat. 23 23.

 $H\theta_{0}$ s, ϵ_{0} s, τ_{0} s, pr. a place of customary resort, a haunt; hence, a set-tled habit of mind and manners, 1 Co. 15. 33.

"Hκω, f. ηξω, imperf. ηκον, to be come, have arrived, Lu. 15. 27, et al. 'Hλί, (Heb. אלי) my God! Mat.

27. 46.

Ηλικία, as, η, (ηλιξ) a particular period of life; the period fitted for a particular function, prime, He. 11. 11; full age, years of discretion, Jno. 9. 21, 23; perhaps, the whole duration of life, Mat. 6, 27. Lu. 12. 25; otherwise, stature, Lu. 19. 3. Ep. 4. 13.

'Hλίκος, η, ον, as great as; how great, Col. 2. 1. Ja. 3. 5. (1).

Hλιος, ου, δ, the sun, Mat. 13. 48; 17 2. Mar. 1. 32, et al.; meton. ligh of the sun, light, Ac. 13. 11.

Hλος, ου, ό, a nail, Jno. 20. 25, bis. Hμέρα, as, η, day, a day, the interval from sunrise to sunset, opp. to νύξ, Mat. 4. 2; 12. 40. Lu. 2. 44; the interval of twenty-four hours, comprehending day and night, Mat. 6.34; 15. 32; fr. the Heb. ημέρα καὶ ημέρα, day by day, every day, 2 Co. 4. 16; tay by tay, every tay, 2 co. 4. 10; ημέραν έξ ημέρας, from day to day, continually, 2 Pe. 2. 8; καθ΄ ημέραν, every day, daily, Ac. 17. 17. He. 3. 13; a point or period of time, Lu. 19. 42. Ac. 15. 7. Ep. 6. 13, et al.; a judgment, trial, 1 Co. 4. 3.

Ημέτερος, α, ον, our, Ac. 2. 11; 24. 6, et al.

Ημιθανής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι— & θνήσκω) half dead, Lu. 10. 30.

Ημίσυς, σεια, συ, half, Mar. 6. 23. Lu. 19. 8. Re. 11.11; 12. 14.

Ήμιώριον, ου, τό, (ἡμι— & ώρα) half an hour, Re. 8. 1. L. G.

Ηνίκα, adv. when, 2 Co. 3. 15, 16. (ζ). Ήπερ, (ή & περ) an emphatic form of n, than, Jno. 12. 43.

Ή π ιος, ου, ό, ή, mild, gentle, kind, 1 Thes. 2. 7. 2 Ti. 2. 24.

Hρεμος, ου, δ, ή, equivalent to the ordinary form ηρεμαίος, tranquil, quiet, 1 Ti. 2. 2. N. T.

'Ηρωδιανοί, ών, οἱ, Herodians, par-tisans of Ἡρώδης, Herod Antipas, Mat. 22. 16. Mar. 3. 6; 12. 13.

'Ησυχάζω, f. άσω, (ήσυχος) to be still, at rest; to live peaceably, be quiet, 1 Thes. 4. 11; to rest from labour, Lu. 23. 56; to be silent or quiet, acquiesce, to desist from discussion Lu. 14. 4. Ac. 11. 18; 21. 14.

'Hσυχία, as, ή, rest, quiet, tranquillity; a quiet tranquil life, 2 Thes. 3. 12; silence, silent attention, Ac. 22. 2. 1 Ti. 2. 1., 12.

'Ησύχιος, ου, ό, ή, equivalent to ησύχος, quiet, tranquil, peaceful, 1 Ti 2. 2. 1 Pe. 3. 4.

Hτοι, conj. (ή & τοι) in N. T. only in the usage, how - h, whether, with an elevated tone, Ro. 6, 16.

Hrτάομαι, ωμαι, f. ηττηθηιτομαι & ηττήσομαι, ρ. ηττημαι, (ηττων) to be less, inferior to; to fare worse, to be in a less favoured condition, 2 Co. 12. 13; by impl. to be overcome, vanquished, 2 Pe 2. 19, 20: whence

Hrτημα, ατος, τό, an inferiority to a particular standard; default, failure, shortcoming, Ro. 11. 12. 1 Co. 6. 7. S.

"Ηττων, Att. for ησσων, ονος, δ, ή, less, 2 Co. 12. 15; worse, 1 Co. 11. 17.

³H χ $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$, $\dot{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, $(\dot{\eta}\chi\dot{\eta})$ to sound, ring, 1 Co. 13. 1; to roar, as the sea, Lu. 21. 25.

Hχος, ου, ό, equivalent to ηχή,
 sound, noise, Ac. 2. 2. He. 12. 19;
 met. report, fame, rumour, Lu. 4. 37.

Θ

Θάλασσα, ης, η, the sea, Mat. 23. 15. Mar. 9. 42; a sea, Ac. 7. 36; an inland sea, lake, Mat. 8. 24, et al.

 Θ άλπω, f. ψ ω, to impart warmth; met. to cherish, nurse, foster, Ep. 5. 29. 1 Thes. 2. 7.

Θαμβέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. l. ἐθάμβησα, to be astonished, amazed, Ac. 9. 6; later, pass. to be astonished, amazed, awe-struck, Mar. 1. 27; 10. 24, 32: from

 $\Theta \acute{a}\mu \beta os$, ϵos , $\tau \acute{o}$, astonishment, amazement, awe, Lu. 4. 36, et al.

Θανάστμος, ου, ό, ή, (θάνατος) deadly, mortal, fatal, Mar. 16. 18. Θανατηφόρος, ου, ό, ή, (θάνατος &

Θανατηφόρος, ου, ό, ή, (θάνατος & φέρω) mortiferous, bringing or causing death, deadly, fatal, Ja. 3. 8.

Θάνάτος, ου, ό, (θνήσκω) death, the extinction of life, whether naturally, Lu. 2. 26. Mar. 9. 1; or violently, Mat. 10. 21; 15. 4; imminent danger of death, 2 Co. 4. 11, 12; 11. 23; in N. T., death, as opposed to ζωή in its spiritual sense, spiritual condemnation, exclusion from salvation, the penal state of loss of salvation. Jno. 8. 51. Ro. 6. 16, et al.: vibenee.

Θανατόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐθανάτωσα, to put to death, deliver to death, Mat. 10. 21; 26. 59. Mar. 13. 12; pass. to be exposed to imminent danger of death, Ro. 2. 36; in N. T., met. to subdue, mortify, Ro. 8. 13, pass. to be dead to to be rid, parted from, as if by the intervention of death, Ro. 7. 4.

Θάπτω, f. ψω, τέτἄφα, a. 1. ἔθαψα, a. 2. pass. ἐτάφην, to bury, inter, Mat 8. 21, 22; 14. 12, et al.

Θαρσέω, ῶ, &, new Attic, θαρρέω, ῶ, (θάρσος, θάρρος), f. ήσω, imperat. θάρσει, to be of good courage, be of good cheer, Mat. 9. 2, et al.; to be confident, hopeful, 2 Co. 7. 16, et al.; to be bold, maintain a bold bearing, 2 Co. 10. 1, 2.

Θάρσος, εος, τό, courage, confidence, Ac. 28. 15.

Θαῦμα, ατος, τό, a wonder; wonder, admiration, astonishment, Re. 17. 6: whence

Θαυμάζω, f. άσω, p. τεθαύμακα, a. 1. ἐθαύμασα, to admire, regard with admiration, wonder at, Lu. 7. 9. Ac. 7. 31; to reverence, adore, 2 Thes. I. 10; absol. to wonder, be filled with wonder, admiration, or astonishment, Mat. 8. 10. Lu. 4. 22, et al.; whence

Θαυμάσιος, α, ον, wonderful, admirable, marvellous; τὸ θαυμάσιον, a wonder, wonderful work, Mat. 21. 13.

Θαυμαστός, ή, όν, wondrous, glorious, 1 Pe. 2. 9. Re. 15. 1; marvellous, strange, uncommon, Mat. 21. 42. Mar. 12. 11.

 $\Theta \epsilon \acute{a}$, \acute{a} s, $\acute{\eta}$, $(\theta \epsilon \acute{o}s)$ a goddess, Ac. 19. 27, 35, 37.

Θεάομαι, ῶμαι, f. άσομαι, p. τεθέαμαι, a. l. pass. ἐθεάθην, to gaze upon, Mat. 6. l. 23. 5. Lu. 7. 24; to see, discern with the eyes, Mar. 16. 11, 14. Lu. 5. 27. Jno. 1. 14, 32, 38, et al.; to see, visit, Ro. 15. 24.

Θεατρίζομαι, to be exposed as in a theatre, be made a gazing-stock, object of scorn, He. 10. 33: (N. T.) from

Θέατρον, ου, τό, (θεάομαι) a theatre, a place where public games and spectacles are exhibited, Ac. 19. 29, 31; meton. a show, gazing-stock, 1 Co. 4. 9.

 $\Theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} o \nu$, $o \nu$, $\tau \acute{o}$, brimstone, sulphur, Lu. 17. 29. Re. 9. 17, 18, et al.

Θείος, a, oν, (Θεός) divine, pertaining to God, 2 Pe. 1. 3, 4; τὸ θείον, the

divine nature, divinity, Ac. 17. 29:

Θειότης, τητος, ή, divinity, delty, godhead, divine majesty, Ro. 1. 20. L. G.

Θειώδης, εος, ους, δ, ή, $(θε\hat{ι}ον)$ of brimstone, sulphurous, Re. 9. 17.

Θέλημα, ατος, τό, (θέλω) will, bent, inclination, 1 Co. 16. 12. Ep. 2. 3. 1 Pe. 4. 3; resolve, 1 Co. 7. 37; will, purpose, design, 2 Tl. 2. 26. 2 Pe. 1. 21; will, sovereign pleasure, beest, Mat. 18. 14. Lu. 12. 47. Ac. 13. 22, et al. freq.; ἐν τῷ θιλήματι Θεοῦ, Deo permittente, if God please or permit, Ro. 1. 10. S.

 $\Theta \in \lambda \eta \sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, η , will, pleasure, He. 2. 4: (L. G.) from

Θέλω, see έθέλω.

Θεμέλιος, ίου, ό, (pr. an adj. fr. θέμα, τίθημι) θεμέλιον, τό, a foundation, Lu. 6. 48, 49. He. 11. 10; met. a foundation laid in elementary instruction, He. 6. 1; a foundation of a superstructure of faith, doctrine, or hope, 1 Co. 3. 10, 11, 12. Ep. 2. 20. 1 Tl. 6. 19; a foundation laid in a commencement of preaching the gospel, Ro. 15. 20: vibence

Θεμελιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. τεθεμελώκα, a. l. ἐθεμελίωσα, to found, lay the foundation of, Mat. 7. 25. Lu. 6. 48. He. l. 10; met. to ground, establish, render firm and unwavering, Ep. 3. 17. Col. l. 23. 1 Pe. 5. 10.

Θεοδίδακτος, ου, ό, ή, (Θεός & διδακτός) taught of God, divinely instructed, 1 Thes. 4. 9. N. T.

Θεομάχεω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (θεός & μάχομαι) to fight or contend against God, to seek to counteract the divine will, Ac, 23. 9.

Θεομάχος, ου, δ, fighting against God, in conflict with God, Ac. 5. 39. (č). N. T.

Θεόπνευστος, ου, δ, ή, (θεός & πνέω) divinely inspired, 2 Ti. 3. 16.

Ocós, oũ, ô, & ý, a deity, Ac. 7. 43. 1 Co. 8. 5; an idol, Ac. 7. 40; GOD, the true God, Mat. 3. 9, et al. freq.; God, possessed of true godhead, Jno. 1. 1. Ro. 9. 5; fr. the Heb. applied to potentates, Jno. 10. 34, 35; \$\frac{3}{2}\frac{3}{2

exceedingly, Ac. 7. 20, &, perhaps, 2 Co. 10. 4.

Θεοσέβεια, as, η, worshipping of God, reverence towards God, piety, 1 Ti. 2. 10: from

Θεοσεβής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός & σέβομαι) reverencing God, pious, godly, devout, a sincere worshipper of God, Jno. 9. 31.

Θεοστύγής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός & στυγέω, to hate) God-hated; in N. T., a hater and contemner of God, Ro. 1. 30.

Θεότης, τητος, $\ddot{\eta}$, (θ εός) divinity, deity, godhead, Col. 2. 9. L. G.

Θεραπεία, service, attendance; healing cure, Lu. 9.11; Re. 22. 2; meton, those who render service, servants, domestics, family, household, Mat. 24. 45. Lu. 12. 42: from

Θεραπεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐθεράπευσα, to serve, minister to, render service and attendance; to render divine service, worship, Ac. 17. 25; to heal, cure, Mat. 4. 23, 24; 8. 16, et al.: from

 $\Theta\epsilon\rho\dot{a}\pi\omega\nu$, ovros, δ , an attendant, a servant; a minister, He. 3. 5.

Θερίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐθέρισα, (θέρος) to gather in harvest, reap, Mat. 6. 26; 25. 24, 26; met. to reap the reward of labour, 1 Co. 9. 11. 2 Co. 9. 6; to reap the harvest of vengeance, Re. 14. 15, 16: whence

Θερισμός, οῦ, ὁ, harvest, the act of gathering the harvest, reaping, Jno. 4. 35, et al.; met. the harvest of the Gospel, Mat. 9. 37, 38. Lu. 10. 2; a crop; met. the crop of vengeance, Re. 14. 15.

Θεριστής, οῦ, ὁ, one who gathers in the harvest, a reaper, Mat. 13. 30, 39.

Θερμαίνω, f. ανῶ, to warm; mid. to warm one's self, Mar. 14. 54, 67. Jno. 18. 18, 25. Ja. 2. 16: from

 Θ έρμη, ης, ἡ, (θ ερμός, θ έρω) heat, warmth, Ac. 28. 3.

Θέρος, εος, τό, the warm season of the year, summer, Mat. 24. 32. Mar. 13. 38. Lu. 21. 30.

Θεωρέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, to be a spectator, to gaze on, contemplate; to behold, view with interest and attention Mat. 27. 55; 28. 1, et al.; to contemp

Θεωρία, ας, ή, a beholding; a sight, spectacle, Lu. 23. 48. Θήκη, ης, ή, (τίθημι) a repository.

Θήκη, ης, η, (τίθημι) a repository, receptacle; a case, sheath, scabbard, Jno. 18. 11.

Θηλάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. $\epsilon \theta \dot{\eta} \lambda \alpha \sigma a$, $(\theta \dot{\eta} \lambda \dot{\eta}, a \text{ nipple})$ to suckle, give suck, Mat. 24. 19. Mar. 13. 17. Lu. 21. 23. 23. 29; to suck, Mat. 21. 16. Lu. 11. 27.

Θῆλυς, θήλεια, θῆλυ, female; τὸ θῆλυ, sc. γενός, a female, Mat. 19. 4. Mar. 10. 6. Ga. 3. 28; ἡ θήλεια, woman, Ro. 1. 26, 27.

 $\Theta \dot{\eta} \rho a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\theta \dot{\eta} \rho$, a wild beast) hunting, the chase; met. means of capture, a cause of destruction, Ro. 11. 9: whence

Αηρεύω, f. εύσω, to hunt, catch; met. to seize on, lay hold of, Lu. 11.54.

Θηριομαχέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, a. 1. $\hat{\epsilon}$ θηριομάχησα, (θηρίον & μάχομαι) to fight with wild beasts; met. to be exposed to furious hostility, 1 Co. 15. 32. L. G.

Θηρίον, ου, τό, (equivalent to θ ηρ, but pr. a dimin. from it) a beast, wild animal, Mar. l. 13. Ac. 10. 12, et al.; met. a brutish man, Tit. 1. 12.

Θησαυρίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐθησαύμισα, to collect and lay up stores or
wealth, treasure up, Mat. 6. 19, 20;
to heap up, accumulate, Ro. 2. 5.
1 Co. 16. 2; to reserve, keep in store,
2 Pe. 3. 7: from

Oησαυρός, οῦ, ὁ, a treasury, a store, treasure, precious deposit, Mat. 6, 19, 20, 21, et al.; a receptacle in which precious articles are kept, a casket, Mat. 2, 11; a store house, Mat. 12, 35.

Θιγγάνω, f. θίξομαι, a. 2. ἔθιγον, to touch, Col. 2. 21. He. 12. 20; to harm, He. 11. 28.

 $\Theta\lambda(\beta\omega, f. \psi\omega, p. pass. \tau \epsilon\theta\lambda\iota\mu\mu\alpha\iota,$ to squeeze, press; to press upon, encumber, throng, crowd, Mar. 3. 9; met. to distress, afflict, 2 Co. 1. 6; 4. 8, et al.; pass. to be compressed, narrow, Mat. 7. 14: (i) whence

Θλίψις, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. pressure, compression; met. affliction, distress of

mind, 2 Co. 2. 4; distressing circum stances, trial affliction, Mat. 24. 9 et al. L. G.

Θνήσκω, f. θανοῦμαι, p. τέθνηκα, a. 2. εθανον, to die; in N. T., only in the p. and plup., τέθνηκα, ἐτεθνήκειν, inf. τεθνάναι, part. τεθνηκώς, to be dead, Mat. 2. 20; Mar. 15. 44, et al.: whence

Θνητός, ή, όν, mortal, obnoxious to death, Ro. 6, 12; 8, 11, 2 Co. 4, 11; τὸ θνητόν, mortality, 1 Co. 15, 53, 54, 2 Co. 5, 4,

Θορυβέω, ῶ, ſ ήσω, intrans. to make a din, uproar; trans. to disturb, throw into commotion, Ac. 17. 5; in N. T., mid. to manifest agitation of mind, to raise a lament, Mat. 9. 23. Mar. 5. 39. Ac. 20. 10: from

Θδρύβος, ου, ό, an uproar, din; an outward expression of mental agitation, Mar. 5. 38; a tumult, commotion, Mat. 26. 5, et al.

Θραύω, f. αύσω, to break, shiver; met., pass. p. part. reθραυσμένος, shattered, crushed by cruel oppression, Lu. 4. 18.

Θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared; pl. cattle, Jno. 4.12.

Θρηνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐθρήνησα, to lament, bewail, Mat. 11. 17. Lu. 7. 32. Jno. 16. 20: from

Θρήνος, ου, δ, (θρέομαι, to shriek) wailing, lamentation, Mat. 2. 18.

Θρησκεία, as, η, religious worship, Col. 2. 18; religion, a religious system, Ac. 26. 5; religion, piety, Ja. 1. 26, 27: from

 $\Theta \rho \hat{\eta} \sigma \kappa o s$, o v, o, o, o, o, occupied with religious observances; in N. T., religious, devout, pious, Ja. 1. 26.

Θριαμβείνω, f. εύσω, (θριαμβος, a hymn in honour of Bacchus; a triumph) pr. to celebrate a triumph; trans. to lead in triumph, celebrate a triumph over. Col. 2. 15; in N. T. to cause to triumph, 2 Co. 2. 14. L. G.

Θρίξ, τρίχός, ή, a hair; pl. ai τρίχες, dat. θριξί, the hair of the head, Mat. 5. 36; 10. 30, et al.; of an animal Mat. 3. 4. Mar. 1. 6.

Θροέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, (θρόος, an uproar, fr. θρέομαι, to make a clamour to cry aloud; in N. T., pass. to be dis

turbed, disquieted, alarmed, terrified, Mat. 24. 6. Mar. 13. 7. 2 Th. 2. 2. $\Theta\rho\delta\mu\beta\sigma$, σ , σ , δ , a lump; espec. a

clot of blood, Lu. 22. 44.

Θρόνος, ου, ὁ, (θράω, to set) a seat, a throne, Mat. 5. 34; 19. 28. Lu. 1. 52; meton. power, dominion, Lu. 1. 32. He. 1. 8; a potentate, Col. 1. 16, et al.

Θύγάτηρ, τέρος, τρός, dat. τέρι, τρί, acc. τόρα, voc. δύγατερ, i, a daughter, Mat. 9. 18; 10. 35, 37; in the vocative, an expression of affection and kindness, Mat. 9. 22; fr. the Heb. one of the female posterity of any one, Lu. 1. 5; met. a city, Mat. 21. 5. Jno. 12. 15; pl. female inhabitants, Lu. 23. 28: (a) whence dimin.

Θυγάτριον, ίου, τό, a little daughter, female child, Mar. 5. 23; 7. 25.

Θύελλα, ης, ή, (θύω) a tempest, whirlwind, hurricane, He. 12. 18.

Θύϊνος, η, ον, thyine, of θυΐα, thya, an aromatic evergreen tree, arbor vitæ, resembling the cedar, and found in Lybia, Re. 18. 12. (1).

Θυμίᾶμα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) incense, any odoriferous substance burnt in religious worship, Re. 5. 8; 8. 3, 4; 18. 13; or, the act of burning incense, Lu. 1. 10, 11.

Θυμιατήριον, ίου, τό, a censer for burning incense, He. 9. 4: from

Θυμιάω, ῶ, f. άσω, (θύω) to burn incense, Lu. 1. 9.

Θυμομάχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (θυμός & κάχομα) to wage war flercely; to be warmly hostile to, be enraged against, Ac. 12. 20. L. G.

 $\Theta \bar{\nu} \mu \acute{o}s$, ov, \acute{o} , $(\theta \acute{\nu} \omega)$ pr. the soul, mind; hence, a strong passion or emotion of the mind; anger, wrath, Lu. 4. 28. Ac. 19. 28, et al.; pl. swellings of anger, 2 Co. 12. 20. Ga. 5. 20: whence

Θυμόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to provoke to anger; pass. to be angered, enraged, Mat. 2. 16.

Θύρα, αs, η, a door, gate, Mat. 6. 6. Mar. 1. 33; an entrance, Mat. 27. 60, et al.; in N. T., met. an opening, occasion, opportunity, Ac. 14. 27. 10. 16. 9, et al.; meton. a medium or means of entrance, Jno. 10. 7, 9: where. Oυρεός, οῦ, ὁ, a stone or other meterial employed to close a doorway later, a large oblong shield, Ep. 6. 16.

Oυρίς, ίδος, ή, a small opening; a window, Ac. 20. 9. 2 Co. 11. 23.

Θυρωρός, οῦ, ὁ, (θύρα & οὖρος, a keeper) a door-keeper, porter, Mar. 13. 34. Jno. 10. 3; 18. 16, 17.

Oυσία, as, ή, (θύω) sacrifice, act of sacrificing, He. 9. 96; the thing sacrificed, a victim, Mat. 9. 13; 12. 7 the flesh of victims eaten by the sacrificers, I Co. 10. 18; in N. T., an offering or service to God, Phi. 4. 18, et al

Oυσιαστήριον, ίου, τό, an altar, Mat. 5. 23, 24. Lu. 1. 11, et al.; spc. the altar of burnt offering, Mat. 23, 35. Lu. 11. 51; meton. a class of sacrifices, He. 13. 10: (S.) from

Θύω, f. θύσω, p. τέθυκα, a. 1. ἐδίσα, pass. p. τέθυμα, a. 1. ἐτίθην, to offer; to kill in sacrifice, sacrifice, immolate, Ac. 14. 13, 18, et al.; in N. T., to slaughter for food, Mat. 22. 4, et al. ("δ in θύω, δ in ἀ-γίθην).

Θώραξ, āκος, δ, a breastplate, armour for the body, consisting of two parts, one covering the breast and the other the back, Re. 9. 9, 17. Ep. 6. 14. 1 Th. 5. 8.

I.

⁷Iāμa, ατος, το, healing, cure, 1 Co. 12. 9, 28, 30: from

Idoμαι, ώμαι, f. dσομαι, a. 1. lāσάμην, p. pass. iāμαι, a. 1. iάθην, to heal, cure, Mat. 8. 8. Lu. 9. 2; met. to heal spiritually, restore from a state of sin and condemnation, Mat. 13. 15. He. 12. 13, et al.: whence

 $\overline{1a\sigma}\iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, healing, cure, Lu. 13. 32. Ac. 4. 22, 30.

Iaoπις, ιδος, ή, jasper, a precious stone of various colours, as purple, cerulean, green, &c. Re. 4. 3; 21. 11, 18, 19.

Ἰāτρός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) a physician, Mat. 9.12. Mar. 2.17; 5.26, et al.
 Ἰδε, οι ἰδε, imperat. οἱ εἶδον, used as an interj., lo¹ behold¹ Jno. 11. 36; 16.29; 19.4, ὁ, et al.

'Ιδέα, ας, ή, (ἰδεῖν) form; look, as pect. Mat. 26. 2.

lows, 1a, 101, one's own, Mar. 15. 20. Jno 7. 18, et al.; due, proper, specially assigned, Ga. 6. 9. 1 Ti. 2. 6; 6. 15. Tit. 1. 3; also used in N. T. as a simple possessive, Eph. 5. 22, et al.; $7\dot{a}$ idea, one's home, household, people, Jno. 1. 11; 16. 32; 19. 27; oi toto, members of one's household, friends, Jno. 1. 11. Ac. 24. 23, et al.; iõiq, adverbially, severally, respectively, 1 Co. 12. 11; κατ' ἰδίαν, adv. privately, aside, by one's self, alone, Mat. 14. 13, 23, et al.; whence

Ίδιώτης, ου, δ, pr. one in private life; one devoid of special learning or gifts, a plain person, Ac. 4. 13. 1 Co. 14. 16, 23, 24. 2 Co. 11. 6.

Iδού, varied in accent from ίδου, imperat. of eidoune, a particle serving to call attention, lo! Mat. 1. 23. Lu. 1. 38. Ac. 8. 36, et al. freq.

Ιδρώς, ῶτος, ὁ, (ἴδος, sweat) sweat, Lu. 22. 44.

Ίερατεία, as, ή, priesthood, sacerdotal office, Lu. 1. 9.

Ιεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a priesthood; meton. a body of priests, 1 Pe. 2. 5, 9: (S.) from

Ιερατεύω, to officiate as a priest, perform sacred rites, Lu. 1.8: from Iερεύς, έως, δ, (iερός) a priest, one who performs sacrificial rites, Mat. 8. 4. Lu. 1. 5. Jno. 1. 19, et al.

Ίερόθϋτος, ου, ό, ή, (ἱερός & θύω) offered in sacrifice, v.r. 1 Co. 10. 28.

Ίερόν, ου, ὁ (ἱερός) a temple, Mat. 4. 5. Lu. 4. 9. Ac. 19. 27, et al. Ιεροπρεπής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἱερός

& moémet) beseeming what is sacred; becoming holy persons, Tit. 2. 3.

'leρόs, ά, όν, hallowed; holy, di-vine, 2 Ti. 3. 15; τὰ ἰερά, sacred rites, 1 Co. 9. 13. bis.

Ίεροσολυμίτης, ου, ό, an inhabitant of Γεροσόλυμα, V. Γερουσαλήμ, Jerusalem, Mar. 1. 5. Jno. 7. 25. (iτ). Ίεροσῦλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to despoil

temples, commit sacrilege, Ro. 2. 22: Ίερόσῦλος, ου, ό, ή. (ἱερός, & συ-

λάω) one who despoils temples, commits sacrilege, Ac. 19. 37.

Ίερουργέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ἱερός &

eq you) to officiate as priest, perform sacred rites; in N. T., to minister in a divine commission, Ro. 15. 16. L. G.

'Ιερωσύνη, ης, ή, (ἱερεύς) priesthood, sacerdotal office, He 7. 11, 12, 14, 24. (v).

'Inoous, ou, o, (Heb. צור contr. לינון (ינון ינון) a Saviour, Jesus, Mat. 1. 21, 25; 2. 1, et al. freq.; Joshua, Ac. 7. 45. He. 4. 8; Jesus, a Jewish Christian, Col. 4. 11.

'Ικανός, ή, όν, (ἵκω, ν. ἰκανω, to arrive at, reach to) befitting; sufficient, enough, Lu. 22. 38; ικανδυ ποιείν τινί, to satisfy, gratify, Mar. 15. 15; τὸ ικανδυ λαμβάνειν, to take security or bail of any one, Ac. 17.9; of persons, adequate, competent, qualified, 2 Co. 2. 16; fit, worthy, Mat. 3. 11; 8. 8; of number or quantity, considerable, large, great, much, and pl. many, Mat. 28. 12. Mar. 10. 46, et al.: whence

'Ικανότης, τητος, ή, sufficiency, ability, fitness, qualification, 2 Co. 3. 5.

'Ικανόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἰκάνωσα, to make sufficient or competent, qualify, 2 Co. 3. 6. Col. 1. 12. L. G.

Ικετηρία, as, ή, (fem. of ίκετήριος, 8C. ράβδος, fr. iκέτης, suppliant) pr. an olive branch, borne by suppliants in their hands; supplication, He. 5. 7. Ίκμάς, άδος, ή, moisture, Lu. 8. 6.

Ιλάρός, $\dot{\alpha}$, $\dot{\alpha}\nu$, cheerful, not grudging, 2 Co. 9. 7 · whence

Ίλαρότης, τητος, ή, cheerfulness, Ro. 12. 8. L. G.

'Ιλάσκομαι, f. ίλάσομαι, a. 1. ίλάσθην, to appease, render propitious: in N. T., to expiate, make an atonement or expiation for, He. 2. 17; iλάσθητι, be gracious, show mercy, pardon, Lu. 18. 13: whence

'Ιλασμός, οῦ, ὁ, propitiation, expiation; one who makes expiation, i Jno. 2. 2; 4. 10.

Ίλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἰλάσκομαι) propitiatory; invested with propitia-tory power, Ro. 3. 25; in N. T. & S., το ίλαστήριον, the cover of the ark or the covenant, the mercy-seat, He 9.5

"Ιλεως, ων, ό, ή, (Att. for Thans, propitious, favourable, merciful, clement, He. 8. 12; fr. the Heb. ideus rot (8 @:65), God have mercy on thee, God forbid, far be it from thee, Mat. 16, 22,

Ιμάς, άντος, ό, a strap or thong of leather, Ac. 22. 25; a shoe-latchet, Mar. 1. 7. Lu. 3. 16. Jno. 1. 27.

Ιματίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. ἱματισμαι, to clothe; pass. to be clothed, Mar. 5. 15. Lu. 8. 35: (N. T.) from

Ίμάτιον, έου, τό, (ἔννυμι, εἶμα) α garment; the upper garment, mantle, Mat. 5. 40; 9. 16, 20, 21; pl. the mantle and tunic together, Mat. 25. 65; pl. genr. garments, raiment, Mat. 11. 8; 24. 18, et al.

'Ιματισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ἱματίζω) a garment; raiment, apparel, clothing, Lu. 7. 25; 9. 29, et al. L. G.

Ίμείρω & ἱμείρομαι, (ἵμερος, desire) to desire earnestly; by impl. to have a strong affection for, love fervently, 1 Th. 2. 8.

"Iva, conj., that, in order that, Mat. 19. 13. Mar. 1. 38. Jno. 1. 22; 3. 15; 17. 1; ενα μή, that not, lest, Mat. 7. 1; in N. T., equivalent to ωστε, so that, so as that, Jno. 9. 2, et al.; also, marking a simple circumstance, the circumstance that, Mat. 10. 25. Jno. 4. 34; 6. 29. 1 Jno. 4. 17; 5. 3, et al.

Ίνατι, adv. (ἵνα & τί) why is it that? wherefore? why? Mat. 9. 4; 27. 46,

lós, oῦ, ὁ, a missile, weapon, arrow, dart; venom, poison, Ro. 3. 13. Ja. 3. 8; rust, ærugo, Ja. 5. 3.

Ioυδαία, αs, ή, ('Ioυδαίοs) Judea, Mat. 2. 1, 5, 22; 3. 1, et al.; meton. the inhabitants of Judea, Mat. 3. 5.

Ιουδαίζω, f. ίσω, (fr. same) to judaise, live like a Jew, follow the manners and customs of the Jews, Ga. 2. 14.

loυδαϊκός, ή, όν, (fr. same) Jewish, current among the Jews, Tit. 1. 14: whence

'Ιουδαϊκώς, adv. Jewishly, in the manner of Jews, Ga. 2. 14.

loudaios, aía, aiov, Jewish, Mar. 1. 5. Jno. 3. 22. Ac. 16. 1; 24. 24.

Ιουδαίος, ου, ό, (Heb. יהודי) pr. one sprung from the tribe of Ju-

Jacob, a Jew, Mat. 28. 15. Mar. 1. 2 Ac. 19. 34. Ro. 2. 28, 29, et al.

loυδαϊσμός, ου, ό, Judaism, the character and condition of a Jew; practice of the Jewish religion, Ga. 1. 13, 14.

 $\Pi\pi\epsilon\dot{\nu}s$, $\epsilon\omega s$, δ , $\Pi\pi\sigma s$ a horseman; pl. iππεις, horsemen, cavalry, Ac. 23. 23, 32.

Ίππικός, ή, όν, equestrian ; τό ιππικόν, cavalry, horse, Re. 9. 16: from $I\pi\pi\sigma os$, ov, δ , a horse, Ja. 3. 3. Re.

6. 2, 4, 5, 8, et al.

Ίρις, ἴριδος, a rainbow, iris, Re. 4. 3; 10. 1.

Tσάγγελος, ου, ό, η, (ἴσος & ἄγ-γελος) equal or similar to angels, Lu. 20. 36. N. T.

'Ισᾶσι, 3 pl. of οἶδα, usually in N.T., οίδασι, Αc. 26. 4.

Ισος, η , ον, equal, like, Mat. 20. 12. Lu. 6. 34, et al.; neut. pl. ioa, adverbially, on an equality, Phi. 2. 6; met. correspondent, consistent, Mar. 14. 56, 59: whence

'Ισότης, τητος, ή, equality, equal proportion, 2 Co 8. 13, 14; fairness. equity, what is equitable, Col. 4. 1. Ίσότιμος, ου, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος & τιμή) of equal price, equally precious or valuable, 2 Pe. 1. 1.

'Ισόψῦχος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ἴσος & ψυχή) like-minded, of the same mind and spirit, Phi. 2. 20.

Ισραηλίτης, ου, δ, an Israelite, a descendant of Ἰσραήλ, Israel or Jacob, Jno. 1. 48. Ac. 2. 22, et al.

Ιστημι, and in N. T. ίστάω, ῶ, f. στήσω, a. l. έστησα, trans. to make to stand, set, place, Mat. 4.5, et al.; to stand, set, piace, mat. 4.5, et al.; to set forth, appoint, Ac. 1.23; to fix, appoint, Ac. 17.31; to establish, confirm, Ro. 10. 3. He. 10. 9; to set down, impute, Ac. 7. 60; to weigh out, pay, Mat. 26. 15; tutrans, p. sornya, inf. sordya, part. sordys, plup. ειστήκειν, a. 2. έστην, pass. ίσταμαι, f. σταθήσομαι, a. 1. έστάθην (ἄ), to stand, Mat. 12. 46, et al.; to stand fast, be firm, be permanent, endure, Mat 12. 25. Eph. 6. 13, et al.; to be confirmed, proved, Mat. 18. 16. 2 Co. 13. 1; to stop, Lu. 7. 14; 8. 44. Ac. 8. 38, et al.

kmg) to ascertain by inquiry and examination; to inquire of; in N.T., to visit in order to become acquainted with, Ga. 1. 18.

Kαθαιρέω, ω, f. ήσω, & καθέλω, a. 2. καθείλον, (κατά & αἰρέω) to take down, Mat. 15. 36, 46. Lu. 23. 53.

Ισχυρός, ά, όν, strong, mighty, robust, Mat. 12. 29. Lu. 11. 21; powerful, mighty, 1 Co. 1. 27; 4. 10. 1 Jno. 2. 14; strong, fortified, Re. 18. 10; vehement, Mat. 14. 30; energetic, 2 Co. 10. 10; sure, firm, He. 6. 18, et al.: from

Ισχύς, ύος, ή, strength, might, power, Re. 18. 2. Eph. 1. 19; faculty, ability, 1 Pe. 4. 11. Mar. 12. 30, 33.

Lu. 10. 27: whence

Iσχύω, f. ύσω, a. 1. iσχῦσα, to be strong, be well, be in good health, Mat. 9. 12; to have power, be able, Mat. 8. 28; 26, 40; to have power or efficiency, avail, be valid, Ga. 5. 6. He. 9. 17; to be of service, be serviceable, Mat. 5. 13; meton. to prevail, Ac. 19, 16. Re. 12. 8, et al. (\vec{v}) .

Iσως, adv. (ίσος) equally; perhaps, it may be that, Lu. 20. 13.

Ιταλικός, ή, όν, Italian, Ac. 10. 1. Ιχθύδιον, ου, τό, a small fish, Mat.

15. 34. Mar. 8. 7: dimin. of 1χθύς, ύος, ό, a fish, Mat. 15. 36; 17. 27. Lu. 5. 6, et al.

 $^{\mathbf{I}}$ χνος, εος, τό, (\tilde{l} κω) a footstep, track; in N. T., pl. footsteps, line of conduct, Ro. 4. 12. 2 Co. 12. 18. 1 Pe. 2. 21.

Îῶτα, indec. τό, iota; in N. T., used like the Heb. ¬\`, the smallest letter in the Hebrew alphabet, as an expression for the least or minutest part; a jot, Mat. 5. 18.

K.

Kayώ, contracted from καὶ εγω, dat. κάμοί, accus. κάμεί, καί retaining, hovever, its independent force, Jno. 6.57; 10 15, et al.

Kaθά, adv. (καθ ἄ) lit. according to what; as according as, Mat. 27. 10. Kαθαίρεσις, εως, η, pr. a taking down; a pulling down, overthrow, demolition, 2 Co. 10. 4; met. a razing as respects spiritual state, a counter process to religious advancement by apostoli: instrumentality, 2 Co. 10. 8; 18. 10: γροφε

Καθαιρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, & καθελω, a. 2. καθείλον, (κατά & αἰρέω) to take down, Mat. 15. 36, 46. Lu. 23. 53. Ac. 13. 29; to pull down, demolish. Lu. 12. 18; to throw or cast down, degrade, Lu. 1.52; to destroy, put an end to, Ac. 19. 27; to overthrow, conquer, Ac. 13. 19; to pull down, subvert, 2 Co. 10. 5.

Καθαίρω, f. αρῶ, p. pass. κεκάθαρμαι, (καθαρός) to cleanse from filth to clear by pruning, prune, ino 15. 2; met. to cleanse from sin, n.ake explation, He. 10. 2.

Kaθάπερ, adv. (καθ' \tilde{a} περ) even as, just as, Ro. 4. 6, et al.

Καθαπτω, f. ψω, (κατά & ἄπτω) trans. to fasten or fit to; in N. T., equivalent to καθάπτομα, to fix one's self upon, fasten upon, Ac. 28. 3.

Kaθaρίζω, f. ίσω, & ιῶ, a. 1. ἐκαθάρισα, a later equivalent to καθαίρω, to cleanse, render pure, Mat. 23. 25. Lu. 11. 39; to cleanse from leprosy, Mat. 8. 2, 3; 10. 8; met. to cleanse from sin, purify by an expiatory offering, make expiation for, He. 9. 22, 23. 1 Jno. 1. 7; to cleanse from sin, free from the influence of error and sin, Ac. 15. 9. 2 Co. 7. 1; to pronounce ceremonially clean, Ac. 10. 15; 11. 9, et al.: whence

Kaθaρισμός, v. al.: whence
Kaθaρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, ceremonial
cleansing, purification, Lu. 2. 22.
Jno. 2. 6; mode of purification, Jno.
2. 6; 3. 35; cleansing of lepers, Mar.
1. 44; met. expiation, He. 1. 3. 2 Pe.
1. 9, et al. L. G.
Κάθαρμα, gross - 4. (Δ.)

Kάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) offscouring, filth; met. a mean and abject person, an outcast, 1 Co. 4. 13.

Kaθaρόs, á, όν, clean, pure, unsoiled, Mat. 23. 26; 27. 59; met. clean from guilt, guiltless, innocent, Ac. 18. 6; 20. 26; sincere, unfeigned, upright, virtuous, void of evil, Mat. 5. 8; Jno. 15. 3; clean ceremonially, Lu. 11. 41: whence

Καθαρότης, τητος, ή, cleanness ceremonial purity, He. 9. 13.

Kaθέδρα, as, ή, (κατά & έδρα) a seat, Mat. 21. 12; 23. 2. Mar. 11. 15. Kaθέζομαι, f. καθεδοῦμαι, to seat one's self, sit down, Mat. 26. 55. Lu. 2. 45, et al. Kaθεῖς, (καθ εἶς) one by one. one

after another, I Co. 14. 31. Ep. 5. 33. N. T. $Ka\theta\epsilon\xi\hat{\eta}s$, adv. ($\kappa ar\dot{a}$ & $\dot{\epsilon}\xi\hat{\eta}s$) in a continual order or series, successions

continual order or series, successively, consecutively, Lu. 1. 3. Ac. 11. 4; 18. 23; δ, η, καθεξης, succeeding, subsequent, Lu. 8. 1. Ac. 3. 24. L. G.

Kaθεύδω, f. ευδήσω, (κατά & εὕδω, to sleep) to sleep, be fast asleep, Male, 24; 9. 24, et al.; met. to be slothful, careless, secure, Ep. 5. 14. 1 Th. 5. 6; to sleep the sleep of death, 1 Th. 5. 10.

Καθηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, (καθηγέομαι, to lead, conduct, fr. κατά & ἡγέομαι) pr. a guide, leader; in N. T., a teacher, instructor, Mat. 23. 8, 10. L. G.

Knθήκω, (κατά & ήκω) to reach, extend to; καθήκα, impers. it is fitting, met, Ac. 22. 22; τὸ καθήκος, what is fit, right, duty; τὰ μη καθήκοντα, by litotes for what is abominable or detestable, Ro. 1. 28.

Κάθημαι, 2 per. κάθησαι & κάθη, imperat. κάθησο & κάθου, (κατά & ήμαι, to sit) to sit, be sitting, Mat. 9. 9; Lu. 10. 13; to be seated, 1 Co. 14. 30; to dwell, Mat. 4. 16. Lu. 1. 79; 21. 35, et al.

Καθημερινός, ή, όν, (καθ ἡμέραν, daily) daily, day by day, Ac. 6. 1. L. G.

Καθίζω, f. ίσω, p. κεκάθικα, a. 1. ἐκάθισα, trans. to cause to sit, place; καθίζομαι, to be seated, sit. Mat. 19.28. Lu. 22.30; to cause to sit as judges, place, appoint, 1 Co. 6.4; intrans. to sit, sit down, Mat. 13.48; 26.36; to remain, stay, continue, Lu. 24.49.

Καθίημι, f. καθήσω, a. 1. καθήκα, (κατά & ϊημι) to let down, lower, Lu. 5. 19. Ac. 9. 25; 10. 11; 11. 5.

Kαθίστημι, and in N. T. καθιστάω, ώ, f. καταστήσω, a. 1. κατέστησα, a. 1. pass. καταστάβνι, G.), (κατά & τίστημι) to place, set, Ja. 3. 6; to set, constitute, appoint, Mat. 24. 45, 47. Lu. 12. 14; to set down in a place, conduct, Ac. 17. 15; to make, render, or cause to be, 2 Pe. 1. 8; pass. to be rendered, Ro. 5. 19.

Καθό, (καθ ő) as, Ro. 8. 26; according as, in proportion as, 2 Co. 8. 12. 1 Pe. 4. 13.

Καθόλου, ($\kappa a\theta$ όλου) on the whole,

in general, altogether; and with a negative, not at all, Ac. 4. 18.

Kaθοπλίζω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, (κατά & $\delta\pi\lambda$ ίζω) to arm completely, Lu. 11. 21.

Καθοράω, ω̂, (κατά & ὁράω) pr. to look down upon; in N. T., to mark, perceive, discern, Ro. 1. 20.

Kαθότι, (καθ δτι) according as, in proportion as, Ac. 2. 45; 4. 35; inaemuch as, Lu. 1. 7; 19. 9. Ac. 2. 42. Kαθώς, (κατά & ώς) as, in the manner that, Mat. 21. 6; 26. 24; how, in what manner, Ac. 15. 14; according as, Mar. 4. 33; inasmuch as, Jno. 17. 2; of time, when, Ac. 7. 17. L. G.

Kai, conj., and, Mat. 2. 2, 3, 11; 4. 22; καὶ-καὶ, both—and; as a cumulative particle, also, too, Mat. 5. 39. Jno. 8. 19. 1 Co. 11. 6, et al.; emphatic, even, also, Mat. 10. 30. 1 Co. 2. 10, et al.; in N. T., adversative, but, Mat. 11. 19, et al.; also introductory of the apodosis of a sentence, Ja. 2. 4. Ga. 3. 28.

Kaίγε, (καί & γε) at least, were it only, Lu. 19. 42; and even, yea too, Ac. 2. 18. L. G.

Kauός, ή, όν, new, recently made, Mat. 9. 17. Mar. 2. 22; ntw in species, character, or mode, Mat. 26. 28, 29. Mar. 14. 24, 25. Lu. 22. 20. Jno. 13. 34. 2 Co. 5. 17. Ga. 6. 15. Eph. 2. 15; 4. 24. 1 Jno. 2. 7. Re. 3. 12, et al.; novel, strange, Mar. 1. 27. Ac. 17. 19; new to the possessor, Mar. 16. 17; unheard of, unusual, Mar. 1. 27; Ac. 17. 19; mat. renovated, better, of higher excellence, 2 Co. 5. 17. Re. 5. 9, et al.; whence

Kaινότερος, a, ov, pr. comparat. of preced., newer, more recent; but used for the positive, new, novel, Ac. 17. 21.

Καινότης, τητος, ή, newness, Ro. 6.4; 7.6.

Καίπερ, (καί & περ) though, although, Phi. 3. 4. Re. 17. 8, et al.

Kaιρός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. fitness, proportion, suitableness; a fitting situation, suitable place, l Pe. 4. 17; a limited period of time marked by a suitableness of circumstances, a fitting season, l Co. 4. 5. l Ti. 2. 6; 6. 15. Tit. 1. 3; opportunity, Ao 24. 25. Ga. 6. 10. He. 11. 15; e

limited period of time distinguished by characteristic circumstances, a signal juncture, a marked season, Mat. 16. 3. Lu. 12. 56; 21. 8. 1 Pc. 1. 11, et al; a destined time, Mat. 8. 29; 26. 18. Mar. 1. 15. Lu. 21. 24. 1 Th. 5. 1, et al.; a season in ordinary succession, equivalent to ωρα, Mat. 13. 30. Ac. 14. 17, et al.; in N. T., a limited time, a short season, Lu. 4. 13, et al.; simply, a point of time, Mat. 11. 25. Lu. 13. 1, et al.

Kaίτοι, (καί & enclit. τοι) and yet, though, although, He. 4. 3.

Kaίτοιγε, (καίτοι & γε) although indeed, Jno. 4. 2. Ac. 14. 17; 17. 27.

Kaíω, f. καύσω, pass. a. 1. ἐκαύθην, to cause to burn, kindle, light, Mat. 5. 15; pass. to be kindled, burn, flame, Lu. 12. 35; met. to be kindled into emotion, Lu. 24. 32; to consume with fire, Jno. 15. 6. 1 Co. 13. 3.

 \vec{K} d κ e $\hat{\epsilon}$, (by crasis for κ al $\hat{\epsilon}$ κ e $\hat{\epsilon}$) and there, Mat. 5. 23; 10. 11; there also, Mar. 1. 38; thither also, Ac. 17.13, et al.

Kakeî θ ev, (by crasis for κal $\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa e \hat{i}\theta e \nu$) and thence, Mar. 10. 1. Ac. 7. 4; 14. 26; 20. 15; 21. 1; 27. 4, 12; 28. 15; and then, afterwards, Ac. 13. 21.

Κάκεῖνος, είνη, εῖνο, (by crasis for καί ἐκεῖνος) and he, she, it; and this, and that, Mat. 15. 18; 23. 23; he, she, it also; this also, that also, Mat. 20. 4.

Κακία, ας, η, (κακός) malice, malignity, Ro. 1. 29. Ep. 4. 31; wickedness, depravity, Ac. 8. 22. 1 Co. 5. 8; in N. T., evil, trouble, calamity, Mat. 6. 34.

Κακοήθεια, ας, ή, (κακός & ήθος) disposition for mischief, malignity, Ro. 1. 29.

Κακολογέω, ῶ, f. ησω, (κακόs & λέγω) to speak evil of, revile, abuse, assail with reproaches, Mar. 9. 39. Ac. 19. 9; to address with offensive language, to treat with disrespect, contemn, Mat. 15. 4. Mar. 7. 10.

Κακοπάθεια, ας, η, a state of suffering, affliction, trouble; in N. T., endurance in affliction, Ja. 5. 10.

Κακοπάθέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (κακός & πάσχω) to suffer evil or afflictions, 2 Ti. 2. 9; to be vexed, troubled, dejected, Ja. 5. 13; in N. T., to show

endurance in trials and afflictions, 2 Ti. 2. 3.

Κακοποιέω, ῶ, f. ἡπω, (κακός & ποιέω) to cause evil, injure, do harm. Mar. 3. 4. Lu. 6.9; to do evil, commit sin, 1 Pe. 3. 17.

Kακοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (fr. same) an evil-doer, i Pe. 2. 12, et al.; a malefactor, criminal, Jno. 18. 30.

Kaκόs, ή, όν, bad, of a bad quality or disposition, worthless, corrupt, deprayed, Mat. 21. 41; 24. 48. Mar. 7. 21; wicked, criminal, morally bad; το κακόν, evil, wickedness, crime, Mat. 27. 23. Ac. 23. 9; malediction, 1 Pe. 3. 10; mischievous, harmful, baneful; το κακόν, evil, mischiet, harm, injury, Tit. 1. 12; afflictive, το κακόν, evil, miscry, affliction, suffering, Lu. 16. 25.

Κακούργος, ου, ό, ή, (κακός & ἔργου) an evil-doer, malefactor, criminal, Lu. 23. 32, 33, 39. 2 Ti. 2. 9.

Kακουχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κακός & ἔχω) to maltreat, afflict, harass; pass. to be afflicted, be oppressed with evils, He. 11. 37; 13. 3.

Κακόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐκάκωσα, (κακός) to maltreat, cause evil to, oppress, Ac. 7. 6. 19; 12. 1; 18. 10. 1 Pe. 3. 13; in N. T., to disaffect, cause to be evil affected, Ac. 14. 2.

Kaκῶς, adv. (fr. same) ill, badly; physically ill, sick, Mat. 4. 24; 8. 16, et al.; grievously, vehemently, Mat. 15. 22; wretchedly, miserably, Mat. 21. 41; wickedly, reproachfully, Ac. 23. 5; wrongly, criminally, Jno. 18. 23; amiss, Ja. 4. 3.

Kάκωσις, εως, ή, (κακόω) ill-treatment, affliction, misery, Ac. 7. 34.

Kaλάμη, ης, ή, the stalk of grain, straw, stubble, 1 Co. 3. 12. (ă).

Κάλάμος, ου, ό, a reed, a cane, Mat. 11. 7; 12. 20. Lu. 7. 24; a reed in its various appliances; as, a wand, a staff, Mat. 27. 29, 30, 48. Mar. 15. 19, 36; a measuring rod, Re. 11. 1; a writer's reed, 3 Jno. 13.

Καλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, p. κέκληκα, a. 1. εκάλεσα, p. pass. κέκληκα, a. 1. pass. κέκληκα, to call out one's presence, send for a person, Mat. 2. 7; to summon, Mat. 2. 15; 25. 14, et al.; to invite, Mat. 22. 9, et al.; to call to the perform-

Καλλιέλαιος, ου, δ, η, (κάλλος & čhalov) pr. adj. productive of good oil; as subst. a cultivated olive-tree, Ro. 11. 24.

Καλλίων, ονος, ό, ή, (comp. of καλός) better; neut. κάλλιον, as an adv. full well, Ac. 25. 10.

Καλοδιδάσκαλος, ου, ό, ή, (καλός & διδάσκαλος) teaching what is good, a teacher of good, Tit. 2. 3. N. T.

Καλοποιέω, ω, f. ήσω, (καλός & ποιέω) to do well, do good, 2 Th. 3. 13. S.

Kaλόs, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\delta \nu}$, pr. beautiful; good, of good quality or disposition; fertile, rich, Mat. 13. 8, 23; useful, profitable, Lu. 14. 34; καλόν ἐστι, it is profitable, it is well, Mat. 18. 8, 9; excellent, choice, select, goodly, Mat. 7. 17, 19; καλόν ἐστι, it is pleasant, delightful, Mat. 17. 4; just, full meadengitud, mat. 17. 4; just, lui mees sure, Lu. 6. 38; honourable, distin-guished, Ja. 2. 7; good, possessing moral excellence, worthy, upright, virtuous, Jno. 10. 11, 14. 1 Ti. 4. 6; τὸ καλὸν & τὸ καλὸν ἔργον, what is good and right, a good deed, rectitude, virtue, Mat. 5. 16. Ro. 7. 18, 21; right, duty, propriety, Mat. 15. 26; benefit, favour, Jno. 10. 32, 33, et al.

Κάλυμμα, ατος, τό, a covering; a veil, 2 Co. 3. 13; met. a veil, a blind to spiritual vision, 2 Co. 3. 14, 15, 16:

Καλύπτω, f. ψω, s. 1. έκάλυψα, p. pass. κεκάλυμμαι, to cover, Mat. 8. 24. Lu. 8. 16; 23. 30; to hide, conceal, Mat. 10. 26. 2 Co. 4. 3; met. to cover, throw a veil over, consign to oblivion, Ja. 5. 20. 1 Pe. 4. 8.

 $Ka\lambda\hat{\omega}s$, adv. well, rightly, suitably, with propriety, becomingly, 1 Co. 7, 37; 14, 17. Ga. 4, 17; 5, 7, et al.; truly, justly, correctly, Mar. 12, 32. Lu. 20, 39. Jno. 4, 17, et al.; appositely, Mat. 15. 7. Mar. 7. 6; becomingly, honourably, Ja. 2. 3; well, effectually, Mar. 7. 9, 37, et al.; κα-Vis είπειν, to speak well, praise, applaud, Lu. 6. 26; καλῶς ἔχειν, to be convalescent, Mar. 16. 18; καλῶι ποιείν, to do good, confer benefits, Mat. 5. 44; 12. 12; to do well, act virtuously, Phi. 4. 14, et al.

Κάμέ, (καὶ έμέ) see κάγώ.

Κάμηλος, ου, ό, ή, (Heb. נמל a camel, Mat. 3. 4; 23. 24, et al.

Kάμινος, ου, ή, a furnace, oven, kiln. Mat. 13. 42, 50. Re. 1. 15; 9. 2. Καμμύω, f. ύσω, a. 1. ἐκάμμυσα,

(contr. for καταμύω, fr. κατά & μύω) to shut, close the eyes, Mat. 13. 15. Ac. 28, 27,

92

Κάμνω, f. καμοθμαι, p. κέκμηκα, a. 2. črauov, pr. to tire with exertion, labour to weariness; to be wearied, tired out, exhausted, He. 12. 3. Re. 2.3; to labour under disease, be sick Ja. 5. 15.

Κάμοί, (καὶ ἐμοί) see κάγώ.

Κάμπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔκαμψα, trans. to bend, inflect the knee, Ro. 11. 4. Ep. 3. 14; intrans. to bend, bow, Ro. 14. 11. Phi. 2. 10.

Kaν, (by crasis for καὶ ἐάν) and if, Mar. 16. 18; also if, Mat. 21. 21; even if, if even, although, Jno. 10. 38; if so much as, He. 12. 20; also in N. T., simply equivalent to Kai as a particle of emphasis, by a pleonasm of αν, at least, at all events, Mar. 6. 56. Ac. 5. 15. 2 Co. 11. 16.

Kaνανίτης, ου, ό, (Aram. Ν), fr. Heb. קנא, to be zealous) Canaanite, i. q. ζηλωτής, zealot, Mat. 10. 4. Mar. 3. 18; coll. Lu. 6. 15. & Ac. 1. 13.

Κανών, ονος, δ, (κάννα ν. κάνη, α cane) a measure, rule; in N. T., prescribed range of action or duty, 2 Co. 10. 13, 15, 16; met. rule of conduct or doctrine, Ga. 6. 16. Phil. 3. 16.

Kaπηλεύω, f. εύσω, (pr. to be κάπηλος, a retailer, huckster; and, as these persons had the reputation of increasing their profits by adultera-tion, hence) in N. T., to corrupt, adulterate, 2 Co. 2. 17.

Kaπνός, οῦ, δ, smoke, Ac. 2. 19. Re. 8. 4, et al.

Καρδία, as, $\dot{\eta}$, (κέαρ, idem) the heart; the heart, regarded as the seat of feeling, impulse, affection, desire, Mat. 6. 21; 22. 37. Phil. 1. 7, et al.; the heart, as the seat of intellect

Καρδιογνώστης, ου, ό, (καρδία & γινώσκω) heart-knower, searcher of hearts, Ac. 1. 24; 15. 8. N. T.

Kapπός, οῦ, ὁ, fruit, Mat. 3. 10; 21. 19, 34; fr. the Heb. καρπός κοιλίας, truit of the womb, offspring, Lu. 1. 42; καρπός ὀσφύος, fruit of the loins, offspring, posterity, Ac. 2. 30; καρπὸς χειλέων, fruit of the lips, praise, He. 13. 15; met. conduct, actions, Mat. 3. 8; 7. 16. Ro. 6. 22; benefit, profit, emolument, Ro. 1. 13; 6. 21; reward, Phi. 4. 17, et al.

Καρποφορέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, a. 1. ἐκαρποφόρησα, (καρπός & φορέω, fr. φέρω) to bear fruit, yield, Mar. 4. 28; met. to bring forth or exhibit actions or conduct, Mat. 13. 23. Ro. 7. 5; mid. to expand by fruitfulness, to develop itself by success, Col. 1. 6.

Καρποφόρος, ου, ό, ή, (fr. same) fruitful, adapted to bring forth fruit, Ac. 14. 17.

Κυρτερέω, ω, ήσω, α. 1. εκαρτέρησα, (καρτερός, by metath. fr. κράτος) to be stout; to endure patiently, bear up with fortitude, He. 11. 27.

Κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω, to shrivel) any small dry thing, as chaff, stubble, splinter, mote, &c.; Mat. 7. 3, Lu. 6. 41, 42.

Kaτά, prep., with a genitive, down from, adown, Mat. 8. 32; down upon, upon, Mar. 14. 3. Ac. 27. 14; down into; κατὰ βάθους, profound, deepest, 2 Co. 8. 2; down over, throughout a space, Lu. 4. 14; 23. 5; concerning, in cases of pointed allegation, 1 Co. 15. 15; against, Mat. 12. 30, et al.; by, in oaths, Mat. 26. 63, et al.; with an acc., of place, in the quarter of; about, near, at, Lu. 10. 32. Ac. 2. 10; throughout, Lu. 8. 39; in, Ro. 16. 5; among, Ac. 21. 21; in the presence of, Lu. 2. 31; in the direction of, towards, Ac. 8. 26. Phi. 3. 14; of time, within the range of; during, in the course of, at, about, Ac. 12. 1; 37. 27; distributively, κατ οἰκον, by houses, from house to house, Ac. 2. 46; κατὰ δύο, two and two, 1 Co. 14.27; καθ ημέραν, daily, Mat. 26. 55,

et al.; trop., according to, conform. ably to, in proportion to, Mat. 9. 29; 25. 15; after the fashion or likeness of, He. 5. 6; in virtue of, Mat. 19. 3; as respects, Ro. 1, 3. Ac. 25, 14, He. 9. 9.

Καταβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. κατέβην, imperat. κατάβηθι, & κατάβα, p. καταβέβηκα, (κατά & βαίνω) to come or go down, descend, Mat. 8.1; 17.9; to lead down, Ac. 8. 26; to come down, fall, Mat. 7. 25, 27, et al.; to be let down, Ac. 10. 11; 11. 5.

Καταβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, (κατά & βάλλω) to cast down, Re. 12. 10; to prostrate, 2 Co. 4. 9; mid. to lay down, lay a foundation, He. 6. 1.

Καταβαρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & βαρέω) pr. to weigh down; met. to burden, be burdensome to, 2 Co. 12. 16. L. G.

Καταβαρύνω, f. υνῶ, (κατά & βαρύνω) to weigh down, oppress; pass. to be weighed down by sleep, be drowsy, v. r. Mar. 14. 40.

Κατάβάσις, εως, ἡ, (καταβαίνω) the act of descending; a way down, descent, Lu. 19. 37.

Καταβιβάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & βιβάζω) to cause to descend, bring or thrust down, Mat. 11. 23. Lu. 10. 15. Καταβολή, ης, ή, (καταβάλλω) pr.

a casting down; laying the founda tion foundation; beginning, com mencement, Mat. 13. 35; 25. 34, et al; conception in the womb, He. 11. 11.

Καταβραβεύω, f. εύσω, (κατά & βραβεύω) pr. to give an unfavourable decision as respects a prize, to dis-appoint of the palm; hence, to beguile of, cause to miss, Col. 2. 18.

Καταγγελεύς, έως, ό, one who announces any thing, a proclaimer, publisher, Ac. 17. 18: equivalent to κατάγγελος. N. T.

Καταγγέλλω, f. γέλω, a. 2. pass. κατηγγέλην, (κατά & ἀγγέλλω) to an-nounce, proclaim, Ac. 13. 38; in N. T., to laud, celebrate, Ro. 1. 8. 1 Co. 11. 26; to set forth, teach, inculcate, preach, Ac. 4. 2; 13. 5, et al. Καταγελάω, ῶ, f. άσω, άσομαι, (κατά & γελάω) to deride, jeer, Mat 2. 24. Mar. 5. 40. Lu. 8. 53.

Καταγινώσκω, f. γνωσομαι, (κατά

& γινώσκω) to determine against, Κατακαίω, f. καύσω, a. 2. pass. κα condemn, blame, reprehend, Ga. 2. 11. 1 Jno. 3. 20, 21.

Κατάγνυμι, ν. -ύω, f. κατάξω, & κατεάξω, α. Ι. κατέαξα, α. 2. разв. κατεάγην (ā), subj. κατεαγῶ (κατά & ἄγνυμι, to break) to break in pieces, crush, break in two, Mat. 12, 20. Jno. 19. 31, 32, 33.

Κατάγω, f. ξω, a. 2. κατήγαγον, (κατά & άγω) to lead, bring, or conduct down, Ac. 9. 30; 22. 30; 23. 15, 20, 28; to bring a ship to land; pass. κατάγομαι, a. 1. κατήχθην, to come to land, land, touch, Lu. 5. 11, et al.

Καταγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. 1. κατηγωνισάμην, (κατά & αγωνίζομαι) to subdue, vanquish, conquer, He. 11.

Καταδέω, f. ήσω, (κατά & δέω) to bind down; to bandage a wound, Ln. 10. 34.

Κατάδηλος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (κατά

& δηλος) quite manifest or evident. He. 7. 15

Καταδικάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & δικάζω) to give judgment against, condemn, Mat. 12. 7, 37. Lu. 6. 37. Ja. 5. 6.

Καταδίκη, ης, ή, (κατά & δίκη) ccndemnation, sentence of condemnation, v. r. Ac. 25, 15.

Καταδιώκω, f. ξω, (κατά & διώκω) to follow hard upon; to track, fellow perseveringly, Mar. 1. 36.

Καταδουλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (κατά & δουλόω) to reduce to absolute servitude, make a slave of, 2 Co. 11. 20.

Καταδυναστεύω, f. εύσω, (κατά & δυναστεύω, to rule, reign) to tyrannise over, opprese, Ac. 10. 38. Ja.

Κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an execration, curse; by meton. what is worthy of execration, i. q. κατανά-θεμα, v. r. Re. 22. 3: (N. T.) whence

Καταθεματίζω, f. ίσω, to curse, v. r. Mat. 26, 74. N. T.

Καταισχύνω, f. υνω, (κατά & αἰσχύrω) to shame, put to shame, put to the blush, 1 Co. 1. 27; pass. to be ashamed, be put to the blush, Lu. 13. 17; to dishonour, disgrace, 1 Co. 11. 4, 5; fr. the Hcb. to frustrate, disappoint, Ro. 5 5; 9. 33.

τεκάην, (κατά & καίω) to burn up, consume with fire, Mat. 3. 12; 13. 30. 40. et al.

Κατακαλύπτομαι, (mid. of κατακαλύπτω, to veil, fr. κατά & καλύπτω) to veil one's self, to be veiled or co-

vered, 1 Co. 11. 6, 7.

Κατακαυχάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, (κατά & καυχάομαι) to vaunt one's self against, to glory over, to assume superiority over, Ro. 11. 18. Ja. 2. 13; 3. 14. S.

Κατάκειμαι, f. είσομαι, (κατά & ture, be laid down, Mar. 1. 30; 2. 4; to recline at table, Mar. 2. 15; 14. 3, et al.

Κατακλάω, ῶ, f. άσω, a. 1. κατέκλάσα, (κατά & κλάω) to break, break in pieces, Mar. 6. 41. Lu. 9. 16.

Κατακλείω, f. είσω, (κατά & κλείω) to close, shut fast; to shut up, confine, Lu. 3. 20. Ac. 26. 10.

Κατακληροδοτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά, κλήρος, & δίδωμι) to divide out by lot, distribute by lot, Ac. 13. 19. 8

Κατακληρονομέω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά, κλήρος & νέμω, to distribute) same as preceding, for which it is a v. r.

Κατακλίνω, (ί), f. ινώ, a. 1. κατέκλίνα, a. l. pass. κατεκλίθην (ἴ), (κατά & κλίνω) to cause to lie down, cause to recline at table, Lu. 9. 14; mid. to lie down, recline, Lu. 14. 8; 24. 30.

Κατακλύζω, f. ύσω, a. 1. pass κατεκλύσθην, (κατά & κλύζω, to lave, wash) to inundate, deluge, 2 Pe. 3. 6: whence

Κατακλυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, an inundation, deluge, Mat. 24. 38, 39, et al.

Κατακολουθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & ἀκυλουθέω) to follow closely or earnestly, Lu. 23, 55. Ac. 16, 17,

Κατακόπτω, f. ψω, (κατά & κόπτω) to cut or dash in pieces; to mangle, wound, Mar. 5. 5.

Κατακρημνίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά & κρημνός, a precipice) to cast down headlong, precipitate, Lu. 4. 29.

Κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemna tion, condemnatory sentence, Ro. 5. 16, 18; 8. 1: (L. G.) from

Κατακρίνω, (ι), f. ινῶ, a. 1. κατέ•

ερίνα, p. pass. κατακέκριμαι, a. 1. pass. κατεκρίθην (ἴ), (κατά & κρίνω) to give judgment against, condemn, Mat. 27. 3. Jno. 8. 10, 11, et al.; to condemn, to place in a guilty light by contrast, Mat. 12. 41, 42. Lu. 11. 31, 32. He. 11. 7: whence

Κατάκρἴσις, εως, ή, condemnation, 2 Co. 3. 9; censure, 2 Co. 7. 3. S.

Κατακυριεύω, f. εύσω, (κατά & κυριεύω) to get into one's power; in N. T., to bring under, master, overcome, Ac. 19. 16; to domineer over, Mat. 20. 25, et al. L. G.

Καταλάλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & λαλέω) to blab out; to speak against, calumniate, Ja. 4. 11. 1 Pe. 2. 12; 3. 16: whence

Kaταλαλία, as, ή, evil-speaking, detraction, backbiting, calumny, 2 Co. 12. 20. 1 Pe. 2. 1.

Κατάλἄλος, ου, ό, ή, slanderous, a detractor, calumniator, Ro. 1. 30. N. T.

Καταλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, a. 2. κατέλαβον, (κατά & λαμβάνω) to lay hold of, grasp; to obtain, attain, Ro. 9. 30. 1 Co. 9. 24; to seize, take possession of, Mar. 9. 18; to come suddenly upon, overtake, surprise, Jno. 12. 35; to deprehend, detect in the act, seize, Jno. 8. 3. 4; met. to comprehend, apprehend, Jno. 1.5; mid. to understand, perceive, Ac. 4. 13; 10. 34, et al.

Καταλέγω, f. ξω, (κατά & λέγω) to select; to reckon in a number, enter in a list or catalogue, enrol, 1 Ti. 5. 9.

Κατάλειμμα, ατος, τό, a remnant, a small residue, Ro. 9. 27: (L. G.)

Καταλείπω, f. ψω, a. 2. κατελίπον, (κατά & λείπω) to leave behind; to leave behind at death, Mar. 12. 19; to relinquish, let remain, Mar. 14. 52; to quit, depart from, forsake, Mat. 4. 13; 16. 4; to neglect, Ac. 6. 2; to leave alone, or without assistance, Lu. 10. 40: to reserve, Ro. 11. 4

Καταλιθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & λιθάζω) to stone, kill by stoning, Lu. 20. 6. 8.

Karaλλάγη, ης, η, pr. an exchange; reconciliation, restoration to favour, Po. 5. 11: 11. 15. 2 Co. 5. 18, 19: from

Καταλλάσσω, f. άξω, a. 2. pass. κατηλλάγην (ἄ), (κατά & άλλάσοω) to change, exchange; to reconcile; pass. to be reconciled, Ro. 5. 10. 1=Ca 7. 11. 2 Co. 5. 18-20.

Κατάλοιπος, ου, ό, ή, (καταλείπω) remaining; οι κατάλοιποι, the rest,

Ac. 15, 17.

Κατάλυμα, ατος, τό, a lodging, inn, khan, Lu. 2. 7; a guest-chamber, cœnaculum, Mar. 14. 14. Lu. 22. 11: (L. G.) from

Καταλύω (ὖ), f. ύσω, a. 1. pass. κατελύθην (ὕ), (κατά & λύω) to dissolve; to destroy, demolish, overthrow, throw down, Mat. 24. 2; 26.61; met. to nullify, abrogate, Mat. Ac. 5. 38, 39, et al.; intrans. to unloose harness, &c., to halt, to stop for the night, lodge, Lu. 9. 12.

Καταμανθάνω, f. μαθήσομαι, a. 2. κατέμάθον, (κατά & μανθάνω) to learn or observe thoroughly; to consider accurately and diligently, contemplate, mark, Mat. 6. 28.

Καταμαρτύρέω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά & $\mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu \rho \epsilon \omega$) to witness or testify against, Mat. 26. 62; 27. 13, et al.

Καταμένω, f. ενῶ, (κατά & μένω) to remain; to abide, dwell, Ac. 1. 13. Καταμόνας, adv. (κατά & μόνος)

alone, apart, in private, Mar. 4. 10. Lu. 9. 18. Κατανάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατά & ἀνά-

 $\theta \epsilon \mu a$) a curse, execration; meton. one accursed, execrable, Re. 22. 3: (N. T.) whence

Καταναθεματίζω, f. ίσω, to curse, Mat. 26, 74, N. T.

Καταναλίσκω, f. λώσω, (κατά 🕭 aναλίσκω) to consume, as fire, He. 12. 29.

Καταναρκάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, (κατά & ναρκάω, to grow torpid) in N.T to be torpid to the disadvantage of any one, to be a dead weight upon; by impl. to be troublesome, burdensome to, in respect of maintenance, 2 Co. 11. 9; 12. 13, 14.

Κατανεύω, f. εύσομαι, (κατά & νεύω) pr. to nod, signify ascent by a nod; genr. to make signs, beckon, Lu. 5. 7.

Κατανοέω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά & νοέω) to perceive, understand, apprehend,

La. 20. 23; to observe, mark, contemplate, Lu. 12 24, 27; to discern, descry, Mat. 7. 3; to have regard to, make account of, Ro. 4. 19.

Καταντάω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά & ἀντάω) to come to, arrive at, Ac. 16. 1; 20. 15; of an epoch, to come upon, 1 Co. 10. 11; met. to reach, attain to, Ac. 26. 7, et al. L. G.

Kaτάνυξις, εως, ή, in N. T., deep sleep, stupor, dulness, Ro. 11. 8. S.

Κατανύσσω, f. ξω, a. 2. pass. κατενίγην, (κατά & νύσσω) to pierce through; to pierce with compunction and pain of heart, Ac. 2. 37.

Καταξιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (κατά & εξιόω) to account worthy of, Lu. 20. 35; 21. 36. Ac. 5. 41. 2 Th. 1. 5.

Kαταπάτέω, ῶ, ήσω, (κατά & πατέω) to trample-upon, tread down or under feet, Mat. 5. 13; 7. 6. Lu. 8. 5; 12. 1; met. to treat with contumely, spurn, He. 10. 29.

Kaτάπαυσις, εως, η, pr. the act of giving rest; a state of settled cessation or rest, He. 3. 11, 18; 4. 3, 11, et al.; a place of rest, place of abode, dwelling, habitation, Ac. 7. 49: from

Kaτaπavω, f. αύσω, (κατά & πανω) to cause to cease, restrain, Ac. 14. 18; to cause to rest, give rest to, introduce into a permanent settlement, He. 4. 8; intrans. to rest, desist from, He. 4. 4, 10.

Καταπέτασμα, ατος, τό, (καταπετάννυμι, to expand) a veil, curtain, Mat. 27. 51. Mar. 15. 38. Lu. 23. 45. He. 6. 19; 10. 20. 8.

Καταπίνω, f. πίομαι, a. 2. κατέπἴον, a. 1. pass. κατεπόθην, (κατά & πίνω) to drink, swallow, gulp down, Mat. 23. 24; to swallow up, absorb, Re. 12. 16. 2 Co. 5. 4; to ingulf, submerge, overwhelm, He. 11. 29; to swallow greedily, devour, 1 Pe. 5. 8; to destroy, annihilate, 1 Co. 15. 54. 2 Co. 2. 7.

Καταπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. κατέπεσον, p. πέπτωκα, (κατά & πίπτω) to fall down, fall prostrate, Ac. 26 14; 28. 6.

Καταπλέω, f. εύσομαι, a. 1. κατέπλευσα, (κατά & πλέω) to sail towards land, to come to land, Lu. 8. 26.

Καταπονέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (κατά & πυνέω) to exhaust by labour or suf

fering; to weary out, 2 Pc. 2.7; to overpower, oppress, Ac. 7. 24.

Καταποντίζω, f. ίσω, (κατά & τοντίζω to sink, fr. πόντος) to sink in the sea; pass. to sink, Mat. 14. 30; to be plunged, submerged, Mat. 18. 6.

Kaτάρα, as, η, (κατά & ἀρά) a cursing, execration, imprecation, Ja. 3. 10; fr. the Heb. condemnation, doom, Ga. 3. 10, 13. 2 Pc. 2. 14; meton. a doomed one, one on whom condemnation falls, Ga. 3. 13: (ἄρ) whence

Καταράομαι, ῶμαι, f. άσομαι, a. 1. κατηρᾶσάμην, in N. T., p. pass. part. κατηραφένος, to curse, to wish evil ιο, imprecate evil upon, Mat. 5. 44. Mar. 11. 21, et al.; in N. T., pass. to be doomed, Mat. 25. 41.

Καταργέω, ω, f. ήσω, p. κατήργηκα, a. l. κατήργησα, p. pass. κατήργημα, a. l. pass. κατηργήθην, (κατά & αργός) to render useless or unproductive, occupy unprofitably, Lu. l3. 7; to render powerless, Ro. 6. 6; to make empty and unmeaning, Ro. 4. 14; to render null, to abrogate, cancel, Ro. 3. 3, 3l. Eph. 2. 15, et al.; to bring to an end, l Co. 2. 6; l3. 8; 15. 24, 26. 2 Co. 3. 7, et al.; to destroy, annihilate, 2 Th. 2. 8. He. 2. 14; to free from, dissever from, Ro. 7. 2, 6. Ga. 5. 4.

Καταριθμέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & ἀριθμέω) to enumerate, number with, count with, Ac. 1. 17.

Kαταρτίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. κατήρτισα, (κατά & ἀρτίζω) to adjust thoroughly; to knit together, unite completely, 1 Co. 1. 10; to frame, He. 11. 3; to prepare, provide, Mat. 21. 16. He. 10. 5; to qualify fully, to elevate to a complete standard, Lu. 6. 40. He. 13. 21. 1 Pe. 5. 10; p. pass. κατηρτισμένος, fit, ripe, Ro. 9. 22; to repair, refit, Mat. 4. 21. Mar. 1. 19; to supply, make good, 1 Th. 3. 10; to restore to a forfeited condition, to reinstate, Ga. 6. 1: whence

Κατάρτίσις, εως, ή, pr. a complete adjustment; a state of completeness, perfection, 2 Co. 13. 9. L. G. Καταρτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, completeness of qualification.

of qualification, a perfecting, Ep. 4. 12. L. G.

Κατασείω, f. σείσω, (κατά & σείω) to shake down or violently; την χείρα οτ τῆ χειρί, to wave the hand, beckon;

Ac. 12. 17, et al. Κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, (κατά & σκάπτω) pr. to dig down under, under-

mine; by impl. to overthrow, demolish, raze, Ro. 11. 3; τὰ κατεσκαμμένα, ruins, Ac. 15. 16.

Κατασκευάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & σκευάζω, fr. σκεῦος) to prepare, put in readiness, Mat. 11. 10. Mar. 1. 2. Lu. 1. 17; 7. 27; to construct, form, build, He. 3. 3, 4; 9. 2, 6; 11. 7. 1 Pe.

Κατασκηνόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (κατά & σκηνόω, fr. σκηνή) to pitch one's tent; in N. T., to rest in a place, settle, abide, Ac. 2. 26; to haunt, roost, Mat. 13. 32. Mar. 4. 32. Lu. 13. 19:

Kατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, pr. the pitching a tent; a tent; in N.T., a dwelling-place; a haunt, roost, Mat. 8. 20. Lu. 9, 58. L. G.

Κατασκιάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & σκιάζω, idem) to overshadow, He. 9. 5.

Κατασκοπέω, ω, f. κατασκέψομαι, in N. T., a. l. inf. κατασκοπήσαι, (κατά & σκοπέω) to view closely and accurately; to spy out, Ga. 2. 4.

Κατασκοπός, οῦ, ὁ, a scout, spy, He. 11. 31.

Κατασοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (κατά & σοφίζω) to exercise cleverness to the detriment of any one, to outwit; to make a victim of subtlety, to practise on by insidious dealing, Ac. 7. 19.

Καταστέλλω, f. στελώ, a. 1. κατέστειλα, p. pass. κατέσταλμαι, (κατά & στέλλω) to arrange, dispose in regular order; to appease, quiet, pacify, Ac. 19. 35, 36.

Κατάστημα, ατος, τό, (καθίστημι) determinate state, condition; personal appearance, mien, deport-ment, Tit. 2. 3. L. G.

Καταστολή, ης, ή, (καταστέλλω) pr. an arranging in order; adjustment of dress; in N. T., apparel, dress, 1 Ti. 2. 9.

Καταστρέφω, ε. ψω, (κατά & στρέφω) to invert; to overturn, over-throw, throw down, Mat. 21. 12. Mar. 11. 15.

Καταστρηνιάω, f. άσω, (κατά &

στρηνιάω, to be headstrong, wanton, fi. στοηνής v. στοηνός, hard, harsh) to be headstrong or wanton towards, l Ti. 5. 11. N. T.

Καταστροφή, ης, ή, (καταστρέφω) an overthrow, destruction, 2 Pe. 2.6: met. overthrow of right principle or faith, utter detriment, perversion, 2 Ti. 2. 14.

Καταστρώννυμι, ν. νύω, f. καται στρώσω, a. l. pass. κατεστρώθην, (κατά κ στρώννυμι, — νώω) to strew down, lay flat; pass. to be strewn, laid prostrate in death, 1 Co. 10. 5.

Κατασύρω, (κατά & σύρω) to drag down; to drag away, Lu. 12. 58. (v).

Κατασφάζω, ν. σφάττω, f. σφάξω, (κατά & σφάζω, ν. σφάττω) to slaughter, slay, Lu. 19. 27.

Κατασφραγίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. κατεσφράγισμαι, (κατά & σφραγίζω) to seal up, Re. 5. 1.

Κατάσχεσις, εως, ή, (κατέχω) α possession, thing possessed, Ac. 7. 5.

Κατατίθημι, f. θήσω, a. 1. κατέθηκα, (κατά & τίθημι) to lay down, deposit, Mar. 15. 46; mid. to deposit or lay up for one's self; χάριν, V. χάριτας, to lay up a store of favour for one's self, earn a title to favour at the hands of a person, to curry favour with, Ac. 24. 27; 25. 9.

Κατατομή, ης, ή, (κατατέμνω, to cut up, fr. κατά & τέμνω) concision, mutilation, Phi. 3. 2.

Κατατοξεύω, f. εύσω, (κατά & τοξεύω, to shoot with a bow) to shoot down with arrows; to transfix with an arrow or dart, He. 12. 20.

Κατατρέχω, f. δραμουμαι, a. 2. έδραμον, (κατά & τρέχω) to run down, Λc. 21. 32.

Καταφέρω, f. κατοίσω, a. 1. pass. κατηνέχθην, (κατά & φέρω) to bear down; to overpower, as sleep, Ac. 20. 9; καταφέρειν ψήφον, to give a vote or verdict, Ac. 26. 10.

Καταφεύγω, f. ξομαι, a. 2. κατέφύγον, (κατά & φείγω) to flee to for refuge, Ac. 14. 6. He. 6. 18.

Καταφθείρω, f. φθερώ, f. pass. καταφθαρήσομαι, (κατά & φθείρω) to destroy, cause to perish, 2 Pe. 2. 12; to corrupt, deprave, 2 Ti. 3. 8.

Καταφίλέω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά & φιλέω) to kiss affectionately or with a semblance of affection, to kiss with earnest gesture, Mat. 26. 49. Lu. 7. 38. Ac. 20. 37, et al.

Καταφρονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά &

φρονέω) pr. to think in disparagement of; to contemn, scorn, despise, Mat. 18. 10. Ro. 2. 4; to slight, Mat. 6. 24. Lu. 16. 13. 1 Co. 11. 22. 1 Ti. 4. 12; 6. 2. 2 Pe. 2. 10; to disregard, He. 12. 2: whence

Καταφρονητής, οῦ, δ, a contemner, despiser, scorner, Ac. 13. 41. L. G.

Καταχέω, f. εύσω, (κατά & χέω) to pour down upon, Mat. 26. 7. Mar.

Καταχθόνιος, ίου, δ, ή, (κατά & χθών, the earth) under the earth, subterranean, infernal, Phi. 2. 10.

Καταχράομαι, ωμαι, f. ήσομαι, (κατά & χράομαι) to use downright; to use up, consume; to make an unrestrained use of, use eagerly, 1 Co. 7. 31; to use to the full, stretch to the utmost, 1 Co. 9. 18.

Καταψύχω, f. ξω, (κατά & ψύχω) to cool, refresh, Lu. 16. 24. (v).

Κατείδωλος, ου, ό, ή, (κατά & εἴδωλον) rife with idols, sunk in idolatry, grossly idolatrous, Ac. 17. 16. N. T.

Κατέναντι, adv. (κατά & έναντι) over against, opposite to, Mar. 11. 2; 12. 41; 13. 3; 6, ή, τὸ, κατέναυτ, ορ-posite, Lu. 19. 30; before, in the presence of, in the sight, Ro. 4. 17.

Κατενώπιον, adv. v. prep. (κατά & ėνώπιον) in the presence of, in the sight of, 2 Co. 2. 17; 12. 19. Ep. 1. 4. 8.

Κατεξουσιάζω, f. άσω, (κατά & έξουσιάζω) to exercise lordship over, domineer over, Mat. 20. 25. Mar. 10. 42. N. T.

Κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (κατά & Acrepya(oμαι, 1. acroμαι, 1. acroud.
Κατέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. κα-

τηλθον, (κατά & ἔρχομαι) to come or go down, Lu. 4. 31; 9. 37; Ac. 8. 5; 9. 32, et al.; to land at, touch at Ac. 18. 22; 27. 5.

Κατεσθίω, f. καθέδομαι, a. 2. κατέφάγον, (κατά & ἐσθίω) to eat up, devour, Mat. 13. 4, et al.; to con-sume, Re. 11. 5; to expend, squander, Lu. 15. 30; met. to make a prey of, plunder, Mat. 23. 13. Mar. 12. 40. Lu. 20. 47. 2 Co. 11. 20; to vex, injure, Ga. 5. 15.

Κατευθύνω, f. ὔνῶ, a. l. ΰνα, (κατά & εὐθύνω, fr. εὐθύς, straight) to make straight; to direct, guide aright, Lu. 1. 79. 1 Th. 3. 11. 2 Th. 3. 5.

Κατέφαγον, a. 2. of κατεσθίω.

Κατεφίστημι, intrans. a. 2. κατεπ-έστην, (κατά & εφίστημι) to come upon suddenly, rush upon, assault, Ac. 18. 12. N. T.

Κατέχω, f. καθέξω, & κατασχήσω, imperf. κατείχου, a. 2. κατέσχου, (κα-τά & έχω) to hold down; to detain, retain, Lu. 4. 42. Philem. 13; to hinder, restrain, 2 Th. 2. 6, 7; to hold downright, hold in a firm grasp, to have in full and secure possession, 1 Co. 7. 30. 2 Co. 6. 10; to come into full possession of, seize upon, Mat. 21. 38; to keep, retain, 1 Th. 5. 21; to occupy, Lu. 14. 9; met. to hold fast mentally, retain, Lu. 8. 15. 1 Co. 11. 2; 15. 2; to maintain, He. 3. 6, 14; 10. 23; instance apartical terms apartical terms. trans., a nautical term, to land, touch, Ac. 27. 40; pass. to be in the grasp of, to be bound by, Ro. 7. 6; to be afflicted with, Jno. 5. 4.

Κατηγορέω, ω, f. ήσω, (κατά & άγορεύω, to harangue) to speak against, accuse, Mat. 12. 10; 27. 12. Jno. 5. 45, et al. : whence

Κατηγορία, as, ή, an accusation, crimination, Lu. 6. 7, et al.

Κατήγορος, ου, ό, an accuser, Jno. 8. 10. Ac. 23. 30, 35; 24. 8, et al.

Κατήγωρ, ορος, δ, an accuser, v. r. Re. 12. 10, a barbarous form for kaτήγορος.

Κατήφεια, as, ή, (κατηφης, having a downcast look, κατά & φάος) dejection, sorrow, Ja. 4. 9.

Κατηχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & ἠχέω) pr. to sound in the ears, make the ears ring; to instruct orally, inform

Κατιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. pass. κατίωμαι, (κατά & los) to cover with rust; pass. to rust, become rusty or tarnished, Ja. 5. 3. L. G.

Κατισχύω, f. ύσω, (κατά & ἰσχύω) to overpower, Mat. 16. 18; intrans. to predominate, get the upper hand,

Lu. 23. 23. (v).

Κατοικέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (κατά & οἰκέω) trans., to inhabit, Ac. 1. 19, et al.; intrans., to have an abode, dwell. Lu. 13. 4, Ac. 11. 29, et al.; to take up or find an abode, Ac. 7. 2, et al.; to indwell, Eph. 3. 17. Ja. 4. 5, et al.: whence

Κατοίκησις, εως, ή, an abode, dwelling, habitation, Mar. 5. 3.

Κατοικητήριον, ίου, τό, the same, Ep. 2. 22. Re. 18. 2.

Kaτοικία, as, ή, habitation, i. q. κατοίκησις, Ac. 17. 26. L. G.

Κατοπτρίζω, f. ίσω, (κάτοπτρον, a mirror) to show in a mirror; to present a clear and correct image of a thing; mid. to have presented in a mirror, to have a clear image presented, or, perhaps, to reflect, 2 Co. 3. 18. L. G.

Κατορθώμα, ατος, τό, (κατορθόω, to set upright, accomplish happily, fr. κατά & ὁρθόω, to make straight) any thing happily and successfully accomplished; a beneficial and worthy deed, Ac. 24. 3. L. G.

Kάτω, adv. & prep. (κατά) down, downwards, Mat. 4. 6. Lu. 4. 9; beneath, below, under, Mat. 27. 51. Mar. 14. 66, et al.; ὑ, ἡ, τὸ, κάτω, what is below, earthly, Jno. 8. 23.

Κατώτερος, α, ον, (comparat. fr. κάτω) lower, Ep. 4. 9.

Κατωτέρω, adv. (compar. of κάτω) lower, further down; of time, under, Mat. 2. 16.

Καθμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) heat, scorching or burning heat, Re. 7. 16; 16. 9: whence

Καυματίζω, f. ίσω, to scorch, burn, Mat. 13.6. Mar. 4.6. Re. 16.8, 9. L. G. Kaûσις, εως, ή, (καίω) burning, being burned, He. 6. 8; whence Καυσόομαι, οῦμαι, to be on fire, burn intensely, 2 Pe. 3. 10, 12. L. G.

Καύσων, ωνος, δ, fervent scorching heat; the scorching of the sun, Mat. 20. 12; hot weather, a hot time, Lu. 12. 55; the scorching wind of the East, Eurus, Ja. 1.11.

Καυτηριάζω, f. άσω, p. pass. κεκαυτηρίασμαι, (καυτήριον, an instrument for branding, fr. sain) to cauterise, brand; pass. met. to be branded with marks of guilt, or, to be seared into insensibility, 1 Ti. 4.2.

Καυχάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, s. 1. έκαυχησάμην, p. κεκαύχημαι, to glory, bonst, Ro. 2. 17, 23; ὑπέρ τινος, to bonst of a person or thing, to undertake a laudatory testimony to, 2 Co. 12. 5; to rejoice, exult, Ro. 5. 2, 3, 11, et al.: whence

Καύχημα, ατος, τό, a glorying, boasting, 1 Co. 5. 6; ground or matter of glorying or boasting, Ro. 4. 2; joy, exultation, Phi. 1. 26; laudatory testimony, 1 Co. 9. 15, 16. 2 Co. 9. 3, et al.

Καύχησις, εως, ή, a later equiva-lent to καυχημα, Ro. 3. 27. 2 Co. 7. 4, 14; 11. 10, et al.

 $K\epsilon\delta\rho\sigma$, σ , η , a cedar, Jno. 18. 1, where κέδρων is a false reading for the proper name Κεδρών.

Κείμαι, f. κείσομαι, to lie, to be laid; to recline, to be lying, to have been laid down, Mat. 28. 6. Lu. 2. 12, et al.; to have been laid, placed, set, Mat. 3. 10. Lu. 3. 9. Jno. 2. 6, et al.; to be situated, as a city, Mat. 5. 14. Re. 21. 16; to be in store, Lu. 12. 19; met. to be constituted, established as a law, 1 Ti. 1.9; in N. T., of persons, to be specially set, solemnly appointed, destined, Lu. 2. 34. Phi. 1. 17. 1 Th. 3. 3: to lie under an influence, to be involved in, 1 Jno. 5. 19.

Κειρία, as, ή, a bandage, swath, roller; in N. T., pl. grave-clothes, Jno. 11. 44.

Κείρω, f. κερώ, a. 1. mid. έκειράμην, to cut off the hair, shear, shave, Ac. 8. 32; 18. 18. 1 Co. 11. 6, bis.

Κέλευσμα, ατος, τό, a word or command; a mutual cheer; hence, in N. T., a loud shout, an arousing outcry, 1 Th. 4. 16: from Κελεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐκέλευιτα, Κεράννῦμι, v. νύω, (κεράω) f. κε-(κέλω, κέλομαι, idem) to order, command, direct, bid, Mat. 8. 18; 14. 19, 28, et al.

Κενοδοξία, as, ή, empty conceit, vain glory, Phi. 2. 3: from

Κενόδοξος, ου, ό, ή, (κενός & δόξα) vain-glorious, desirous of vain glory, Ga. 5. 26.

Kενός, ή, όν, empty; having nothing, empty-handed, Mar. 12. 3; met. vain, fruitless, void of effect, Ac. 4. 25. 1 Co. 15. 10; εἰς κενόν, in vain, to no purpose, 2 Co. 6. 1, et al.; hollow, fallacious, false, Ep. 5. 6. Col. 2. 8; inconsiderate, foolish, Ja.

Κενοφωνία, ας, ή, (κενός & φω-ιή) vain, empty babbling, vain dis-putation, fruitless discussion, 1 Ti. 6. 20. 2 Ti. 2 16. N. T.

Κενόω, ῶ, f, ώσω, a. 1. ἐκένωσα, (κενός) to empty, evacuate; ἐαυτόν, to divest one's self of one's prerogatives, abase one's self, Phi. 2. 7; to deprive a thing of its proper functions, Ro. 4. 14. 1 Co. 1. 17; to show to be without foundation, falsify, 1 Co. 9. 15. 2 Co. 9. 3.

Κέντρον, ου, τό, (κεντέω, to prick) a sharp point, a sting, Re. 9. 10; a prick, stimulus, goad, Ac. 9. 5; 26. 14. met., of death, destructive power, deadly venom, 1 Co. 15. 55, 56.

Κεντυρίων, ωνος, ό, (Lat. centurio, fr. centum, a hundred) in its original signification, a commander of a hundred foot-soldiers, a centurion, Mar. 15. 39, 44, 45.

Kevωs, adv. (κενός) in vain, to no purpose, unmeaningly, Ja. 4. 5. L. G. Kεραία, αs, η, (κέραs) pr. a hornlike projection, a point, extremity; in N. T., an apex, or fine point, as of letters; the minutest part, a tittle, Mat. 5. 18. Lu. 16. 17.

Κεράμεύς, έως, δ, (κέραμος) α potter, Mat. 27. 7, 10. Ro. 9. 21. Κεραμϊκός, ή, όν, (fr. same) made by a potter, earthen, Re. 2. 27.

Κεράμιον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pitcher, jar, Mar. 14. 13. Lu. 22. 10.

Κέραμος ου, δ, potter's clay; earthenware; a tile, tiling, Lu. 5. 19.

ράσω, a. l. ἐκέρασα, p. pass. κέκραμαι. later κεκέρασμαι, to mix, mingle drink; to prepare for drinking, Re 14. 10; 18. 6, bis.

Κέρας, ατος, τό, a horn, Re. 5. 6: 12. 3, et al.; a projecting extremity at the corners of an altar, Re. 9. 13; fr. the Heb., used symbolically for strength, power, Lu. 1. 69.

Κεράτιον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of κέρας) pr. a little horn; in N. T., a pod, the pod of the carob tree, or Ceratonia siliqua of Linnæus, a common tree in the East and the south of Europe, growing to a considerable size, and producing long slender pods, with a pulp of a sweetish taste and several brown shining seeds like beans, some-Strines eaten by the poorer people in Syria and Palestine, and commonly used for fattening swine, Lu. 15. 16.

Κερδαίνω, f. δανῶ, κερδήσω & ομαι, a. l. ἐκέρδησα, to gain as a matter of profit, Mat. 25. 17, et al.; to win, acquire possession of, Mat. 16. 26; to profit in the avoidance of, to avoid, Ac. 27. 21; in N. T., Xριστόν, to win Christ, to become possessed of the privileges of the gospel, Ph. 3.8; to win over from estrangement, Mat. 18. 15; to win over to embrace the gospel, 1 Co. 9. 19, 20, 21, 22. 1 Pe. 3. 1; absol. to make gain, Ja. 4. 13: from

 $\tilde{\zeta} \in \rho \delta os$, ϵos , $\tau \acute{o}$, gain, profit, Phi. 1. 21; 3. 7. Tit. 1. 11.

Κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κείρω) something clipped small; small change, small pieces of money, coin, Juo. 2. 15:

Κερματιστής, οῦ, ὁ, a money changer, Jno. 2. 14. N. T.

Κεφάλαιον, ου, τό, (κεφαλή) a sum total; a sum of money, capital, Ac. 22. 28; the crowning or ultimate point to preliminary matters, He. 8.1: whence

Κεφαλαιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to sum up; but in N. T., equiv. to κεφαλίζω, to wound on the head, Mar. 12. 4.

 $K \in \phi \check{a} \lambda \acute{\eta}, \, \check{\eta} s, \, \check{\eta}, \, \text{the head, Mat. 5. 86};$ 6. 17, et al.; the head, top; κεφαλή γωνίας, the head of the corner, the chief corner stone, Mat. 21. 42. Ln 20.17; met. the head, superior, chief, principal, one to whom others are sabordinate, 1 Co. 11. 3. Ep. 1.22, et al.

Keφαλίς, ίδος, ή, (dimin. of κεφαλή) in N. T., a roll, volume, division of a book, He. 10. 7.

Κημόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (κημός, a curb, bridle, muzzle) to muzzle, v. r. 1 Co. 9. 9.

Κῆνσος, ου, δ, (Lat. census) a census, assessment, enumeration of the people and a valuation of their property; in N. T., tribute, tax. Mat. 17.25; poll-tax, Mat. 22.17, 19. Mar. 12.14.

K\$\tilde{\eta}\tau os, ov, \delta, a garden, any place planted with trees and herbs, Lu. 13. 19. Jno. 18. 1, 26; 19. 41.

Kηπουρός, οῦ, ὁ, (κῆπος & οὖρος, a watcher) a garden-keeper, gardener, Jno. 20. 15.

Κηρίον, ου, τό, (κηρός, beeswax) a honeycomb; a comb filled with honey, Lu. 24. 42.

Κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) proclamation, proclaiming, public annunciation, Mat. 12. 41; public inculcation, preaching, 1 Co. 2. 4; 15. 14; meton. what is publicly inculcated, doctrine, &c. Ro. 16. 25, et al.

Kήρυξ, υκος, ό, a herald, public messenger; in N.T., a proclaimer, publisher, preacher, 1 Ti. 2. 7. 2 Ti. 1. 11. 2 Pe. 2. 5.

Κηρύσσω, f. κηρύξω, a. 1. ἐκήρυξα, to publish, proclaim, as a herald, 1 Co. 9. 27; to announce openly and publicly. Mar. 1. 4. Lu. 4. 18; to noise abroad, Mar. 1. 45; 7. 36; to announce as a matter of doctrine, inculcate, preach, Mat. 24, 14, Mar. 1. 38; 13. 10. Ac. 15. 21. Ro. 2. 21, et al.

Kητος, εος, τό, a large fish, sea monster, whale, Mat. 12. 40.

Kηφας, α, δ, (Aramæan, ペラン) Cephas, a rock, rendered into Greek by Πέτρος, Jno. 1. 43. 1 Co. 1. 12, et al.

Κιβωτός, οῦ, ἡ, a chest, coffer; the ark of the covenant, He. 9. 4; the ark of Noah, Mat. 24. 38. Lu. 17. 27, et al.

Kιθάρα, as, ή, a lyre, 1 Co. 14. 7. Re. 5, 8; 14. 2; 15. 2. (č); whence Κιθαρίζω, f. ίσω, to play on a lyre, to harp, 1 Co. 14. 7. Re. 14. 2.

Kιθαρωδός, οῦ, ὁ, (κιθάρα & ἀείδω) one who plays on the lyre and accompanies it with his voice, a harper, Re. 14. 2; 18. 22.

Kινάμωμον, v. κιννάμωμον, ου, τό, cinnamon, the aromatic bark of the Laurus cinnamomum, which grows in Arabia, Syria, &c. Re. 18. 13.

Κινδυνεύω, f. εύσω, to be in danger or peril, Lu. 8. 23. Ac. 19. 27, 40. 1 Co. 15. 30: from

Κίνδῦνος, ου, ό, danger, peril, Ro. 8. 35. 2 Co. 11, 26.

Κἶνέω, ô, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐκίνησα, (κίω, to go) to set a-going; to move, Mat. 23. 4; to excite, agitate, Ac. 24. 5; 21. 30; to remove, Re. 2. 5; 6.14; in N. T., κεφαλίν, to shake the head in derision, Mat. 27. 39. Mar. 15. 29; mid. to move, possess the faculty of motion, exercise the functions of life, Ac. 17. 28: whence

Κίνησις, εως, ή, a moving, motion, Jno. 5. 3.

Κιννάμωμον, εεε κινάμωμον.

Κλάδος, ου, ὁ, (κλάω, to break off) a bough, branch, shoot, Mat. 13. 32; 21. 8, et al.; met. offspring, progeny, posterity, Ro. 11. 16, 21.

Κλαίω, f. κλαύσομαι, in N. T. κλαύσω, a. 1. ἔκλαυσα, intrans. to weep, shed tears, Mat. 26, 75. Mar. 5. 38, 39. Lu. 19. 41; 23. 29, et al.; trans. to weep for, bewail, Mat. 2. 1s.

K λ á σ 15, ϵ ω 5, $\dot{\gamma}$, (κ λ á ω) a breaking, the act of breaking, Lu. 24. 35. Ac. 2. 42.

Kλάσμα, ατος, τό, (fr. same) a picce broken off, fragment, Mat. 14. 20; 15. 37. Mar. 6. 43, et al.

Kλαυθμός, οῦ, ὁ, (κλαίω) weeping, Mat. 2. 18; 8. 12, et al.

Κλάω, f. κλάσω, a. 1. ἔκλἄσα, to break off; in N.T., to break bread, Mat. 14. 19, et al.; with figurative reference to the violent death of Christ, 1 Co. 11. 24.

Κλείς, κλειδός, κλειδί, κλείδα & κλεῖν, ἡ, pl. κλείδες & κλεῖς, a key, used in the N.T. as the symbol of power, authority, &c. Mat. 16, 19, Be. 1, 18; 2, 7; 9, 1; 20, 1; mat.

102

means of attaining kno; oledge, Lu. 11. 52: from

Κλείω, f. είσω, a. 1. ἔκλεισα, p. pass. κέκλεισμα, a. 1. pass. ἐκλεισθην, to close, shut, Mat. 6, 6; 25. 10, et al.; to shut up a person, Re. 20. 3; met. of the heavens, Lu. 4. 25. Re. 11. 6; κλείσαι τὰ σπλάγχνα, to shut up one's bowels, to be hard-hearted, volid το compassion, 1 Jno. 3. 17; κλείευ τὴν βασιλείαν τῶν οὐρανῶν, to endeavour to prevent entrance into the kingdom of heaven, Mat. 23. 14.

Κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) theft, Re. 9. 21.

Kλέος, τό, pr. rumour, report; good report, praise, credit, 1 Pe. 2. 20.

Κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, a thief, Mat. 6. 19, 20; 24. 43, et al.; trop. a deceiver, impostor, Jno. 10. 8: from

Κλέπτω, f. ψω, & ψομαι, p. κέκλοφα, a. l. έκλεψα, to steal, Mat. 6. 19, 20; 19. 18, et al.; to take away stealthily, remove secretly, Mat. 27, 64; 28. 13.

Kλημα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a branch, shoot, twig, esp. of the vine, Jno. 15.

2, 4, 5, 6.

Κληρονομέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. κεκληρονόμηκα, a. l. ἐκληρονόμησα, (κληρονόμος) pr. to acquire by lot; to inherit, obtain by inheritance; in N. T., to obtain, acquire, receive possession of, Mat. 5. 5; 19. 29, et al.; absol. to be heir, Ga. 4. 30; whence

Κληρονομία, ας, η, an inheritance, patrimony, Mct. 21. 38. Mar. 12. 7; a possession, portion, property, Ac. 7. 5; 20. 32, et al.; in N.T., a share, participation in privileges, Ac. 20. 32. Pph. 1. 14, et al.

Κληρονόμος, ου, ὁ, (κλῆρος & νέμομαι) an heir, Mat. 21. 38. Ga. 4. 1, et al.; a possessor, Ro. 4. 13. He. 11.7. Ja. 2.5, et al.

Kληρος, ου, ό, a lot, die, a thing used in determining chances, Mat. 27. 35. Mar. 15. 24, et al.; assignment, investiture, Ac. 1. 17, 25; allotment, destination, Col. 1. 12; a part, portion, share, Ac. 8. 21; 20. 18; a constituent portion of the church, 1 Pe. 5. 3: whence

Κληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to choose by lot; mɨd. κληροῦμαι, a. l. ἐκληρώθην, to obtain by lot or assignment; to obtain a portion, receive a share, Eph. 1. 11.

 $\mathbf{K}\lambda\hat{\eta}\sigma is$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\hat{\eta}$, $(\kappa a\lambda \hat{\epsilon}\omega)$ a call calling, invitation; in~N.T, the eall or invitation to the privileges of the Gospel, Ro. 11. 29. Ep. 1. 18, et al.; the favour and privilege of the invitation, 2 Th. 1. 11. 2 Pe. 1. 10; the temporal condition in which the eall found a person, 1 Co. 7. 20; 1. 26.

Κλητός, ή, όν, (fr. same) called, invited; in N. T., called to privileges or functions, Mat. 20. 16; 22. 14, Ro. 1. 1, 6, 7. 1 Co. 1. 1, 2, et al.

| Κλίβάνος, ου, ό, (At. κρίβανος) an oven, Mat. 6. 30. Lu. 12. 28.

Κλίμα, ατος, τό, (κλίνω) pr. a slope; a portion of the ideal slope of the earth's surface; a tract or region of country, Ro. 15. 23. 2 Co. 11. 10. Ga. 1. 21.

Kλίνη, ης, ή, (fr. same) a couch, bed, Mat. 9. 2, 6. Mar. 4. 21, et al.

Κλινίδιον, ίου, τό, (dim. of κλίνη) a small couch or bed, Lu. 5. 19, 24.

Kλίνω, f. ινῶ, p. κέκλἴκα, a. 1. ἐκλῖνα. pr. trans. to cause to slope or bend; to bow down, Lu. 24. 5. Jno. 19. 30; to lay down to rest, Mat. 8. 20. Lu. 9. 58; to put to flight troops. He. 11. 34; intrans., of the day, to decline, Lu. 9. 12; 24. 29.

Κλίσία, as, ή, (κλίνω) pr. a place for reclining; a tent, seat, couch; in N. T., a company of persons reclining at a meal, Lu. 9. 14.

 $K\lambda οπή, η̂s, η̂, (κλέπτω) theft, Mat. 15. 19. Mar. 7. 22.$

Kλύδων, ωνος, ό, (κλύζω, to dash, surge, like the waves) a wave, billow, surge, Ja. 1. 6: whence

Κλυδωνίζομαι, to be tossed by waves; met. to fluctuate in opinion, be agitated, tossed to and fro, Ep. 4. 14. L. G.

 $K\nu\dot{\eta}\theta\omega$, $(\kappa\nu\dot{u}\omega)$ f. $\kappa\nu\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to scratch, to tickle, cause titillation; in N. T. mid., met. to procure pleasurable excitement for, to indulge an itching, 2 Ti. 4.3.

Kοδμάντης, ου, δ, (Lat. quadrans) a Roman brass coin, equivalent to the fourth part of an as, or ἀσσάρων, or to δύο λεττά, and equal to about three-fourths of a farthing, Mat. 5. 26. Mar. 12. 42. N. T.

Koιλία, as, η, (κοίλυς, hollow) a cavity; the belly, Mat. 15. 17. Mar. 7. 19; the stomach, Mat. 12. 40. Lu. 15. 16; the womb, Mat. 19. 12. Lu. 1. 15, et al.; fr. the Heb. the inner self, Jno. 7. 38.

Κοιμάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, p. pass. κεκοίμημαι, to lull to sleep; pass. to fall asleep, be asleep, Mat. 28. 13. Lu. 22. 45; met. to die, be dead, Ac. 7. 60; 13. 36, et al.: whence

Kοίμησις, εως, ή, sleep; meton. rest, repose, Jno. 11. 13.

Koινός, ή, όν, common, belonging equally to several, Ac. 2. 44; 4. 32; in N. T., common, profane, He. 10. 29; ceremonially unclean, Mar. 7. 2. Ac. 10. 14, et al.: whence

Kοινόω, ῶ, f. ώστω, p. κεκοίνωκα, a. l. ἐκοίνωσα, to make common; in M. T., to profane, desecrate, Ac. 21. 28; to render ceremonially unclean, defile, pollute, Mat. 15. 11, 18, 20; to pronounce unclean ceremonially, Ac. 10. 15; 11. 9.

Κοινωνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. κεκοινώγηκα, a. l. ἐκοινώνησα, (κοινωνός) to have in common, share, He. 2. 14; to be associated in, to become a sharer in, Ro. 15. 27. 1 Pc. 4. 13; to become implicated in, be a party to, 1 Tl. 5. 22. 2 Jno. 11.; to associate one's self with by sympathy and assistance, to communicate with in the way of aid and relief, Ro. 12. 13. Ga. 6. 6: whence

Kοινωνία, as, η, fellowship, partnership, Ac. 2. 42. 2 Co. 6. 14. Ga. 2. 9. Phi. 3. 10. 1 Jno. 1. 3, et al.; participation, communion, 1 Co. 10. 16, et al.; aid, relief, Hc. 13. 16, et al.; contribution in aid, Ro. 15. 26.

Κοινωνικός, ή, όν, social; in N. T., ready to communicate in kind offices, liberal, beueficent, 1 Ti. 6. 18.

Κιμνωνός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (κοινός) a felων-partner, Mat. 23. 30. Lu. 5. 10. 1 Co. 10. 18, 20. 2 Co. 8. 23. Phile. 17. He. 10. 33; a sharer, partaker, 2 Co. 1. 7. 1 Pe. 5. 1. 2 Pe. 1. 4.

Koίτη, ης, η, (κείμαι) a bed. Lu. 11. 7; the conjugal bed. He. 13. 4; meton. sexual intercourse, concubitus; hence, lewdness, whoredom,

chamtering, Ro. 13. 13; in N. T. conception, Ro. 9. 10: whence

Κοιτών, ῶνος, ό, a bed-chamber, Ac. 12. 20.

Kόκκἴνος, η, ου, (κόκκος, kern...
the coccus illicis of Linnæus, a small
insect, found on the leaves of the quercus cocciferus, or holm oak, which
neat insect now is, for dyeing a beautiful crimson or deep scarlet colour, and
supposed by them to be the berry of a
plant or tree) dyed with coccus, crimson, scarlet, Mat. 27. 28. He. 9. 19.
Re. 17. 3, 4; 18. 12, 16.

Κόκκος, ου, ό, a kernel, seed, grain, Mat. 13. 31; 17. 20, et al.

Koλάζω, f. άσομαι & άσω, pr. to curtail, to coerce; to chastise, punish, Ac. 4. 21. 2 Pe. 2. 9.

Kολακεία, ας, ή, (κόλαξ, a flatterer) flattery, adulation, obsequiousness, 1 Th. 2. 5.

Κόλἄσις, εως, ἡ, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment, Mat. 25. 46; painful disquietude, torment, 1 Jno. 4. 18.

Koλαφίζω, f. ίσω, (κόλαφος, a blow with the fist) to beat with the fist, buffet, Mat. 26.67. Mar. 14.65; met. to maltreat, treat with contumely and ignominy, 1 Co. 4.11; to punish, 1 Pe. 2. 20; to buffet, fret, afflict, 2 Co. 12.7.

Koλλάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to glue or weld together; mid. to adhere to, Lu. 10. 11; met. to attach one's self to, unite with, associate with, Lu. 15. 15. Ac. 5. 13, et al.

Κολλούριου, v. κολλύριου, ου, τό, (dimin. of κολλύρα, a cake) collyrium, eye-salve, Re. 3. 18.

Κολλυβιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος, small coin) a money-changer, Mat. 21. 12. Mar. 11. 15. Jno. 2. 15. Κολλύριον, see κολλούριον.

Koλοβόω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\omega}\sigma\omega$, (κολοβός, curtailed, mutilated, fr. κόλος, id.) in N. T., of time, to cut short, shorten, Mat. 24. 22. Mar. 13. 20.

Kόλπος, ου, ό, the bosom, Lu. 16. 22, 23. Jno. 1. 18; 13. 23; the bosom of a garment, Lu. 6. 38; a bay, creek, inlet, Ac. 27. 39.

Κολυμβάω, ω, f. ήσω, to dive; in N. T., to swim. Ac. 27. 43: whense

Κολυμβήθρα, as, $\dot{\eta}$, a place where | Κόπτω, f. $\psi \omega$, to smite, cut; to cut one may swim; a pond, pool, Jno. 5. 2, 4, 7; 9. 7, 11.

Koλωνία, ας, ή, (Lat. colonia) a Roman colony, Ac. 16. 12.

Koμάω, ω, f. ήσω, to have long hair, wear the hair long, 1 Co. 11. 14, 15: from

 $K\acute{o}\mu\eta$, ηs , $\acute{\eta}$, the hair; a head of long hair, I Co. 11. 15.

Κομίζω, f. ίσω, & ιῶ, mid. ιοῦμαι, a. 1. ἐκόμισα, (κομέω, to take care of pr. to take into kindly keeping, to

provide for; to convey, bring, Lu. 7. 37; mid. to bring for one's self; to receive, obtain, 2 Co. 5. 10. Ep. 6. 8, et al.; to receive again, recover, Mat. 25. 27. He. 11. 19.

Κομψότερον, adv. (comp. of κόμως, well, smartly) in N. T., in better health, Jno. 4. 52.

Κονιάω, ῶ, f. άσω, p. pass. κεκονίαμαι, (κόνις, V. κονία, dust, limedust) to white-wash, or, plaster, Mat. 23. 27. Ac. 23. 3.

Κονιορτός, οῦ, ὁ, (κόνις & δρνυμι, to raise) dust excited; dust, Mat. 10. 14. Lu. 9. 5; 10. 11. Ac. 13. 51; 22. 23.

Κοπάζω, f. άσω, (κόπος) pr. to grow weary, suffer exhaustion; to abate, be stilled, Mat. 14. 32. Mar. 4. 39; 6. 51.

Κοπετός, οῦ, ὁ, (κόπτω) pr. a beating of the breast, &c. in token of grief; a wailing, lamentation, Ac. 8. 2.

Koπή, η̂s, η̂, (κόπτω) a stroke, smiting; in N. T., slaughter, He. 7. 1.

Κοπιάω, ῶ, f. άσω, p. κεκοπίακα, a. 1. ἐκοπίασα, to be wearied or spent with labour, faint from weariness, Mat. 11. 28. Jno. 4. 6; ἐn N. T., to labour hard, to toil, Lu. 5. 5. Jno. 4. 38, et al.: from

Κόπος, ου, δ, (κόπτω) trouble, vexation, uneasiness, Mat. 26. 10. Mar. 14.6; labour, wearisome labour, travail, toil, 1 Co. 3.8; 15.58, et al.; meton. the fruit or consequences of labour, Jno. 4. 38. 2 Co. 10. 15.

Koπρία, as, ή, dung, manure, Lu. 13. 8 ; 14. 35.

Kόπριον, ου, τό, the same, v. r. Lu. 18. 8. L. G.

off or down, Mat. 21. 8. Mar. 11. 8 mid. to beat one's self in mourning lament, bewail, Lu. 8, 52; 23, 27, et al.

Kόραξ, ἄκος, ό, a raven, crow, Lu. 12. 24.

Κοράσιον, ίου, τό, (dim. of κόρη) a girl, damsel, maiden, Mat. 9. 24. 25; 14. 11, et al. (ă).

Κορβâν, δ, indec. **v**. κορβαν**â**s, **â, δ,** (Heb. קרבן; Aram. קרבן, explained in Greek by δώρον) corban, a gift, offering, oblation, any thing consecrated to God, Mar. 7. 11; meton. the sacred treasury, Mat. 27. 6.

Κορέννυμι, f. κορέσω, p. pass. κεκόρεσμαι, to satiate, satisfy, Ac. 27. 38. 1 Co. 4. 8.

Κορίνθιος, ία, ιον, Corinthian; an inhabitant of Κόρινθος, Corinth, Ac. 18. 8. 2 Co. 6. 11.

Kóρos, ov, o, (Heb. כר) a cor, the largest Jewish measure for things dry, equal to the homer, and about fifteen bushels English, according to Josephus (Ant. l. xv. c. 9. s. 2.), Lu. 16. 7.

Κοσμέω, ω, f. ήσω, p. κεκόσμηκα, a. l. ἐκόσμησα, (κόσμος) to arrange, set in order; to adorn, decorate, embellish, Mat. 12. 44; 23. 29; to prepare, put in readiness, trim, Mat. 25. 7; met. to honour, dignify, Tit. 2. 10.

Κοσμικός, ή, όν, (κόσμος, the world) pr. belonging to the universe; in N. T., accommodated to the present state of things, adapted to this world, worldly, Tit. 2. 12; τὸ κοσμικόν, as a subst., the apparatus for the service of the tabernacle, He. 9. 1.

Κόσμιος, ία, ιου, ν. ου, δ, ή, (κόσμος) decorous, well-ordered, 1 Ti. 2. 9:

Κοσμοκράτωρ, ορος, δ, (κόσμος & κρατέω) pr. monarch of the world: in N. T., a worldly prince, a power paramount in the world of the unbelieving and ungodly, Ep. 6. 12. (ă).

Kόσμος, ου, δ, pr. order, regular disposition; ornament, decoration, embellishment, I Pe. 3.3; the world the material universe, Mat. 13. 35, et al) the world, the aggregate of sensi

tive existence, 1 Co. 4.9; the lower world, the earth, Mar. 16. 15, et al.; the world, the aggregate of mankind, Mat. 5. 14, et al.; the world, the public, Jno. 7. 4; in N. T., the present order of things, the secular world, Jno. 13. 36, et al.; the human race external to the Jewish nation, the heathen world, Ro. 11. 12, 15; the world external to the Christian body, 1 Jno. 3. 1, 13, et al.

Kουμι, (Aram. ')) 2 pers. fem. sing. imperat. of []), to arise) cumi, arise, Mar. 5. 41.

Kουστωδία, ας, ή, (Lat. custodia) a watch, guard, Mat. 27. 65, 66; 28.11.

Κουφίζω, f. ίσω, (κοῦφος, light) to lighten, make light or less heavy, Ac. 27. 38.

Κόφίνος, ου, ό, a basket, Mat. 14. 20; 16. 9. Mar. 6. 43, et al.

Kράββατος, ου, δ, (Lat. grabatus) a couch capable of holding one person, Mar. 2. 4, 9, 11, 12, et al. L. G.

Κράζω, f. κεκράζομαι, a. ἔκράγον, later f. κράξω, a. ἔκραξα, p. κέκραγα with a pres. signif., to utter a cry, Mat. 14. 26, et al.; to exclaim, vociferate, Mat. 9. 27. Jno. 1. 15, et al.; to cry for vengeance, Ja. 5. 4; to cry in supplication, Ro. 8. 15. Ga. 4. 6.

Κραιπάλη, ης, ή, debauch, Lu. 21. 34. (ă).

Κρανίον, ου, τό, (κάρα) a skull,
 Mat. 27. 33. Mar. 15. 22. Lu. 23. 33.
 Jno. 19. 17.

Κράσπεδον, ου, τό, a margin, border; in N. T., a fringe, tuft, tassel, Mat. 9. 20; 14. 36; 23. 5, et al.

Kραταιός, ά, όν, (κράτος) strong, mighty, powerful, 1 Pe. 5. 6.

Κραταιώω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (fr. same) to strengthen, render strong, corroborate, confirm: pass. to grow strong, acquire strength, Lu. 1. 80; 2. 40. Ep. 3. 16; to be firm, resolute, 1 Co. 16. 13. L. G.

Κρατέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. κεκράτηκα, a. l. ἐκράτησα, (fr. same) pr. to be strong; to be superior to any one, subdue, vanquish, Ac. 2. 24; to get into one's power, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, Mat. 14. 3; 18. 28; 21.46; to gain, compass, attain, Ac. 27. 13; to X. T., to lay hold of, gresp, clasp,

Mat. 9. 25. Mar. 1. 31; 5. 41; bc retair, to keep under reserve, Mar 9. 10; met. to hold fast, observe Mar. 7. 3, 8. 2 Th. 2. 15; to hold to adhere to Ac. 3. 11. Col. 2. 19; to restrain, hinder, repress, Lu. 24. 16 Re. 7. 1; to retain, not to remit sins. Jno. 20. 23.

Kράτιστος, η, ον, (superl. from κρατύς, strongest) in N. T., κράτιστε, a term of respect, most excellent, noble, or illustrious, Lu. 1. 3. Ac. 23. 26; 24. 3; 26. 25.

Kράι 25, εος, τό, strength, power, might, force, Ao. 19. 20. Ep. 1. 19; meton. a display of might, Lu. 1. 51; power, sway, dominion, He. 2. 14. 1 Pe. 4. 11; 5. 11, et al. (ă).

Κραυγάζω, f. άσω, a. l. ἐκραύγασα, to cry out, exclaim, vociferate, Mat. 12. 19; 15. 22, et al.: from

Κραυγή, η̂s, η̂, (κράζω) a cry, outery, clamour, vociferation, Mat. 25. 6. Ac. 23. 9. Ep. 4. 31. Re. 14. 18; a cry of sorrow, wailing, lamentation, Re. 21. 4; a cry for help, carnest supplication, He. 5. 7.

Κρέας, ατος, έως, τό, pl. κρέατα, κρέα, flesh, meat, Ro. 14. 21. 1 Co. 8. 13.

Κρείττων, ν. σσων, ονος, ό, ή, τὸ, -ον. (used as the comp. of ἀγαθε), better, more useful or profitable, more conducive to good, i Co. 7. 9, 38; superior, more excellent, of a higher nature, more valuable, He. 1. 4; 6. 9; 7. 7, 19, 22, et al.

Κρεμάννυμι, f. dσω, a. 1. ἐκρεμάσα, a. 1. pass. ἐκρεμάσθην, to hang, suspend, Ac. 5. 30; 10. 39; pass. to be hung, suspended, Mat. 18. 6. Lu. 23. 39; mid. κρέμαμαι, to hang, be suspended, Ac. 28. 4. Ga. 3. 13, et al.; met. κρέμαμαι ἐν, to hang upon, to be referable to as an ultimate principle, Mat. 22. 40.

Κρημνός, οῦ, ὁ, (κρεμάννυμι) a hanging steep, precipice, a steep bank, Mat. 8. 32. Mar. 5. 13. Lu. 8. 33.

Κρής, ητός, pl. κρῆτες, a Cretan, an inhabitant of Κρήτη, Ac. 2. 11. Tit. 1. 12.

 $K\rho\iota\theta\dot{\eta},\,\hat{\eta}s,\,\dot{\eta},\,$ barley, Re. 6. 6: whence $K\rho\iota\theta\dot{\iota}\nu os,\,\eta,\,$ ov, made of barley, Jus. 6. 9. 12.

106

Κρίμα, ν. κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) | Κρυπτός, ή, όν, hidden, concealed judgment; a sentence, award, Mat. 7. 2. Lu. 24. 20. Ro. 2. 2, et al.; an administrative decree, Ro. 11. 33; condemnation, Mat. 23. 15. Lu. 23. 40. Ro. 3. 8; 5. 16, et al.; administration of judgment, Jno. 9 39. Ac. 24. 25, et al.; execution of justice, 1 Pe. 4. 17; a lawsuit, 1 Co. 6. 7.

Κρίνου, ου, τό, a lily, Mat. 6. 28. Lu. 12. 27

Κρίνω, f. ἴνῶ, a. 1. ἔκρῖνα, p. κέκρίκα, p. pass. κέκρίμαι, a. l. pass. έκρίθην, pr. to separate; to make a distinction between; to decide, determine, resolve, Ac. 3. 13; 15. 19; 27. 1, et al.; to deem, Ac. 13. 46. Ro. 14. 5; to resolve on, decree, Ac. 16. 4. Re. 16. 5; to form a judgment, to pass judgment on, Jno. 8. 15, et al.; to judge judicially, to try, Jno. 18. 31, et al.; to sentence, Jno. 7. 51; to condemn, Lu. 19, 22. Ac. 13. 27; in N. T., to execute sentence upon, to punish, Ac. 7. 7, et al.; to administer a government over, Mat. 19. 28. Lu. 22. 30; perhaps, to avenge, He. 10. 30; pass. to be brought to trial, Ac. 25. 1, 20. Ro. 3. 4, et al.; mid. to go to law, litigate, Mat. 5. 40: whence

 $K\rho i\sigma \iota s$, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. distinction; discrimination; judgment, decision, sentence, Jno. 7. 24; 5. 30; judgment, trial, Jno. 12. 31. He. 9. 27; administration of justice, Jno. 5. 22, 27; condemnatory sentence, condemnation, Jno. 12. 31; in N. T., meton. ground of condemnation, Jno. 3. 19; a court of justice, tribunal, Mat. 5. 21, 22; fr. the Heb. justice, equity, Mat. 23. 23. Lu. 11. 42. (i).

Κριτήριον, ίου, τό, pr. a standard or means by which to judge, criterion; a court of justice, tribunal, Ja. 2. 6; a cause, controversy, 1 Co. 6. 2, 4: from

Κρίτής, οῦ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a judge, Mat. 5. 25; 12. 27. Lu. 12. 14, et al., fr. the Heb. a ruler, prince, Ac. 13. 20: whence

Κριτικός, ή, όν, able or quick to discern or judge, He. 4. 12.

Κρούω, f. ούσω, to knock at a door, Mat. 7. 7, 8. Lu. 11. 9, 10; 13. 25, et al. **Κ**ρύπτη, η, a vault or closet, a cell for stouage, v. r. Lu. 11. 33.

secret, clandestine, Mat. 6. 4, 6, 18, et al.; τὰ κρυπτά, secrets, Ro. 2. 16 1 Co. 14. 25: from

Κρύπτω, f ψω, a. 1. ἔκρυψα, p ραss. κέκρυμμα, a. 2. μass. ἐκρύβης
 (ὑ), to hide, conceal, hat. 5. l4, ct al.; in N. T., to lay up in store, Col. 3. 3. Re. 2. 17; кекриµµегос, concealed, secret, Jno. 19. 38.

Κρυσταλλίζω, f. ίσω, to be clear, brilliant like crystal, Re. 21. 11: (N. T.) from

Κρύσταλλος, ου, ό, (κρύος, cold) pr. clear ice; crystal, Re. 4. 6; 22, 1.

Κρυφαίος, αία, αίον, (κρύπτω) 80cret, hidden, v. r. Mat. 6, 18.

 $K\rho v Φ \hat{\eta}_{\bullet}$ adv. (fr. same) in secret, secretly, not openly, Ep. 5. 12.

Κτάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, to get, procure, provide, Mat. 10.9; to make gain, gain, Lu. 18. 12; to purchase, Ac. 8. 20; 22. 28; to be the cause or Ac. 8. 20; 22. 28; to be the cause or occasion of purchasing, Ac. 1. 18; to preserve, save, Lu. 21. 19; to get under control, to be winning the mastery over, 1 Th. 4. 4; p. κέκτημαι, to possess: whence

Kτημα, ατος, τό, a possession, pro-perty, & spc. real estate, Mat. 19. 22. Mar. 10. 22. Ac. 2. 45; 5. 1.

Κτήνος, εος, τό, pr. property, generally used in the plural τὰ κτήνη; property in animals; a beast of burden, Lu. 10. 34. Ac. 23. 24; beasts, cattle, 1 Co. 15. 39. Re. 18. 13.

Κτήτωρ, ορος, δ, (κτάομαι) a pos sessor, owner, Ac. 4. 34. L. G.

Κτίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἔκτισα, p. pass. έκτισμαι, pr. to reduce from a state of disorder and wildness; in N. T., to call into being, to create, Mar. 13. 19, et al.; to call into individual existence, to frame, Eph. 2. 15; to create spiritually, to invest with a spiritual frame, Eph. 2. 10; 4. 24: whence

Krious, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a framing, founding; in N. T., creation, the act of creating, Ro. 1. 20; creation, the material universe, Mar. 10. 6; 13. 19. He. 9. 11. 2 Pe. 3. 4; a created thing, a greature Ro. 1. 25. 8. 30. a creature, Ro. 1. 25; 8. 39. Co.. 1. 15. He. 4. 13; the human race, Mar. 16. 15. Ro. 8. 19, 20, 21, 22. Col.

1.23; a spiritual creation, 2 Co. 5. 17. Ga. 6. 15; an institution, ordinance, 1 Pe. 2. 13.

Κτίσμα, ατος, τό, pr. a thing founded; in N.T., a created being, creature, 1 Ti. 4. 4. Ja. 1. 18, et al. L. G.

Κτιστής, οῦ, ὁ, ν. κτίστης, ου, ὁ, a founder; in N. T., a creator, 1 Pe. 4. 19.
 L. G.

Κυβεία, ας, ἡ, (κυβεύω, to play at dice; fr. κύβος, a cube, die) pr. dicing; met. sleight, versatile artifice, Eph. 4. 14.

Κυβέρνησις, εως, ή, (κυβερνάω, to steer, direct) government, office of a governor or director; meton. a director, 1 Co. 12. 28.

Xυβερνήτης, ου, ό, (fr. same) a pilot, helmsman, Ac. 27. 11. Re. 18. 17.

Κυκλόθεν, adv. around, round about, Re. 4. 3, 4, 8; 5. 11: from

Κύκλος, ου, δ, a circle; in N. T., κύκλφ, adverbially, round, round about, around, Mar. 3. 34; 6. 6, 36, et al.: whence

Κυκλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐκύκλωσα, to encircle, surround, encompass, come around, Jno. 10. 24. Ac. 14. 20. spc. to besiege, Lu. 21. 20. He. 11. 30. Re. 20. 9.

Kύλισμα, aros, τό, pr. a rolling thing; in N. T., a place of rolling or wallowing, wallowing-place, 2 Pe. 2.22: (L. G.) from

Κυλίω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, a. 1. $\epsilon\kappa\dot{\nu}\lambda\bar{\iota}\sigma\alpha$, (a later form for $\kappa\nu\lambda\dot{\iota}\nu\delta\omega$) to roll; mid. to roll one's self, to wallow, Mar. 9. 20. (i).

Kυλλόs, ή, όν, pr. crooked, bent; maimed, lame, crippled, Mat. 18. 8, et al.

Κῦμα, ατος, τό, a wave, surge, billow, Mat. 8. 24; 14. 24, et al.

Κύμβάλον, ου, τό, (κύμβος, a hollow) a cymbal, 1 Co. 13. 1.

Kúµtvov, ov, τό, cumin, cuminum sativum of Linnœus, a plant, a native of Eyypt and Syria, whose seeds are of an aromatic, varm, bitterish taste, with a strong but not disagreeable smell, and used by the ancients as a condiment, Mat. 23. 23.

Κυνάριον, ίου, το, (dimin. of κύων)

a little dog; a cur, Mat. 18 26, 27 Mar. 7. 27, 28.

Κύπριος, ου, δ, a Cypriot, an inhabitant of Κύπρος, Cyprus, Ac. 4. 36; 11. 20; 21. 16.

Κύπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔκυψα, to bend forwards, stoop down, Mar. 1.7. Jnc. 8. 6. 8.

Κυρηναίος, ου, δ, a Cyrenian, an inhabitant of Κυρήνη, Cyrene, Mat. 27. 32. et al.

Κυρία, ας, ή, (κύριος a lady, 2 Jno. 1, 5.

Kυριακός, ή, όν, (fr. same) pertaining to the Lord Jesus Christ, the Lord's, 1 Co. 11. 20. Re. 1. 10. N. T.

Κυριεύω, f. εύσω, Ro. 14. 9; a. 1. ἐκυρίευσα, to be lord over, to be pos sessed of mastery over, Ro. 6. 9, 14 7. 1. 2 Co. 1. 24; to exercise sway over, Lu. 22. 25: from

Kύριος, ίου, ό, a lord, master, Mat. 12. 8, et al.; an owner, possessor, Mat. 20. 8, et al.; a potentate, sovereign, Ac. 25. 26; a power, deity, 1 Co. 8. 5; the Lord, Jehovah, Mat. 1. 22, et al.; the Lord Jesus Christ, Mat. 24. 42. Mar. 16. 19. Lu. 10. 1. Jno. 4. 1. 1 Co. 4. 5, et al. freq; Kύριe, a term of respect of various force, Sir, Lord, Mat. 13. 27. Ac. 9. 6, et al. freq; whence

Κυριότης, τητος, ή, lordship; constituted authority, Eph. 1. 21. 2 Pe.
2. 10. Ju. 8.; pl. authorities, potentates, Col. 1. 16. N. T.

Κυρόω, ω, f. ωσω, p. κεκύρωκα, (κῦρος, authority, confirmation) to confirm, ratify, Ga. 3. 15; to assure, 2 Co. 2. 8.

Κύων, κυνός, ό, ή, a dog, Lu. 16. 21.
 2 Pe. 2. 22; met. a dog, a religious corrupter, Phi. 3. 2; miscreant, Re. 22. 15.

Kῶλον, ου, τό, a member or limb of the body, He. 3. 17.

Κωλύω, f. ύσω, a. 1. ἐκώλῦσα, a. 1. pass. ἐκωλύθην (ῦ), to hinder, restrain, prevent, Mat. 19. 14. Ac. 8. 36. Ro. l. 13, et al.

Κώμη, ης, ή, a village, a country town, Mat. 9. 35; 10. 11. Lu. 8. 1, et al.

Κωμόπολις, εως, ή, (κώμη & πόλις) a large village, open town, Mar l. 38. L. G. Δωμος, ου, ό, pr. a festive procession, a merry-making; in N.T., a revel, lascivious feasting, Ro. 13. 13. take, take up, take in the hand, Mat. sion, a merry-making; in N. T., a revel, lascivious feasting, Ro. 13. 13. Ga. 5. 21. 1 Pe. 4. 3.

Κώνωψ, ωπος, ό, a gnat, culex, which is found in wine when acescent, Mat. 23. 24.

Κωφός, ή, όν, pr. blunt, dull, as a wapon; dull of hearing, deprived of hearing, deaf, Mat. 11. 5. Mar. 7. 32, 37. Lu. 7. 22; dumb, mute, Mat. 9. 32, 33, et al.; meton. making dumb, causing dumbness, Lu. 11. 14.

Δαγχάνω, f. λήξομαι, p. είληχα, p. 2. λέλογχα, a. 2. έλάχον, to have assigned to one, to obtain, receive, Ac. 1. 17. 2 Pe. 1. 1; to have fall to one by lot, Lu. 1. 9; absol. to cast lots, Jno. 19, 24,

 $\Delta \hat{a}\theta \rho a$, adv. ($\Delta av\theta \hat{a}v\omega$) secretly, Mat. 1. 19; 2. 7, et al.

 $\Lambda a i \lambda a \psi$, $\check{a} \pi o s$, $\check{\eta}$, a squall of wind, a hurricane, Mar. 4. 37, et al.

Λακτίζω, f. ίσω, (λάξ, with the heel) to kick, Ac. 9. 5; 26. 14.

Λαλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. λελάληκα, a. l. ἐλάλησα, to make vocal utterance; to babble, to talk; in N. T., absol., to exercise the faculty of speech, Mat. 9. 33, et al.; to speak, Mat. 10. 20, et al.; to hold converse with, to talk with, Mat. 12. 46. Mar. 6. 50. Re. 1. 12, et al.; to discourse, to make an address, Lu. 11. 37. Ac. 11. 20; 21. 39, et al.; to make announcement, to make a declaration, Lu. 1. 55, et al.; to make mention, Jno. 12. 41. Ac. 2. 31. He. 4. 8. 2 Pe. 3. 16; trans., to speak, address, preach, Mat. 9. 18. Jno. 3. 11. Tit. 2. 1, et al.; to give utterance to, to utter, Mar. 2. 7. Jno. 3. 34, et al.; to tell, recount, Mat. 26. 13, et al.; to declare, announce, reveal, Lu. 24. 25, et al.; to disclose, 2 Co. 12. 4. Λαλιά, ας, ή, talk; in N. T., matter of discourse, Jno. 4. 42; 8. 43; language, dialect, Mat. 26. 73. Mar. 14. 70.

מבעמ v. λαμμᾶ, (Heb. למה) for what? why? wherefore? Mat. 27, 46. Mar. 15. 34.

10. 38; 13. 31, 33, et al; to take on one's self, sustain, Mat. 8. 17; to take, seize, seize upon, Mat. 5. 40; 21. 34. Lu. 5. 26. 1 Co. 10. 13, et al.; to catch, Lu. 5. 5. 2 Co. 12. 16; to assume, put on, Phi. 2. 7; to make a rightful or successful assumption of, Jno. 3. 27; to conceive, Ac. 28. 15; to take by way of provision, Mat. 16.5; to get, get together, Mat. 16.9; to receive as payment, Mat. 17. 24. He. 7. 8; to take to wife, Mar. 12. 19; to admit, give reception to, Jno. 6. 21 2 Jno. 10; met. to give mental reception to, Jno. 3. 11, et al.; to be simply recipient of; to receive, Mat. 7.8. Jno. 7. 23, 39; 19. 30. Ac. 10. 43; in N. T., λαμβάνειν πείραν, to make encounter of a matter of difficulty or trial, He. 11. 29. 36; λαμβάνειν ἀρχήν, to begin, He. 2. 3; λαμβάνειν συμβ ALOV, to take counsel, consult, Mat. 12. 14; λαμβάνειν λήθην, to forget, 2 Pe. 1. 9; λαμβάνειν ὑπόμνησιν, to recollect, call to mind, 2 Ti. 1. 5 λαμβάνειν περιτομήν, to receive circumcision, be circumcised, Jno. 7.23; λαμβάνειν καταλλαγήν, to be reconciled, Ro. 5. 11; λαμβάνειν κρίμα, to receive condemnation or punishment, be punished, Mar. 12, 40; fr. the Heb. πρόσωπον λαμβάνειν, to ac cept the person of any one, show partiality towards, Lu. 20. 21.

Λαμμᾶ, εςς λαμά.

Λαμπάς, άδος, ή, (λάμπω) a light, Ac. 20. 8; a lamp, Re. 4. 5; a portable lamp, lantern, or flambeau, Mat 25. 1, 3, 4, 7, 8. Jno. 18. 3.

Λαμπρός, ά, όν, (λάμπω) bright, resplendent, Re. 22. 16; clear, pellucid, Re. 22. 1; white, glistering, Ac, 10. 30. Re. 15. 6; of a bright colour, gaudy, Lu. 23. 11; by impl. splendid, magnificent, sumptuous, Ja. 2. 2, 3. Re. 18. 14: whence

Λαμπρότης, τητος, η, brightness, splendour, Ac. 26. 13.

 $\Lambda a\mu\pi\rho\hat{\omega}s$, adv. splendidly; magnificently, sumptuously, Lu. 16. 19.

Λάμπω, f. Ψω & Ψομαι, a. 1. έλαμψα, to shine, give light, Mat. 5. 15, 16; 17. 2. Lu. 17. 24, et al. Λανθάνω, f. λήσω. a. 2. ἔλἄθον, p. 100

MANPA, to be unnoticed; to escape the knowledge or observation of a person, Ac. 26. 26. 2 Pe. 3. 5, 8; absol. to be concealed, escape detection, Mar. 7. 24. Lu. 8. 47; with a participle of another verb, to be unconscious of an action while the subject or object of it, He. 13. 2.

Ααξευτός, ή, όν, (λâs, a stone, & ξέω, to cut, hew) cut in stone, hewn out of stone or rock, Lu. 23. 53. S.

Aαοδίκεύς, έως, ό, a Laodicean, an inhabitant of Ααοδίκεια, Laodicea, Col. 4. 16. Be. 3. 14.

Λαός, οῦ, ὁ, a body of people; a concourse of people, a multitude, Mat. 27. 25. Lu. 8. 47, et al.; the common people, Mat. 36. 5, et al.; a people, nation, Mat. 24. Lu. 2. 32. Tl. 2. 14, et al.; ὁ λαός, the people of fsrack, Lu. 2. 10.

Λάρυγξ, υγγος, ό, the throat, gullet, Ro. 3. 13.

Αάσκω, f. λακήσω, a. 1. ελάκησα, pr. to emit a sound, ring; hence, to break with a sharp noise; to burst, Ac. 1. 18.

Απτομέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, p. λελατόμηκα, a. l. ἐλατόμησα, (λῶς, a stone, & τέμνω) to hew stones; to cut out of stone, hew from stone, Mat. 27. 60. Mar. 15. 46. L. G.

Aατρεία, as, ή, service, servitude; religious service, worship, Jno. 16. 2. Ro. 9. 4; 12. 1. He. 9. 1, 6: from

Αατρεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. έλάτρευσα, (λάτρες, a servant, to be a servant, to serve, Ac. 27. 23; to render religious service and homage, worship, Mat. 4. 10. Lu. 1. 74; spc. to offer sacrifices, present offerings, He. 8. 5; 9. 9.

Λάχἄνον, ου, τό, (λαχαίνω, to dig) a garden herb, vegetable, Mat. 13. 32. Lu. 11. 42. Ro. 14. 2.

Aeyeων, ωνος, δ, (Lat. legio) a Roman legion; in N. T., legion used indefinitely for a great number, Mat. 26. 53. Mar. 5. 9, 15. Lu. 8. 30.

\$\(\xi\)\eta\), f. \(\xi\)\eta\,, to say, Mat. 1. 20, et al. freq.; to speak, make an address or speech, Ac. 26. 1; to say mentally, in thought, Mat. 3. 9. Lu. 3. 8; to say in written language, Mar. 15. 28. Lu. 1. 63. Jno. 19. 37, et al.; to say, as distinguished from acting, Mat.

23. 3; to mention, speak of, Mar. 14. 71. Lu. 9. 31. Jno. 8. 27; to tell, declare, narrate, Mat. 21. 27. Mar 10. 32; to express, He. 5. 11; to put forth, propound, Lu. 5. 36; 13. 6. Jno. 16. 29; to mean, to intend to signify, 1 Co. 1. 12; 10. 29; to say, declare, affirm, maintain, Mat. 3. 9; 5. 18. Mar. 12. 18. Ac. 17. 7; 26. 22. 1 Co. 1. 10, et al.; to enjoin, Ac. 15. 24; 21. 21. Ro. 2. 22; to term, designate, call, Mat. 19. 17. Mar. 12. 37. Lu. 20. 37; 23. 2. 1 Co. 8. 5, et al.; to call by; a name, Mat. 2. 23, et al.; pass. to be further named, to be surnamed, Mat. 1. 16, et al.; to be explained, interpreted, Jno. 4. 25; 20. 16, 24; in N. T., συλέγεις, thou sayest, a form of affirmative answer to a question, Mat. 27. 11. Mar. 15. 2. Jno. 18. 37.

Λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) pr. a remnant; in N. T., a small residue, Ro. 11. 5.

Λείος, εία, είον, smooth, level, plain, Lu. 3. 5.

 $\Lambda \epsilon i \pi \omega$, f. $\psi \omega$, a. 2. $\tilde{\epsilon} \lambda i \pi o \nu$, trans, to leave, forsake; pass to be left, deserted; by impl. to be destitute of, deficient in, Ja. 1. 4,5; 2. 15; intrans. to fail, be wanting, be deficient, Lu. 18, 22, et al.

Λειτουργέω, ῶ, f. ησω, p. λελειτούργηκα, (λειτουργό) pr. to perform some public service at one's own expense; in N. T., to officiate as a priest, He. 10. 11; to minister in the Christian church, Ac. 13.2; to minister to, assist, succour, Ro. 15. 27.

Λειτουργία, α s, $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) pr. a public service discharged by a citizen at his own expense; in N. T., a sacred ministration, Lu. 1. 23. Phi. 2. 17. He. 8. 6; 9. 21; a kind office, aid, relief, 2 Co. 9. 12. Phil. 2. 30.

Λειτουργικός, ή, όν, ministering; engaged in subordinate service, He. 1. 14: (S) from

Λειτουργός, οῦ, ὁ, (λεῖτος, public, & ἔργου) pr. a person of property who performed a public duty or service to the state at his own expense; in N. T., a minister or servant, Ro. 13. 6, et al.; one who ministers relief, Phi. 2. 25.

Λέντιον, ίου, τό, (Lat. linteum) a coarse cloth, with which servants were

girded, a towel, napkin, apron, Jno. 13. 4, 5.

Λεπίς, ίδος, ή, a scale, shell, rind, crust, incrustation, Ac. 9. 19: whence Λέπρα, ας, ή, the leprosy, Mat. 8. 3.

Mar. 1. 42. Lu. 5. 12, 13. Λεπρός, οῦ, ὁ, (fr. same) leprous; a leper, hat. 8. 2; 10. 8, et al.

Λεπτόν, οῦ, τό, (λεπτός, thin, fine, small) a mite, the smallest Jewish coin, equal to half a κοδράντης, and consequently to about three-eighths of a farthing, Mar. 12. 42, et al.

Λευίτης, ου, ό, a Levite, one of the posterity of Λευί, Levi, Lu. 10. 32. Jno. 1. 19. Ac. 4. 36: whence

Λευϊτικός, ή, όν, Levitical, pertaining to the Levites, He. 7. 11.

Λευκός, ή, όν, pr. light, bright; white, Mat. 5.36; 17.2, et al.; whitening, growing white, Jno. 4.35.

Λέων, οντος, ό, a lion, He. 11. 33. 1 Pe. 5. 8, et al.; met. a lion, cruel adversary, tyrant, 2 Ti. 4. 17; a lion, a hero, deliverer, Re. 5. 5.

Λήθη, ης, ή, (λανθάνω) forgetfulness, oblivion, 2 Pe. 1. 9.

Aηνόs, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, pr. a tub, trough; a wine-press, into which grapes were cast and trodden, Re. 14. 19. 20; 19. 15; a wine-vat, i. q. ὑπολήνων, the lower vat into which the juice of the trodden grapes flowed, Mat. 21. 33.

 $\Lambda \hat{\eta} \rho o s$, ov, δ , idle talk; an empty tale, Lu. 24. 11.

Aηστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ληίζομαι, ληίς, plunder) a plunderer, robber, high-wayman, Mat. 21. 13; 26. 55. Mar. 11. 17. Lu. 10. 30. 2 Co. 11. 26, et al.; a bandit, brigand, Mat. 27. 38, 44. Mar. 15. 27. Jno. 18. 40; trop. a robber, rapacious impostor, Jno. 10. 1, 8.

Ληψις, εως, η, (λαμβάνω) a taking; receiving, receipt, Phi. 4. 15.

Alrv, adv. much, greatly, exceedingly, Mat. 2.16; 4.8; 8.28, et al.

Λιβάνός, οῦ, ὁ, arbor thurifera, the tree producing frankincense, grouing in Arabia and Mount Lebanon; in N. T., frankincense, the transparent yum which distils from incisions in the tree, Mat. 2. 11. Re. 18. 13: whence Λιβανωτός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, frankincense in N. T., a censer, Re. 8. 3, 5.

Λιβερτῖνος, ου, ô, (Lat. libertisms) a freed-man, one who having been a slave has obtained his freedom, or whose father was a freedman; in N. T., the λιβερτῖνοι probably denote Jews who had been carried captive to Rome, and subsequently manumitted, Ac. 6.9.

 $\Lambda\iota\theta\acute{a}\zeta\omega$, f, $\acute{a}\sigma\omega$, ($\lambda\iota\theta$ os) to stone, pelt or kill with stones, Jno. 10. 31, 32, 33, et al.

Λiθ(νος, η, ον, (fr. same) made of stone, Jno. 2. 6, et al.

Λιθοβολέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἐλιθοβόλησα, (λίθος & βάλλω) to stone, pelt with stones, in order to kill, Mat. 21. 35; 23. 37, et al. L. G.

 $\Lambda(\theta os, ov, \delta, a \text{ stone}, \text{Mat. 3. 9; 4.} \\ 3.6, \text{et al.; } used figuratively, of Christ Eph. 2. 20. 1 Pe. 2. 6, et al.; of be lievers, 1 Pe. 2. 5; meton. a tablet of stone, 2 Co. 3. 7; a precious stone, Re. 4. 3, et al.$

Λιθόστρωτον, ου, τό, (neut. of λιθόστρωτος, paved with stone, λίθος & στρώνυνμί, a tessellated pavement, Jno. 19. 13.

Λικμάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, pr. to winnow grain; in N. T., to scatter like chaff, Mat. 21. 44. Lu. 20. 18.

Λιμήν, ένος, δ, a port, haven, harbour, Ac. 27. 8, 12.

Λίμνη, ης, ή, a tract of standing water; a lake, Lu. 5. 1, 2, et al.

Λτμός, οῦ, ὁ, famine, scarcity of food, want of grain, Mat. 24. 7; famine, hunger, famishment, Lu. 15.
 17. Ro. 8. 35, et al.

Λίνον, ου, τό, flax; by meton. a flaxen wick, Mat. 12. 20; linen, Re. 15. 6.

 $\Lambda i\pi \check{a}\rho \acute{o}s$, \acute{a} , $\acute{o}v$, $(\lambda i\pi os$, fat, fatness) fat; dainty, delicate, sumptuous, Re. 18. 14.

Λίτρα, as, η, a pound, libra, equivalent to about twelve ounces avoirdupois, Jno. 12. 3; 19. 39.

Λίψ, λιβός, ὁ, pr. the south-west wind; meton the south-west quarter of the heavens, Ac. 27. 12.

Λογία, as, ή, (λέγω, to collect) :

gathering, collection, 1 Co. 16. 1, 2. Ν. Τ. Λογίζομαι, f. Ισυμαι, a. 1. ελογισά-

Λογίζομαι, f. ίσυμαι, a. 1. ελογισάμη, a. 1. pass. ελογίσθην, f. λογισόμομαι, ρ. λελόγισμαι, (λόγος) pr. to count, calculate; to count, enumerate, Mar. 15. 28. Lu. 22. 37; to set down as a matter of account, 1 Co. 13. 5. 2 Co. 5. 19. 2 Tl. 4. 16, et al.; to account, Ro. 2. 26; 8. 36; εἰς οὐδιν λογισθημαι, to be set at nought, despised, Ac. 19. 27; to regard, deem, consider, Ro. 6. 11; 14. 14. 1 Co. 4.1. 2 Co. 10. 2. Phi. 3. 13; to infer, conclude, presume, Ro. 2. 3; 3. 28; 8. 18. 2 Co. 10. 2, 7, 11. He. 11. 19. 1 Pe. 5. 12; to think upon, ponder, Phi. 4. 8; absol. to reason, Mar. 11. 31. 1 Co. 13. 11.

Λογικός, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{ο}\nu$, (fr. same) pertaining to speech; pertaining to reason; in~N.~T, rational, spiritual, pertaining to the mind and soul, Ro. 12. 1. 1 Pe. 2. 2.

Λόγιον, ίου, τό, (fr. same) an oracle, a divine communication or revelation, Ac. 7. 38. Ro. 3. 2, et al.

Λόγιος, ου, δ , $\hat{\eta}$, (fr. same) gifted with learning or eloquence, Ac. 18. 24.

Λογισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) pr. a computation, act of computing; a thought, cogitation, Ro. 2. 15; a conception, device, 2 Co. 10. 5.

Λογομάχέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (λόγος & μάχομω) to contend about words; by impl. to dispute about trivial things, 2 Ti. 2. 14: (N. T.) whence

Aογομαχία, ας, η, contention or strife about words; by impl. a dispute about trivial things, unprofitable controversy, 1 Ti. 6. 4. N. T.

Aόyos, ου, ό, (λέγω) a word, a thing uttered, Mat. 12. 32, 37. 1 Co. 14. 19; speech, language, talk, Mat. 22. 15. Lu. 20. 20. 2 Co. 10. 10. Ja. 3. 2; converse, Lu. 24. 17; mere talk, wordy show, 1 Co. 4. 19, 20. Col. 2. 23. 1 Jno. 3. 18; language, mode of discourse, style of speaking, Mat. 5. 37. 1 Co. 1. 17. 1 Th. 2. 5; a saying, a speech, Mar. 7. 29. Eph. 4. 22; an expression, form of words, formula, Mat. 26. 44. Ro. 13. 9. Ga. 5. 14; a saying, a thing propounded in discourse, Mat. 7. 24; 19. 11. Jno. 4. 37; 6. 60. 1 Tl. 1. 15, et al.; a message, an.

nouncement, 2 Co. 5. 19; a prophetic announcement, Jno. 12. 38; an account, statement, I Pe. 3. 15; a story, report, Mat. 28. 15. Jno. 4. 39; 21. 23; 2 Th. 2. 2; a written narrative, a treatise, Ac. 1. 1; a set discourse, Ac. 20. 7; doctrine, Jno. 8. 31, 37. 2 Ti. 2. 17; subject-matter, Ac. 15. 6; reckoning, account, Mat. 12. 36; reckoning, account, Mat. 12. 36; 18. 23; 25. 19. Lu. 16. 2. Ac. 19. 40; 20. 24. Ro. 9. 28. Phi. 4. 15, 17. He. 4. 13; a plea, Mat. 5. 32. Ac. 19. 38; a motive, Ac. 10. 29; reason, Ac. 18. 14; δ λόγος, the word of God, especially in the gospel, Mat. 13. 21, 22. Mar. 16. 20. Lu. 1. 2. Ac. 6. 4, et al.; δ λόγος, the divine Word, or Logos, Jno. 1. 1.

Λόγχη, ης, η, pr. the head of a javelin; a spear, lance, Jno. 19. 34.

Λοιδορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (λοίδορος) to revile, rail at, Jno. 9. 28. Ac. 23. 4, et al.

Λοιδορία, as, ή, reviling, railing, 1 Ti. 5. 14. 1 Pe. 3. 9: from

Λοίδορος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, reviling, railing; as subst. a reviler, railer, 1 Co. 5. 11; 6. 10.

Λοιμός, οῦ, ὁ, a pestilence, plague, Mat. 24. 7. Lu. 21. 11; met. a pest, pestilent fellow, Ac. 24. 5.

Λοιπός, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{o}\nu$, $(\lambda\epsilon\acute{l}\pi\omega)$ remaining; the rest, remainder, Mat. 22. 6, et al.; as an adv. $ro\mathring{o}$ λοιπόν, henceforth, Ga. 6. 17; $r\mathring{o}$ λοιπόν, ν . λοιπόν, henceforwards, thenceforwards, Mat. 26. 45. 2 Ti. 4. 8. Ac. 27. 20, et al.; as to the rest, besides, 1 Co. 1. 16; finally Eph. 6. 10, et al.; 6 δè λοιπόν, cæterum, but, now, 1 Co. 4. 2.

Λουτρόν, οῦ, τό, a bath, water for bathing; a bathing, washing, ablution, Ep. 5. 26. Tit. 3. 5: from

Aούω, f. σω, a. 1. έλουσα, p. pass. λέλουμα, pr. to bathe the body, as distinguished from vashing only the extremities, Jno. 13. 10; to bathe, wash, Ac. 9. 37; 16. 33. He. 10. 23. 2 Pe. 2. 22; met. to cleanse from sin, Re. 1. 5.

Λυκαονιστί, adv. in the dialect of Λυκαονία, Lycaonia, Ac. 14. 11.

Λύκος, ου, ό, a wolf, Mat. 10. 16, Lu. 10. 3. Jno. 10. 12; met. a person of wolf-like character, Mat. 7. 15. Ac. 20. 29. Λυμαίνομαι, f. οῦμαι, (λύμη, outrage) to outrage, violently maltreat; in N. T., to make havock of, Ac. 8. 3.

Λυπέω, ω, f. ήσω, p. λελύπηκα, a. 1. ἐλύπησα, to occasion grief or sorrow to, to distress, 2 Co. 2. 2, 5; 7.8; pass. to be grieved, pained, distressed. sorrowful, Mat. 17. 23; 19. 22, et al.; to aggrieve, cross, vex, Eph. 4. 30; pass. to feel pained, Ro. 14. 15: from

 $\Delta \dot{\nu} \pi \eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, pain, distress, Jno. 16. 21; grief, sorrow, Jno. 16. 6, 20, 22, et al.; meton. cause of grief, trouble, affliction, 1 Pe. 2. 19.

Λύσις, εως, ή, (λύω) a loosing; in N. T., a release from the marriage bond, a divorce, 1 Co. 7. 27.

Λυσιτελέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (λύω, to pay, & τέλος, an impost) pr. to compensate for incurred expense; by impl. to be advantageous to, to profit, advantage : impers. Lu. 17. 2.

Λύτρον, ου, τό, (λύω, to pay quittance) pr. price paid; a ransom, Mat. 20. 28. Mar. 10. 45: whence

Λυτρόω, ω, f. ώσω, to release for a ransom; mid. to ransom, redeem; deliver, liberate, Lu. 24. 21. Tit. 2. 14. 1 Pe. 1. 18: whence

Λύτρωσις, εως, η, redemption, He. 9. 12; liberation, deliverance, Lu. 1. 68; 2. 38. L. G.

Λυτρωτής, ου, δ, a redeemer; a deliverer, Ac. 7. 35. S.

Λυχνία, as, ή, a candlestick, lampstand, Mat. 5. 15, et al.; met. a candlestick as a figure of a Christian church, Re. 1. 12, 13, 20; of a teacher or prophet, Re. 11. 4: (L. G.) from

Λύχνος, a light, lamp, candle, &c. Mat. 5. 15. Mar. 4. 21, et al.; met. a lamp, as a figure of a distinguished teacher, Jno. 5. 35.

Λύω, f. ύσω, p. λέλϋκα, a. 1. έλυσα, p. pass. λέλυμαι, a. l. pass. ελύθην (υ), to loosen, unbind, unfasten, Mar. 1. 7, et al.; to loose, untie, Mat. 21.
2. Jno. 11. 44.; to disengage, 1 Co.
7. 27; to set free, set at liberty, deliver, Lu. 13. 16; to break, Ac. 27. 41. 13. 13. 10; 10 Dreak, AC. 27. 41. Re. 5. 2, 5; to break up, dismiss, Ac. 13. 43; to destroy, demolish, Jno. 2. 19. Ep. 2. 14; met. to infringe, Mat. 5. 19. Jno. 5. 18; 7. 23; to make void, nullify, Jno. 10. 35; in N. T., to destroy to help of the large of all of the large of the state of th clare to be lawful and allowable, or. to admit to privileges, Mat. .6. 19 et al.

M

Mayeia, as, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. the system of the magians; magic, Ac. 8. 11: from Mayεύω, f. εύσω, to be a magian;

to use magical arts, practise magic, sorcery, &c. Ac. 8. 9: from

Mayos, ov, o, (Pers. mogh, Heb. 11). akin to µéyas, magnus) a magus, sage of the magian religion, magian, Mat. 2. 1, 7, 16; a magician, sorcerer, Ac. 13. 6, 8.

Μαθητεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. εμαθήτευσα, intrans. to be the disciple of, follow as a disciple, Mat. 27. 57; in N. T., trans. to make a disciple of, to train in discipleship, Mat. 28, 19. Ac. 14. 21; pass. to be trained, disciplined, instructed, Mat. 13. 52: (L. G.) from

Μαθητής, οῦ, δ, (μανθάνω) a disciple, Mat. 10. 24, 42, et al.: whence Maθήτρια, as, ή, a female disciple

a female Christian, Ac. 9. 36. Μαίνομαι, f. μανήσομαι & μανοῖ μαι, p. μέμηνα, to be disordered in mind, mad, Jno. 10. 20, et al.

Μακαρίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, to pronounce happy, felicitate, Lu. 1. 48. Ja. 5. 11: from

Mακάριος, ία, ιον, (μάκαρ, idem) happy, blessed, Mat. 5. 3, 4, 5, 7. Lu. 1. 45, et al.

Μακαρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a calling happy, the act of pronouncing happy, felicitation, Ro. 4. 6, 9: self-congratulation, Ga. 4. 15.

Μάκελλον, ου, τό, (Lat. macellum) a place where all kinds of provisions are exposed to sale, provision mart, shambles, 1 Co. 10. 25.

Μακράν, adv. (acc. fem. of μακρός) far, far off, at a distance, far distant, Mat. 8. 30. Mar. 12. 34, et al.; met. oi μακράν, remote, foreign, alien, Ep. 2. 13, 17.

Μακρόθεν, adv. (fr. same) far off, at a distance, from afar, from a distance, Mar. 8. 3; 11. 13; preceded by aπó, in the same sense, Mat. 26. 58. Μακροθυμέω, ω, ε. ήσω, (μακρό

Our se, ματρός & θυμός) to be alow towards, be long enduring; to exercise patience, be long suffering, element, or indulgent, to forbear, Mat. 18. 26, 29. 1 Co. 13. 4. 1 Th. 5. 14. 2 Pe. 3. 9; to have patience, endure patiently, wait with patient expectation, He. 6. 15. Ja. 5. 8; to bear long with entreaties for deliverance and avengement, Lu. 18.7: whence

Maκροθυμία, as, ή, patience; patient enduring of evil, fortitude, Col. 1. 11; slowness of avenging injuries, long suffering, forbearance, clemency, Ro. 2. 4; 9. 22. 2 Co. 6. 6; patient expectation, He. 6. 12, et al. Μακροθύμως, adv. patiently, with

indulgence, Ac. 26. 3.

Maκρόs, ά, όν, (μῆκοs) long; of space, far, distant, remote, Lu. 15. 13; 19. 12; of time, of long duration; prolix, Mat. 23. 13. Mar. 12. 40. Lu. 20. 47.

Maκροχρόνιος, ου, ό, ή, (μακρός & χρόνος) of long duration; long-lived, Ep. 6. 3. L. G.

Maλακία, ας, ή, softness; languor, indisposition, weakness, infirmity of body, Mat, 4. 23, et al.: from

Maλάκός, ή, όν, soft; soft to the touch, delicate, Mat. 11.8. Lu. 7.25; met. cinædus, an instrumert of unnatural lust, effeminate, 1 Co. 6.9.

Mάλιστα, adv. (superlat. of μίλα, very, much) most, most of all, chiefly, especially, Ac. 20. 38; 25. 26, et al.

Mãλλον, adv. (comparat. of μάλα) more, to a greater extent, in a higher degree, Mat. 18. 13; 27. 24. Jno. 5. 18. 1 Co. 14. 18, et al.; rather, in preference, Mat. 10. 6. Eph. 4. 28, et al.; used in a periphrasis for the comparative, Ac. 20. 35, et al.; as an intensive with a comparative term, Mat. 6. 26. Mar. 7. 36. 2 Co. 7. 13. Phi. 1. 23; μάλλον δέ, yea rather, Ro. 8. 34. Ga. 4. 9. Eph. 5. 11.

Máμμη, & μάμμα, ης, ἡ, a mother; later, a grandmother, 2 Ti. 1. 5.

Μαμμωνας, v. Μαμωνας, α, ο, (Aram. 1900) wealth, riches, Lu. 16. 9, 11; personified, like the Greek Πλοῦτος, Mammon, Mat. 6. 24. Lu. 16. 18.

Μανθάνω, f. μαθήσομαι, a. 2. ξυά-

θον, p. μεμάθηκα, to learn, be taught Mat. 9. 13; 11. 29; 24. 32; to learn by practice or experience, acquire a custom or habit, Phi. 4. 11. I Ti. 5. 4, 13; to ascertain, be informed, Ac. 23. 27, et al.; to understand, comprehend, Re. 14. 3.

Maνία, as, ή, (μαίνομαι) madness, insanity, Ac. 26. 24.

Mάννα, τό, indec. (Heb. 12), Exod. 16. 15.) manna, the miraculous food of the Israelites while in the desert, Jno. 6. 31, 49, 58, et al.

Mαντεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (μάντις, a soothsayer, diviner) to utter oracles, to divine, Ac. 16. 16.

Maραίνω, f. ανῶ, a 1. pass. έμαράν θην, to quench, cause to decay, fade, or wither; pass. to wither, waste away; met. to fade away, disappear, perish, Ja. 1. 11.

Maρὰν ἀθά, (Aram. ΚΠΚ | ٦٢) i. q. κύριος ἔρχεται, the Lord cometh, or will come to judgment, 1 Co. 16. 22.

Μαργαρίτης, ου, ό, (μάργαρος) a pearl, Mat. 7. 6; 13. 45, 46, et al. (i).

Mάρμάρος, ου, ὁ, (μαρμαίρω, to glisten, shine) a white glistening stone; marble, Re. 18. 12.

Maρτύρεω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. μεμαρτύρηκα, a. 1. ἐμαρτύρησα, trans. to testify, depose, Jno. 3. 11, 32. 1 Jno. 1. 2. Re. 1. 2; 22. 20; absol. to give evidence, Jno. 18. 23; to bear testimony, testify, Lu. 4. 22. Jno. 1. 7, 8, et al.; to bear testimony in confirmation, Ac. 14. 3; to declare distinctly and formally, Jno. 4. 44; pass. to be the subject of testimony, to obtain attestation to character, Ac. 6. 3; 10. 22. 1 Th. 5. 10. He. 11. 2, 47 mid., equivalent to μαρτύρομα, to make a solemn appeal, Ac. 26. 22. 1 Th. 2. 12.

Mapropia, as, 7, judicial evidence, Mar. 14. 55, 56, 59. Lu. 22. 71; testimony in general, Tit. 1. 13. 1 Jno. 5. 9; testimony, declaration in a matter of fact or doctrine, Jno. 1. 19; 3. 11. Ac. 22. 18, et al.; attestation to character. Jno. 5. 34, 36, et al.; reputation, 1 Ti. 3. 7.

Mαρτύριον, ίου, τό, testimony, evidence, 2 Co. 1. 12. Ja. 5. 3; testification, Ac. 4. 33; in N. T., testimony mode of solemn declaration or tests

Boath n, Mat. 8. 4. Lu. 9. 5, et al.; testimony, matter of solemn declaration, 1 Co. 1. 6; 2: 1. 171. 2. 6; σκηνή τοῦ μαρτυρίου, a title of the Mosaic tabernacle, Ac. 7. 44. Re. 15. 5.

Maρτύρομαι, to call to witness; intrans. to make a solemn affirmation or declaration, asseverate, Ac. 20. 26. Ga. 5. 3; to make a solemn appeal, Eph. 4. 17.

Máρτυς, ὕρος, ό, η, a judicial witness, deponent, Mat. 18, 16. He. 10. 28, et al.; generally, a witness to a circumstance, Lu. 24, 48. Ac. 10, 41, et al.; in N. T., a witness, a testifier of a doctrine, Re. 1. 5; 3, 14; 11, 3; a martyr, Ac. 22, 20. Re. 2, 13.

Μασσάομαι, rather μασάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, to chew, masticate; in N. T., to gnaw, Re. 16. 10.

Mαστῖγόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐμαστίγωσα, (μάστιξ) to scourge, Mat. 10.17; 20. 19, et al.; met. to chastise, He. 12. 6.

Mαστίζω, f. ίξω, to scourge, Ac. 22. 25: (poet. & L. G.) from

Mάστιξ, τγος, ή, a scourge, whip, Ac. 22. 24. He. 11. 36; met. a scourge, pain, disease, Mar. 3. 10; 5. 29, 34. Lu. 7. 21.

Ma $\sigma\tau$ ός, $ο\hat{v}$, $ο\hat{v}$, (a collateral form of $\mu a \zeta$ ός) the breast, pap. Lu. 11. 27, et al.

Maταιολογία, ας, η, vain talking, idle disputation, 1 Ti. 1. 6: (L. G.) from

Ματαιολόγος, ου, ό, $\dot{\eta}$, (μάταιος & λέγω) a vain talker, given to vain talking or trivial disputation, Tit. 1. 10.

Máraios, aía, aiov, vain, ineffective, bootless, I Co. 3. 20; groundless, deceptive, fallacious, I Co. 15. I7; useless, fruitless, unprofitable, Tit. 3. 9. Ja. I. 20; fr. the Heberroneous in principle, corrupt, perverted, I Pc. I. 18; rà µáraia, superstiti m, idolatry, Ac. 14. 15: whence

Mαταιότης, τητος, ή, vanity, folly, 2 Pe. 2. 18; fr. the Heb., religious error, Eph. 4. 17; false religion, Ro. 8. 20. S.

Maταιόω, ω, f. ωσω, to make vain; fr. the Heb., pass. to fall into religious error, to be perverted, Ro. 1. 21. S.

Máτην, adv. in vain, fruitlessly with out profit, Mat. 15. 9. Mar. 7. 7.

Mάχαιρα, ας, η, a large knifa, poniard; a sword, Mat. 26, 47, 51, et al.; the sword of the executioner, Ac. 12, 2, Ro, 8, 35, He, 11, 37; hence, φορεῦν μέχαιραν, to bear the sword, to have the power of life and death, Ro. 13, 4; meton. war, Mat. 10, 34.

 $M\acute{a}\chi\eta, \eta s, \mathring{\eta}$, a fight, battle; in N. T., contention, strife, dispute, controversy, 2 Co. 7. 5. 2 Ti. 2. 23, et al.: from

Mάχομαι, f. οῦμαι, v. έσομαι, to fight, to quarrel, Ac. 7. 26; to contend, dispute, Jno. 6. 52, et al.

Mεγαλαυχέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (μέγας & αὐχέω, to boast) to boast, vaunt; to cause a great stir, Ja. 3. 5.

Meyaλείοs, εία, είον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid; τὰ μεγαλεία, great things, wonderful works, Lu. 1. 49. Ac. 2. 11: whence

Μεγαλειότης, τηι ος, ή, majesty, magnificence, glory, Lu. 9. 43. Ac. 19. 27. 2 Pe. 1. 16. S.

Mεγαλοπρεπής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας & πρέπω) pr. becoming a great man magnificent, glorious, most splendid, 2 Pe. 1. 17.

Mεγαλύνω, f. υνῶ, a. l. ἐμεγαλῦνα, (μέγως) to enlarge, amplify, Mat-23. 5; to manifest in an extraordinary degree, Lu. l. 58; to magnify, exalt, extol, Lu. l. 46. Ac. 5. 13, et al.

Mεγάλως, adv. (μέγας) greatly, very much, vehemently, Phi. 4. 10.

Μεγαλωσύνη, ης, ή, greatness, majesty, He. 1. 3; 8. 1; ascribed majesty, Jude 25: (S.) from

Méyas, μεγάλη, μέγα, compar. μείζων, superl. μέγιστος, great, large in size, Mat. 27. 60. Mar. 4. 32, et al.; great, much, numerous, Mar. 5. 11. He. 11. 26; great, grown up, adult, He. 11. 24; great, vehement, intense, Mat. 2. 10; 28. 8; great, sumptuous, Lu. 5. 29; great, important, weighty, of moment, 1 Co. 9. 11; 13. 13; great, splendid, magnificent, Re. 15. 3; extraordinary, wonderful, 2 Co. 11. 15; great, solemn, Jno. 7. 37; 19. 31; great in rank, noble, Re. 11. 18; 18. 16; great in dignity, distinguished eminent, illustrious, powerful, Mat. 5. 19; 18. 1, 4, et al.; great, arrogant, boastful, Re. 13. 5: whence

 $M \in \gamma \in \theta_{0S}$, ϵ_{0S} , τ_{0} , greatness, vastness, Ep. 1. 19.

Μεγιστάνες, ων, οί, great men, lords, chiefs, nobles, princes, Mar. 6. 21. Re. 6. 15; 18. 23. L. G.

Meγιστος, η, ον, greatest; pre-emiment, 2 Pe. 1. 4.

Μεθερμηνεύω, f. εύσω, (μετά & έρμηνεύω) to translate, interpret, Mat. 1. 23. Mar. 5. 41, et al. L. G.

 $M\epsilon\theta\eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, $(\mu\epsilon\theta v)$ strong drink; drunkenness, Lu. 21. 34; a debauch in drinking, Ro. 13. 13. Ga. 5. 21.

Μεθίστημι, later also μεθιστάνω, (ă) f. μεταστήσω, a. l. μετέστησα, (μετά & lornul) to cause a change of position; to remove, transport, 1 Co. 13. 2; to transfer, Col. 1. 13; met. to cause to change sides; by impl. to pervert, mislead, Ac. 19. 26; to remove from office, dismiss, discard, Lu. 16. 4. Ac. 13. 22.

Μεθοδεία, as, ή, (μεθοδεύω, to trace, investigate; to handle methodically; to handle cunningly; fr. μέθοδος, μετά & ὁδός) artifice, wile, Ep. 4. 14; 6. 11. N. T.

Mεθόριον, ου, τό, (neut. from μεθόριος, interjacent, μετά & ὅρος) confine, border, Mar. 7. 24.

Μεθύσκω, (μέθυ, strong drink) f. μεθύσω, a. l. pass. ἐμεθύσθην, to inebriate, make drunk; pass. to be intoxicated, to be drunk, Lu. 12. 45. 1 Th. 5. 7, et al.; to drink freely, Jno. 2, 10.

 $\mathbf{M} \hat{\epsilon} \theta \tilde{\nu} \sigma \sigma s$, σv , δv drunken; a drunkard, 1 Co. 5. 11; 6. 10.

 $M \in \theta \dot{\nu} \omega$, $(\mu \in \theta \dot{\nu})$ to be intoxicated, be drunk, Mat. 24. 49, et al. (v).

Mειζότερος, a, ov, greater, 3 Jno. 4: double comparat. from

 $M\epsilon i \zeta \omega \nu$, ovos, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, $\tau \dot{\alpha}$, -o ν , greater: comparat. of µéyas.

 $M \in \lambda a \nu$, $\check{a} \nu o s$, $\tau \acute{o}$, (neut. fr. $\mu \in \lambda a s$) ink, 2 Co. 3. 3. 2 Jno. 12. 3 Jno. 13. Mέλας, αινα, αν, black, Mat. 5. 36.

Re. 6. 5, 12. Μέλει, f. μελήσει, imperf. έμελε,

imperat. μελέτω, impers. verb, there is a care, it concerns, Mat. 22, 16. Μενούν, ν. μεν ούν, see οίν.

Ac. 18, 17. 1 Co. 9. 9, et al. whence

Μελετάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐμελέmoa, to care for; to bestow careful thought upon, to give painful attention to, be earnest in, 1 Ti. 4. 15; to devise, Ac. 4. 25; absol. to study beforehand, premeditate, Mar. 13. 11.

Mέλι, ἴτος, τό, honey, Mat. 8. 4. Mar. 1. 6. Re. 10. 9, 10.

Μελίσσιος, ιου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (μέλισσα, a bee, μέλι) of bees, made by bees, Lu. 24, 42.

 $M\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omega$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, imperf. $\ddot{\epsilon}\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\sigma\nu$, At. $\ddot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda\sigma\nu$, to be about to, be on the point of, Mat. 2. 13. Jno. 4. 47; it serves to express in general a settled futurity, Mat. 11. 14. Lu. 9. 31. Jno. 11. 51, et al.; to intend, Lu. 10. 1, et al.; particip. μέλλων, ουσα, ον. future as distinguished from past and present, Mat. 12. 32. Lu. 13. 9, et al.; to be always, as it were, about to do, to delay, linger, Ac. 22. 16.

Mέλος, εος, τό, a member, limb, any part of the body, Mat. 5. 29, 30. Ro. 12. 4. 1 Co. 6. 15; 12. 12, et al.

 $M \in \mu \beta \rho \dot{\alpha} v \alpha$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, (Lat. membrana) parchment, vellum, 2 Ti. 4. 13.

Μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, a. 1. έμεμ-ψάμην, to find fault with, blame, censure ; to intimate dissatisfaction with, He. 8. 8; absol. to find fault,

Μεμψίμοιρος, ου, δ, ή, (μέμψις, a finding fault, fr. μέμφομαι, & μοΐρα, a portion, lot) finding fault or being discontented with one's lot, querulous; a discontented, querulous person, a repiner, Jude 16.

Mév, a particle serving to intimate that the term or clause with which it is used, stands distinguished from then mostly with \$\delta \correspondent, Mat. 3.11; 9.37. Ac. 1.1; \delta \text{\text{\text{\text{Ac}}}, \delta \text{\texit{\texi\tex{\text{\texi\texi{\text{\text{\text{\texi\text{\text{\\texit{\te this-that, the one-the other, Phi 1.16,17; one—another, οἰ μὲν—οἰ δὲ some—others, Mat. 22. 5, 6; δς μὲν ôs ôè, one—another, pl. some—others, Mat. 13. 8; 21. 35; άλλος μεν-άλλος δὲ, one-another, 1 Co. 15. 39; δδε μεν-έκει δὲ, here—there, He. 7. 8; τοῦτο μὲν—τοῦτο δὲ, partly—partly, He. 10. 33, et al. freq.

Mevoûrye, (μέν, οὖι, γε) a combination of particles serving to take up what has just preceded with either addition or abatement, like the Latin imo; yea indeed, yea truly, yea rather, Lu. 11. 28. Bo. 9. 20; 10. 18. l'hi. 3. 8. N. T.

Mέντοι, conj. (μέν & τοι) truly, certainly, sure, Ju. 8; nevertheless, however, Jno. 4. 27, et al.

Méνω, f. μενῶ, p. μεμένηκα, a. 1. εμεινα, to stay, Mat. 26. 38. Ac. 27. 31; to continue, 1 Co. 7. 11. 2 Ti. 2. 13; to dwell, lodge, sojourn, Jno. 1. 39. Ac. 9. 43, et al.; to remain, Jno. 9. 41; to rest, settle, Jno. 1. 32, 33; 3. 36; to last, endure, Mat. 11. 23. Jno. 6. 27. 1 Co. 3. 14; to survive, 1 Co. 15. 6; to be existent, 1 Co. 18. 13; to continue unchanged, Ro. 9. 11; to be permanent, Jno. 15. 16. 2 Co. 3. 11. He. 10. 34; 13. 14. 1 Pe. 1. 23; to persevere, be constant, be stedfast, 1 Ti. 2. 15. 2 Ti. 3. 14; to abide, to be in close and settled union, Jno. 6. 56; 14. 10; 15. 4, et al.; to indwell, Jno. 5. 38. 1 Jno. 2. 14; trans. to wait for, Ac. 20. 5, 23.

Meρίζω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, (μέρις) to divide; to divide out, distribute, Mar. 6. 41; to assign, bestow, Ro. 12. 3. 1 Co. 7. 17. 2 Co. 10. 13. He. 7. 2; mid. to share, Lu. 12. 13; pass. to be subdivided, to admit distinctions, 1 Co. 1. 13; to be severed by discord, be at variance, Mat. 12. 25, et al.; to differ, 1 Co. 7. 34.

Mέριμνα, ης, ἡ, (μερίζειν τὸν νοῦν, dividing the mind) care, Mat. 13.22. Lu. 8. 14, et al.; anxious interest, 2 Co. 11. 28: whence

Mεριμνάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐμερίμνησα, to be anxious, or solicitous, Phi. 4. 6; to expend careful thought, Mat. 6. 27; to concern one's self, Mat. 6. 25, et al.; to have the thoughts occupied with, 1 Co. 7. 32, 33, 34; to feel an interest in, Phi. 2. 20.

Meρis, iδos, η, a part; a division of a country, district, region, tract, Ac.
16. 12; met. share, participation, Ac.
21. Col. 1. 12; fellowship, consort, connection, 2 Co. 6. 15; a part assigned, lot, Lu. 10. 42.

Μερισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a dividing, act of dividing, He. 4. 12; distribution, gifts distributed, He. 2. 4.

Μεριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (fr. same) a divider, an apportioner, arbitrator, Lu. 12. 14. N. T.

Méρos, εos, τό, a part, portion, division, of a whole, Lu. 11. 36; 15. 12. Ac. 5. 2. Eph. 4. 16, et al.; a piece, fragment, Lu. 24. 42. Jno. 19. 23; a purty, faction, Ac. 23. 9; allotted portion, lot, destiny, Mat. 24. 51. Lu. 12. 46; a calling, craft, Ac. 19. 27; a partnership, fellowship, Jno. 13. 8; pl. μέρη, a locad quarter, district, region, Mat. 2. 22; 16.13. Ac. 19. 1. Eph. 4. 9, et al.; side of a slip, Jno. 21. 6; το μέρα, in respect, on the score, 2 Co. 3. 10; 9. 3. Col. 2. 16. 1 Pe. 4. 16; μέρος τι, partly, in some part, 1 Co. 11. 18; ἀνὰ μέρος, alternately, one after another, 1 Co. 14. 27; ἀνὰ μέρονς, partly, in some part or measure, 2 Co. 1. 14; ἀν μέρονς, individually, 1 Co. 12. 27; partly, imperfectly, 1 Co. 13. 9; κατά μέρος, particularly, in detail, He. 9. 5.

Μεσημβρία, ας, ή, (μέσος & ήμέρα) mid-day, noon, Ac. 22. 6; meton. the south, Ac. 8. 26.

Μεσίας, see Μεσσίας.

Mεσῖτεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐμεσιτευσα, to perform offices between two parties; to intervene, interpose, He 6. 17: (L. G.) from

Mεσίτης, ου, ό, (μέσος) one that acts between two parties; a mediator, one who interposes to reconcile two adverse parties, 1 Ti. 2. 5; an internuncius, one who is the medium of communication between two parties, Ga. 3. 19, 20. He. 8. 6, et al. (7). L. G.

Μεσονύκτιον, ίου, τό, (μέσος & νύξ) midnight, Lu. 11. 5, et al.

Mέσος, η, ον, mid, middle, Mat. 25.
6. Ac. 26. 13; τὸ μέσον, the middle, the midst, Mat. 14. 24; ἀνὰ μέσον, in the midst; fr. the Heb. in, among, Mat. 13. 25; between, 1 Co. 6. 5; διὰ μέσον, through the midst of, Lu. 4. 30; εἰς τὸ μέσον, into, or in the midst, Mar. 3. 3. Lu. 6. 8; ἐκ μέσον, from the midst, out of the way, Col. 2. 14. 2 Th. 2. 7; fr. the Heb. from, from among, Mat. 13. 49; ἐν τῷ μέσον, in the midst, Mat. 10. 16; in the midst, in public, publicly, Mat. 14. 6; ἐν μέσον, in the midst of among. Mat.

117

18. 20; και à μέσον της νυκτός, about midnight, Ac. 27. 27, et al.

Μεσότοιχον, ου, τό, (μέσος & τοι- χ_{os}) a middle wall; a partition wall, a barrier, Ep. 2. 14. N. T.

Μεσουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος & oupavos) the mid-heaven, mid-air, Re. 8. 13, et al. L. G.

Μεσόω, 🙃, f. ώσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle or midst; to be advanced midway, Jno. 7. 14.

Meσσίας, ου, ό, (Heb. Πυμ), fr. Anointed One, i. q. δ Χριστός, Jno. 1. 42; 4. 25.

Μεστός, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{o}\nu$, full, full of, filled with, Jno. 19. 29, et al.; replete, Ro. 1. 29; 15. 14, et al.: whence

Μεστόω, ῶ, ώσω, to fill; pass. to be filled, be full, Ac. 2. 13.

Mετά, prep., with a genitive, with, together with, Mat. 16. 27; 12. 41; 26. 55; with, on the same side or party with, in aid of, Mat. 12. 30; 20. 20; with, by means of, Ac. 13. 17; with, of conflict, Re. 11. 7; with, among, Lu. 24. 5; with, to, towards, Lu. 1. 58, 72; with an accusative, after, of place, behind, He. 9. 3; of time, after, Mat. 17. 1; 24. 29; followed by an infin. with the neut. article, after, after that, Mat. 26. 32. Lu. 22. 20.

Μεταβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, p. μετα-depart, Mat. 8. 34, et al.

Mεταβάλλω, (μετά & βάλλω) to change; mid. to change one's mind, Ac. 28. 6.

Μετάγω, f. ξω, (μετά & ἄγω) to lead or move from one place to another; to change direction, turn

about, Ja. 3. 3, 4. Μεταδίδωμι, f. δώσω, (μετά & δίδωμι) to give a part, to share, Lu. 3. 11; to impart, bestow, Ro. 1. 11; 12. 8. et al.

Μετάθεσις, εως, ή, (μετατίθημι) a removal, translation, He. 11.5; a transmutation, change by the abolition of one thing and the substitution of another, He. 7. 12.

τά & αἴρω) to remove, transfer; in N. T. intrans., to go away, depart, Mat. 13. 53.

Μετακαλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (μετά & καλέω) to call from one place into another; mid. to call or send for, invite to come to one's self, Ac. 7. 14

Μετακινέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (μετά & κινέω) to move away, remove; pass. met. to stir away from, to swerve, Col. 1, 23,

Μεταλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, (μετά & λαμβάνω) to partake of, share in, Ac. 2. 46. 2 Ti. 2. 6, et al.; to get, obtain, find, Ac. 24. 25: whence

Meτάληψις, εως, $\hat{\eta}$, a partaking of, a being partaken of, 1 Ti. 4. 3.

Μεταλλάσσω, f. ξω, (μετά & άλλάσσω) to exchange, change for or into, transmute, Ro. 1. 25, 26.

Μεταμέλομαι, f. ήσομαι, a. 1. μετεμελήθην, (μετά & μέλομαι) to change one's judgment on past points of conduct; to change one's mind and purpose, He. 7. 21; to repent, regret, Mat. 21. 29, 32; 27. 3. 2 Co. 7. 8.

Μεταμορφόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (μετά & μορφόω) to change the external form, transfigure; mid. to change one's form, be transfigured, Mat. 17. 2. Mar. 9. 2; to undergo a spiritual transformation, Ro. 12. 2. 2 Co. 3. 18. Μετανοέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (μετά & νοέω) to undergo a change in frame of mind and feeling, to repent, Lu. 17. 3, 4, et al.; to make a change of principle and practice, to reform, Mat. 3. 2, et al.: whence

Μετάνοια, as, ή, a change of mode of thought and feeling, repentance, Mat. 3. 8. Ac. 20. 21. 2 Ti. 2. 25, et al.; practical reformation, Lu. 15. 7, et al.; reversal of the past, He. 12. 17

Μεταξύ, adv. (μετά) between, Mat. 23. 35. Lu. 11. 51; 16. 26. Ac. 15. 9, έν τῷ μεταξύ, 8c. χρόνῳ, in the mean time, mean while, Jno. 4. 31; fm N. T., ὁ μεταξύ, following, succeeding, Ac. 13. 42.

Μεταπέμπω, f. ψω, (μετά & πέμπω) to send after; mid. to send after or for any one, invite to come to one's self, Ac. 10. 5, et al.

Μεταίρω, f, αρώ, s. 1. με-ήρα, (με- | Μεταστρέφω, f. ψω, s. 2. pass. μεν-

εστράφην, (μετά & στρέφω) to turn about: convert into something else, change, Ac. 2. 20. Ja. 4. 9; by impl. to pervert, Ga. 1. 7.

Μετασχηματίζω, f. ίσω, a. l. μετεσχημάτισα, (μετά & σχηματίζω, to fashion, σχήμα) to remodel, transfigure, Phi. 3. 21; mid. to transform one's self, 2 Co. 11. 13, 14, 15; to make an imaginary transference of circumstances from the parties really concerned in them to others, to transfer in imagination, 1 Co. 4. 6.

Mετατίθημι, f. θήσω, a. 1. μετέθηκα, a. 1. pass. μετετέθην, (μετά & τίθημι) to transport, Ac. 7. 16; to transfer, He. 7. 12; to translate out of the world, He. 11. 5; met. to transfer to other purposes, to pervert, Jude 4; mid. to transfer one's self, to change over, Ga. 1. 6.

Μετέπειτα, adv. (μετά & ἔπειτα) afterwards, He. 12, 17,

Μετέχω, f. μεθέξω, p. μετέσχηκα, a. 2. μετέσχον, (μετά & έχω) to share in, partake, 1 Co. 9. 10, 12; 10. 17, 21, et al.; to be a member of He.

Μετεωρίζω, f. ίσω, (μετέωρος, raised from the ground) to raise aloft; met. to unsettle in mind; pass. to be excited with anxiety, be in anxious suspense, Lu. 12. 29.

Μετοικεσία, as, ή, (μετοικέω, to change one's abode, μετά & οἰκέω) change of abode or country, migration, Mat. 1. 11, 12, 17. L. G

Μετοικίζω, f. ίσω, (μετά & οἰκίζω, to fix in a habitation) to cause to change an abode, cause to emigrate, Ac. 7. 4.

Mετοχή, η̂s, η̂, (μετέχω) a sharing, partaking; communion, fellowship, 2 Co. 6. 14.

Mέτοχος, ου, ο, (fr. same) a partaker, He. 3. 1, 14; 12. 8; an associate, partner, fellow, Lu. 5. 7. He. 1. 9.

Mετρέω, $\hat{\omega}$, \mathbf{f} . $\hat{\eta}$ σω, \mathbf{a} . 1. εμέτρησα, $(\mu \epsilon \tau \rho o \nu)$ to mete, measure, Mat. 7. 2. Re. 11. 1, 2, et al.; met. to estimate, 2 Co. 10. 12: whence

Mετρητής, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a measurer; also, metretes, Lat. metreta, equivalent to the Attic appopers, i.e. threefourths of the Attic μέδιμνος, or He-

MHK brew na, and therefore equal to about nine gallons, Jno. 2. 6.

Μετριοπάθέω, ω, f. ήσω, (μέτριος & πάθος) to moderate one's passions to be gentle, compassionate, He 5. 2. L. G.

Mετρίως, adv. (μέτριος, μέτρον) moderately; slightly; οὐ μετρίως, ne little, not a little, much, greatly, Ac. 20. 12.

Μετρον, ου, τό, measure, Mat. 7. 2. Mar. 4. 24. Lu. 6. 38. Re. 21. 17, et al.; measure, standard, Eph. 4. 13; extent, compass, 2 Co. 10. 13; allotted measure, specific portion, Ro. 12. 3. Eph. 4. 7, 16; ἐκ μέτρου, by measure, with definite limitation, Jno. 3, 34.

Μέτωπον, ου, τό, (μετά & ὧψ) forehead, front, Re. 7. 3; 9. 4, et al.

 $M \in \chi \rho \iota$, & $\mu \in \chi \rho \iota s$ before a vowel. adv., of place, unto, even to, Ro. 15. 19; of time, until, till, Mat. 11. 23; 13. 30, et al.

 $M\eta$, a particle of negation, not; for the particulars of its usage, especially as distinguished from that of où, see the grammars; as a conjunction, lest, that not, Mat. 5. 29, 30; 18. 10; 24. 6. Mar. 13. 36; μή, οτ μήτι, οτ μήποτε, prefixed to an interrogative clause is a mark of tone, since it expresses an intimation either of the reality of the matters respecting which the question is asked, Mat. 12. 23, et al.; or the contrary, Jno. 4. 12, et al.

Mήγε, a strengthened form for μή, (μή & γε) Mat. 6, 1; 9, 17, et al.

Μηδαμώς, adv. (μηδαμός, i. q. μηδείς) by no means, Ac. 10. 14; 11. 8.

Mηδέ, conj. neither, and repeated. neither-nor, Mat. 6. 25; 7. 6; 10. 9, 10; not even, not so much as, Mar. 2. 2, et al.

 $M\eta\delta\epsilon is$, $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon\mu i\check{a}$, $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon\nu$, ($\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$, ϵis) not one, none, no one, Mat. 8. 4, et al. Mηδέποτε, adv. (μηδέ & ποτε) not at any time, never, 2 Ti. 3. 7.

Mηδέπω, adv. (μηδέ & πω) not yet, not as yet, He. 11. 7.

Μηκέτι, adv. (μή & ἔτι) no more no longer, Mar. 1. 45; 2, 2, et al.

 $M\hat{\eta}\kappa os$, ϵos , $\tau \acute{o}$, length, Ep. 3. 18 Re. 21. 16: whence Μηκύνω, f. υνώ, to lengthen, pro

Digitized by Google

long; mid. to grow up, as plants, Mar. 4. 27.

Μηλωτή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, (μ $\hat{\eta}$ λον, a sheep) a sheepskin, He. 11. 37.

Mήν, μηνός, ό, a month, Lu. 1. 24, 26, 36, 56, et al.; in N. T., the new moon, the day of the new moon, Ga. 4. 10.

Mnv. a particle occurring in the N. T. only in the combination & univ. See &.

Μηνύω, f. ύσω, p. μεμήνυκα, a. 1. εμήνυσα, to disclose what is secret, Jno. 11. 57. Ac. 23. 30. 1 Co. 10. 28; to declare, indicate, Lu. 20. 37.

 $M\eta\pi o\tau\epsilon$, $(\mu\eta & \pi o\tau\epsilon)$ has the same significations and usage as $\mu \eta$; which see; He. 9. 17. Mat. 4. 6. Mat. 13. 15; also, whether, Lu. 3. 15.

 $M\dot{\eta}\pi\omega$, adv. $(\mu\dot{\eta} \& \pi\omega)$ not yet, not as yet, Ro. 9. 11. He. 9. 8. $M\eta\pi\omega s$, conj. $(\mu\dot{\eta} \& \pi\omega s)$ lest in

any way or means, that in no way, Ac. 27. 29. Ro. 11. 21. 1 Co. 8. 9; 9. 27, et al.; whether perhaps, I Th. 3. 5

Mημός, οῦ, ὁ, the thigh, Re. 19. 16. $M\eta\tau\epsilon$, conj. $(\mu\dot{\eta} \& \tau\epsilon)$ neither, $\mu\dot{\eta}\tau\epsilon$ —μήτε, V. μὴ—μήτε, V. μηδὲ—μήτε, neither—nor, Mat. 5. 34, 35, 36. Ac.

23. 8. 2 Th. 2. 2; in N. T. also equivalent to μηδέ, not even, not so much as, Mar. 3. 20.

Mήτηρ, τέρος, τρός, ή, a mother, Mat. 1. 18; 12. 49, 50, et al. freq.; a parent ctty, Ga. 4. 26. Re. 17. 5.

Mήτι, (μή & τι) has the same use as μή in the form el μήτι, Lu. 9. 13, et al. ; also when prefixed to an interrogative clause, Mat. 7. 16. Jno. 4. 29. See µή.

Μήτιγε, (μήτι & γε) strengthened for μήτι, surely then, much more then, 1 Co. 6. 3.

 $M\dot{\eta}\tau\rho a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\mu\dot{\eta}\tau\eta\rho)$ the womb, Lu. 2. 23. Ro. 4. 19.

Μητραλοίας, ν. -λώας, ου, δ, (μήτηρ & ἀλοιάω, poet. for ἀλοάω, to smite) a striker of his mother, matricide, 1 Ti. 1. 9.

Mía, see in els.

Μιαίνω, f. ανώ, a. 1. ἐμίηνα & ἐμίανα, р. неніаука, р. рявя. неніаона, а. 1. pass. εμιάνθην, pr. to tinge, dye, stain ; to pollute, defile, ceremonially, Jno.

MIZ 18.28; to corrupt, deprave, Tit. 1.18 He. 12. 15. Jude 8: whence

Μίασμα, ατος, τό, pollution, morel defilement, 2 Pe. 2. 20.

Mιασμός, οῦ, ὁ, pollution, defiling, 2 Pe. 2. 10. L. G.

Μίγμα, or μίγμα, ατος, τό, a mixture, Jno. 19. 39: from

Μίγνυμι & νύω, f. μίξω, a. 1. ξμιξα, p. pass. μέμιγμαι, to mix, mingle, Mat. 27. 34. Lu. 13. 1. Re. 8. 7.

Μικρός, ά, όν, little, small, in size, quantity, &c. Mat. 13. 32; small, little in age, young, not adult, Mar. 15. 40; little, short in time, Jno. 7. 33; μικρόν, sc. χρόνον, a little while, a short time, Jno. 13. 33; μετὰ μικρόν, after a little while, a little while afterwards, Mat. 26. 73; little in number, Lu. 12. 32; small, little in dignity, low, humble, Mat. 10. 42; 11. 11; μικρόν, as an adv., little, a little, Mat. 26. 39, et al.

Μίλιου, ίου, τό, (Lat. miliarium) a Roman mile, which contained mille passuum, 1000 paces, or 8 stadia, i. e. about 1680 English yards, Mat. 5. 41.

Μιμέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (μίμος, an imitator) to imitate, follow as an example, strive to resemble, 2 Th. 3. 7, 9. He. 13. 7. 3 Jno. 11: whence

Μιμητής, οῦ, ὁ, an imitator, follower, 1 Co. 4. 16. Eph. 5. 1, et al.

Μιμνήσκομαι, a. 1. ἐμνήσθην, f. μνησθήσομαι, p. μέμνημαι with pr. sig., (mid. of μιμνήσκω, to put in mind, remind) to remember, recollect, call to mind, Mat. 26, 75. Lu. 1, 54, 72: 16. 25; in N. T., in a passive sense, to be called to mind, be borne in mind, Ac. 10. 31. Re. 16. 19, et al.

Μισέω, ῶ, ε. ήσω, ρ. μεμίσηκα, a. l. ἐμίσησα, (μίσος, hatred) to hate, regard with ill-will, Mat. 5. 43, 44; 10. 22; to detest, abhor, Jno. 3. 20. Ro. 7. 15; in N. T., to regard with less affection, love less, esteem less, Mat. 6. 24. Lu. 14. 26.

 $M\iota\sigma\theta$ aποδοσία, as, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. the discharge of wages; requital; reward, He. 10. 35; 11. 26; punishment, He. 2. 2: from

Μισθαποδότης, ου, δ, (μισθός, αποδίδωμι) a bestower of remuneration, recompenser, rewarder, He. 11. 6. N. T.

Microso, ia, tov, hired; as subst. a hired servant, hireling, Lu. 15.17 19: (L. G.) from

Mισθός, οῦ, ὁ, hire, wages, Mat. 20. 8. Ja: 5. 4, et al.; reward, Mat. 5. 12, 46; 6. 1, 2, 5, 16, et al.; punishment, 2 Pe. 2. 13, et al.: whence

Mισθόω, ω̂, f. ωσω, to hire out, let out to hire; mid. to hire, Mat. 20. 1, 7: whence

Mίσθωμα, ατος, τό, hire, rent; in N. T., a hired dwelling, Ac. 28. 30.

Μισθωτός, οῦ, ὁ, a hireling, Mar. 1. 20. Jno. 10. 12, 13.

Mva, as, \(\bar{\eta}\), Lat. mina; a weight, equiv. to 100 druchma; also a sum, equiv. to 100 drachma and the sixtieth part of a talent, worth about four pounds sterling.

Μνεία, ας, ή, (μμνήσκομαι) remembrance, recollection, Ph. 1. 3. 1 Th. 3. 6. 2 Ti. 1. 3; mention, μείαν ποιείσσα, to make mention, Ro. 1. 9. Eph. 1. 16. 1 Th. 1. 2. Philem. 4.

Mνημα, ατος, τό, (μιμνήσκω) pr. a memorial, monument; a tomb, sepulchre, Mar. 5. 5, et al.

Μυημείου, ου, τό, (fr. same) the same, Mat. 8. 28; 23. 29, et al. Μυήμη, ης, ή, (fr. same) remem-

Μνήμη, ης, ἡ, (fr. same) remembrance, recollection; mention; μνήμην ποιείσθαι, to make mention, 2 Pe. 1. 15: whence

Mνημονεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐμνημόνευσα, to remember, recollect, call to mind, Mat. 16. 9. Lu. 17. 32. Ac. 20. 31, et al.; to be mindful of, to fix the thoughts upon, He. 11. 15; to make mention, mention, speak of, He. 11. 22.

Μνημόσυνον, ου, τό, (fr. same) a record, memorial, Ac. 10. 4; honourable remembrance, Mat. 26. 13. Mar. 14. 9.

Μυηστεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. pass. έμνηστεύθην, to ask in marriage; to betroth!; pass. to be betrothed, adfianced, Mat. 1. 18. Lu. 1. 27; 2. 5.

Moγιλάλοs, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (μόγις & λαλέω) having an impediment in one's speech, speaking with difficulty, a stammerer, Mar. 7.32. (a). S.

Móγις, adv. (μόγος, labour, toil) with difficulty, scarrely, hardly, Lu. 9, 29.

Módios, ou, ó, (Lat. modus) a medus, a Roman measure for things dry containing 16 sextarit, and equivalent to about a peck; in N. T., a commeasure, Mat. 5. 15. Mar. 4. 21. Lu. 11. 33.

Mοιχαλίς, ίδος, η, (equiv. to μοιχάς, fem. of μοιχός) an adulteress, Ro. 7. 3. Ja. 4. 4; by meton. an adulterous mien, lustful significance, 2 Pe. 2. 14; from the Heb., spiritually adulterous, faithless, ungodly, Mat. 12. 39; 16. 4. Mar. 8. 38. L. G.

Mοιχάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, (mid. of μοιχάω, to defile a married woman, fr. μοιχός) to commit or be guilty of adultery, Mat. 5. 32, et al.

Mosχεία, ας, ή, (μοιχός) adultery, Mat. 15. 19. Mar. 7. 21, et al.

Mοιχεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. εμοίχευσα, trans. to commit adultery with, debauch, Mat. 5. 28; abod. and mid. to commit adultery, Mat. 5. 27. Jno. 8. 4, et al.; to commit spiritual adultery, be guilty of idolatry, Re. 2. 22: from

Mοιχός, οῦ, ὁ, an adulterer, Lu.
18, 11, 1 Co. 6, 9, He. 13, 4, Ja. 4, 4.
Μόλις, αἀν. (μόλος, labour) with
difficulty, scarcely, hardly, Ac. 14,
18, 27, 7, 8, 16, Ro. 5, 7, Pe. 4, 18,

Μολύνω, f. υνώ, a. l. εμόλύνα, p. pass. μεμόλυσμα, a. l. εμολύνην. pr. to stain, sully; to defile, contaminate morally, l Co. 8. 7. Re. 14. 4; to soil, Re. 3. 4: whence

Moλυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, pollution, 2 Co. 7. 1. L. G.

Μομφή, ῆς, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) a complaint, cause or ground of complaint, Col. 3. 13.

Mονή, η̂s, η̂, (μένω) a stay in any place; an abode, dwelling, mansion, Jno. 14.2, 23.

Mονογενής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος & γένος) only begotten, only born, Lu. 7. 12; 8. 42; 9. 38. He. 11. 17; by impl. most dear, most beloved, Jno. 1. 14, 18; 3. 16, 18. I Jno. 4. 9.

Mόνον, adv. only, Mat. 5. 47; 8. 8; οὐ μόνον—ἀλλὰ καὶ, not only—kut also, Mat. 21. 21. Jno. 5. 18; μη ι.σ-νον—ἀλλὰ, not only—but, Ph. 2. 12, et al.: from

Móνος, η, ον, without accompani

121

ment, alone, Mat. 14. 23; 18. 15. Lu. 10. 40, et al.; singly existent, sole, only, Jno. 17. 3, et al.; lone, solitary, Jno. 8. 29; 16. 32; alone in respect of restriction, only, Mat. 4.4; 12.4, et al.; alone in respect of circumstances, only, Lu. 24. 18; not multiplied by reproduction, lone, barren, Jno. 12. 24.

Μονόφθαλμος, ου, δ, ή, (μόνος & οφθαλμός) one-eyed; deprived of an eye, Mat. 18. 9. Mar. 9. 47.

Mονόω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\omega}\sigma\omega$, p. pass. $\mu\epsilon\mu\acute{o}$ νωμαι, (μόνος) to leave alone; pass. to be left alone, be lone, 1 Ti. 5. 5.

 \mathbf{M} ορ $\mathbf{\phi}$ $\mathbf{\hat{\eta}}$, $\mathbf{\hat{\eta}}$ s, $\mathbf{\hat{\eta}}$, form, Mar. 16. 12. Phi. 2. 6, 7: whence

Μορφόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. pass. εμορφώθην, to give shape to, mould, fashion, Ga. 4. 19: whence

Mόρφωσις, εως, ή, pr. a shaping, moulding; in N. T., external form, appearance, 2 Ti. 3. 5; a settled form, prescribed system, Ro. 2. 20.

Μοσχοποιέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐμοσχοποίησα, (μόσχος & ποιέω) to form an image of a calf, Ac. 7. 41. N. T.

Mó $\sigma \chi os$, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a tender branch, shoot; a young animal; a calf, young bullock, Lu. 15. 23, 27, 30. He. 9. 12, 19. Re. 4. 7.

Μουσικός, ή, όν, (μοῦσα, a muse, song, music) pr. devoted to the arts of the Muses; a musician; in N. T., perhaps, a singer, Re. 18. 22.

 $M \delta \chi \theta o s$, ov, δ , wearisome labour, toil, travail, 2 Co. 11. 27. 1 Th. 2. 9. 2 Th. 3. 8.

Mυελός, οῦ, δ, marrow, He. 4. 12. Mυϵω, $\hat{ω}$, f. ησω, p. pass. μϵμύημαι, (μύω, to shut the mouth) to initiate, instruct in the sacred mysteries; in N. T. pass., to be disci-plined in a practical lesson, to learn a lesson, Phi. 4. 12.

 $M\hat{\upsilon}\theta$ os, ou, ó, a word, speech, a tale; a fable, figment, 1 Ti. 1. 4,

Μυκάομαι, ώμαι, to low, bellow, as a bull; also, to roar, as a lion, Re. 10. 33.

Μυκτηρίζω, f. ίσω, (μυκτήρ, the nose) to contract the nose in contempt and derision, toss up the nose; to mock, deride, Ga 6 7

Μυλικός, ή, όν, (μύλη, a mill) of ε mill, belonging to a mill, Mar. 9, 42 Mύλος, ου, ό, (fr. same) a mill-

stone, Mat. 18. 6, et al.: whence

Mυλου, ωνος, ό, a mill-house, a place where the grinding of corn was performed, Mat. 24. 41.

Mυριάς, άδος, ἡ, (μυρίος, innumera-ble) a myriad, ten thousand, Ac. 19. 19; indefinitely, a vast multitude, Lu. 12. 1. Ac. 21. 20, et al.

Μυρίζω, f. ίσω, (μύρον) to anoint, Mar. 14. 8.

Μυρίοι, αι, α, (μυρίος, innumerable) indefinitely, a great number, 1 Co. 4. 15; 14. 19; specifically, μύριοι, a myriad, ten thousand, Mat. 18. 24.

Mύρον, ου, τό, pr. sromatic juice which distils from trees; ointment, unguent, usually perfumed, Mat. 26. 7, 12. Mar. 14. 3, 4, et al.

Μυστήριον, ίου, τύ, (μύστης, an initiated person, μυέω) a matter to the knowledge of which initiation is necessary; a secret which would remain such but for revelation, Mat. 13. 11. Ro. 11. 25. Col. 1. 26, et al.; a concealed power or principle, 2 Th. 2. 7; a hidden meaning of a symbol, Re. 1. 20; 17. 7.

Μυωπάζω, f. άσω, (μύω, to shut, close, & ωψ) pr. to close the eyes, contract the eyelids, wink; to be nearsighted, dimsighted, purblind, 2 Pe. ĭ. 9.

 $M \dot{\omega} \lambda \omega \psi$, $\omega \pi o s$, \dot{o} , the mark of a blow; a stripe, a wound, 1 Pe. 2. 24.

Μωμάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ήσομαι, s. 1. pass. ἐμωμήθην, to find fault with, censure, blame, 2 Co. 8. 20; passively, 2 Co. 6. 3: from

Mωμος, ου, ό, blame, ridicule; a disgrace to society, a stain, 2 Pe.

Μωραίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. ἐμώρᾶνα, (μωρός) to be foolish, play the fool; in N. T., trans. to make foolish, convict of folly, 1 Co. 1. 20; pass. to be convicted of folly, to incur the character of folly, Ro. 1. 22; to be rendered insipid, Mat. 5. 13. Lu. 14. 34.

Mωρία, as, ή, (fr. same) foolishness, 1 Co. 1, 18, 21, 23, et al.

122

Mωμολογία, as, ή, (μωρός & λόγος) foolish talk, Ep. 5. 4.

Mωρός, ά, όν, foolish, Mat. 7. 26; 23, 17, 19. 2 Ti. 2. 23, et al.; fr. the Heb. a fool, a wicked, impious man, Mat. 5. 22.

N.

Naζαρηνός, οῦ, ὁ, v. Naζωραῖος, ου, ὁ, a Nazarene, an inhabitant of Naζαρέθ, Nazareth, Mat. 2. 23. Jno. 1. 47; et. al.

Nai, a particle, used to strengthen an affirmation, verily, Re. 22. 20; to make an affirmation, or express an assent, yea, yes, Mat. 5. 37. Ac. 5. 8, et al.

Naos, οῦ, ὁ, (ναίω, to dwell) pr. a dwelling; the dwelling of a deity, a temple, Mat. 26. 61. Ac. 7. 48, et al.; used figuratively of individuals, Jno. 2. 19. 1 Co. 3. 16, et al.; spc. the cell of a temple; hence, the Holy Place of the Temple of Jerusulem, Mat. 23. 35. Lu. 1. 9, et al.; a model of a temple, a shrine, Ac. 19. 24.

Nápôos, ou, ó, (Heb. 773) spikenard, andropogon nardus of Linn., a species of aromatic plant with grassy leaves and a fibrous root, of which the best and strongest grows in India; in N. T., oil of spikenard, an oil extracted from the plant, which was highly prized and used as an ointment either pure or mixed with other substances, Mar. 14. 3. Jno. 12. 3

Naυāγέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. l. ἐναυάγησα, (ναῦς & ἄγνυμ., to break) to make shipwreck, be shipwrecked, 2 Co. 11. 25. 1 Ti. l. 19.

Nαύκληρος, ου, ό, (ναῦς & κλῆρος) the master or owner of a ship, Ac. 27. 11.

Naûs, νεώs, ή, (νέω, to swim) a ship, vessel, Ac. 27. 41: whence

Nαύτης, ου, ό, a shipman, sailor, seaman, Ac. 27. 27, 30. Re. 18. 17.

Neāvias, ov, δ , (veáv, idem, fr. $\nu\epsilon$ 0s) a young man, youth, Ac. 20. 9.; 23. 17, 18, 22. used of one who is in the prime and vigour of life, Ac. 7.58.

Neāνίσκος, ου, ό, (fr. same) a young man, youth, Mar. 14.51; 16.5, et al.;

used of one in the prime of life, Mat 19. 20, 22; νεανίσκοι, soldiers, Mar 14. 51.

Neκρόs, ά, όν, (νέκυs, a dead body) dead, without life, Mat. 1. 5; 22. 31; met. νεκρός τινι, dead to a thing, no longer devoted to, or under the influence of a thing, Ro. 6. 11; in the sense of vain, fruitless, powerless, inefficacious, Ja. 2. 17, 20, 20; morally or spiritually dead, sinful, vicious, impious, Ro. 6. 13. Ep. 5. 14; obnoxious to death, mortal, Ro. 8. 10; met. and including the idea of future punishment and misery, Ep. 2. 1. 5. Col. 2. 13; causing death and misery, fatal, having a destructive power, He. 6. 1; 9. 14, et al.: whence

Nεκρόω, ῶ, f. ωσω, a. 1. ἐνέκρωσα, pr. to put to death, kill; in N. T. met., to deaden, mortify, Col. 3. 5; pass to be rendered impotent, effete, Ro. 4. 19. He. 11. 12: (L. G.) whence

Nέκρωσις, ϵ ως, $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a putting to death; dying, abandonment to death, 2 Co. 4. 10; deadness, impotency, Ro. 4. 19. L. G.

N έος, α, ον, recent, new, fresh, Mat. 9. 17. 1 Cor. 5. 7. Col. 3. 10. He. 12. 24; young, youthful, Tit. 2. 4, et al.: whence

Neοσσός, οῦ, ὁ, the young of birds, a young bird, youngling, chick, Lu. 2. 24.

Νεότης, ητος, ή, (νέος) youth, Mat. 19. 20. Ac. 26. 4, et al.

Nεόφυτος, ου, ό, ή, (νέος & φύω) newly or recently planted; met. a neophyte, one newly implanted into the Christian Church, a new convert, 1 Ti. 3. 6.

Nεύω, f. νεύσω, a. 1. ἔνευσα, to nod; to intimate by a nod or significant gesture, Jno. 13. 24. Ac. 24. 10.

Νεφέλη, ης, ή, a cloud, Mat. 17. 5; 24. 30; 26. 64, et al.

Nέφος, εος, τό, a cloud; trop. a cloud, a throng of persons, He. 12. 1.

 $N\epsilon\phi\rho\delta s$, $o\hat{v}$, δ , a kidney; $pl. \nu\epsilon\phi\rho\delta i$, the kidneys, reins; fr. the Heb. put for the inmost mind, the most secret thoughts, desires, and affections, Re 2. 23.

Νεωκόρος, ου, ό, ή, (ναός, At. νεώς, & κορέω, to sweep clean) pr. one who

sweeps or Ganses a temple; generally, one who has the charge of a temple, ædituus; in N. T., a devotee city, as having specially dedicated a temple to some deity, Ac. 19. 35.

Nεωτερικός, ή, όν, juvenile, natural to youth, youthful, 2 Ti. 2. 22: (L. G.) from

Nεώτερος, α ον, (compar. of νέος) younger, more youthful, Lu. 15. 12, 13, et al.

 $N\eta$, a particle used in affirmative oaths, by, 1 Co. 15. 31.

Nήθω, f. νήσω, (νέω, idem) to spin, Mat. 6. 28. Lu. 12. 27.

Nηπιάζω, f. άσω, to be childlike, 1 Co. 14. 20: from

Nήπιος, ίου, ὁ, (νή & ἔπος) pr. not speaking, infans; an infant, babe, child, Mat. 21. 16. 1 Cor. 13. 11; one below the age of manhood, a minor, Ga. 4. 1; met. a babe in knowledge, unlearned, simple, Mat. 11. 25. Ro.

Nησίον, ου, τό, a small island, Ac. 27. 16: dimin. of

 $\hat{N}\hat{\eta}\tau os$, ov, $\hat{\eta}$, ($\nu \epsilon \omega$, to swim) an island, Ac. 13. 6; 27. 26, et al.

Nnortia, as, n, fasting, want of food, 2 Co. 6, 5; 11, 27; a fast, religious abstinence from food, Mat. 17, 21. Lu. 2, 37, et al.; spc. the annual public fast of the Jews, the great day of atonement, occurring in the month Tisri, corresponding to the new moon of October, Ac. 27, 9: from

Νηστεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ενήστευσα, to fist, Mat. 4. 2; 6. 16, 17, 18; 9. 15, et al.: from

Νηστις, ιος, εως, & ιδος, δ, ή, (νή & ἐσθίω) fasting, Mat. 15. 32. Mar. 8. 3.

Nηφάλιος, and later νηφαλέος, ίου, δ, ή. sober, temperate, abstinent in respect to wine, &c.; in N. T. met., vigilant, circumspect, 1 Ti. 3. 2, 11. Tit. 2. 2: from

 $N\eta\phi\omega$, f. $\psi\omega$, a. 1. $\tilde{\epsilon}\nu\eta\psi a$, to be sober, not intoxicated; in N. T. met., to be vigilant, circumspect, 1 Th. 5. 6, 8, et al.

Nικάω, ω, f. ήσω, p. νενίκηκα, a. 1. ἐνίκησα, to conquer, overcome, vanquish, subdue, lu. 11. 22. Jno, 16 83; absol. to 0 v r come. prevail. Re. 5.5; to come off superior in a fudbcial cause, Ro. 3.4: from

Nίκη, ης, ή, victory; meton. a victorious principle, 1 Jno. 5. 4.

Nîκos, εος, τό, (a later equiv. to νίκη) victory, Mat. 12. 20. 1 Co. 15. 54, 55, 57.

Nιπτήρ, ηρος, a basin for washing some part of the person, Jno. 13. 5: (N. T.) from

Níπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔνιψα, (a form of later use for νίζω) to wash; spc. to wash some part of the person, as distinguished from λούω, Mat. 6. 17. Jno. 13. 8, et al.

No $\epsilon \omega$, ϵ , ϵ , $\delta \omega$, ϵ , $\delta \omega$

Nοήμα, ατος, τό, the mind, the un derstanding, Intellect, 2 Co. 3. 14; 4. 4; the heart, soul, affections, feelings, disposition, 2 Co. 11. 3; a conception of the mind, thought, purpose, device, 2 Co. 2. 11; 10. 5.

No θ os, ov, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, spurious, bastard, He. 12. 8.

Noμή, η̂s, η̄, (νέμω) pasture, pasturage, Jno. 10. 9; ἔχειν νομήν, to eat its way, spread corrosion, 2 Ti. 2. 17.

Nομίζω, f. ίσω, p. νενόμικα, a. 1. ένόμισα, (νόμος) to ονπ as settled and established; to deem, 1 Co. 7. 26. 1 Ti. 6. 5; to suppose, presume, Mat. 5. 17; 20. 10. Lu. 2. 44, et al.; pass. to be usual, customary, Ac. 16. 13.

Nομικόs, ή, όν, (fr. same) pertaining to law, relating to the Mosaic law, Tit. 3. 9; as subst. one skilled in law, a jurist, lawyer, Tit. 3. 13; spc. an interpreter and teucher of the Mosaic law, Mat. 22. 35, et al.

Noμμῶs, adv. (fr. same) lawfully, agreeably to law or custom, rightfully, 1 Ti. 1. 8. 2 Ti. 2. 5.

Nόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) pr. a thing sanctioned by law or custom; lawful money, coin, Mat. 22. 19.

Νομοδιδάσκαλος, ου, ό, (νόμος & διδάσκαλος) a teacher and interpretes of the Mosaic law, Lu 5. 17, et al N. T.

83; absol. to overcome, prevail, Re. Νομοθεσία, as, ή, legislation;

124

pomoteria, the gift of the divine Law, or, the Mosaic Law itself, Ro. 9. 4: from

Νομοθετέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to impose a law, give laws; in N. T., pass. to have a law imposed on one's self, re-ceive a law, He. 7, 11; to be enacted, constituted, He. 8. 6: from

Νομοθέτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος & τίθημι) a legislator, lawgiver, Ja. 4. 12.

Nόμος, ου, ό, (νέμω) a law, Ro. 4. 15. 1 Ti. 1. 9; the Mosaic law, Mat. 5. 17, et al. freq.; the Old Testament Scripture, Jno. 10. 34; a legal tie, Ro. 7. 2, 3; a law, a rule, standard, Ro. 3. 27; a rule of life and conduct, Ga. 6. 2. Ja. 1. 25.

Nοσ ϵ ω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}$ σω, (νόσος) to be sick; met. to have a diseased appetite or craving for a thing, have an excessive and vicious fondness for a thing, to dote, 1 Ti. 6. 4: whence

Νόσημα, ατος, τό, disease, sickness, Jno. 5. 4.

Nόσος, ου, ή, a disease, sickness, distemper, Mat. 4. 23, 24; 8. 17; 9. 35, et al.

Νοσσιά, âs, ή, (contr. for νεοσσιά, fr. veogoos) a brood of young birds, Lu. 13. 34.

Νοσσίον, ου, τό, (contr. for νεοσσίον, dim. from νεοσσός) the young of birds, a chick; pl. a brood of young birds, Mat. 23. 37.

Νοσσός, οῦ, ὁ, (contr. for νεοσσός) a young bird, v. r. Lu. 2. 24.

Νοσφίζω, f. ίσω, (νόσφι, apart, separate) to deprive, rob; mid. to appropriate; to make secret reservation, Ac. 5. 2, 3; to purioin, Tit.

Nότος, ου, ό, the south wind, Lu. 12. 55. Ac. 27. 13; meton. the south, the southern quarter of the heavens, Mat. 12. 42. Lu. 11. 31; 13. 29. Re. 21, 13,

Noυθεσία, as, ή, warning, admonition, 1 Co. 10. 11. Ep. 6. 4. Tit. 3. 10:

Νουθετέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (νοῦς & τίθημι) pr. to put in mind; to admonish, warn, Ac 20.31. Ro. 15. 14, et al. Νουμηνία, as, ή, (contr. for νεομη-

νία, νέος & μήν) the new moon, Col.

Νουνεχώς, adv. (νουνεχής, νους & έχω) understandingly, sensibly, discreetly, Mar. 12. 34.

Noûs, voû, & in N. T. voós, dat. νοί, δ, (contr. for νόος) the mind, intellect, 1 Co. 14. 14, 15, 19; understanding, intelligent faculty, Lu. 24, 45; intellect, judgment, Ro. 7, 23, 25; opinion, sentiment, Ro. 14, 5, 1 Co. 1. 10; mind, thought, conception, Ro. 11. 34. 1 (20. 2. 16. Phi. 4. 7; settled state of mind, 2 Th. 2. 2; frame of mind, Ro. 1. 28; 12. 2. Col. 2. 18. Eph. 4. 23. 1 Ti. 6. 5. 2 Ti. 2. 18. Eph. 4. 2 3. 8. Tit. 1. 15.

Νύμφη, ης, ή, a bride, Jno. 8. 29. Re. 18. 23; 21. 2, 9; 22. 17; opposed to πενθερά, a daughter-in-law. Mat. 10. 35. Lu. 12. 53: whence

Νυμφίος, ου, ό, a bridegroom, Mat. 9, 15; 25, 1, 5, 6, 10, et al.

Νυμφών, ώνος, ό, a bridal cham ber; in N. T., νίοὶ τοῦ νυμφῶνος, sons of the bridal chamber, the bridegroom's attendant friends, bride-men, perhaps the same as the Greek παρανύμφιοι, Mat. 9. 15. Mar. 2. 19. Lu. 5. 34. L. G.

Nῦν, & νυνί, adv. now, at the pre sent time, Mar. 10. 30. Lu. 6. 21, et al. freq.; just now, Jno. 11. 8, et al.; forthwith, Jno. 12, 31; καὶ νῦν, even now, as matters stand, Jno. 11. 22; now, expressive of a marked tone of address, Ac. 7. 34; 13. 11. Ja. 4. 13; 5. 1; τό νῦν, the present time, Lu. 48, et al.; τανῦν, οr τὰ νῦν, now, Ac. 4. 29, et al.

Νύξ, νυκτός, ή, night, Mat. 2. 14; 28. 13. Jno. 3. 2; met. spiritual night, moral darkness, Ro. 13. 12. 1 Th.

Νύσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ένυξα, to prick, pierce, Jno. 19. 34.

Νυστάζω, f. σω & ξω, (νεύω) to nod; to nod in sleep; to sink into a sleep, Mat. 25. 5; to slumber in inactivity, 2 Pe. 2. 3.

Νυχθήμερον, ου, τό, (νύξ & ἡμέρα) a day and night, twenty-four hours, 2 Co. 11, 25, L. G.

Nωθρός, \dot{a} , $\dot{o}\nu$, slow, sluggish; untoward, He. 5. 11; 6. 12.

Νώτος, ου, ό, the back of men of animals, Ro. 11. 10.

Z.

Zevia, as, η, (ξένος) pr. state of being a guest; then, the reception of a guest or stranger, hospitality; in N. T. a lodging, Ac. 28. 23. Phile. 22.

Σενίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐξένισα, (fr. same) to receive as a guest, entertain, Ac. 10. 23; 28. 7. He. 13. 2; pass. to be entertained as a guest, to lodge or reside with, Ac. 10. 6, 18, 32; 21. 16; to strike with a feeling of strangeness, to surprise; pass. or mid. to be struck with surprise, be staggered, be amazed, 1 Pe. 4. 4, 12; intrans. to be strange; ξενίζοντα, strange matters, novelties, Ac. 17. 20.

Χενοδοχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ξενοδόχος, ξίνος & δέχομαι) to receive and entertain strangers, exercise hospitality,

1 Ti. 5. 10.

Ξένος, η, ον, adj. strange, foreign;
 alien, Ep. 2. 12, 19; strange, unexpected, surprising, 1 Pc. 4. 12; novel,
 He. 13. 9; subst. a stranger, Mat.
 25. 35, et al.; a host, Ro. 16. 23.

Σέστης, ου, ό, (Lat. sextus, v. sextarius) a sextarius, a Roman measure containing about one pint English; in N. T., used for a small vessel, cup,

pot, Mar. 7. 4, 8.

Ξηραίνο, f. ανῶ, a. l. ἐξήρανα, p. pass ἐξηρανα, p. to dry up, parch, Ja. l. li; pass. to be parched, Mat. l3. 6, et al.; to be ripened as corn. Re. l4. l5; to be withered, to wither, Mar. l1. 20; of parts of the body, to be withered, Mar. 3. l, 3; to pine, Mar. 9. l8: from

Ξηρός, ά, όν, dry, withered, Lu. 23. 31; ή ξηρά, 8c. γῆ, the dry land, land, Mat. 23. 15. He. 11. 29; of parts of the body, withered, tabid, Mat. 12. 10.

Σύλινος, ίνη, ίνον, wooden, of wood, made of wood, 2 11. 2. 20. Re. 9. 20: from

Σύλον, ου, τό, wood, timber, 1 Co. 3. 12. Re. 18. 12; stocks, Ac. 16. 24; a club, Mat. 26. 47, 55; a post, cross, gibbet, Ac. 5. 30; 10. 39; 13. 29; a tree, Lu. 23. 31. Re. 2. 7.

Tυράω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἐξύρησα, p. pass. ἐξύρημαι, (ἐγρόν, a razor) to cut off the hair, shear, shave, Ac, 21. 24. 1 Co. 11. 5. 6. О.

O, \$\hat{\eta}\$, \$\tau\eta\$, the prepositive article answering, to a considerable extent to the English definite article: but, for the principle and facts of its usage, see the Grammars; \$\hat{\eta}\$ \text{u}\text{v}\to \hat{\eta}\$, the one—the other, Ph. 1. 16, 17. He. 7. 5, 6, 20, 21, 23, 24; \$\text{pl}\$. some—others, Mat. 13. 23; 22. 5, 6; \$\hat{\eta}\$, \$\hat{\eta}\$, but he, Mat. 4. 4; 12. 48; \$\hat{\eta}\$, \$\hat{\eta}\$ \hat{\eta}\$, but others, Mat. 28. 17, et al.; used, in a poetic quotation, for a personal pronous, Ac. 17. 28.

'Ογδοήκοντα, oi, ai, τά, indecl., eighty, Lu. 2. 37; 16. 7: from

Ογδοος, η, ον, (ὀκτώ) the eighth Lu. 1. 59. Ac. 7. 8, et al.

'Ογκος, ου, δ, pr. bulk, weight; a burden, impediment, He. 12. 1.

"Οδε, $\tilde{\eta}$ δε, τόδε, demon. pron. (δ , $\tilde{\eta}$, τό & δ ε) this, that, he, she, it, Lu 10. 39; 16. 25. Ac. 15. 23, et al.

39; 16. 25. Ac. 15. 23, et al. 'Οδεύω, f. εύσω, (όδός) to journey, travel, Lu. 10. 33.

Οδηγέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to lead, guide, Mat. 15. 14. Lu. 6. 39. Re. 7. 17; met. to instruct, teach, Jno. 16. 13. Ac. 8. 31: from

*Οδηγός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὁδός & ἡγέομαι) a guide, leader, Ac. l. 16; met. an instructor, teacher, Mat. 15. 14; 23. 16, 24. Ro. 2. 19.

'Οδοιπορέω, ω, f. ήσω, (όδός & πόρος) to journey, travel, Ac. 10. 9: whence

'Οδοιπορία, as, ή, a journey, journeying, travel, Jno. 4. 6. 2 Co. 11.

Odós, oû, ἡ, a way, road, Mat. 2. 12; 7.13, 14; 8.28; 22.9, 10; means of access, approach, entrance, Juo. 14. 6. He. 9. 8; direction, quarter, region, Mat. 4. 15; 10. 5; the act of journeying, a journey, way, course, Mat. 10. 10. Mar. 2. 23. 1 Th. 3. 11, et al.; a journey, as regards extent, Ac. 1. 12; met. a way, systematic course of pursuit, Lu. 1. 79. Ac. 2. 28; 16. 17; a way, systematic course of action or conduct, Mat. 21. 32. Bo. 11. 33. 1 Co. 4. 17, et al.; a way, system of doctrine, Ac. 18. 26; ἡ öðer, the way, the Christian faith, Ac. 13. 9, 23; 24. 22.

Odoύs, οδόντος, ο, a tooth, Mat. 5. 38; 8. 12, et al.

Oδυνάω, ω, to pain either bodily or mentally; pass. to be in an agony, be tormented, Lu. 2. 48; 16. 24, 25; to be distressed, grieved, Ac. 20. 38: from

*Οδύνη, ης, η, pain of body or mind; sorrow, grief, Ro. 9. 2. 1 Ti. 6. 10. (υ).

³ Οδυρμός, οῦ, ὁ, (οδυρομαι, to lament, bewail) bitter lamentation, wailing, Mat. 2. 18; meton. sorrow, mourning, 2 Co. 7. 7.

Oζω, f. οζήσω, & οζέσω, to smell, emit an odour; to have an offensive smell, stink, Jno. 11. 39.

Oθεν, adv. whence, Mat. 12. 44. Ac. 14. 26; from the place where, Mat. 25. 24, 26; whence, from which circumstance, I Jno. 2. 18; wherefore, whereupon, Mat. 14. 7.

 $O\theta \acute{o}\nu \eta$, ηs , $\acute{\eta}$, pr. fine linen; a linen cloth; a sheet, Ac. 10. 11; 11. 5:

whence the dimin.

^{*}Οθόνιον, ου, τό, a linen cloth; in N. T., a swath, bandage for a corpse, Lu. 24. 12, et al.

Olda, 2 p. from obsol. είδω, with the sense of the present, plup. Heav, imper. iods, subj. είδο, opt. είδειρν, inf. είδεναι, part. είδως, f. είσομαι, & είδησω, to know, Mat. 6. 8, et al.; to know how, Mat. 7. 11, et al.; fr. Heb. to regard with favour, 1 Thess. 5. 12.

Olkeios, eia, eiov, (olkos) belonging to a house, domestic; pl. members of a family, immediate kin, 1 Ti. 5. 8; members of a spiritual family, Eph. 2. 19; members of a spiritual brotherhood, Ga. 6. 10.

Oἰκέτης, ου, ό, pr. an inmate of a house; a domestic servant, house-hold slave, Lu. 16. 13. Ac. 10. 7. Ro. 14. 4. 1 Pe. 2. 18 · from

Oἰκέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (οἰκος) to dwell in, inhabit, 1 Ti. 6, 16; intrans. to dwell, live; to cohabit, 1 Co. 7, 12, 13; to be indwelling, indwell, Ro. 7, 17, 18, 20; 8, 9, 11, 1 Co. 3, 16: whence

Olkημα, ατος, τό, a dwelling; used in various conventional senses, and among them, a prison, Ac. 12. 7.

Οἰκητήριον, a habitation, dwelling,

abode. Jude 6; trop. the abode of the soul, the bodily frame, 2 Co. 5. 2

Olkía, as, η , (olkos) a house, dwelling, abode, Mat. 2. 11; 7. 24, 27, et al.; trop. the abode of the soul, the body, 2 Co. 5. 1; meton. a household, family, Mat. 10. 13; 12. 25; meton. goods, property, means, Mat. 23. 13. et al.; whence

Oἰκιακός, οῦ, ὁ, belonging to a house; pl. the members of a house-hold or family, kindred, Mat. 10. 25, 36. L. G.

Oἰκοδεσποτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, pr. to be master of a household; to occupy one's self in the management of a household, 1 Ti. 5. 14: (L. G.) from

Oἰκοδεσπότης, ου, ὁ, (οἰκος & δεσπότης) the master or head of a house or family, Mat. 10. 25; 13. 27, 52, et al. L. G.

Οἰκοδομεω, ῶ, f. ησω, a. 1. ωκοδόμησα, p. pass. ψκοδόμημα, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house; to build, Mat. 7. 24, et al.; to repair, embellish, and amplify a building, Mat. 23. 29, et al.; to construct, establish, Mat. 16 18; met. to contribute to advancement in religious knowledge, to edify, 1 Co. 14, 4, 17; to advance a person s spiritual condition, to edify, 1 Co. s. 1, et al.; pass. to make spiritual advancement, be edified, Ac. 9. 31; to advance in presumption, be emboldened, 1 Co. 8. 10.

Oἶκοδομή, η̂s, η̂s, pr. the act of building; a building, structure, Mat. 24. 1, et al.; in N. T., a spiritual structure, as instanced in the Christian body, 1 Co. 3. 9. Eph. 2. 21; religious advancement, edification, Ro. 14. 19. 1 Co. 14. 3, et al. L. G.

Oἰκοδομία, as, η, pr. a building of a house; met. spiritual advancement, edification, v. r. 1 Ti. 1. 4.

Olkodóμος, ου, ό, (οίκος & δέμω) a builder, architect, v. r. Ac. 4. 11.

Olκονομέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (οἰκονόμος) to manage a household; to manage the affairs of any one, be steward, Lu. 16.2: whence

Οἰκονομία, ας, ή, pr. the management of a household; a stewardship, Lu. 16. 2, 3, 4; in N. T., an apostolic stewardship, a ministerial commission in the publication and further 127

ance of the Gospel, 1 Co. 9. 17. Eph. 1. 10; 3. 2. Col. 1. 25; or, an arranged plan, a scheme, Eph. 1. 10; a due discharge of a commission, 1 Ti. 1. 4.

Oἰκονόμος, ου, ό, the manager of a household; a steward, Lu. 12. 42; 16. 1, 3, 8. 1 Co. 4. 2; a manager, trustee, Ga. 4. 2; a public steward, treasurer, Ro. 16. 23; a spiritual steward, the holder of a commission in the service of the Gospel, 1 Co. 4. 1. Tit. 1. 7. 1 Pe. 4. 10.

Olkos, ov, δ , a house, dwelling, Mat. 9. 6, 7. Mar. 2. 1, 11, 3. 20, et al.; place of abode, seat, site, Mat. 23. 38. Lu. 13. 35; met. a spiritual house or structure, 1 Pet. 2. 5; meton. a household, family, Lu. 10. 5; 11. 17; a spiritual household, 1 Ti. 3. 15. He. 3. 6; family, lineage, Lu. 1. 27, 69; 2. 4; fr. the Heb. a people, nation, Mat. 10. 6; 15. 24.

Olkoupéin, ηs, η, (pr. fem. part. pass. of οἰκού) scil. γη, the habitable earth, world, Mat. 24. 14. Ro. 10. 18. He. 1. 6, et al.; used, however, with various restriction of meaning, according to the context, Lu. 2. 1. Ac. 17. 6, et al.; meton. the inhabitants of the earth, the whole human race, mankind, Ac. 17. 31; 19. 27. Re. 3. 10.

Olkouργός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (olkos & ἔργον) one who is occupied in domestic affairs, v.r. Tit. 2.5. N. T.

Oἰκουρός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος & οὖρος, a watcher) pr. a keeper or guard of a house; a home-keeper, stay-athome, domestic, Tit. 2. 5.

Olκτείρω, later f. ήσω, (οίκτος, compassion) to compassionate, have compassion on, exercise grace or favour towards, Ro. 9. 15: whence

Olκτιρμός, οῦ, ὁ, compassion; kindness in relieving sorrow and vant, Ph. 2. 1. Col. 3.12; favour, grace, mercy, Ro. 12. 1. 2 Co. 1. 3.

Οἰκτίρμων, ονος, ό, ή, compassionate, merciful, Lu. 6. 36. Ja. 5. 11.

Olvoπότης, ου, ό, ή, (οlvos & πότης, πίνω) wine-drinking; in a bad sense, a wine-bibber, tippler, Mat. 11. 19. Lu. 7. 34.

Olyos, ov, o, wine, Mat. 9. 17. Mar. 2. 22, et al.; meton the vine and

its clusters, Re. 6. 6; met. olver, a potion, olves τοῦ θυμοῦ, a furiou. potion, Re. 14. 8, 10; 16. 19; 17. 2, 18. 3.

Oἰνοφλῦγία, ας, ἡ, (οἰνόφλυξ, οἶνος & φλύω, to bubble over, overflow) a debauch with wine, drunkenness, 1 Pe. 4. 3.

Oἴομαι, syncop. οἶμαι, f. οἰήσομαι, to think, suppose, imagine, presume, Jno. 21. 25. Phil. 1, 16. Ja. 1. 7.

Olos, ola, olov, rel. pron. correlative to ποίος & τοίος, what, of what kind or sort, as, Mat. 24. 21. Mar. 9. 3, et al.; οὐχ οίον, not so as, Ro. 9. 6.

 $Oi\sigma\omega$, fut. of $\phi\epsilon\rho\omega$; which see.

[°]Oκνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἄκνησα, (ὅκνος, backwardness, slowness) to be slow, loth; to delay, hesitate, Ac. 9. 38: whence

²Oκνηρός, ά, όν, slow; slothful, indolent, idle, Mat. 25. 26. Ro. 12. 11; tedious, troublesome, Ph. 3. 1.

²Οκταήμερος, ου, ό, ή, (ὀκτώ & ἡμέρα) on the eighth day, Ph. 3. 5. N. T.

Οκτώ, οί, αί, τά, eight, Lu. 2. 21; 9. 28, et al.

Oλεθρος, ου, δ, (δλλυμ, to destroy) perdition, destruction, 1 Co. 5. 5, et al.

'Ολίγον, adv. (pr. neut. of ολίγος)
a little, Mar. 1. 19; 6. 31, et al.

'Ολιγόπιστος, ου, δ, ή, (ὀλίγος & πίστις) scant of faith, of little faith, one whose faith is small and weak, Mat. 6. 30; 8. 26, et al. N. T.

'Ολίγος, η, ον, little, small, in number, &c.; pl. few, Mat. 7. 14; 9. 37; 20. 16. Lu 13. 23; δι δλίγων, &c. λόγων, in a few words, briefly, 1 Pe. 5. 12; little in time, short, brief, Ac. 14. 28. Re. 12. 12; πρὸς δλίγον, &c. χρόνον, for a short time, for a little while, Ja. 4. 14; little, small, light, &c. in magnitude, amount, &c., Lu. 7. 47. Ac. 12. 18; 15. 2; ἐν ὀλίγω, concisely, briefly, Ep. 3. 3; almost, Ac. 26. 28, 29.

'Ολιγόψῦχος, ου, δ, ἡ, (ὀλίγος & ψυχή) faint-hearted, desponding, 1 Th. 5. 14. L. G.

'Ολιγωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὀλίγος & ῶρα, care) to neglect, regard slightly, make light of, despise, contemn, He. 12. 5.

Ολίγως, adv. (ολίγος) little, scarcely, v. r. 2 Pe. 2. 18.

Ολοθρευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a destroyer, 1 Co. 10: (N. T.) from

'Ολοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (ὅλεθρος) to destroy, cause to perish, He. 11.28. S.

Oλοκαυτωμα, ατος, τό, (όλοκαυτόω, to offer a whole burnt offering, δλόκαυτος, δόσς & καίω) a holocaust, whole burnt offering, Mar. 12. 33. He. 10. 6, 8. S.

Oλοκληρία, as, ή, perfect soundness, Ac. 3. 16: (S.) from

Oλόκληρος, ου, ό, ή, (ὅλος & κλῆρος) whole, having all its parts, sound, perfect, complete in every part; in N. T., the whole, 1 Th. 5. 23; morally, perfect, faultless, blameless, Ja. 1. 4.

"Ολολύζω, f. ξω, a. 1. ωλόλυξα, pr. to cry aloud in invocation; to howl, utter cries of distress, lament, bewail, Ja. 5. 1.

Oλos, η, ον, all, whole, entire, Mar. 1. 22; 4. 23, 24, et al. freq.

⁶Ολοτελής, έος, ό, ή, (ὅλος & τελος) complete; all, the whole, 1 Th. 5. 13.

*Oλυνθος, ov, ό, an unripe or unseasonable fig, such as lying under the foliage, do not ripen at the usual season, but hang on the trees during winter, Re. 6. 13.

"Ολως, adv. (ὅλος) wholly, altogether; actually, really, re vera, 1 Co. 5. 1; 6. 7; 15. 29; with a negative, at all, Mat. 5. 34.

"Oμβρος, ου, ό, (Lat. imber) rain, a storm of rain, Lu. 12. 54.

*Ομείρομαι, to desire earnestly, have a strong affection for, v. r. 1 Th. 2.8.

*Ομίλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὅμιλος) to be in company with, associate with; to converse with, talk with, Lu. 24. 14, 15. Ac. 20. 11; 24. 26.

'Ομιλία, ας, ή, intercourse, communication, converse, 1 Co. 15. 33: from

'Ομιλος, ου, δ, (όμοῦ, & ἴλη, a band) a multitude, company, crowd, Re. 18. 17.

*Ο_[ιίχλη, ης, ή, a mist, fog; a cloud, v r. 2 Pe. 2. 17.

"Ομμα, ατος, τό, the eye, Mar. 8. 32.

Ομνύω, v. δμνῦμι, f. ὀμοῦμαι, p ὁμώμοκα, a. l. ὥμοσα, to swear, Mat 5. 34, et al.; to promise with an oath, Mar. 6. 23. Ac. 2. 30; 7. 17, et al. (ΰ).

Oμοθυμάδου, adv. (όμοῦ & θυμός) with one mind, with one accord unanimously, Ac. 1. 14. Ro. 15. 6; together, at once, at the same time, Ac. 2. 1, 46; 4. 24, ct al.

^c Ομοιάζω, f. άσω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble, Mar. 14. 70. N. T.

*Oμοιοπάθής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ὅμοιος & πάθος) being affected in the same way as another, subject to the same incidents, of like infirmities, obnoxious to the same frailties and evils, Ac. 14. 15. Ja. 15. 17.

⁷Ομοιος, οία, οιον, (όμός) like, similar, resembling, Mat. 11. 16; 13. 31, 33, 44, 45, 47, 52. Jno. 8. 55, et al. freq.; like, of similar drift and force, Mat. 22. 39. Mar. 12. 31: whence

*Ομοιότης, τητος, ή, likeness, similitude, He. 4. 15; 7. 15.

'Όμοιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ὡμοίωσα, to make like, cause to be like or resemble, assimilate; pass. to be made like, become like, resemble, Mat. 6. 8; 13. 24; 18. 23; to liken, compare, Mat. 7. 24, 26; 11. 16, et al.: whence

Oμοίωμα, ατος, τό, pr. that which is conformed or assimilated; form, shape, figure, Re. 9. 7; likeness, resemblance, similitude, Ro. 1. 23; 5. 14; 6. 5; 8. 3. Ph. 2. 7.

[°]Oμοίως, adv. (ὄμοιος) likewise, in a similar manner. Mat. 22. 26; 27. 41. Mar. 4. 16, et al.

Ομοίωσις, εως, ή, (όμοιόω) pr. assimilation; likeness, resemblance, Ja. 3. 9.

'Ομολογέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ωμολόγησα, ἰρμός, like, & λόγος) to speak in accordance, adopt the same terms of language; to engage, promise, Mat. 14. 7; to admit, avow frankly, Ino. 1. 20. Ac. 24. 14; to confess, I Jno. 1. 9; to profess, confess, Jno. 9. 22; 12. 42. Ac. 23. 8, t al.; to avouch declare openly and solemnly, Mat. 7. 23; in N. T., ὁμολογείν ἐν. 10 accordabelief, Mat. 10. 32. Lu. 12. 8; to accordance of the confession of the conf

cor. approbation, Lu. 12.8; fr. Heb. to accord praise, He. 13. 15: whence 'Ομολογία, ας, ή, assent, consent; profession, 2 Co. 9. 13. 1 Ti. 6. 12, 13. He. 3. 1; 4. 14; 10. 23.

⁶Ομολογουμένως, adv. (ὁμολογούμενος, pass. pr. part. of ὁμολογό ω) confessedly, avowedly, without controversy, 1 Tl. 3. 16.

*Ομότεχνος, ου, ό, ή, (όμός, the same, & τέχνη) of the same trade or occupation, Ac. 18. 3.

Oμοῦ, adv. (ὁμός) together; in the same place, Jno. 21. 2; together, at the same time, Jno. 4. 36; 20. 4.

⁶Ομόφρων, ονος, ό, ή, (όμός & φρήν) of like mind, of the same mind, likeminded, 1 Pe. 3. 8.

"Ομως, conj. (όμός) yet, nevertheless; with μέντοι, but nevertheless, but for all that, Jno. 12. 42; in N. T., even, though it be but, 1 Co. 14. 7. Ga. 3. 15.

Ovaρ, τό, indec., a dream, Mat. 1. 20; 2. 12, 13, 19, 22; 27. 19.

³Ονάριον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of ὅνος) a young ass, an ass's colt, Jno. 12.

*Oνειδίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ωνείδισα, (δνειδο) to censure, inveigh against, Mat. 11. 20. Mar. 16. 14; to upbraid, Ja. 1. 5; to revile, insult with opprobrious language, Mat. 5. 11, et al.: υλεπικε

^o Oνειδισμός, οῦ, ὁ, censure, 1 Ti. 3.7; reproach, reviling, contumely, Ro. 15. 3, et al. L. G.

Overdos, εos, τό, pr. fame, report, character; usually, reproach, disgrace, Lu. 1. 25.

Oυίνημι, f. ονήσω, to 1elp, profit, benefit; mid. ονίναμαι, a. 2. ωνήμην & ωνάμην, opt. οναίμην, to receive profit, pleasure, &c.; with a gen. to have joy of, Phile. 20.

Ονικός, ή, όν, (ὄνος) pertaining to an ass; μύλος ὀνικός, a millstone turned by an ass, a large, or, an upper, millstone, Mat. 18. 6. Lu. 17. 2. N. T.

Oνομα, ατος, τό, a name; the proper name of a person, &c., Mat. 1.23, 25; 10.2; 27.32, et al.; a mere name or reputation, Re. 3. 1: in N. T., a name as the representative of a per-

sm, Mat 6.9. Lu. 6. 22; 11. 2; the name of the author of a commission, delegated authority, or religious prefession, Mat. 7. 22; 10. 22; 12. 21; 18. 5, 20; 19. 29; 21. 9; 28. 19. Ac. 3. 16; 4. 7, 12, et al.; eis ovoqua, es ovoquara, on the score of being possessor of a certain character, Mat. 10. 41, 42. Mar. 9. 41; whence

^oOνομάζω, f. άσω, to name, Lu. 6. 14; to style, entitle, Lu. 6. 13. 1 Co. 5. 11; to make mention of, 1 Co. 5. 1. Eph. 5. 3; to make known, Ro. 15. 20; to pronounce in exorcism, Ac. 19. 13; in N. T., to profess, 2 Ti. 2. 19.

Ovos, ου, ό, ή, an ass, male or female, Mat. 21. 2, 5, 7, et al.

Οντως, adv. (ὧν, ὄντος, pres. part. of εἰμί) really, in truth, 'ruly, Mar. 11. 32. Lu. 23. 47, et al.

Ofos, eos, ró, vinegar; a wine of sharp flavour, posca, which was an ordinary beverage, and was often mixed with bitter herbs, &c., and thus given to condemned criminals in order to stupify them, and lessen their sufferings, Mat. 27. 34, 48. Mar. 15. 36. Lu. 23. 36. Jno. 19. 29, 30: from

'Οξύς, εῖα, ύ, sharp, keen, Re. 1. 16; 2. 12: 14. 14, 17, 18; 19. 15; swift, nimble, Ro. 3. 15.

 $O\pi\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{\eta}s$, $\acute{\eta}$, a hole; a hole, vent, opening, Ja. 3. 11; a hole, cavern, He. 11. 38.

Oπισθεν, adv. of place, from behind, behind, after, at the back of, Mat. 9. 20; 15. 23, et al.

'Oπίσω, adv. behind, after, at one's back, Mat. 4. 10; Lu. 7. 38. Re. 1. 10; τὰ δπίσω, the things which are behind, Phi. 3. 14; δπίσω & είς τὰ δπίσω, back, backwards, Mat. 24. 18. Mar. 13, 16. Lu. 9. 62.

'Οπλίζω, f. ίσω, to arm, equip; mid. to arm one's self, equip one's self, 1 Pe. 4. 1: from

"Όπλον, ου, τό, an implement, Ro. 6. 13; pl. τὰ ὅπλα, arms, armour, weapons, whether offensive or defensive, Jno. 18. 3. Ro. 13. 12. 2 Co. 6. 7; 10. 4.

⁶Oποῖος, οία, οῖον, what, of what sort or manner, 1 Co. 3. 13. Ga. 2. 6. 1 Th. 1. 9. Ja. 1. 24; after τοωῦτες as, Ac. 26. 39.

M

On ore, adv. when, Lu. 6. 3.

Orrov, adv. where, in which place, in what place, Mat. 6. 19, 20, 21. Re. 2, 13; whither, to what place, Jno. 8. 21; 14. 4; ōrov, āv, v. čāv, wherever, in whatever place, Mat. 24. 28; whithersoever, Mat. 8. 19. Ja. 3. 4; met. where, in which thing, state, &c., Col. 3. 11; whereas, 1 Co. 3. 3. 2 Pe. 2. 11.

'Οπτάνομαι, to be seen, appear, Ac.

²Οπτασία, ας, ή, (ὀπτάζω, equiv. to οράω) a vision, apparition, Lu. 1. 22; 24. 23. Ac. 26. 19. 2 Co. 12. 1. L. G.

'Oπτόs, ή, όν, (ὀπτάω, to roast) dressed by fire, roasted, broiled, &c. Lu. 24. 42.

'Οπώρα, as, ή, autumn; the fruit season; meton. fruits, Re. 18. 14.

"Oπωs, adv. how, in what way or manner, by what means, Mat. 22. 15. Lu. 24. 20; conj. that, in order that, and δτως μή, that not, lest, Mat. 6. 2, 4, 5, 16, 18. Ac. 9. 2, et al. freq.

 $^{\circ}$ Ορ $\bar{\alpha}$ μα, ατος, τό, (ὁρ $\hat{\alpha}$ ω) a thing seen, sight, appearance, Ac. 7. 31; a vision, Mat. 17. 9. Ac. 9. 10, 12, et al. $^{\circ}$ Ορ $\bar{\alpha}$ σις, ϵ ως, $\hat{\eta}$, (fr. same) seeing,

sight; appearance, aspect, Re. 4. 3; a vision, Ac. 2. 17. Re. 9. 17.

*Ορᾶτός, ή, όν, visible, Col. 1. 16: from

Οράω, ῶ, f. ὄψομαι, rarely a. 1. ωψάμην, imperf. ἐώρων, p. ἐώρᾶκα, a. 2. εἰδον, a. 1. pass. ὡφθην, f. ὁφθησομαι, to see, behold, Mat. 2. 2, et al. freq.; to look, Jno. 19. 37; to visit, Jno. 16. 22. He. 13. 23; to mark, observe, Ac. 8. 23. Jas. 2. 24; to be admitted to witness, Lu. 17. 22. Jno. 3. 36. Col. 2. 18; with θεόν, to be admitted into the more immediate presence of God, Mat. 5. 8. He. 12. 14; to attain to a true knowledge of God, 3 Jno. 11; to see to a thing, Mat. 27. 4. Ac. 18. 15; δρα, see, take care, Mat. 8. 4. He. 8. 5, et al.; pass. to appear, Lu. 1. 11. Ac. 2. 3, et al.; to reveal one's self, Ac. 26. 16; to present one's self, Ac. 7. 26.

Οργή, η̂s, η̂, pr. mental bent, impulse; anger, indignation, wrath, Ep. 4. 31. Col. 3. 8; μετ' οργῆς, indignantly, Mar. 3. 5; vengeance,

punishment, Mat. 3. 7. Lu. 3. 7; 21 23. Ro. 13. 4, 5, et al.: whence

'Οργίζω, f. ίσω, & ιῶ, a. 1. pass. ωργίσθην, to provoke to anger, irritate; pass. to be angry, indignant enraged, Mat. 5. 22; 18. 34, et al.

'Οργίλος, η, ον, prone to anger irascible, passionate, Tit. 1, 7. (i).

Oργυιά, α̂s, η, the space measured by the arms outstretched; a fatLom, Ac. 27. 28, bis.: from

Oρέγω, f. $\xi \omega$, to extend, stretch out; mid. to stretch one's self out, to reach forward to; mt. to desire earnestly, long after, 1 Ti. 3. 1. He. 11. 16; by impl. to indulge in, be devoted to, 1 Ti. 5. 10.

Ορεινός, ή, όν, (όρος) mountainous, hilly, Lu. 1. 39, 65.

Όρεξις, εως, ή, (ὀρέγομαι) desire, longing; lust, concupiscence, Ro.

Ορθοποδέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὀρθός, & πούς) to walk in a straight course; to be straightforward in moral conduct, Ga. 2. 14. N. T.

'Oρθός, ή, όν, (ὅρω) erect, upright, Ac. 14. 10; plain, level, straight, He. 1?, 13.

*Oρθοτομέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὀρθός & τέμνω) to cut straight; to direct aright; to set forth truthfully, without perversion or distortion, 2 Ti. 2. 15. S.

'Oρθρίζω, f. ίσω, (ὅρθρος) to rise early in the morning; to come with the dawn, Lu. 21. 38.

'Oρθρινός, η, όν, (fr. same) of or belonging to the morning, morning, Re. 22. 16: (usually i) a later form

 $O\rho\theta\rho$ ios, ia, iov, at day-break, early, Lu. 24. 22: from

 $O\rho\theta\rho\sigma s$, σv , $\dot{\phi}$, the dawn; the morning, Jno. 8. 2. Ac. 5. 21; $\ddot{\rho}\rho\theta\rho\sigma s$ $\beta\alpha$ - $\theta\nu s$, the first streak of dawn, the early dawn, Lu. 24. 1.

 $O\rho\theta\hat{\omega}s$, adv. $(\delta\rho\theta\delta s)$ straightly; rightly, correctly, Mar. 7. 35. Lu. 7. 43, et al.

Ορίζω, f. ίσω, pass. a. 1. ὧρίσθην, p. ὧρισμαι, (ὄρος, a bound, limit) to set bounds to, to bound; to restrict, He. 4. 7; to settle, appoint defins tively, Ac. 17. 26; to fix determinately, Ac. 2. 23; to decree, destine, Lu. 22. 22; to constitute, appoint, Ac. 10. 42; 17. 31; to characterise with precision, to set forth distinctively, Ro. 1. 4; absol. to resolve, Ac. 11. 29.

Οριον, ου, τό, (fr. same) a limit, bound, border of a territory or country; pl. τὰ ὅρια, region, territory, district, Mat. 2. 16; 4. 13; 8. 34, et al.

Ορκίζω, f. ίσω, to put to an oath;
 to obtest, adjure, conjure, Mar. 5. 7.
 Ac. 19. 13. 1 Th. 5. 27: from

Oρκοs, ου, δ, an oath, Mat. 14. 7, 9; 26. 72, et al.; meton. that which is solemnly promised, a vow, Mat. 5. 33.

*Ορκωμοσία, as, ή, (ὅρκος & ὅμνυμι) the act of taking an oath; an oath, He. 7. 20, 21, 28. S.

Ορμάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ὥρμησα, pr. trans. to put in motion, incite; intrans. to rush, Mat. 8. 32. Mar. 5. 13. Lu. 8. 33, et al.: from

Oρμή, η̂s, η̂, (δρω, δρνυμ, to put in motion) impetus, impulse; assault, violent attempt, Ac. 14. 5; met. impulse of mind, purpose, will, Ja. 3. 4.

Oρμημα, ατος, τό, (όρμάω) violent or impetuous motion; violence, Re. 18. 21.

Ορνεον, ου, τό, a bird, fowl, Re. 18. 2; 19. 17, 21.

'Όρνις, τθος, ό, ή, a bird, fowl; the domestic hen, Mat. 23. 37. Lu. 13. 34. 'Όροθεσία, ας, ή, (ὅρος, a bound, limit, & τίθημι) pr. the act of flxing boundaries; a bound set, certain

bound, fixed limit, Ac. 17. 26. N. T. Ορος, εος, τό, a mountain, hill, Mat. 5. 1, 14; 8. 1; 17. 20. et al.

*Ορύσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ‰ρυξa, to dig, excavate, Mat. 21. 33; 25. 18. Mar. 12. 1.

*Oρφάνός, ή, όν, ν. οῦ, ό, ή, bereared of parents, orphan, Ja. 1. 27; bereaved, desolate, Jno. 14. 18.

Ορχέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, a. 1. ὡρχησάμην, to dance, Mat. 11. 17, et al.

Os, \(\begin{aligned}
\text{0}, \(\text{0}, \text{ rel. pron.} \) who, which, qui, que, quod, Mat, 1. 16, 23, 25, et al.;

in N. T., interrog. ἐφ 5, wherefore why, Mat. 26. 50; in N. T., ὁς μἐν-ὸς δὲ, for ὁ μὲν-ὸ δὲ, Mat. 21. 35. 2 Co. 2. 10, et al.

⁶Οσάκις, adv. (οσος) as often as, 1 Co. 11. 25, 26. Re. 11. 6. (a.)

Oσιος, ia, ιον, pr. sanctioned by the supreme law of God and nature; pious, devout, Tit. 1. 8; rure, 1 Ti 2. 8; supremely holy, Ac. 2. 27; 13 35. He. 7. 26. Re. 15. 4; 16. 5; πλ στια, pledged bounties, mercies, Ac. 13. 34: whence

Οσιότης, τητος, ή, piety, sacred observance of all duties towards God, holiness, Lu. 1. 75. Ep. 5. 24.

'Οσίως, adv. piously, holily, 1 Th. 2. 10.

⁷Οσμή, η̂s, η̂, (ο̃ζω) smell, odour fragrant odour, Jno. 12. 3. Ep. 5. 2; Phil. 4. 18; met. 2 Co. 2. 14, 16.

Oσος, η, ον, a correlative to τόσος, τοσούτος, &c., as great, as much, Mar. 7. 36. Jno. 6. 11. He. 1. 4; 8. 6; 10. 25; ἐψ ὅσον χρόνον, for how long a time, while, as long as. Ro. 7. 1; so ἐψ ὅσον, so. χρόνον, Mat. 9. 15; ὅσον χρόνον, how long, Mar. 2. 19; πευά. ὅσον τερεαιέα, ὅσον ὅσον, need to give intensity to other qualifying words, e. g. μαρόν, the very least, a very very little while, He. 10. 37; ἐψ ὅσον, in as much as, Mat. 25. 40, 45; καθ ὅσον, by how much, so far as, He. 3. 3; στ, in as much as, as, so, He. 7. 20; 9. 27; μl. ὅσα, so far as, as much as, Re. 1. 2; 18. 7; how great, how much, how many, what, Mar. 3. 8; 5. 19, 20; how many soever, as many as, all who, 2 Cor. 1. 20. Fl. 3. 15. 1 Ti. 6. 1; ὅσος ἄν, ν. ἐψ, whosoever, whatsoever, Mat. 7. 12; 18.

⁷Oσπερ, ηπερ, οπερ, (ος & περ) an emphatic form of the relative, Mar. 15. 6.

'Οστέον, οῦν, έου, οῦ, τό, a bone, Mat. 23. 27. Lu. 24. 39, et al.

Oστις, ήτις, ό τι, gen. ούτινος, ήστινος, ούτινος, & ότου. (δς & τις) rel. pron. whoever, whatever; whose ever, whatsoever, Mat. 5. 39, 41; 13 12; 18. 4; its use in place of the simple relative is also required in various cases, which may be learnt from the grammars; εως ότου, εως χρόνου, until, Lu, 13, 8; while, Mat. 5. 28.

"Οσφρηςς, εως, ή, (ὀσφραίιομαι, to smell, mell, the sense of smelling. 1 Co. 12. 17.

"Οσφύς, ύος, ή, & pl. ai οσφύες, the loins, Mat. 3. 4. Mar. 1. 6, et al.

Όταν, conj. (ὅτε & ἄν) when, whenever, Mat. 5. 11; 6. 2. Mar. 3. 11. Re. 4. 9, et al. freq.; in N. T. in case of, on occasion of, Jno. 9. 5. 1 Co. 15. 27. He. 1. 6.

*Oτε, adv. when, at the time that, at what time, Mat. 7. 28; 9. 25. Lu. 13. 35, et al. freq.

Oti, conj. ($\delta \sigma \tau \iota s$) that, Mat. 2. 16. 22, 23; 6. 5, 16; often used pleonasti-cally in reciting another's words, Mat. 9.18. Lu. 19 42. Ac. 5.23; as a causal particle, for that, for, because, Mat. 2. 18; 5. 3, 4, 5; 13. 13; because, seeing that, since, Lu. 23. 40. Ac. 1. 17.

'Οτου, see in δστις.

Oυ, adv. (pr. gen. of os) where, in what place, Mat. 2. 9; 18. 20; whither, to what place, Lu. 10. 1; 22. 10; 24. 28; οδ ἐἀν, Whithersoever, 1 Co. 16. 6.

Où. before a consonant, oùk before a vowel with a lenis, & oux with an aspirate, adv. of negation, not, no, Mat. 5.37; 12.43; 23.37; the peculiarities of its usage, and as distinct from $\mu\eta$, may be learnt from the grammars.

Ová, interj. (Lat. vah) expressive of insult and derision, ah! aha! Mar.

Oủaí, interj. (Lat. væ) wo! alas! Mat. 11. 21; 18. 7; 23. 13—16, et al.; ἡ οὐαί, subs. a woe, calamity, Re. 9. 12; 11. 14.

Οὐδαμῶς, adv. (οὐδαμός) by no means, Mat. 2. 6.

 $O\dot{v}\delta\dot{\epsilon}$, adv. (où & $\delta\dot{\epsilon}$) neither, nor, and not, also not, Mat. 5. 15; 6. 15, 20, 26, 28; when single, not even, Mat. 6. 29; 8. 10.

Οὐδείς, οὐδεμία, οὐδέν, (οὐδέ & εἶς) not one, no one, none, nothing, Mat. 5. 13; 6. 24; 19. 17; met. οὐδέν, nothing, of no account, naught, Jno. 8. 54. Ac. 21. 24.

Οὐδέποτε, adv. (οὐδέ & πότε) never, Mat. 7. 23: 21, 16, 42, et al. freq.

Oστράκἴνος, η, ον, (ὄστράκον, an earthen vessel) earthen, of earthen ware, 2 Co. 4. 7. 2 Ti. 2. 20. L. G.

Oὐδέπω, adv. (οὐδέ & πω) not yet never yet, never, Lu. 23. 53. Jr. 1. 39, et al.

Οὐθείς, οὐθέν, later forms for οὐδείς, οὐδάν, v. r. 1 Co. 13. 2.

Ούκ, εεε ού.

Οὐκέτι, adv. (οὐκ & ἔτι) no longer. no more, Mat. 22. 46, et al.

Οὐκοῦν, then, therefore, Jno. 18. 37.

Ovv, a particle expressing either simple sequence or consequence; then, now then, Mat. 13. 18. Jno. 19. 29, et al.; then, thereupon, Lu. 15. 28. Jno. 6. 14. et al.; therefore, consequently, Mat. 5. 48. Mar. 10. 9, et al.: it also serves to mark the resumption of discourse after an interruption by a parenthesis, 1 Co. 8. 4, et al.

)ὖπω, adv. (οὐ & πω) not yet, Mat. 15. 17; 16. 19; 24. 6. Jno. 2. 4, et al. Οὐρά, α̂ς, ή, a tail, Re. 9. 10, 19;

12. 4.

Οὐράνιος, ία, ιον, v. ίου, δ, ἡ, (οὐρανός) heavenly, celestial, Mat. 6. 14, 26, 32; 15. 13, et al.

Οὐρανόθεν, adv. from heaven, Ac. 14. 17; 26. 13: from

Οὐρανός, οῦ, ὁ, & pl. οὐρανοί, ῶν, oi, heaven, the heavens, the visible heavens and all their phenomena, Mat. 5. 18; 16. 1; 24. 29, et al. freq.; the air, atmosphere, in which the clouds and tempests gather, the birds fly, &c. Mat. 6. 26; 16. 2, 3, et al.; heaven, the peculiar seat and abode of God, of angels, of glorified spirits, &c., Mat. 5. 34, 45, 48; 6. 1, 9, 10; 12. 50. Jno. 3. 13, 31; 6. 32, 38, 41. 42, 50, 51, 58; in N.T., heaven, as a term expressive of the Divine Being. His administration, &c., Mat. 19. 14; 21. 25. Lu. 20. 4, 5. Jno. 3. 27.

Οὖς, ἀτός, τό, the ear, Mat. 10. 27. Mar. 7. 33. Lu. 22. 50. Ac. 7. 57, et al.

Οὐσία, as, ή, (ὧν, οὖσα, ὄν, part. of eimi) substance, property, goods, fortune, Lu. 15. 12, 73.

Oυτε, conj. (où & τε) neither, nor, Lu. 20. 36; οῦτε—οῦτε, v. οὐδὲ—οῦτε, neither—nor, Lu. 20. 35; Ga. 1. 12; in N. T., also used singly in the sense of οὐδέ, not even, Mar. 5. 3. Lu. 13 26. 1 Co. 3. 2.

Oὖτος, αὖτη, τοῦτο, demons. pron. this, this person or thing, Mat. 3. 3, 9, 17; 8, 9; 19 2; 24. 34, et al. freq.; used by voy of contempt, this fellow, Mat. 13. 55; 27. 47; αὐτὸ τοῦτο, this very thing, this same thing, 2 Co. 2. 3; 7. 11; εἰς αὐτὸ τοῦτο, and eliptically, αὐτὸ τοῦτο, τότο τοῦτο, and eliptically, αὐτὸ τοῦτο; for this same purpose, on this account, Ep. 6. 18, 22. 2 Pe. 1. 5; καὶ οῦτος, and moreover, Lu. 7. 12; 16.1; 20.30; καὶ τοῦτο, and that too, 1 Co. 6. 6, 8; τοῦτο μὰν—τοῦτο δὲ, partly—partly, He. 10. 33.

Oὖτως, & οὖτω before a consonant, ωdv. (οὖτος) thus, in this way, Mat. 1. 18; 2. 5; 5. 16, et al. freq.; δς μἐν οὖτως, δε δὲ οὖτως, one so, and another so, one in one way, and another in another, 1 Co. 7. 7, 26, 40; 9. 14; so, Mat. 7. 12; 12. 40; 24. 27, 37, et al. freq.; thus, under such circumstances, Ac. 20. 11; 27. 17; in an ordinary way, Jno. 4. 6.

Oὐχ, see oὐ.

Cὐχί, adv. (où) not, Jno. 13. 1°, 11; when followed by ἀλλά, nay, not so, by no means, Lu. 1. 60; 12. 51; used also in negative interrogations, Mat. 5. 46, 47; 6. 25.

Oφειλέτης, ov, ό, (ὀφείλω) a debtor, one who owes another, Mat. 18. 24; met. one who is in any way bound, or under obligation to perform any duty, Ro. 1. 14; 8. 12; 15. 27. Ga. 5. 3; in M. T., one who fails in duty towards any one, a delinquent, offender, Mat. 6. 12; a sinner, Lu. 13. 4, cf. v. 2.

Οφειλή, η̂s, η̂, (fr. same) a debt, Mat. 18. 32; met. a duty, due, Ro. 13. 7. 1 Co. 7. 3.

Oφείλημα, ατος, τί, a debt; a due, Ro. 4. 4; in N. T, a delinquency, offence, fault, sin, Mat. 6. 12, cf. v. 14: from

Oφείλω, f. ήσω, a. 2. ωφελον, to owe, be indebted, Mat. 18. 28, 30, 34; to incur a bond, to be bound to make discharge, Mat. 23. 16, 18; to be bound by what is due or fitting, Lu. 17. 10. Jno. 13. 14, et al.; to incur desert, to deserve, Jno. 19. 7; to be due or fitting, 1 Co. 7. 3, 36; fr. the Aram. to be delinquent, Lu. 11. 4.

Οφελον, (pr. a. 2. of οφείλω) used later and in N. T. as an interj. O

that! would that! 1 Co. 4.8. Gal 5. 12, et al.

"Οφέλος, εος, τό, (ὀφέλλω, to further, augment) profit, utility, advantage, 1 Co. 15. 32, et al.

'Οφθαλμοδουλεία, as, η, (δφθαλμός & δουλεία) eye-service, service rendered only while under inspection, Ep. 6. 6. Col. 3. 22. N. T.

Oφθαλμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὄψομαι, ὅφθην) an eye, Mat. 5. 29, 38; 6. 23; 7. 3—5, et al.; ὀφθαλμός πονηρός, an evil eye, an envious eye, envy, Mat. 20. 15. Mar. 7. 22; met. the intellectual eye, Mat. 13. 15. Mar. 8. 18. Jno. 12. 40. Ac. 26. 18.

Oφις, εως, δ, a serpent, Mat. 7. 10; 10. 16; an artificial serpent, Jno. 3 14; used of the devil or Satan, Re. 12. 9, 14, 15; 20. 2; met. a man of serpentine character, Mat. 23. 33.

Oφρύς, ύος, ή, a brow, ere-brow; the brow of a mountain, edge of a precipice, Lu. 4. 29.

 $O\chi\lambda\epsilon\omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\eta\sigma\omega$, $(\delta\chi\lambda\sigma)$ pr. to mob; to vex, trouble, Lu. 6. 18. Ac 5. 16.

³Οχλοποιέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὅχλος & ποιέω) to collect a mob, create a tumult, Ac. 17. 5. N. T.

Oxlos, ov, 6, a crowd, a confused multitude of people, Mat. 4. 25; 5. 17. 28; spc. the common people, Jno. 7. 49; a multitude, great number, Lu. 5. 29; 6. 17. Ac. 1. 15; by impl. tumult, uproar, Lu. 22. 6. Ac. 24. 18.

Οχύρωμα, ατος, τό, (όχυρόω, to fortify, όχυρός, firm, strong) a stronghold; met. an opposing bulwark of error or vice, 2 Co. 10. 4. S.

'Οψάριον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of δψον, cooked provision as distinguished from bread; a dainty dish; fish) a little fish, Jno. 6. 9, 11; 21. 9, 10, 13.

'Oψέ, adv. late; put for the first watch, at evening, Mar. 11. 19; 13. 35; οψέ σαβάπων, after the close of the sabbath, Mat. 28. 1: whence

Οψίμος, ου, ό, ή, late; latter, Ja.
5.7; poetic and later prose for

Oψιος, ία, ιον, late, Mar. 11. 11; η δψία, 8c. ωρα, evening, two of which were reckoned by the Hebrews; one from the ninth hour, until sunset, Mat. 8, 16; 14. 15, et al.; and the other. from sunset until dark, Mat. 14. 23; Παιδεία, as, ή, (παιδείω) education

"Οψις, εως, ή, a sight; the face, visage, countenance, Jno. 11. 44. Re. 1. 16; external appearance, Jno. 7. 24: from

Όψομαι, ες δράω.

'Οψώνιον, ίου, τό, (ὄψον, cooked provisions, &c.) provisions; a stipend or pay of soldiers, Lu. 3. 14. 1 Co. 9. 7; wages of any kind, 2 Co. 11. 8; due wages, a stated recompense, Ro. 6. 28. L. G.

П.

Παγιδεύω, f. εύσω, to ensnare, entrap, entangle, Mat. 22. 15: from

Παγίς, ίδος, ή, (πήγνυμι) a snare, trap, gin, Lu. 21. 35; met. artifice, stratagem, device, wile, 1 Ti. 3. 7; 6.9. 2 Ti. 2.26; met. source of harm, Ro. 11. 9.

Πάγος, ου, ό, (fr. same) a hill; Αρειος πάγος, Areopagus, the hill of Mars at Athens, Ac. 17. 19, 22.

 $Π \dot{a} θ η μ a$, a τ o s, $τ \dot{o}$, $(π \dot{a} \sigma χ \omega)$ what is suffered; suffering, affliction, Ro. 8. 18. 2 Co. 1. 5, 6, 7. Ph. 3. 10, et al.; emotion, passion, Ro. 7. 5. Ga. 5. 24.

 $\Pi a\theta \eta \tau \delta s$, $o\hat{v}$, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) passible, capable of suffering, liable to suffer; in~N.~T., destined to suffer, Ac. 26. 23.

 $\Pi \dot{a} \theta o s$, $\epsilon o s$, $\tau \dot{o}$, (fr. same) suffering; an affection, passion, Ro. 1. 26.

Παιδαγωγός, οῦ, ὁ, (παῖς & ἀγωγός, ἀνω) & pedagogue, child-tender, a person, usually a slave or freedman, to whom the boys of a family were committed, whose duty it was to attend them at their play, lead them to and from the public school, and exercise a constant superintendence over their conduct and safety; in N. T., an ordinary director or minister contrasted with an Apostle, as a pedagogue occupies an inferior position to a parent, I.Co. 4. 15; a term applied to the Mozaic Law as dealing with men as in a state of mere childhood and tutelage, Ga. 3. 4, 25.

Παιδάριον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of παῖς) a little boy, child; a boy, lad, Mat. 11. 16. Jno. 6. 9. Haideia, as, η, (παιδειω) education training up, nurture of children, Ep. 6. 4; instruction, discipline, 2 Ti. 3 16; in N. T., correction, chastisement, He. 12. 5, 7, 8, 11.

Haιδευτής, οῦ, ὁ, a preceptor, instructor, teacher, pr. of boys; genr. Ro. 2. 20; in N. T., a chastiser, He.

12.9: from

Παιδεύω, f. εύσω, a. l. ἐπαίδευσα, (παίς) to educate, instruct children, Ac. 7. 22; 22. 3; genr. παιδεύομα, to be taught, learn, 1 Ti. 1. 20; to admonish, instruct by admonishon, 2 Ti. 2. 25. Tit. 2. 12; in N.T., to chastise, chasten, 1 Co. 11. 32. 2 Co. 6. 9, He. 12. 6, 7, 10. Re. 3. 19; of criminals, to scourge, Lu. 23. 16, 22.

Παιδιόθεν, adv. from childhood, from a child, Mar. 9. 21: (N. T.) from

Hauδίον, ου, τό, (dimin. of παίς) an infant, babe, Mat. 2. 8, et al.; but usually in N. T. as equiv. to παίς, Mat. 14. 21. Mar. 7. 28, et al. freq.; pl. voc. used by way of endearment, my dear children, 1 Jno. 2. 18, et al.; also as a term of familiar address, children, my lads, Jno. 21. 5.

Παιδίσκη, ης, $\hat{\eta}$, (fem. dim. of $\pi a \hat{i} s$) a girl, damsel, maiden; a female slave or servant, Mat. 26. 69. Mar. 14. 66, 69, et al.

Παίζω, f. παίζομαι, to play in the manner of children; to sport, to practise the festive gestures of idolatrous worship, 1 Co. 10. 7: from

Haîs, παιδόs, ό, ή, a child in relation to parents, of either sex. Jno. 4. 51, et al.; a child in respect of age either male or female, and of all ages from infancy up to manhood, a boy, youth, girl, maiden, Mat. 2. 16; 17. 18. Lu. 2. 43; 8. 54; a servant, alave, Mat. 8. 6, 8, 13, cf. v. 9. Lu. 7. 7, cf. v. 3, 10; an attendant, minister, Mat. 14. 2. Lu. 1. 69. Ac. 4. 25; also Lu. 1. 54, or perhaps, a child in respect of fatherly regard.

Παίω, f. παίσω, p. πεπαικα, a. 1. επαισα, to strike, smite, with the fist, Mat. 26.68. Lu. 22.64; with a sword, Mar. 14.47. Jno. 18. 10; to strike as a scorpion, to sting, Re. 9. 5.

Πάλαι, adv. of old, long ago, Mat. 11. 21. Lu. 10. 13. He. 1. 1. Jud. 4; οι πάλαι, old, former, 2 Pe. 1. 9;

some time since, already, Mar. 15.

Παλαιός, ά, όν, old, not new or recent, Mat. 9. 16, 17; 13. 52. Lu. 5. 36, et al.: whence

Παλαιότης, τητος, ή, oldness, antiquatedness, chaoleteness, Ro. 7. 6.

Παλαιόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. πεπαλαίωκα, (fr. same) to make old; pass. to grow old, to become worn or effete, Lu. 12. 33. He. 1. 11; met. to treat as antiquated, to abrogate, supersede, He. 8. 13.

 $\Pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \omega$, to swing round, sway backward and forward) wrestling; struggle, contest, Ep. 6. 12.

Παλιγγενεσία, as, ή, (πάλιν & γένεσις) a new birth; regeneration, renovation, Mat. 19. 28. Tit. 3. 5. L. G.

Πάλιν, adv. pr. back; again, back again, Jno. 10. 17. Ac. 10. 16; 11. 10, et al.; again by repetition, Mat. 26. 43, et al.; again in continuation, further, Mat. 5. 33; 13. 44, 45, 47; 18. 19; again, on the other hand, 1 Jno. 2. 8, et al.

Παμπλήθει, adv. (πᾶς & πληθος) the whole multitude together, all at once, Lu. 23. 18.

Πάμπολυς, παμπόλλη, πάμπολυ, (πᾶς & πολύς) very many, very great, vast, Mar. 8. 1.

Haνδοχείον, ου, τό, a public inn, place where travellers may lodge, called in the East by the name of menzil, khan, caravanserai, Lu. 10. 34: from

Πανδοχεύς, έως, δ, (a later form for πανδοκεύς, πᾶς & δέχομαι) the keeper of a public inn or caravanserai, a host, Lu. 10. 35.

Πανήγύρις, εως, ή, (πας & ἄγυρις, an assembly) pr. an assembly of an entire people; a solemn gathering at a festival; a festive convocation, He. 12, 23,

Πανοικί, adv. (πας & οίκος) with one's whole household or family, Ac. 16. 34.

Haνοπλία, as, ή, (πâs & ὅπλον) panoply, complete armour, a complete suit of armour both offensive and defensive, as the shield, sword,

spear, velmet, breastplate, &c., Lo. 11. 22. Ep. 6. 11, 13.

Πανουργία, ας, ή, knavery, craft, cunning, Lu. 20. 23. 1 Co. 3. 19, et al.: from

Haνοῦργος, ου, δ, ἡ, (πâs & ἔργον) pr. ready to do any thing; hence, crafty, cunning, artful, wily, 2 Co. 12. 16.

Πανταχόθεν, adv. from all parta, from every quarter, Mar. 1. 45: from Πανταχοῦ, adv. (πᾶs) in all places every where, Mar. 16. 20. Lu. 9. 6, et al.

Παντελής, έος, ό, ή, (πᾶς & τέλος)
perfect, complete; εἰς τὸ παντελές,
alverbially, throughout, through all
time, ever, He. 7. 25; with a negative, at all, Lu. 13. 11.

Πάντη, adv. (πâs) every where; in every way, in every instance, Ac. 24. 3.

Πάντοθεν, adv. (πα̂s & θεν) from every place, from all parts, Jno. 18. 20; on all sides, on every side, round about, Lu. 19. 43. He. 9. 4.

Παντοκράτωρ, opos, ό, (πâs & κράτος) almighty, omnipotent, 2 Co. 6. 18. Re. 1. 8; 4. 8, et al. (ἄ) L. G.

Πάντοτε, adv. (πâs) always, at all times, ever, Mat. 26. 11. Mar. 14. 7.
 Lu. 15. 31; 18. 1, et al. L. G.

 Π dντωs, adv. (πα̂s) wholly, altogether; at any rate, by all means, 1 Co. 9. 22; by impl. surely, as surely, certainly, Lu. 4. 23. Ac. 18. 21; 21. 22; 28. 4; οὐ πάντως, in nowise, not in the least, Ro. 3. 9. 1 Co. 5. 10; 16. 12.

Παρά, prep., with a genitive, from, indicating source or origin, Mat. 2. 4, τ . Mar. 8. 11. Lu. 2. 1, et al.; οἱ παρὰ αὐτοῦ, his relatives or kinsmen, Mar. 3. 21; τ à παρὰ αὐτῆς πάστα, all her substance, property, &c., Mar. 5. 26; with a dative, with, by, nigh to, namong, &c., Matthew 6. 1; 19. 26; 21, 25; 22. 25; π aρὰ ἀντῷ, at home, 1 Co. 16. 2; in the sight of, in the judgment or estimation of, 1 Co. 3. 19. 2 Pe. 2. 11; 3. 8; with an accusative, motion by, near to, along, Mat. 4. 18; motion towards, to, at, Mat. 15. 30. Mar. 2. 13; motion terminating in rest, at, by, near, by the side of, Mar. 4. 1, 4. Lu. 5. 18. 5

186

in deviation from in violation of, inconsistently with, Ac. 18. 13. Ro. 1. 26; 11. 24; above, more than, Lu. 13. 2, 4. Ro. 1. 25; after comparatives, Lu. 3. 13. 1 Co. 3. 11; except, save, 2 Co. 11. 24; beyond, past, He. 11. 11; in respect of, on the score of, 1 Co. 12. 15, 16.

Παραβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. παρέβην. (παρά & βαίνω) pr. to step by the side of; to deviate; met. to transgress, violate, Mat. 15. 2, 3. 2 Jno. 9; to incur forfeiture, Ao. 1. 25.

IIaρaβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, (παρά & βάλλω) to cast or throw by the side of; met. to compare, Mar. 4. 30; absol. a nautical term, to bring to, land, Ac. 20. 15.

Haράβἄσις, εως, $\hat{\eta}$, (παραβαίνω) a stepping by the side, deviation: a transgression, violation of law, Ro. 2. 23; 4. 15, et al.

Παραβάτης, ου, ὁ, (fr. same) a transgressor, violator of law, Ro. 2. 25, 27. Ga. 2. 18. Ja. 2. 9, 11. (č.)

Παραβιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (παρά & βιάζω) to force: to constrain, press with urgent entreaties, Lu. 24. 29. Ac. 16. 15. L. G.

Παραβολεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (παράβολος, risking, venturesome) to stake or risk one's self, v. r. Ph. 2. 30. N. T.

Παραβολή, η̂s, η̂, (παραβάλλω) a placing one thing by the side of another; a comparing; a parallel case cited in illustration; a comparison, simile, similitude, Mar. 4.
30. He. 11. 19; a parable, a short relation under which something else is figured, or in which that which is fictitious is employed to represent that which is read, Mat. 13. 3, 10, 13, 18, 24, 31, 33, 34, 36, 53; 21. 33, 45; 22. 1; 24. 32, et al.; in N. T., a type, pattern, emblem, He. 9. 9; a sentiment, grave and sententious precept, maxim, Lu. 14. 7; an obscure and enigmatical saying, any thing expressed in remote and ambiguous terms, Mat. 13. 35. Mar. 7. 17; a proverb, adage, Lu. 4. 23.

Παραβουλεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (παρά δε βουλεύω) to be reckless, regardless, Ph 2.30. N. T.

Παραγγελία, ας, ή, a command, order, charge, Ac. 5. 28; direction, precept, 1 Th. 4. 2, et al.: from

Παραγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, (παρά & dyγέλλω) to announce, notify; to command, direct, charge, Mat. 10. 5. Mar. 6. 8; 8. 6. Lu. 9. 21, et al.; to charge, obtest, entreat solemnly, 1 Tž. 6. 13.

Παραγίνομαι, f. γενήσομαι, a. 2. παρεγενόμην, (παρά & γίνομαι) to be by the side of; to come, approach, arrive, Mat. 2. 1; 3. 13. Mar. 14. 43. Lu. 7. 4, et al.; seq. iπί, to come upon in order to seize, Lu. 22. 52; to come forth in public, make appearance, Mat. 3. 1. He. 9. 11.

Παράγω, f. άξω, (παρά & ἄγω) to lead beside; intrans. to pass along or by, Mat. 20. 30. Jno. 9. 1; to pass on, Mat. 9. 9, 27; intrans. & mid. to pass away, be in a state of transition, 1 Co. 7. 31. 1 Jno. 2. 8, 17.

Παραδειγματίζω, (παράδειγμα, an example) to make an example of: to expose to ignominy and shame, Mat. i. 19. He. 6. 6. L. G.

Haράδεισος, ου, ὁ, (of Oriental origin: in Heb. D'1D) a park, a forest where wild beasts were kept for hunting; a pleasure park, a garden of trees of various kinds; used in the LXX, for the Garden of Eden; in N. T., the celestial paradise, Lu 23. 43. 2 Co. 12. 4. Re. 2. 7.

Παραδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, (παρά δ δέχομαι) to accept, receive; met to receive, admit, yield assent to Mar. 4. 20. Ac. 16. 21; 22. 18. 1 Ti 5. 19; in N. T., to receive or embrace with favour, approve, love, He. 12. 6.

Παραδιατρἴβή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $(\pi \alpha \rho \acute{a} & διατριβή)$ useless disputation, 1 Ti. 6. 5 N. T.

Παραδίδωμι, f. δώσω, (παρά & δίσεωμι) to give over, hand over, deliver up, Mat. 4. 12; 5. 25; 10. 4, 17, et al.; to commit, intrust, Mat. 11. 27; 25. 14, et al.; to commit, commend, Ac. 12; 15. 40; to yield up, Jno. 19 30. 1 Co. 15. 24; to abandon, Ac. 742. Eph. 4. 19; to expose to danger, hazard, Ac. 15. 26; to deliver as a matter of injunction, instruction, &c., Mar. 7. 13. Lu. 1. 2. Ac. 6. 14, et al.; absol. to render a yield, to be matured, Mar. 4. 29

Παράδοξος, ου, ό, ή, (παρά δόξαν, beside expectation) unexpected s strange, wonderful, astonishing, Lu. 5. 26.

Rapάδοσις, εως, ή, (παραδίδωμι) delivery, handing over, transmission; in N. T., what is transmitted in the way of teaching, precept, doctrine, 1 Co. 11. 2. 2 Th. 2. 15; 3. 6; tradition, traditionary law, handed down from age to age, Mat. 15. 2, 3, 6, et al.

Παραζηλόω, f. ώσω, (παρά & ζηλόω) to provoke to jealousy, Ro. 10. 19; to excite to emulation, Ro. 11. 11, 14; to provoke to indignation, 1 Co. 10. 22. S.

Παραθαλάσσιος, ία, ιον, (παρά & θάλασσα) by the sea-side, situated on the sea-coast, maritime, Mat. 4. 13.

Παραθεωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (παρά & θεωρέω) to look at things placed side by side, as in comparison, compare in thus looking; to regard less in comparison, overlook, neglect, Ac. 6. 1.

Παραθήκη, ης, ή, (παρατίθημι) a deposit, a thing committed to one's charge, a trust, 2 Ti. 1. 12; v. r. 1 Ti. 6. 20. 2 Ti. 1. 14.

Παραινέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. έσω, (παρά & αινέω) to advise, exhort, Ac. 27. 9, 22.

Παραιτέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ἡσομαι, (παρά & αἰτίω) to entreat; to beg off, excuse one's self, Lu. 14. 18, 19; to deprecate, entreat against, Ac. 25. 11. He. 12. 19, to decline receiving, refuse, reject, 1 Ti. 4. 7; 5. 11. Tit. 3. 10. He. 12. 25; to decline, avoid, shun, 2 Ti. 2. 25.

Παρακαθίζω, f. ίσω, (παρά & καθίζω) to set beside; intrans. to sit by the side of, sit near, Lu. 10. 39.

Παρακαλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (παρά & καλέω) to call for, invite to come, send for, Ac. 28. 20; to call upon, exhort, admonish, persuade, Lu. 3. 18. Ac. 2. 40; 11. 23; to beg, be seech, entreat, implore, Mat. 8. 5, 31; 18. 29. Mar. 1. 40; to animate, encourage, comfort, console, Mat. 2. 18; 5. 4. 2 Co. 1. 4. 6; pass. to be cheered, comforted, Lu. 16. 25. Ac. 20. 12. 2 Co. 7. 13, et al.

Παρακαλύπτω, f. ψω, (παρά & καλύπτω) to cover over, veil; met. pass. to be veiled from comprehension, Lu. Παρακαταθήκη, ης, ή, (παρακατί. θημι, to lay down by, deposit) a deposit, a thing committed to one's charge, a trust, 1 Ti. 6. 20. 2 Ti. 1. 14.

Παράκειμαι, (παρά & κείμαι) to lit near, be adjacent; met. to be at hand, be present, Ro. 7. 18, 21.

Haράκλησις, εως, ή, (παρακαλέω a calling upon, exhortation, incitement, persuasion, Ro. 12. 8. 1 Co. 14. 3; hortatory instruction, Ac. 13. 15; 15. 31; entreaty, importunity, earnest supplication, 2 Co. 8. 4; εοlace, consolation, Lu. 2. 25. Ro. 15. 4, 5. 2 Co. 1. 3–7; cheering and supporting influence, Ac. 9. 31; joy, gladness, rejoicing, 2 Co. 7. 13; cheer, joy, enjoyment, Lu. 6. 24.

Παράκλητος, ου, ό, one called or sent for to assist another; an advocate, one who pleads the cause of another, 1 Jno. 2. 1; genr. one present to render various beneficial service, and thus the Paraclete, whose influence and operation were to compensate for the departure of Christ himself, Jno. 14. 16. 26; 15. 26; 16. 7.

Παρακοή, η̂ς, ή, (παρακούω) an erroneous or imperfect hearing; disobedience, Ro. 5. 19; a deviation from obedience, 2 Co. 10. 6. He. 2. 2.

Παρακολουθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (παρά & ἀκολουθέω) to follow or accompany closely; to accompany attend, characterise, Mar. 16.17; to follow with the thoughts, trace, Lu. 1.3; to conform to, 1 Ti. 4.6; 2 Tl. 3.10.

Παρακούω, f. ούστομαι, (παρά & ἀκούω) to hear amiss, to fail to listen, neglect to obey, disregard, Mat. 18, 17.

Παρακύπτω, f. ψω, (παρά & κύπτω) to stoop beside; to stoop down in order to take a view, Lu. 24. 19. 10. 20. 5, 11; to bestow a close and attentive look, to look intently, to penetrate, Ja. 1. 25. 1 Pe. 1. 12. Παραλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, (παρα

Παραλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, (παρα & λαμβάνω) pr. to take to one's side to take, receive to one's side Mat. 1 20. Jno. 14. 3; to take with one's self, Mat. 2. 13, 14, 20, 21; 4. 5, 8; to receive in charge or possession, Col 4. 17. He. 12. 28; to receive as a matter of instruction, Mar. 7, 4. 1 Co

188

11. 23; 15. 3; to receive, admit, acknowledge, Jno. 1. 11. 1 Co. 15. 1. Col. 2. 6; pass. to be carried off, Mat. 24. 40, 41. Lu. 17. 34—36.

Παραλέγομαι, (παρά & λέγω) to sail by, coast along, Ac. 27. 8, 13.

Παράλιος, ιου, ό, $\hat{\eta}$, (παρά & \hat{a} λς) adjacent to the sea, maritime; $\hat{\eta}$ παράλιος, so. χώρα, the sea-coast, Lu. 6. 17.

Παραλλάγή, η̂s, η̂, (παραλλάσσω, to interchange) a shifting, mutation, change, Ja. 1. 17.

Παραλογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (παρά & λογίζομαι) to misreckon, make a false reckoning; to impose upon, deceive, delude, circumvent, Col. 2. 4. Ja. 1. 22.

Παραλυτικός, ή, όν, paralytic, palsied, Mat. 4. 24; 8. 6; 9. 2, 6, et al.: from

Παραλύω, f. ύσω, (παρά & λύω) to unloose from proper fixity or consistency of substance; to enervate or paralyse the body or limbs; pass. to be enervated or enfeebled, He. 12. 12; pass. part. παραλελυμένος, paralytic, Lu. 5. 18, 24, et al.

Παραμένω, f. μενῶ, to stay beside; to continue, stay, abide, 1 Co. 16. 6. He. 7. 23; met. to remain constant in, persevere in, Ja. 1. 25.

Παραμυθέσμαι, σῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (παρά & μυθόμαι, to speak, ft. μύθου to exercise a gentle influence by words; to soothe, comfort, console, Jno. 11. 19, 31. 1 Th. 5. 14; to cheer, exhort, 1 Th. 2. 11: whence

Παραμυθία, as, ή, comfort, encouragement, 1 Co. 14. 3.

Πασαμύθιον, ίου, τό, gentle cheering, encouragement, Ph. 2. 1.

Παρανομέω, ῶ, f. ησω, (παρά & νόμος) to violate or transgress law, Ac. 23. 3: whence

Παρανομία, as, ή, violation of law, trunsgression, 2 Pe. 2. 16.

Παραπικραίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. παρεπίκρὰνα, (παρά & πικραίνω) pr. to incite to bitter feelings; to provoke; absol. to act provokingly, be refractory, He. 3. 16: (8.) whence

Παραπικρασμός, οῦ, ὁ, exacerbation, exasperation, provocation; contunacy, rebellion, He. 3. 8, 15. S.

11αραπηττο, 1. πευουματ, ω. 2. Τωρεφεσου (παρά & πίπτω) pr. to fall by the side of; met. to fall off or away from, make defection from, He. 6. 6.
Παραπλέω, ω, f. εύσομαι, (παρά & πλέω) to sail by or past a place, λc. 20. 16.

Παραπλήσιος, ου, δ, ή, τό, -ου, (παρά & πλησίος, near) pr. near alongside; met. like, similar; neut. παραπλήσιου, adverbially, near to, with a near approach to, Ph. 2. 27: whence Παραπλησίως, adv. like, in the same

or like manner, He. 2. 14.

Παραπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (παρά & πορεύομαι) to pass by the side of; to pass along, Mat. 27. 39. Mar. 11. 20; 15. 29, et al.

Παράπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παραπίπτω) pr. a stumbling aside, a false step; in N. T., a trespass, fault, offence, transgression, Mat. 6. 14, 15; 11. 25, 26. Ro. 4. 25, et al.; a fall, defalcation in faith, Ro. 11. 11, 12. L. G.

Παραρρέω, f. ρεύσομαι, a. 2. παρερρύην. (παρά & ρέω) to flow beside; to glide aside from; to fall off from profession, decline from steudfastness, forfeit faith, He. 2. 1.

Παράσημον, ου, τό, (παρά & σῆμα) a distinguishing mark; an ensign or device of a ship, Ac. 28. 11.

Παρασκενάζω, f. άσω, (παρά & σκενάζω) to prepare, make ready, 2 Co. 9. 2, 3; mid to prepare one's self, put one's self in readiness, Ac. 10. 10. 1 Co. 14. 8.

Παρασκευή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, a getting ready, preparation; in N. T., preparation for a feast, day of preparation, Mat 27.62. Mar. 15.42, et al.

Παρατείνω, (παρά & τείνω) to extend, stretch out; to prolong, continue, Ac. 20. 7.

Παρατηρέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, (π αρά & τηρέω) to watch narrowly, Ac. 9. 24: to observe or watch insidiously Mar. 3. 2. Lu. 6. 7; 14. 1; 20. 20, to observe scrupulously, Ga. 4. 10: whence

Παρατήρησις, εως, ή, careful watching, intent observation, Lu. 17. 20 L. G.

Παρατίθημι, f. παραθήσω, (παμά & τίθημι) to place by the side of σ

near; to set before, Mar. 6. 41; 8. 6, 7. Lu. 9. 16; met. to set or lay before, propound, Mat. 13. 24, 31; to inculcate, Ac. 17. 3; to deposit, commit to the charge of, intrust, Lu. 12. 48; 23. 46; to commend, Ac. 14. 23.

Παρατυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, a. 2. παρέτυχον, (παρά & τυγχάνω) to happen, to chance upon, chance to meet Ac. 17. 17.

Παραυτίκα, adv. (παρά & αὐτίκα) instantly, immediate; γ; δ, ἡ, τδ, παραυτίκα, momentary, transient, 2 Co. 4. 17.

Παραφέρω, f. οίσω, a. 2. παρήνεγκον (παρά & φέρω) to carry past; to cause to pass away, Mar. 14. 36, Lu. 22. 42; pass. to be swept along, v. r. Jude 12; to be led away, misled, seduced, v. r. He. 13. 9.

Παραφρονέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, (παρά & φρονέω) to be beside one's wits; παραφρονῶν, in foolish style, 2 Co. 11. 23: whence

Παραφρονία, ας, ή, madness, folly, 2 Pe. 2. 16. N. T.

Παραχειμάζω, (παρά & χειμάζω) to winter, spend the winter, Ac. 27. 12; 28. 11. 1 Co. 16. 6. Tit. 3. 12: whence

Παραχειμασία, as, ή, a wintering in a place, Ac. 27. 12. L. G.

Παραχρημα, adv. (παρά & χρημα) forthwith, immediately, Mat. 21. 19, 20. Lu. 1. 64, et al.

Πάρδἄλις, εως, ή, (equiv. to πάρδος) a leopard, or panther, Re. 13. 2. Παρεδρεύω, f. εύσω, (πάρεδρος,

Παρεδρεύω, f. εύσω, (πάρεδρος, one who sits by, παρά & έδρα) to sit near; to attend, serve, v. r. l Co. 9.13.

Πάρειμι, (παρά & εἰμι) to be beside; to be present, Lu. 13. 1, et al.; to be come, Mat. 26. 50. Jno. 7. 6; 11. 28. Col. 1. 6, et al.; to be in possession, He. 13. 5. 2 Pe. 1. 9, 12; part. παρών, οὐσα, όν, present, 1 Co. 5. 3; τὸ παρόν, the present time, the present, He. 12. 11.

Παρεισάγω, f. άξω, (παρά & εἰσάγω) to introduce stealthily, 2 Pe. 2. 1: whence

Παρείσακτος, ου, ό, ή, clandestinely introduced, brought in stealthily, Ga. 2. 4. N. T.

Παρεισδύω, v. δύνω, f. δύσω, a. 1 παρεισέδυσα, (σαρά & εἰσδύω) to enter privily, creep in stealthily, steal in Jude 4.

Παρεισέρχομαι, a. 2. παρεισήλθον, (παρά & εἰσέρχομαι) to supervene, Ro. 5. 20; to steal in, Ga. 2. 4.

Παρεισφέρω, f. οίσω, a. 1. παρεισήνεγκα, (παρά & εἰσφέρω) to bring in beside; to bring into play, superinduce, exhibit in addition, 2 Pe. 1. 5.

Παρεκτός, adv. (παρά & ἐκτός) without, on the outside; except, Mat. 5. 32. Ac. 26. 29; τὰ παρεκτός, other matters, 2 Co. 11. 28. S.

Παρεμβολή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, (παρεμβάλλω, to interpose or insert, παρό & έμβάλλω) an insertion beside; later, a marshalling of an army; an array of battle, army, He. 11. 34; a camp, He. 13. 11, 13. Re. 20. 9; a standing camp, fortress, citadel, castle, Ao 21. 34, 37; 22. 24; 23. 10, 16, 32.

Παρενοχλέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (παρά & ἐνοχλέω) to superadd molestation; to trouble, harass, Ac. 15. 19.

Παρεπίδημος, ου, ό, ή, (παρά & έπίδημος) residing in a country not one's own, a sojourner, stranger, He. 11. 13. 1 Pe. 1. 1; 2. 11. L. G.

Παρέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. παρήλθον, (παρά & έρχομαι) to pass beside, pass along, pass by, Mat. 8. 28. Mar. 6. 48; to pass, elapse, as time, Mat. 14. 15. Ac. 27. 9; to pass away, be removed, Mat. 26. 39, 42. Mar. 14. 35; mct. to pass away, disappear, vanish, perish, Mat. 5. 18; 24. 34, 35; to become vain, be rendered void, Mat. 5. 18. Mar. 13. 31; to pass by, disregard, neglect, Lu. 11. 42; 15. 29; to come to the side of, come to, Lu. 12. 37; 17. 7.

Πάρεσις, εως, ή, (παρίημι) a letting pass; remission, forgiveness, pardon, Ro. 3. 25.

Παρέχω, f. έξω, a. 2. παρέσχον, (παρά & έχω) to hold beside; to hold out to, offer, present, Lu. 6. 29; to confer, render, Lu. 7. 4. Ac. 22. 2; 28. 2. Col. 4. 1; to afford, furnish, Ac. 16. 16; 17. 31; 19. 24. 1 Ti. 6. 17; to exhibit, Tit. 2. 7; to be the cause of, occasion, Mat. 26. 10. Mar. 14. 6. Lu. 11. 7, et al.

Παρηγορία, ας, ή, (παρηγορέω, ta

exhort; to console) exhortatio; comfort, solace, consolation, Col. 4.

Παρθενία, as, ή, virginity, Lu. 2. 36: from

Παρθένος, ου, ἡ, a virgin, maid. Mat. 1. 23; 25. 1, 7, 11. Ac. 21. 9, et al.; in N. T. also masc., chaste, Re. 14. 4.

Παρίημι, f. παρήσω, (παρά & ἵημι) to let pass beside, let fall beside; to relax; pass. p. part. παρειμένος, hanging down helplessly, unstrung, feeble, He. 12. 12.

Παρίστημι, and later also παριστάνω, f. παραστήσω, (παρά & Ιστημι) trans. to place beside; to have in readiness, provide, Ac. 23. 24; to present, cause to be present, place at the disposal of, Mat. 26. 53. Ac. 9. 41; to present to God, dedicate, consecrate, devote, Lu. 2. 22. Ro. 6, 13, 19; to prove, demonstrate, show, Ac. 1.3; 24. 13; to commend, recommend, 1 Co. 8. 8; intrans. p. παρέστηκα, part. παρεστός, plp. παρειστήκεν a. 2. παρέστηκ, and mid., to stand by or before, Ac. 27. 24. Ro. 14. 10; to stand by, to be present, Mar. 14. 47, 69, 70; to stand in attendance, attend, Lu. 19; i) 24; of time, to be present, have come, Mar. 4. 29; to stand by in aid, to aid, assist, support, Ro. 16. 2

Πάροδος, ου, $\tilde{\eta}$, $(\pi a \rho \tilde{a} & \delta \delta \delta s)$ a way by; a passing by; $\tilde{\epsilon} \nu \pi a \rho \delta \delta \varphi$, in passing, by the way, 1 Co. 16. 1.

Παροικέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πάροικος) to dwell beside; later, to reside in a place as a stranger, sojourn, be a stranger or sojourner, Lu. 24. 18. He. 11. 9: whence

Παροικία, ας, ή, a sojourning, temporary residence in a foreign land, Ac. 13. 17. 1 Pe. 1. 17. S.

Πάροικος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (παρά & οἶκος) a neighbour; later, a sojourner, temporary resident, stranger, Ac. 7. 6, 29. Ep. 2. 19. 1 Pe. 2. 11.

Παροιμία, as, ἡ, (πάροιμοs, by the road, trite, παρά & οἰμος) a by-word, proverb, adage, 2 Pe. 2. 22; in N. T., an obscure saying, enigma, Jno. 16. 25, 29; a parable, similitude, figurative discourse, Jno. 10. 6.

Πάρς:νος, ου, ό, ή, (παρά & οίνος) pr.

pertaining to wine; given to wine prone to intemperance, drunken; hence, quarrelsome, insolent, overbearing, 1 Ti. 3. 3. Tit. 1. 7.

Παροίχομαι, f. οιχήσομαι, p. ψχημαι, (παρά & οίχομαι) to have gone by; p. part. παρφχημένος, bygone, Ac. 14.16.

Παρομοιάζω, f. άσω, to be like, to resemble, Mat. 23. 27: (N. T.) from

Παρόμοιος, οία, οιον, (παρά & ομοιος) nearly resembling, similar, like, Mar. 7. 8, 13.

Παροξύνω, f. υνῶ, (παρά & ἐξύνω, to sharpen, fr. ὀξύς) to sharpen; met. to incite, stir up, Ac. 17. 16; to irritate, provoke, l Co. 13. 5: whence

Παροξυσμός, οῦ, ὁ, an inciting, incitement, He. 10. 24; a sharp fit of anger, sharp contention, angry dispute, Ac. 15. 39.

Παροργίζω, f. ίσω, (παρά & ὀργίζω) to provoke to anger, irritate, exasperate, Ro. 10. 19. Ep. 6. 4: (8.)

whence Παροργισμός, οῦ, ὁ, provocation to anger; anger excited, indignation, wrath, Εp. 4. 26. S.

Παροτρύνω, f. υνῶ, (παρά & ὀτρύνω, to excite) to stir up, incite, instigate, Ac. 13. 50.

Παρουσία, αs, ή, (πάρειμι) presence, 2 Co. 10. 10. Phi. 2. 12; a coming, arrival, advent, Ph. 1. 26. Mat. 24. 3, 27, 37, 39. 1 Co. 15. 23, et al.

Παροψίς, ίδος, ἡ, (παρά & δψον) pr. a dainty side-dish; meton. a plate, platter, Mat. 23. 25, 26.

Παβρησία, ας, ή, (ρησις, a speech) freedom in speaking, boldness of speech, Ac. 4. 13. 1 Ti. 3. 13; παρρησία, αs an adv. freely, boldly, Jno. 7. 13. 26; so μετὰ παρρησίας, Ac. 2. 29. 4. 29, 31; licence, authority, Philem. 8; confidence, assurance, 2 Co. 7. Ep. 3. 12. He. 3. 6; 10. 19; openness, frankness, 2 Co. 3. 12; παρρησία, and eν παρρησία, adverbially, openlyplainly, perspicuously, unambiguously, Mar. 8. 32. Jno. 10. 24; publicly, before all, Juo. 7. 4: whence

Παρδησιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, to speak plainly, freely, boldly, and confi dently, Ac. 13. 46; 14. 3, et al. Hās, πāσa, πāν, gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός, all; in the sing. all, the whole, usually when the subst. has the article, Mat. 6. 29; 8. 32. Ac. 19. 26. et al.; every, only with an anarthrous subst.. Mat. 3. 10; 4. 4, et al.; plu. all, Mat. 1. 17, et al. freq.; πάντα, in all respects, Ac. 20. 35. 1 Co. 9. 25; 10. 33; 11. 2; by a Hebraism, a negative with πāς is sometimes equivalent to obdeis or μηδείς, Mat. 24. 22. Lu. 1. 37. Ac. 10. 14. Ro. 3. 20. 1 Co. 1. 29. Eph. 4. 29, et al.

Mάσχα, τό, indec. (Heb. ΠDB, Aram. MΠDB, fr. ΠDB, to pass over) the passover, the paschal lamb, Mat. 26. 17. Mar. 14. 12; met. used of Christ, the true paschal lamb, 1 Co. 5. 7; the feast of the passover, the day on which the paschal lamb was slain and eaten, the 14th of Nisan, Mat. 26. 18. Mar. 14. 1. He. 11. 28; more genr. the whole paschal festival, including the seven days of the feast of unleavened bread, Mat. 26. 2. Lu. 2, 41. Jno. 2, 13, et al.

Πάσχω, f. πείσομαι, a. 2. ἔπἄθον, p. πέπουθα, to be affected by a thing whether good or bad; to suffer, endure evil, Mat. 16.21; 17.12, 15; 9/.19; absol. to suffer death, Lu. 22.15; 24. 26, et al.

Πατάσσω, f. άξω, a. 1. ἐπάταξα, tostrike, beatupon; to smite, wound, Mat. 26, 51. Lu. 22. 49, 50; by impl. to kill, slay, Mat. 26. 31. Mar. 14. 27. Ac. 7. 24; to strike gently, Ac. 12. 7; fr. the Heb. to smite, inflict evil, afflict with disease, plagues, &c. Ac. 12. 23. Re. 11. 6; 19. 15.

Πατέω, ω, f. ήσω, (πάτος, a path) intrans. to tread, Lu. 10. 19; trans. to tread the winepress, Re. 14. 20; 19. 15; to trample, Lu. 21. 24. Re. 11. 2.

(Iaτήρ, τέρος, τρός, ό, a father, Mat. 2. 22; 4. 21, 22; spc. used of God, as the Father of man by creation, preservation, &c., Mat. 5. 16, 45, 48; and peculiarly as the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, Mat. 7. 21. 2 Co. 1. 3; the founder of a race, remote progenitor, forefather, ancestor, Mat. 3. 9; 23. 30, 32; an elder, senior, father in age, 1 Juno. 2. 13, 14; a spiritual father, 1 Co. 4. 15; father, author, cause, source, Juno. 8. 44. He. 12. 9. Ja. 1. 17; used as an appellation of honour, Mat. 23. 9. Ao. 7. 2.

Πατραλώμες, ου, ο, (πα τήρ & ἀλοάω, v. ἀλοιάω, to smite) a striker of his father; a parricide, 1 Ti. 1. 9.

Πατριά, α̂s, ή, (πατήρ) descent, lineage; a family, tribe, race, Lu. 2. 4. Ac. 3. 25. Ep. 3. 15.

Πατριάρχης, ου, δ, (πατριά & ἀρχή) a patriarch, head or founder of a family, Ac. 2. 29; 7. 8, 9. He. 7. 4. S.

Πατρικός, ή, όν, (πατήρ) from fathers or ancestors, ancestral, paternal, Ga. 1. 14.

 $\Pi a \tau \rho i s$, $i \delta o s$, $\hat{\eta}$, (fr. same) one's native place, country, or city, Mat. 13. 54, 57. Mar. 6. 1, 4. Lu. 4. 23, 24. Jno. 4. 44.

Πατροπαράδοτος, ου, ό, ή, (πατήρ & παραδοτός, fr. παραδόδωμι) handed down or received by tradition from one's fathers or ancestors, l Pe. l. l8. L. G.

Πατρώσς, α, ον, $(\pi \alpha \tau \eta \rho)$ received from one's ancestors, paternal, an cestral, Ac. 22. 3; 24. 14; 28. 17.

Παύω, f. παύσω, to cause to pause or cease, restrain, prohibit, 1 Pe. 3 10; mid., p. πέπαυμα, to cease, stop, leave off, desist, refrain, Lu. 5. 4; \$ 24, et al.

Παχύνω, f. υνῶ, a. 1. pass. ἐπιχύνθην. (παχύς, fat, gross) to fatten, make gross; met. pass. to be rendered gross, dull, unfeeling, Mat. 13. 15. Ac. 28. 27.

 $\Pi \in \delta \eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \in \zeta a$, the foot) a fetter, Mar. 5. 4. Lu. 8. 29.

Πεδίνός, ή, όν, (πεδίον, a plain, πέδον, the ground) level, flat, Lu.

Πεζεύω, f. εύσω, (πέζα, the foot)pr. to travel on foot; to travel by land, Ac. 20. 13.

 $\Pi \epsilon \zeta \tilde{\eta}$, adv. (pr. dat. fem. of $\pi \epsilon \zeta \acute{o}s$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{o}v$, pedestrian, fr. $\pi \acute{e}\zeta a$) on foot, or, by land, Mat. 14. 13. Mar. 6. 33.

Πειθαρχέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (πείθομαι & ἀρχή) to obey one in authority, Ac. 5. 29, 32. Tit. 3. 1; genr. to obey, follow, or conform to advice, Ac. 27. 21.

Πειθός, ή, $\delta \nu$, $(\pi \epsilon i \theta \omega)$ persuasive, 1 Co. 2. 4. N. T.

Πειθώ, όος, οῦς, ἡ, Suada, the goddess of persuasion; persuasiveness v. r. 1 Co. 2. 4.

Πείθω, f. πείσω, p. πέπεικα, a. 1. ëπεισα, p. pass. πέπεισμαι, a. l. pass. επείσθην, to persuade, seek to persuade, endeavour to convince, Ac. 18. 4; 19. 8, 26; 28. 23; to persuade, influence by persuasion, Mat. 27. 20. Ac. 13. 43; 16. 28; to incite, instigate, Ac. 14. 29; to appease, render tranquil, to quiet, 1 Jno. 3. 19; to strive to conciliate, aspire to the favour of, Ga. 1. 10; to pacify, conciliate, win over, Mat. 28. 14. Ac. 12. 20; pass. & mid. to be persuaded of, be confident of, Lu. 20. 6. Ro. 8. 38. He. 6. 9; to suffer one's self to be persuaded, yield to persuasion, to be induced, Ac. 21. 14; to be convinced, to believe, yield belief, Lu. 16. 31. Ac. 17.4; to assent, listen to, obey, follow, Ac. 5. 36, 37, 40; p. 2. $\pi \epsilon \pi o \iota \theta a$, to be assured, be confident, 2 Co. 2. 3. Ph. 1. 6. He. 13. 18; to confide in, trust, rely on, place hope and confidence in, Mat. 27. 43. Mar. 10. 24. Ro. 2, 19,

Πεινάω, ῶ, f. άσω, & ήσω, a. 1. ἐπείνασα, (πείνα, hunger) to hunger, be hungry, Mat. 4. 2. Mar. 11. 12; to be exposed to hunger, be famished, 1 Co. 4. 11. Phi. 4. 12; met. to hunger after, desire earnestly, long for, Mat.

 $\Pi \epsilon i \rho a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, a trial, attempt, endeavour; λαμβάνειν πείραν, to attempt, He. 11. 29; also, to experience, He. 11. 36: whence

Πειράζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐπείρἄσα, p. pass. πεπείρασμαι, a. l. pass. ἐπειρ donn, to make proof or trial of, put to the proof, whether with good or mischievous intent, Mat. 16. 1; 22. 35, et al.; absol. to attempt, essay, Ac. 16. 7; 24. 6; in N. T., to tempt, Mat. 4. 1, et al.; to try, subject to trial, I Co. 10. 13, et al.: whence

Πειρασμός, οῦ, ὁ, a putting to the proof, proof, trial, 1 Pe. 4. 12. He. 3. 8; direct temptation to sin, Lu. 4. 13; trial, temptation, Mat. 6. 13; 26. 41; 1 Co. 10. 13, et al.; trial, calamity, affliction, Lu. 22. 28, et al. S.

Πειράομαι, ωμαι, f. άσομαι, (i. q. Act. πειράω, fr. πείρα) to try, attempt, assay, endeavour, Ac. 9. 26; 26. 21.

Πεισμονή, η̂ς, ή, $(\pi \epsilon i\theta \omega)$ a yielding to persuasion, assent, Ga. 5. 8. N. T. Hélayos, eos, to, the deep, the open sea, Mat. 18. 6; a sea, contra distinguished from the sea in general and named from an adjacent country Ac. 27. 5.

 $\Pi \in \lambda \in \kappa(\omega, f. i\sigma\omega, (\pi \in \lambda \in \kappa \cup s, an axe)$ to strike or cut with an axe; to behead, Re. 20. 4.

 $\Pi \epsilon \mu \pi au \sigma s$, η , σv , $(\pi \epsilon
u au \epsilon)$ fifth, Re. 6. 9; 9. 1; 16. 10; 21. 20.

Πέμπω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔπεμψα, a. 1. pass. ἐπέμφθην, to send, to dispatch on any message, embassy, business, &c., Mat. 2. 8; 11. 2; 14. 10; to transmit, Ac. 11.29. Re. 1.11; to dismiss, permit to go, Mar. 5. 12; to send in or among, 2 Th. 2. 11; to thrust in, or put forth, Re. 14. 15, 18.

Πένης, ητος, δ, ή, (πένομαι, to labour for one's bread) pr. one who labours for his bread; poor, needy,

 $\Pi \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \rho \acute{a}$, \acute{a} s, $\acute{\eta}$, a mother-in-law. Mat. 8. 14; 10. 35. Mar. 1. 30. Lu. 4. 38; 12. 53: from

 $\Pi \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \rho \acute{o}s$, $o\hat{v}$, \acute{o} , a father-in-law, Jno. 18, 13.

 Π ενθέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐπένθησα, trans. to lament over, 2 Co. 12. 21; absol. to lament, be sad, mourn, Mat. 5. 4; 9. 15. Mar. 16. 10, et al.; mid. to bewail one's self, to feel compunction, 1 Co. 5. 2: from

 $\Pi \epsilon \nu \theta$ os, ϵ os, $\tau \acute{o}$, mourning, sorrow, sadness, grief, Ja. 4. 9, et al.

 $\Pi \epsilon \nu i \chi \rho \acute{o} s$, \acute{a} , $\acute{o} \nu$, $(\pi \acute{\epsilon} \nu \eta s)$ poor, needy, Lu. 21. 2.

Πεντάκις, adv. (πέντε) five times, 2 Co. 11, 24,

Πεντακισχίλιοι, αι, α, (πέντε & χίλιοι) five times one thousand, five thousand, Mat. 14. 21; 16. 9, et al.

Πεντακόσιοι, αι, α, (πέντε) five hundred, Lu. 7. 41. 1 Co. 15. 6.

Πέντε, oi, ai, τά, indec., five, Mat. 14. 17, 19; 16. 9, et al.

Πεντεκαιδέκατος, η, ον, (πέντε, καί, & δέκα) fifteenth, Lu. 3. 1.

Πεντήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (πέντε) fifty

Mar. 6. 40. Lu. 7. 41, et al.

Πεντηκοστή, ης, η, (fem. of πεντηκοστός, fiftleth) Pentecost, or the Feast of Weeks; one of the three great Jewish festivals, so called because in was celebrated on the fiftieth day

reckoning from the second day of the feast of unleavened bread, i.e. from the 16th day of Nisan, Ac. 2.1; 20. 16. 1.Co. 16.8.

Πεποίθησις, εως, ή, (πέποιθα, 2 p. of πείθω) trust, confidence, reliance, 2 Cc. 1. 15, et al. S.

 $\Pi \in \rho$, exclit. particle, serving to add force to the word to which it is subjoined.

Πέραν, adv. across, beyond, over, on the other side, Mat. 4. 15, 25; 19. 1. Jno. 6. 1, 17; δ, ħ, τδ, πέραν, farther, on the farther side, and τὸ πέραν, the farther side, the other side, Mat. 8. 18, 28; 14. 22, et al.

Πέρας, ἄτος, τό, an extremity, end, Mat. 12. 42. Lu. 11. 31. Ro. 10. 18; an end, conclusion, termination, He. 6. 16.

· ;

Περί, prep., with a genitive, pr. of place, about, around; about, concerning, respecting, Mat. 2. 8; 11. 10; 22. 31. Jno. 8. 18. Ro. 8. 3, et al. freq.; with an accusative, of place, about, around, round about, Mat. 3. 4. Mar. 3. 34. Lu. 13. 8; oi περί τινα, the companions of a person, Lu. 22. 49; a person and his companions, Ac. 13. 13; simply a person, Jno. 119; τὰ περί τινα, the condition, circumstances of any one, Ph. 2. 23; of time, about, Mat. 20. 3, 5, 6, 9; about, concerning, respecting, touching, Lu. 10. 40. 1 Ti. 1. 19; 6. 21. Tit. 2. 7, et al.

Περιάγω, f. άξω, (περί & ἄγω) to lead around, carry about in one's company, 1 Co. 9. 5; to traverse, Mat. 4. 23; 9. 35; 23. 15. Mar. 6. 6; absolto go up and down, Ac. 13. 11. (ž.)

Περιαιρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 2. περιεῖλον, (περί & αἰρίω) to take off, lift off, remove, 2 Co. 3. 16; to cast off, Ac. 27. 40; met. to cut off hope, Ac. 27. 20; met. to take away sin, remove the guilt of sin, make expiation for sin, He. 10. 11.

Περιαστράπτω, f. ψω, (περί & ἀστράπτω) to lighten around, shine like lightning around, Ac. 9. 3; 22. 6.

Περιβάλλω, f. βαλώ, a. 2. περιέβαλον, p. pass. περιβέβλημαι, (περί & βάλλω) to cast around; to clothe, Mat. 25. 36, 38, 43; mid. to clothe one's self, to be clothed, Mat. 6. 29, 81. Lu. 23, 11. Jno. 19, 2. Ac. 19 8. Re. 4. 4, et al.; to cast around a the to draw a line of circumvallation, La. 19. 43.

Περιβλέπομαι, f. ψομαι, (i. q. περυ βλέπω, fr. περί & βλέπω) trans. to look round upon, Mar. 3. 5, 34; 11. 11. Lu. 6. 10; absol. to look around, Mar. 5. 32; 9. 8; 10. 23.

Περιβόλαιον, ου, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is thrown around any one, clothing, covering, vesture; a cloak, mantle, He. 1. 12; a covering, a veil, 1 Co. 11. 15.

Περιδέω, f. ήσω, p. pass. δέδεμαι, (περί & δέω) to bind round about; pass. to be bound around, be bound up, Jno. 11. 44.

Περιεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (περί, intensive, & έργάζομαι) to do a thing with excessive or superfluous care; to be a busy-body, 2 Th. 3. 11.

Περίεργος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (περί & ἔργον) over careful; officious, a busy-body, 1 Ti. 5. 13; in N. T., περίεργα, magic arts, sorcery, Ac. 19. 19.

Περιέρχομαι, a. 2. ηλθον, (περί & έρχομαι) to go about, wander about, rove, Ac. 19. 13. He. 11. 37; to go about, visit from house to house, 1 Ti. 5. 13; to take a circuitous course, Ac. 28. 13.

Περιέχω, f. περιέξω, a. 2. περι έσχου (περί εξω) to encompass, enclose; to embrace, contain, as a writing, Ao. 23. 25; met to encompass, scize on the mind, Lu. 5. 9; περιέχει, impers. it is contained, it is among the contents of a writing, l Pe. 2. 6.

Περιζώννυμι, & νύω, r. ζώσω, p. pass. περιζωσμαι (περί & ζώννυμι to bind around with a girdle, gird; in N. T., mid. to gird one's self in preparation for bodily motion and exertion, Lu. 12. 37; 17. 8, et al.; to wear a girdle, Re. 1. 13; 15. 6.

Περίθεσις, εως, ή, (περιτίθημι) a putting on, wearing of dress, &c. 1 Pe. 3. 3. N. T.

Περιίστημι, f. περιστήσω, (περί & iστημι) to place around; intrans. a. 2. περιστής, to stand around, Jno. 11. 42. Ac. 25.7; mid. to keep aloof from, avoid, shun, 2 Ti 2. 16. Tit. 3. 9.

81. Lu. 23. 11. Jno. 19. 2. Ac. 12 8. Περικάθαρμα, ατος, τό, (περικαθ

αιοω, to cleanse, purify, fr. περί & καθαίρω) pr. offscouring, filth; met. refuse, outcast, 1 Co. 4.13. S.

Περικαλύπτω, f. ψω, (περί & καλύπτω) to cover round about, cover over; to cover the face, Mar. 14. 65; to blindfold, Lu. 22. 64; pass. to be overlaid, He. 9. 4.

Hερίκειμαι, f. κείσομαι, (περί & κείμαι) to lie around, be circumjacent; to environ, He. 12. 1; to be hung round, Mar. 9. 42. Lu. 17. 2; to have around one's self, to wear, Ac. 28. 20; to be beset, He. 5. 2.

Περικεφαλαία, ας, ή, (fem. of περικεφάλαιος, περί & κεφαλή) a helmet,Ep. 6. 17. 1 Th. 5. 8. L. G.

L'ερικράτής, έος, δ, ή, (περί & κρατέω) overpowering; περικρατής γενέσθαι, to become master of, to secure, Ac. 27. 16. L. G.

Περικρύπτω, f. ψω, (περί & κρύπτω) to conceal by envelopment; to conceal in retirement, Lu. i. 24. L. G.

Περικυκλόω, f. ώσω, (περί & κυκλόω) to encircle, surround, Lu. 19. 43.

Περιλάμπω, f. ψω, (περί & λάμπω) to shine around, Lu. 2. 9. Ac. 26. 13. L. G.

Περιλείπω, f. ψω, (περί & λείπω) to leave remaining; pass. to remain, survive, 1 Th. 4. 15, 17.

Περίλῦπος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (περί & λύπη) greatly grieved, exceedingly sorrowful, Mat. 26. 38. Mar. 6. 26; 14. 34, et al.

Περιμένω, f. ενῶ, (περί & μένω) to await, wait for, Ac. l. 4.

Πέριξ, adv. (περί) round about; δ, ή, τό, περιξ, circumjacent, neighbouring, Ac. 5. 16.

Περιοικέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to dwell around, or in the vicinity; to be a neighbour, Lu. 1. 65: from

Περίοικος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (περί & οἶκος) one who dwells in the vicinity, a neighbour, Lu. 1. 58.

Περιούσιος, ου, ό, ή, (περιουσία, abundance, wealth, fr. περίειμι, to superabundant; peculiar, special, Tit. 2.14. S.

Περιοχή, η̂s, η̂, (περιέχω) a compass, circumference, contents; a section, a portion of Scripture, Ac. 8. 32.

Περιπάτέω, ω, f. ήσω, (περι & πατέω) to wrik, walk abot, Mat. 9, 5; 11.5; 14.25; 26; 29, et al.; to rove, roam, 1 Pe. 5. 8; with μετά, to accompany, follow, have intercourse with, Jno. 6. 66. Re. 3. 4; to have one's locality, frequent, Jno. 7. 1; 11. 54; fr. the Heb. to live in any particular manner, follow a course of life or conduct, have one's conversation, behave, Ro. 6. 4; 8. 1, et al.

Περιπείρω, f. περῶ, a. l. περιέπειρα, (περί & πείρω) to put on a spit, transfix; met. to pierce, wound deeply, l Ti. 6. 10.

Περιπίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, a. 2. περιάπεσον (περί & πίπτω) to fall around or upon, to fall in with, Lu. 10. 30; to fall into, light upon, Ac. 27. 41; to be involved in, Ja. 1. 2.

Περιποιέω, f. ήσω, (περί & ποιέω) to cause to remain over and above, to reserve, save; mid. to acquire gain, earn, 1 Ti. 3. 13; to purchase, Ac. 20. 28: whence

Περιποίηστε, εως, η, a laying up, keeping; an acquiring or obtaining, acquisition, 1 Th. 5. 9. 2-Th. 2. 14; a saving, preservation, He. 10. 39; a peculiar possession, specialty, Eph. 1. 14. 1 Pe. 2. 9.

Περιβρήγνυμι, f. βήξω, (περί & βήγνυμι) to break or tear all round; to strip off, Ac. 16. 22.

Περισπάω, ῶ, f. άσω, (περί & σπάω) to draw off from around; to wheel about; to distract; pass. to be distracted, over-busied, Lu. 10. 40.

Περισσεία, as, ἡ, (περισσεύω) superabundance, Ro. 5. 17. 2 Co. 8. 2; 10. 15. Ja. 1. 21. S.

Περίσσευμα, ατος, τό. more than enough, residue over and above, Mar. 8. 8; abundance, exuberance, Mat. 12. 34. Lu. 6. 45; superabundance, affluence, 2 Co. 8. 13, 14. (L. G.) from

Περισσεύω, f. εύσω, to be over and above, to be superfluous, Mat. 14. 20; Mar. 12. 44. Lu. 21. 4, et al.; to exist in full quantity, to abound, be abundant, Ro. 5. 15. 2 Co. 1. 5; to increase, be augmented, Ac. 16. 5; to be advanced, be rendered more prominent, Ro. 3. 7; of persons, to be abundantly gifted, richly furnished, abound, Lu. 15, 17. Ro. 15. 13. 1 Ca.

14. 12. 2 Co. 8. 7, et a..; to be possessed of a full sufficiency, Phi. 4. 12, 18; to abound in performance, 1 Co. 15. 58; to be a gainer, 1 Co. 8. 8; in N. T., trans. to cause to be abundant, 2 Co. 4. 15; 9. 8. Eph. 1. 8; to cause to be abundantly furnished, cause to be abundantly furnished, cause to be gifted with abundance, Mat. 13. 12; 25. 29; from

Hερισσός, ή, όν, (περί) over and above, Mat. 5. 37; superfluous, 2 Co. 9.1; extraordinary, Mat. 5. 47; compar. more, greater, Mat. 11. 9; 23. 14, et al.; excessive, 2 Co. 2. 7; adverbially, περισσόν, in full abundance, Jno. 10. 10; περισσότερον & ἐκ περισσόν, exceedingly, vehemently, Mar. 6. 51; 7. 36. 1 Co. 15. 10. Eph. 3. 20, et al.; τὸ περισσόν, pre-eminence, advantage, Ro. 3. 1: whence

Περισσοτέρως, adv. more, more abundantly, more earnestly, more vehemently, Mar. 15. 14. 2 Co. 7. 13, et al.; exceedingly, Ga. 1. 14.

Hερισσῶs, adv. much, abundantly, vehemently, Ac. 26. 11; more, more abundantly, Mat. 27. 23. Mar. 10. 26. Περιστερά, âs, ή, a dove, pigeon,

Mat. 3. 16; 10. 16, et al.

Περιτέμνω, f. τεμῶ, p. pass. περιτέτμημα, a. 2. περιετεμον, (περί & τέμτω) to cut around; to circumcise, remove the prepuce, Lu. 1. 59; 2. 21, et al.; met. Col. 2. 11; mid. to submit to circumcision, Ac. 15. 1, et al.

Μεριτίθημι, f. περιθήσω, a. 1. περιέθηκα, a. 2. περιέθηκ, (περί & τίθημι) to place around, put about or around, Mat. 21. 33; 27. 28, et al.; met. to attach, bestow, 1 Co. 12. 23.

Περιτομή, η̂s, η̂, (περιτέμνω) circumcision, the act or custom of circumcision, Jno. 7. 22, 23. Ac. 7. 8; the state of being circumcised, the being circumcised, the circumcised, the object of the circumcised, the object of the circumcised, the circumcised, the circumcised of the heart and affections, Ro. 2. 29. Col. 2. 11; meton. persons spiritually circumcised, Ph. 3. 3. S.

Περιτρέπω, f. ψω, (περί & τρέπω) to turn about; to bring round into any state, Ac. 26. 24.

Περιτρέχω, κ. 2. περιέδραμον, (πε-

ρί & τρέχω) to run about, run up and down, Mar. 6. 55.

Περιφέρω, f. περιούσω, a. περιήνεγκα & περιήνεγκον, (περί & φέρω) to bear or carry about, Mar. 6. 55; 2 Co. 4. 10; pass. to be borne about hither and thither, to be whirled about, driven to and fro, Ep. 4. 14. He. 13. 9. Jude 12.

Περιφρονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (περί & φρήν) to contemplate, reflect on; to despise, disregard, Tit. 2. 15.

Περίχωρος, ό, η, (περί & χώρα) circumjacent; η περίχωρος, εc. γη, απ adjacent or circumjacent region, country round about, Mat. 14. 35. Mar. 1. 28; meton. inhabitants of the region round about, Mat. 3. 5. L. G.

Περίψημα, ατος, τό, (περιψάω, to wipe on every side) filth which is wiped off; offscouring; met. 1 Co. 4. 13. N. T.

Περπερεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (πέρπερος, braggart) to vaunt one's self, l.Co. 13. 4. L.G.

Πέρῦσι, adv. (πέρας,) last year, a year ago, 2 Co. 8. 10.

Πετάομαι, ωμαι, a later form for πέτομαι, Re. 4. 7; 14. 6; 19. 17.

Πετεινόν, οῦ, τό, (neut. of πετεινός, ή, όν, winged, flying, fr. πέτομαι) a bird, fowl, Mat. 6. 26; b. 20, et al.

Πέτομαι, f. πετήσομαι & πτήσομαι, to fly, Re. 12. 14.

Πέτρα, as, η, a rock, Mat. 7. 24, 25, et al.; met. Ro. 9. 33. 1 Pe. 2. 8; crags, clefts, Re. 6. 15, 16; stony ground, Lu. 8. 6, 13.

Πέτρος, ou, o, a stone; in N. T., the Greek rendering of the surname Cephas, given to the Apostle Simon, and having, therefore, the same sense as πέτρα, Peter, Mat. 4. 18; 8. 14. et al.

Πετρώδης, εος, ους, ό, ή, τό, -ες, (πέτρα, πέτρος) like rock; stony, rocky, Mat. 13. 5, 20. Mar. 4. 5, 16.

Πήγανου, ου, τό, rue, a plant, ruta graveolens of Linn., Lu. 11. 42.

Πηγή, ης, η, a source, spring, fountain, Ja. 3. 11, 12; a well, Jno. 4. 6; an issue, flux, flow, Mar. 5. 29; met. Jno. 4. 14.

Πήγνυμι & πηγνύω, f. ξω, a. 1. ξο πηξα, to fasten; pitch a tent, He. 8. 2

Πηδάλιον, ίου, τό, (πηδόν, the blade)of an oar) a rudder, Ac. 27. 40. Ja.

Πηλίκος, η, ον, how large, Ga. 6. 11; how great in dignity, He. 7. 4. (i) Πηλός, οῦ, δ, moist earth, mud,

slime, Jno. 9. 6, 11, 14, 15; clay, potter's clay, Ro. 9. 21.

 $\Pi \dot{\eta} \rho a$, as, $\dot{\eta}$, a leather bag or sack for provisions, scrip, wallet, Mat. 10. 10 Mar. 6. 8, et al.

 $II\hat{\eta}\chi vs$, $\epsilon \omega s$, δ , pr. cubitus, the forearm; hence, a cubit, a measure of length, equal to the distance from the elbow to the extremity of the little finger, usually considered as equivalent to a foot and a half, or 17 inches and a half, Jno. 21.8. Re. 21.7; met. of time, a span, Mat. 6. 27. Lu. 12. 25.

Πιάζω, (a later form for πιέζω, derived from the Doric) f. άσω, a. 1. επίασα, to press; in N. T., to take or lay hold of, Ac. 3. 7; to take, catch fish, &c., Jno. 21. 3, 10. Re. 19. 20; to take, seize, apprehend, arrest, Jno. 7. 30, 32, 44, et al.

Πιέζω, f. έσω, p. pass. πεπίεσμαι, to press, to press or squeeze down, make compact by pressure, Lu. 6. 38.

Πιθανολογία, ας, η, (πιθανός, persuasive, πείθω, & λόγος) persuasive speech, plausible discourse, Col. 2. 4. Πικραίνω, ανώ, (πικρός) to embitter,

render bitter, Re. 10. 9; pass. to be embittered, be made bitter, Re. 8. 11; 10. 10; met. pass. to be embittered, to grow angry, harsh, Col.

Πικρία, as, ή, bitterness, Ac. 8. 23. He. 12. 15; met. bitterness of spirit and language, harshness, Ro. 3. 14. Ep. 4. 31: from

 $\Pi \iota \kappa \rho \delta s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\delta \nu}$, bitter, Ja. 8, 11; met. bitter, harsh, Ja. 3. 14: whence

Πικρώς, adv. bitterly, Mat. 26. 75. Lu. 22. 62.

Πίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, a. 1. pass. ἐπλήσθην, to fill, Mat. 27. 48, et al.; pass. to be filled mentally, be under full influence, Lu. 1. 15; 4. 28, et al.; to be fulfilled, v. r. Lu. 21. 22; of stated time, to be brought to a close, arrive at its close, Lu. 1, 23, 57; 2, 6,

Πίμπρημι, f. πρήσω, to set on fire,

burn, inflame; in N. T., pass. to swell from inflammation, Ac. 28. 6.

Πινακίδιον, ίου, τό, a small tablet for writing, Lu. 1, 63: dimin, of

Πίναξ, ἄκος, ό, pr. a board or plank; in N. T., a plate, platter, dish on which food was served, Mat. 14. 3, 11

Πίνω, f. πίομαι, & πιοθμαι, a. 2. έπιον, p. πέπωκα, to drink, Mat. 6. 25, 31; 26. 27, 29, et al. freq.; trop. of the earth, to drink in, imbibe, He. 6. 7.

Πιότης, τητος, ή, (πίων, fat) fatness, richness, Ro. 11, 17,

Πιπράσκω, p. πέπρακα, pass. p. πέπραμαι, a. l. ἐπράθην, (redupl. fr. περάω, to bring from a distance to to sell) to sell, Mat. 13. 46; 18. 25. et al.; met. with ὑπό, pass. to be sold under, to be a slave to, be devoted to, Ro. 7. 14.

Πίπτο, f. πεσούμαι, p. πέπτωκα, a. 2. έπεσον, & in N. T., a. 1. έπεσα, to fall, Mat. 15. 27. Lu. 10. 18; to fall, fall prostrate, fall down, Mat, 17. 6; 18. 29. Lu. 17. 16; to fall down dead, Lu. 21. 24; to fall, fall in ruins, Mat. 7. 25, 27. Lu. 11. 17; met. to fall, come by chance, as a lot, Ac. 1. 26; to fall, to fail, become null and void, tall to the ground, Lu. 16. 17; to fall, to come into a worse state Re. 2. 5; to come to ruin, Ro. 11. 11 He. 4. 11; to fall into sin, Ro. 11. 22, 1 Co. 10. 12; to fall in judgment, be condemned and punished, Re. 14. 8 to fall upon, seize, Re. 11. 11; to light upon, Re. 7. 16; to fall under, incur Ja. 5. 12.

Πιστεύω, f. εύσω, p. πεπίστευκα, $(\pi i \sigma \tau \iota s)$ to believe, give credit to, Mar. 1. 15; 16. 13. Lu. 24. 25; intrans. to believe, have a mental persuasion, Mat. 8. 13; 9. 28. Ja. 2. 19; to believe, be of opinion, Ro. 14. 2; in N. T., moreview ev, eis, eni, to believe in or on, Mat. 18. 6; 27. 42. Jno. 3. 15, 16, 18; absol. to believe be a believer, profess the religion of Jesus, Ac. 2. 44; 4. 4, 32; 13. 48; trans. to intrust, commit to the charge or power of, Lu. 16. 11. Jno. 2. 24; pass. to be intrusted with, Ro.
 2. 1 Co. 9. 17.

Πιστικός, ή, όν, (πιστός) genuine pure, unadulterated, or (πίνω); yaid Mar. 14. 3. Jno. 12. 3. N. T.

147

Tiotis, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \epsilon i \theta o \mu a \iota)$ fuith, belief, firm persuasion, 2 Co. 5. 7. He. 11.1; assurance, firm conviction, Ro. 14. 23; argument, proof, assurance, Ac. 17. 31; good faith, honesty, integrity, Mat. 23. 23. Ga. 5. 22. Tit. 2. 10; faithfulness, truthfulness, Ro. 3. 3; in N. T., faith in God and Christ, Mat. 8. 10. Ac. 3. 16, et al. freq.; ἡ πίστις, the matter of Gospel faith, Ac. 6. 7. Jude 3, et al.

 $\Pi\iota\sigma\tau\delta s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\delta}\nu$, $(\pi\epsilon i\theta\omega)$ faithful, true, trusty, Mat. 24. 45; 25. 21, 23. Lu. 12. 42. 2 Ti. 2. 2; true, veracious, Re. 1. 5; 2. 13; credible, sure, certain, indubitable, Ac. 13. 34. 1 Ti. 1. 15; believing, yielding belief and confidence, Jno. 20. 27. Ga. 3. 9; spc. a Christian believer, Ac. 10. 45; 16. 1, 15. 2 Co. 6. 15: whence

Πιστόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to make trustworthy; pass. to be assured, feel sure belief, 2 Ti. 3. 14.

IIλανάω, ω, f. ήσω, a.1. ἐπλάνησα, to lead astray, cause to wander; pass. to go astray, wander about, stray, Mat. 18. 12, 13. 1 Pe. 2. 25; met. to mislead, deceive, Mat. 24. 4, 5, 11, 24; pass. to be deceived, err, mistake, Mat. 22. 29; to seduce, delude, Jno. 7. 12; pass. to be seduced or wander from the path of virtue, to sin, transgress, Tit. 3. 3. He. 5. 2. Ja. 5. 19, et al.: from

Πλάνη, ης, ή, a wandering; deceit, deception, delusion, imposture, fraud, Mat. 27.64. I Th. 2.3; seduction, deceiving, Ep. 4.14. 2 Th. 2.11. I Jno. 4.6; error, false opinion, 2 Pe. 3. 17; wandering from the path of truth and virtue, perverseness, wickedness, sin, Ro. 1. 27. Ja. 5. 20. 2 Pe. 2. 18. Jude 11: whence

Πλανήτης, ου, ό, a rover, roving, a wanderer, wandering; ἀστὴρ πλανή-της, a wandering star, Jude 13.

Πλάνος, η, ον, & os, ον, a wanderer, vagabond; also act. deceiving, seducing; a deceiver, impostor, Mat. 27.63. 2 Co. 6. 8. 1 Ti. 4. 1. 2 Jno. 7.

Πλάξ, ακός, ή, a flat broad surface; a table, tablet, 2 Co. 3. 3. He. 9. 4.

Πλάσμα, ατος, τό, a thing formed or fashioned; spc. a potter's vessel, Ro. 9. 20: from

Πλάσπω, γ. ττω, f. πλάσω, a. 1.

έπλασα, a. l. pass. ἐπλάσθην, to form fashion, mould, Ro. 9. 20. 1 Tl. 2 13: whence

Πλαστός, ή, όν, formed, fashioned, moulded; met. fabricated, counterfeit, delusive, 2 Pe. 2. 3.

Πλατεία, as, ή, (pr. fem. of πλατύς) a street, broad way, Mat. 6. 5; 12. 19. Lu. 10. 10, et al.

 $\Pi\lambda\acute{a}\tau os, \epsilon os, \tau\acute{o}, (fr. same)$ breadth, Ep. 3. 18. Re. 20. 9; 21. 16, bis.

Πλατύνω, f. υνῶ, p. pass. πεπλάτυμαι, a. l. pass. ἐπλατύνθην, to make broad, widen, enlarge, Mat. 23. 5; pass. met., of the heart, from the Heb., to be expanded with kindly and genial feelings, 2 Co. 6. 11, 13: from

Πλατύς, εία, ύ, broad, wide, Mat. 7. 13.

Πλέγμα, ατος, τό, (πλέκω) any thing plaited or intertwined; a braid of hair, 1 Ti. 2. 9.

Πλείστος, η, ον, most; very great, Mat. 11. 20; 21. 8; τὸ πλεῖστον, as an adv. at most, 1 Co. 14. 27: superlat. of πολύς.

Πλείων, ονος, δ, ή, τό, -ον & πλέον, (comp. of πολύς) more in number, Mat. 21. 36; 26. 53; more in quantity, Mar. 12. 43. Lu. 21. 3; οι πλείoves v. πλείους, the greater part, the majority, Ac. 19. 32; 27. 12; the more, 1 Co. 9. 19. 2 Co. 4. 15; neut. πλείον, as an adv. more, Lu. 7. 42; επὶ πλείον, more, of time, longer, further, Ac. 24. 4; of space, more widely, Ac. 4. 17. 2 Tl. 2. 16; 3. 9; for the pos. much, of time, long, Ac. 20. 9; more, higher, greater, more excellent, of higher value, Mat. 5. 20; 6. 25

 $\Pi\lambda\epsilon\kappa\omega$, f. $\xi\omega$, to interweave, weave, braid, plait, Mar. 15. 17. Jno. 19. 2.

Πλεονάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐπλεόνασα, (πλείων, πλέον) to be more than enough; to have in abundance, superabound, 2 Co. 8. 15; to abound, be abundant, to increase, be augmented, Ro. 5. 20; 6. 1; in N. T., trans. to cause to abound or increase, to augment, 1 Th. 3. 12.

Πλεονεκτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πλείων, πλέον & έχω) to have more than another; to take advantage of; to overreach, make gain of, 2 Co. 7. 2; 13. 17, 18; to wrong, 1 Th. 4. 6; to get the better, or an advantage of, 2 Co. 2. 11: whence

1 Ιλεονέκτης, ου, ό, one who has or claims to have more than his share; a covetous, avaricious person, one who defrauds for the sake of gain, 1 Co. 5. 10, 11; 6. 10. Ep. 5. 5.

Πλεονεξία, ας, η, some advantage which one possesses over another; an inordinate desire of riches, covetousness, Lu. 12. 15, et al.; grasping, over-reaching, extortion, Ro. 1. 29. 1 Th. 2. 5, et al.; a gift exacted by importunity and conferred with grudging, 2 Co. 9. 5; a scheme of extortion, Mar. 7. 22.

Πλευρά, as, pr. a rib; the side of the body, Jno. 19. 34; 20. 20, 25, 27. Ac. 12. 7.

Πλέω, f. πλεύσομμι & πλευσοῦμαι, a. l. ἔπλευσα, p. πέπλευκα, to sail, Lu. 8. 23. Ac. 21. 3; 27. 2, 6, 24.

Πληγή, ης, η, (πλήσσω) a blow, stroke, stripe, Lu. 10. 30; 12. 48; meton. a wound, Ac. 16. 33. Re. 13. 3, 12, 14; fr. the Heb. a plague, affliction, calamity, Re. 9. 20; 11. 6.

IIλ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ os, εos, τό, (πλ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ ω) fulness, amplitude, magnitude; a multitude, a great number, Lu. 1. 10; 2. 13; 5. 6; a multitude, a crowd, throng, Mar. 3. 7, 8. Lu. 6. 17, et al.: whence

Πληθύνω, f. υνῶ, a. 1. ἐπλήθῦνα, a. 1. pass ἐπληθύνθην, trans. to multiply, cause to increase, augment, 2 Co. 9. 10. He. 6. 14; pass. to be multiplied, increase, be accumulated, Mat. 24. 12. Ac. 6. 7; 7. 17, et al.; intrans. to multiply, increase, be augmented, Ac. 6. 1.

Πλήθω, see πίμπλημι.

Πλήκτης, ου, ό, (πλήσσω) a striker, one apt to strike; a quarrelsome, violent person, 1 Ti. 8. 3. Tit. 1. 7.

Πλήμμ $\bar{\nu}$ ρα, ας, ή, (πλήμμη, the flow of the sea, πλήθω) the flood-tide; a flood, inundation, Lu. 6. 48.

Πλήν, adv. (πλέον) besides, except,
 Mar. 12. 32. Ac. 8. 1; 20. 23; as a conf. but, however, nevertheless,
 Mat. 18. 7. Lu. 19. 27. Eph. 5. 33, et al.

Πλήρης, εος, ους, δ, ή, (πλέος) full, filled, Mat. 14. 20; 15. 37; full of disease, Lu. 5. 12; met. full of, abounding in, wholly occurried with, com-

pletely under the influence of, of affected by, Lu. 4. 1. Jno. 1. 14. Ac 9. 36, et al.; full, complete, perfect Mar. 4. 28.

Πληροφορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἐπληροφόρησα, (πλήρης & φορέω) to bring
full measure, to give in full; to carry
out fully, to discharge completely,
2 Tl. 4. 5; 4. 17; pass. of things, to
be fully established as a matter of
certainty, Lu. 1. 1; of persons, to be
fully convinced, assured, Ro. 4. 21:
whence

Πληροφορία, as, ή, full conviction, firm persuasion, assurance, 1 Th. 1. 5. Col. 2. 2, et al. N. T.

Πληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. πεπλήρωκα, a. 1. έπλήρωσα, (πλήρης) to fill, make full, fill up, Mat. 13. 48; 23. 32. Lu. 3.5; to fill up a deficiency, Phi. 4. 18, 19; to pervade, Jon. 12. 3. Ac. 2. 2; to pervade with an influence, to influence fully, possess fully, Jno. 16. 6. Ac. 2. 28; 5. 3. Ro. 1. 29. Eph. 5. 18, et al.; to complete, perfect, Jno. 3. 29. Eph. 3. 19, et al.; to bring to an end, Lu. 7. 1; to perform fully, discharge, Mat. 3. 15. Ac. 12. 25; 13. 25; 14. 26. Ro. 12. 8. Col. 4. 17; to consummate, Mat. 5. 17; to realize accomplish, fulfil, Lu. 1. 20; 9. 31. Ac. 3. 18; 13. 27; fr. the Heb. to set forth fully, Ro. 15. 19. Col. 1. 25; pass., of time, to be fullfulled, come to an end, be fully arrived, Mar. 1. 15. Lu. 21. 24. Jno. 7. 8, et al.; of prophecy, to receive fulfilment, Mat. 1. 22, et al. freq.: whence

IIλήρωμα, aros, τό, that which fills up; full measure, entire contents, Mar. 8. 20. 1 Co. 10. 26, 28; complement, full extent, full number, Ga. 4. 4. Eph. 1. 10; that which fills up a deficiency, a supplement, a patch, Mat. 9. 16; fulness, abundance, Jno. 1. 16. Ro. 15. 29; a fulfilling, perfect performance, Ro. 13. 10; complete attainment of entire betief, full acceptance, Ro. 11. 12; full development, plenitude, Eph. 1. 23; 3. 19; 4. 13. Col. 1. 19; 2. 9.

Πλησίον, adv. (πέλας, idem) near, near by, Jno. 4.5; δ πλησίον, a neighbour, Mat. 19. 19. Ro. 15. 2, et al. ξ a friendly neighbour, Mat. 5. 43.

Πλησμονή, η̂s, η̂, (πίμπλημι) a filling up; met. gratification, satisfaction, Col. 2. 23.

149

Πλοιάριον, ου, τό, a small vessel, boat, Mar. 3. 9, et al.: dimin. of

Πλ τον, ου, τό, (πλέω) a vessel, ship, bark, whether large or small, Mat. 4. 21, 22. Ac. 21. 2, 3, et al.

Πλόος, οῦς, όου, οῦ, and later, πλοῦς, πλοός, ὁ, (fr. same) sailing, navigation, voyage, Ac. 21. 7; 27. 9, 10.

Πλούσιος, a, ov, (πλοῦτος) rich, opulent, wealthy; and pl. οι πλούσιος, the rich, Mat. 19. 23, 24; 27. 57, et al.; met. rich, abounding in, distinguished for, Ep. 2. 4. Ja. 2. 5. Re. 2. 9; 3. 17; meton. used of one who is in a state of glory, dignity, happiness, &c. 2 Co. 8. 9: whence

Πλουσίως, adv. richly, largely, abundantly, Col. 3. 16, et al.

Πλουτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. πεπλούτηκα, a. l. ἐπλούτησα, (πλοῦτος) to be or become rich, Lu. l. 25. l Ti. 6. 9; trop. Lu. 12. 21; met. to abound in, be abundantly furnished with, l Ti. 6. 18; to be spiritually enriched, 2 Co. 8. 9, et al.

Πλουτίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐπλούτισα, to make rich, enrich; met. to enrich spiritually, 1 Co. 1. 5. 2 Co. 6. 10; 9.11: from

IIλοῦτος, ου, δ, riches, wealth, opulence, Mat. 13. 22. Lu. 8. 14; in N. T., πλοῦτος τοῦ Θεοῦν. V. Χριστοῦ, those rich benefits, those abundant bleatings which flow from God or Christ, Ep. 3. 8. Phi. 4. 19; met. richness, abundance, copiousness, Ro. 2. 4; 11. 33. 2 Co. 8. 2; meton. a spiritual enriching, Ro. 11. 12.

Πλύνω, f. υνω, a. 1. ἔπλυνα, to wash garments, Re. 7. 14.

Πνεύμα, ατος, τό, (πνέω) wind, air in motion, Jno. 3. 8; breath, 2 Th. 2. 8; the substance spirit, Jno. 3. 6; a spirit, spiritual being, Jno. 4. 24. Ac. 23. 8, 9. He. 1. 14; a δοαβμέσε spirit, spectre, Lu. 24. 37; a fout spirit, δαμόνον, Mat. 8. 16. Lu. 10. 20; spirit, as a vital principle. Jno. 6; 63. I Co. 15. 45; the human spirit, the soul, Mat. 26. 41; 27. 50. Ac. 7. 59. 1 Co. 7. 34. Ja. 2. 26; the spirit "the next of thought and feeling, the

mind, Mar. 8. 12. Ac. 19. 21, et al.; spirit, mental frame, 1 Co. 4. 21. 1 Pe. 3. 4; a characteristic spirit, an influential principle, Lu. 9. 55. 1 Co. 2. 12. 2 Ti. 1. 7; a pervading influence, Ro. 11. 8; spirit, frame of mind, as distinguished from outward circumstances and actions, Mat. 5. 3; spirit as distinguished from outward show and form, Jno. 4.23; spirit, a spiritual frame, Ro. 8. 4. Jude 19; spirit, latent spiritual import, spiritual significance, as distinguished from the mere letter, Ro. 2. 29; 7. 6. 2 Co. 3. 6, 17; spirit, as a term for a principle superior to a merely natural or carnal course of things, Ro. 8. 4. Ga. 4. 29; a spiritual dispensation. He. 9, 14; the HOLY SPIRIT, Mat. 3. 16; 12. 31. Jno. 1. 32, 33, et al.; a gift of the Holy Spirit, Jno. 7. 39. Ac. 19. 2. 1 Co. 14. 12, et al.; an operation or influence of the Holy Spirit, 1 Co. 12. 3, et al.; a spiritual influence, an inspiration, Mat. 22. 43. Lu. 2. 27. Eph. 1. 17; a professedly divine communication, or, a professed possessor of a spiritual communication, 1 Co. 12. 10. 2 Th. 2. 2. 1 Jno. 4. 1, 2, 3: whence

Πνευματικός, ή, όν, spiritual, pertaining to the soul, as distinguished from what concerns the body, Ro. 15.
27. 1 Co. 9.11; spiritual, pertaining to the nature of spirits, 1 Co. 15. 44; τὰ πνευματικὰ τῆς πουτρίας, 1, q. τὰ πνεύματα τὰ πουτρά, evil spirits, Ερ. 6.12; spiritual, pertaining or relating to the influences of the Holy Spirit, of things, Ro. 1. 11; 7. 14, et al.; τὰ πνευματικά, spiritual gifts, 1 Co. 12.
1; 14. 1; superior in process to the natural course of things, miraculous, 1 Co. 10. 3; of persons, gifted with a spiritual frame of mind, spiritually affected, 1 Co. 2. 13, 15; endowed with spiritual gifts, inspired, 1 Co. 14. 37: whence

Πνευματικώς, adv. spiritually, through spiritual views and affections, 1 Co. 2. 14; spiritually, in a spiritual sense, allegorically, Re. 11. 8.

Πνέω, f. πνεύσω, later πνεύσομαι & πνευσοῦμαι, a. l. ἔπνευσα, to breathe; to blow, as the wind, Mat. 7. 25, 27, et al.

Πνίγω, f. ξω, ξομαι & ξοῦμαι, a. 1 ἐπνιξα, to stifle, suffocate, choke, Με 5. 13; to seize by the throat, Mat. 18. 28; (i) whence

Πνικτός, ή, όν, strangled, suffocated: in N. T., τὸ πνικτόν, the flesh of animals killed by strangulation or suffocation, Ac. 15, 20, 29; 21, 25,

 $\Pi \nu o \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}$ s, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \nu \dot{\epsilon} \omega)$ breath, respiration, Ac. 17. 25; a wind, a blast of wind, breeze, Ac. 2. 2.

Ποδήρης, εος, ους, ό, ή, (ποῦς & αρω, to fit) reaching to the feet; as subst., sc. ἐσθής, a long, flowing robe reaching down to the feet, Re. 1. 13.

 $\Pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$, adv. whence? whence, used of place, &c. Mat. 15. 33; met. of a of place, ac. mat. 13. 33; mez. of a state of dignity, Re. 2. 5; used of origin, Mat. 21. 25; of cause, source, author, &c. Mat. 13. 27, 54, 56. Lu. 1.43; how? in what way?, Mar. 8. 4; 12. 37.

Ποιέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. πεποίηκα, a. 1. emoingra, to make, form, construct, Mat. 17. 4. Mar. 9. 5. Jno. 2. 15; of God, to create, Mat. 19. 4. Ac. 4. 24; to make, prepare a feast, &c. Mat. 22. 2. Mar. 6. 21; met. to make, establish, ratify, a covenant, He. 8. 9; to make, assume, consider, regard, Mat. 12. 33; to make, effect, bring to pass, cause to take place, do, accomplish, Mat. 7. 22; 21. 21. Mar. 3. 8; 6. 5; 7. 37; met. to perfect, accomplish, fulfil, put in execution a purpose, promise, &c. Lu. 16. 4; 19. 48; to cause, make, Mat. 5. 32. Jno. 11. 37. Ac. 24.12; to make gain, gain, acquire, profit, Mat. 25. 16. Lu. 19. 18; to get, procure, Lu. 12. 33; to make, to cause to be or become any thing, Mat. 21. 13; 23. 15; to use, treat, Lu. 15. 19; to make, constitute, appoint to some office, Mat. 4. 19. Mar. 3. 14; to make, declare to be, 1 Jno. 1. 10; 5. 10; to do, to perform, execute, practise, act, Mat. 46, 47; 6. 2, 3; to commit evil, Mat. 13. 41; 27. 23; to be devoted to, follow, practise, Jno. 3. 21; 5. 29. Ro. 3. 12; to do, execute, fulfil, keep, observe, obey, precepts, &c. Mat. 1. 24; 5. 19; 7. 21, 24, 26; to bring evil upon, inflict, Ac. 9. 13; to keep, celebrate a festival, Mat. 26. 18; to institute the celebration of a festival, He. 11. 28; ποιείν τινα έξω, to cause to leave a place, i. q. εξω άγειν, to lead or conduct out, Ac. 5. 34; to pass, spend time, continue for a time, Mat.

In on της, ου, ό, a maker; the maker

20. 12. Ac. 15. 33; 18. 23. Ja. i. 13 to bear, as trees, yield, produce, Mar 3. 8, 10; 7. 17, 18, 19; with a substan tive or adjective it forms a periphrasis for the verb corresponding to the noun for the verb corresponding to the noun or adjective, e. g. δήλον ποιαν, i. q. δηλούν, to make manifest, betray, Mat. 26. 73; ἐκόἐκησιν π., i. q. ἐκόικησιν π., i. q. ἐκοἰκικον τος νο vindicate, avenge, Lu. 18. 7, 8; ἐκθετον π., i. q. ἐκτιθέναι, to expose infants, Ac. 7. 19; ἐνέδραν π., i. q. ἐνεδροίναι, to lie in wait, Ac. 25. 3 ἐξουσίαν, π., i. e. ἐξουσίαζειν, to exercise power or authority, Re. 13. 12; παίστιν π. i. 0. καίνευ, to iudge, act as κρίσιν π., i. q. κρίνειν, to judge, act as judge, Jno. 5. 27; λύτρωσιν π., i. q. λυτρουν, to deliver, set free, Lu. 1. 68; μονήν π., i. q. μένειν, to remain, dwell, μονὴν π., i. q. μένευν, to remain, dwell, Jno. 14. 23, πόλεμον π., i. q. πολεμεύν, to make or wage war, fight, Re. 11. 7; συμβούλου π., i. q. συμβουλεύεσθαι, to consult together, deliberate, Mar. 3. 6; συνεμοσίων π., i. q. συνομεύνα, & συστροφην π., i. q. συστρόφεσθαι, to conspire together, form a conspiracy, Ac. 23. 12, 13; φανερὸν π., i. q. φανερούν, to make known, betray, Mat. 12. 16: Αμελολύν ποιεύσθαι. i. q. άνει 12. 16; ἀναβολην ποιείσθαι, i. q. ἀνα-12. 10; αναρολην ποιεισθαι, 1, 0, άνα-βάλλεσθαι, to delay, procrestinate, Ac. 25. 17; βέβαιον π., 1, q. βεβαιοῦν, to confirm, render firm and sure, 2 Pe. 1. 10; δεήσεις π., i. q. δείσθαι, to pray, offer prayer, Lu. 5. 33; ἐκβο-λην π. i. q. ἐκβάλλευ, to cast out, throw overboard, Ac. 27. 18; καθαρισμὸν π., i. e. καθαρίζειν, to cleanse from sin, He. 1. 3; κοινωνίαν π., i. q. κοινωνείν, to communicate in liberal. ity, bestow alms, Ro. 15. 26; κοπετόν, π., i. q. κόπτεσθαι, to lament, bewail, Ac. 8. 2; λόγον π., to regard, make account of, Ac. 20. 24; μνείαν π., i. q. μνησθήναι, to call to mind, Ro. 1. 9: μνήμην π., to remember, retain in memory, 2 Pe. 1. 15; πορείαν π., i. q. πορεύεσθαι, to go, journey, travel, Lu.
13. 22; πρόνοιαν π., i. q. προνοείσθαι, to take care of, provide for, Ro. 13. 14; σπουδήν π., i. e. σπουδάζειν, to act with diligence and earnestness, Jude 3: whence

Ποίημα, ατος, τό, that which is made or done; a work, workman-ship, creation, Ro. 1. 20; met. Ep. 2.

Ποίησις, εως, ή, a making; an acting, doing, performance; observance

or author of a song or poem, a poet, Ac. 17. 28; a doer; a performer of the enactments of a law, Ro. 2. 13, et al.

Ποικίλος, η, ον, of various colours, variegated, chequered; various, diverse, manifold, Mat. 4. 24, et al. (č.)

Hoιμαίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. ἐποίμῶνα, to feed, pasture, tend a flock, Lu. 17. 7. 1 Co. 9. 7; trop. to nourish, promote the interest of, Jude 12; met. to tend, direct, superintend, Mat. 2. 6. Jno. 21. 16, et al.; to rule, Re. 2. 27: from

Ποιμήν, ένος, ό, one who tends flocks or herds, a shepherd, herdsman, Mat. 9.36; 25.32; met. a pastor, superintendent, guardian, Jno. 10.

11, 14, 16, et al.

Ποίμνη, ης, η, a flock of sheep, Lu.
 2. 8. 1 Co. 9. 7; met. a flock of disciples, Mat. 26. 31. Jno. 10. 16.

Ποίμνιον, ου, τό, (contr. for ποιμένου, a flock) a flock; met. a flock of Christian disciples, Lu. 12. 32. Ac. 20. 28, 29. 1 Pe. 5. 2, 3.

Tiolos, oia, olov, of what kind, sort, or species, Jno. 12. 33; 21. 19; what? which?, Mat. 19. 18; 21. 23, 24, 27, et al.

Hολεμέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, a. 1. $\hat{\epsilon}\pi\sigma\lambda\hat{\epsilon}\mu$ - $\eta\sigma\alpha$, to make or wage war, fight, Re.
2. 16; 12. 7, et al.; to battle, quarrel,
Ja. 4. 2: from

Πόλεμος, ου, δ, war, Mat. 24. 6. Mar. 13.7; battle, engagement, combat, 1 Co. 14. 8. He. 11. 34; battling, strife, Ja. 4. 1, et al.

Πόλις, εως, η, a city, an enclosed and walled town, Mat. 10. 5, 11; 11. 1; meton. the inhabitants of a city, Mat. 8. 34; 10. 15; with a gen. of person, or a personal pron., the city of any one, the city of one's birth or residence, Mat. 9. 1. Lu. 2. 4, 11; η πόλις, the city, κατ' εξογίν, Jerusalem, Mat. 21. 18; 28. 11; met. a place of permanent residence, abode, home, He. 11. 10, 16; 13. 14.

Πολιτάρχης, ου, ό, (πόλις & ἄρχω) a ruler or prefect of a city, city magistrate, Ac. 17. 6, 8. N. T.

Πολιτεία, ας, ή, (πολιτεύω) the state of being a citizen; citizenship, the right or privilege of being a stizen, freedom of a city or state, Ac. 22. 28; a commonwealth, community, Eph. 2. 12.

Πολίτευμα, ατος, τό, the administration of a commonwealth: in N. T., equivalent to πολιτεία, a community, commonwealth, Phi. 3. 20: from

Πολιτεύω, f. εύσω, intrans. to be a citizen; trans. to govern a city or state, administer the affairs of a state; pass. to be governed; in N. T., to order one's life and conduct, converse, live, in a certain manner as to habits and principles, Ac. 23. 1. Ph. 1. 27: from

Πολίτης, ου, δ, (πόλις) a citizen, Lu. 15. 15; 19. 14. Ac. 21. 39. (ῖ.)

Πολλάκις, adv. (πολύς) many times, often, frequently, Mat. 17. 15. Mar. 5. 4; 9. 22, et al. (\check{a} .)

Πολλαπλἄσίων, ονος, δ, ή, τό, -ον, (a later equivalent to πολλαπλάσιος, fr. πολύς) manifold, many times more, Lu. 18. 30.

Πολυεύσπλαγχνος, ου, ό, ή, (πολύς, εὖ, & σπλάγχνον) very merciful, very compassionate, v. r. Ja. 5. 11. N. T.

Πολυλογία, ας, ή, (πολύς & λόγος) wordiness, loquacity, Mat. 6. 7.

Πολυμερῶς, adv. (πολυμερής, consisting of many parts, πολύς & μέρος) in many parts or parcels, He. 1. 1.

Πολυποίκτλος, ου, ό, ή, (πολύς & ποικίλος) exceedingly various, multiform, manifold; by impl. immense, infinite, Ep. 3. 10.

Hoλύs, πολλή, πολύ, gen. πολλοῦ, πολλῆς, πολλοῦ, great in magnitude or quantity, much, large, Mat. 13. 5. Jno. 3. 23; 15. 8; pl. many, Mat. 3. 7; in time, long, Mat. 25. 19. Mar. 6. 35. Jno. 5. 6; οἱ πολλοί, the many, the mass, Ro. 5. 15; 12. 5. 1 Co. 10. 33; τὸ πολλί much, 2 Co. 8. 15; πολλί, as an adv. much, greatly Mar. 12. 27. Lu. 7. 47; of time, ἐπ' πολί, a long time, Ac. 28. 6; μετ' οἱ πολί, not long after, Ac. 27. 14; followed by a compar, much, 2 Co. 8. 22; πολλῷ, much, by much, Mat. 6. 30. Mar. 10. 48; τὰ πολλί, as an adv. most frequently, generally, Ro. 15. 22; πολλά, as an adv. much, greatly vehemently, Mar. 1. 45; 3. 12; ol time, many times, frequently, often Mat. 9. 14. 45; 3. 12; ol time, many times, frequently, often Mat. 9. 14. 145; 3. 12; ol time, many times, frequently, often Mat. 9. 14.

Πολύσπλαγχνος, ου, ό, ή, (πολύς & σπλάγχνον) very merciful, very compassionate, Ja. 5. 11. N. T.

Πολυτελής, έσς, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς & τέλος) expensive, costly, Mar. 14. 3. 1 Τί. 2. 9; of great value, very precious, 1 Pe. 3. 4.

Πολύτῖμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς & τιμή)
of great price, costly, precious, Mat.
13. 46. Jno. 12. 3.

Πολυτρόπως, adv. (πολύτροπος, manifold, various, πολύς & τρόπος) in many ways, in various modes, He. 1. 1.

Πόμα, ατος, τό, (πέπομαι, p. pass. of πίνω) drink, 1 Co. 10. 4. He. 9. 10.

Πονηρία, αs, η, pr. badness, bad condition; in N. T., evil disposition of mind, wickedness, mischief, malignity, Mat. 22. 18, et al.; pl. πονηρία, wicked deeds, villainies, Mar. 7. 23. Ac. 3. 26: from

Ποτηρός, ά, όν, bad, unsound, Mat. 6. 23; 7. 17, 18; evil, afflictive, Ep. 5. 16; 6. 13. Re. 16. 2; evil, wrongful, malignant, malevolent, Mat. 5. 12, 39. Ac. 28. 21; evil, wicked, impious, and το ποτηρόν, evil, wrong, wickedness, Mat. 5. 37, 45; 9. 4; slothful, inactive, Mat. 25. 26. Lu. 19. 22; ο ποτηρός, the evil one, the devil, Mat. 13. 19, 38. Jno. 17. 15; evil eye, i. q. φθουερός, envious, Mat. 20. 15. Mar. 7. 22; impl. covetous, niggardly, Mat. 7. 11: from

Πόνος, ου, ό, (πένομαι) labour, travail; pain, misery, anguish, Re. 16. 16. 11; 21. 4.
Ποντικός, ή, όν, belonging to, or an

Ποντικός, ή, όν, belonging to, or an inhabitant of Πόντος, Ac. 18. 2.

Πορεία, ας, ή, a going, progress; a journey, travel, Lu. 13. 22; fr. the Heb. way or manner of life, business, occupation, Ja. 1. 11: from

Πορεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι, a. ἐπορεύσην (mid. of πορεύω, to convey, transport, fr. πόρος to go, pass from one place to another, Mat. 17. 27; 18. 12; to go away, depart, Mat. 24. 1; 25. 41. Jno. 14. 2, 3; trop. to go away, depart from life, to die, Lu. 22. 22; to go, pass on one's way, journey, travel, Mat. 2, 8, 9. Lu. 1. 39; 2. 41; πορεύσμαι δπίσω, to go after, to become a follower or partisan, Lu. 21. 8; or, to pursue after, be devoted to,

2 Pe. 2. It; fr. the Heb. to go or proceed in any way or course of life, live in any manner, Lu. 1. 6; 8. 14. Ac. 9. 31.

Πορθέω, $\hat{ω}$, f. $\hat{η}σω$, (a collateral form of πέρθω) to lay waste, destroy; impl. to harass, ravage, Ac. 9. 21. Ga. 1. 13, 23.

Πορισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (πορίζομαι, to furnish to one's self, acc sire, gain, mid. of πορίζω, to furnish, supply, 4 providing, procuring; meton. source of gain, 1 Th. 6. 5, 6. L. G.

Πορνεία, as, η, fornication, whorodom, Mat. 15. 19. Mar. 7. 21. Ac. 15. 20, 29; concubininge, Jno. 8. 41; adultery, Mat. 5. 32; 19. 9; incest, 1 Co. 5. 1; lewdness, uncleanness, genr., Ro. 1. 29; from the Heb. put symbolically for idolatry, Re. 2. 21; 14. 8: from

Πορνεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐπόρνευσα, to commit fornication or whoredom, 1 Co. 6. 18; 10. 8. Re. 2. 14, 20; fr. the Heb. to commit spiritual fornication, practise idolatry, Re. 17. 2; 18. 3, 9: from

Πόρνη, ης, ἡ, (περνάω, ν. πέρνημι, to sell) a prostitute, a whore, harlot, an unclaste female, Mat. 21. 31, 32; fr. the Heb. an idolatress, Re. 17. 1, 5, 15.

Πόρνος, ου, δ, (fr. same) a catamite; in N. T., a fornicator, impure person, 1 Co. 5. 9, 10, 11; 6. 9, et al.

Πόρρω, adv. (a later form of πρόσω, fr. πρό) forward, in advance, far advanced; far, far off, at a distance, Mat. 15. 8. Mar. 7. 6: whence

Πόρρωθεν, adv. from a distance, from afar, He. 11. 13; at a distance, far, far off, Lu. 17. 12.

Πορρωτέρω, adv. (compar. of π όρρω) farther, beyond, Lu. 24. 28.

Πορφύρα, as, η, purpura, murex, a species of shell fish that yielded the purple dye, highly esteemed by the an cients, its tint being a bright crimson, in N.T. a purple garment, robe of purple, Lu. 16. 19. Et. 17. 4; 18. 12, et al.: (ij) whence

Πορφύρεος, οῦς, έα, ᾶ, εον, οῦν, purple, crimson, Jno. 19. 2, 5, col. Mat. 27. 28, 31, et al.

Πορφυρόπωλις, εως, ή, (fem. of

158

πορφυροπώλης, πορφύρα & πωλέω) a female seller of purple cloths, Ac. 16. 14.

Ποσάκις, adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often?, Mat. 18. 21; 23. 37. Lu. 13. 34. (Δ.)

Πόσις, εως, ή, (πίνω) drinking; drink, beverage, Jno. 6. 55. Ro. 14. 17. Col. 2. 16.

Πάσος, η, ον, intervog. to öσος & τόσος, how great? how nuch?, Mat. 6. 23. Lu. 16. 2, 7. 2 Co. 7. 11; πόσφ, adverbially before a comparative, how nuch? by how much? by how nuch? Mat. 7. 11; 10. 25. He. 10. 29; of time, how long? Mat. 15. 34; 16. 2, 10, et al.

Ποτάμός, ου, ό, a river, stream, Mar. 1. 5. Ac. 16. 13; met. and allegor. Jno. 7. 38. Re. 22. 1, 2; a flood, winter torrent, for χείμαρρος ποταμός, Mat. 7. 25, 27.

Ποταμορφόρητος, ου, ό, ή, (ποταμός & φορητός, ft. φορέω) borne along or carried away by a flood or torrent, Re. 12. 15. N. T.

Ποτάπός, ής, όν, a later form of ποδαπός, of what country; in N. T. equivalent to ποιος, what? of what manner? of what kind or sort?, Lu. 1. 29; 7. 39; denoting admiration, what? what kind of? how great? Mat. 8. 27. Mar. 13. 1, et al.

Hότε, interrog. particle, when ? at what time?, Mat. 24. 3; 25. 37, 38, 39, 44; ε̃ως πότε, till when? how long?, Mat. 17. 17, et al.

Hoτέ, an enclitic particle of time, once, some time or other, either past or future; formerly, Jno. 9. 13; at length, Lu. 22. 32; at any time, ever, Ep. 5. 29. He. 2. 1; intensive after interrogatives, ever, 1 Co. 9.7. He. 1. 5, et al.

Πότερος, a, ον, which of the two? whether?; πότερον, adverbially, whether?, Jno. 7. 17.

Ποτήριον, ίου, τό, (ποτήρ, πό ος, πίνω) a vessel for drinking, cup, Mat. 10. 42; 23. 25, 26; meton. the contents of a cup, liquor contained in a cup, Lu. 22. 20; I Co. 10. 16; fr. the Heb., the cup or potion of what God's administration deals out, Mat. 20. 22, 23. Re. 14. 10, et al.

Ποτίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, p. πεπότικα,

a. 1. ἐπότισα, (fr. same) to cause to drink, give drink to, Ifat. 10. 42, et al.; met. 1 Co. 3. 2. Re. 14. 8; to water, irrigate, met. 1 Co. 3. 6, 7, 8.

Πότος, ου, ὁ, (πίνω) a drinking; a drinking together, drinking-bout, compotation, 1 Pe. 4. 3.

Hov, an enclitic indefinite particle, somewhere, in a certain place, He. 2.6; 4.4; with numerals, thereabout, Ro. 4.19.

Hov, an interrog. particle, of place, where? in what place?; direct, Mat. 2. 2. Lu. 8. 25. Jn. 1. 39; indirect, Mat. 2. 4. Jno. 1. 40; whither, Jno. 3. 8; 7. 35; 13. 36.

Πούς, ποδός, ό, the foot, Mat. 4. 6; 5. 35; 7.6; 22. 44; 28. 9. Lu. 1. 79. Ac. 5. 9. Ro. 3. 15, et al.

Πράγμα, ατος, τό, (πράσσω) a thing done, fact, deed, work, transaction, Lu. 1. 1. Ja. 3. 16; a matter, affair, Mat. 18. 19. Ro. 16. 2; a matter of dispute, 1 Co. 6. 1; a thing, genr., He. 10. 1; 11. 1; τὸ πράγμα, απ ευρhemisms for profligacy, perhaps, 1 Th. 4. 6.

Πραγματεία, as, $\tilde{\eta}$, an application to a matter of business; in N. T., business, affair, transaction, 2 Ti. 2. 4: from

Πραγματεύομαι, f. ευσομαι, (πράγμα) to be occupied with or employed in any business, do business; to trade, traffic, Lu. 19. 13.

Πραιτώριον, ίου, τό, (Lat. prestorium, fr. prestor) when used in reference to a camp, the tent of the general or commander-in-chief; hence, in reference to a province, the palace in which the governor of the province resided, Mat. 27. 27. Mar. 15. 16. Ac. 23. 35, et al.; the camp occupied by the prestorian cohorts at Rome, the præstorian camp, or, the Roman emperor's palace, Phil. 1.13.

Πράκτωρ, opos, δ, (πράσσω) an exactor of dues or penalties; an officer who enforced payment of debts by imprisonment, Lu. 12.58.

Πρᾶξις, εως, $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) operation, business, office, Ro. 12. 4; πρᾶξις & πράξις, actions, mode of acting, ways, deeds, practice, behaviour, Mat. 16. 27. Lu. 23. 51, et al.

Πράος, εία, ον, mild; gentle, kind, Πρεσβύτερος, τέρα, τερο», (comp Mat. 11. 29: whence of πρέσβυς) elder, senior; older, more

Πραότης, τητος, η, meekness, forbearance, 1 Co. 4. 21. Ga. 5. 23; gentleness, kindness, benevolence, 2 Co. 10. 1, et al.

Πρασιά, âs, ή, a small area or bed in a garden; trop. a company of persons disposed in squares; fr. the Heb. πρασιαί πρασιαί, by areas, by squares, like beds in a garden, Mar. 6. 40.

Πράσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, p. πέπραχα, a. 1. ἔπραξα, to do, execute, perform, practise, act, transact, and of enil, to commit, Lu. 22. 23; 23. 15. Jno. 3. 20. Ac. 26. 9, 20, 26. 31, et al.; to fulfil, obey, observe a law, Ro. 2. 25; to do to any one, Ac. 16. 28; 5. 35; to occupy one's self with, be engaged in, busy one's self about, Ac. 19. 19. 1 Th. 4. 11; to fare, Ac. 15. 29. Ep. 6. 21; to exact, require, collect tribute, money lent, &c. Lu. 3. 13; 19. 23.

Πραϋπάθεια, ας, ή, (πραϋς & πάθος, fr. πάσχω) meekness, gentleness of mind, kindness, v. r. 1 Ti. 6. 11. L. G.

Πραύς, εῖα, ὑ, éos, οῦς, εἰας, éos, οῦς, i. q. πρῶος, meek, gentle, kind, forgiving, Mat. 5. 5; mild, benevolent, humane, Mat. 21. 5. 1 Pe. 3. 4: whence

Πραύτης, τητος, ή, i. q. πραότης, meekness, mildness, forbearance, 1 Pe. 3. 15; gentleness, kindness, Ja. 1. 21; 3. 13. S.

Πρέπει, impers. verb, it becomes, it is fitting, it is proper, it is right, &c., and part. πρέπον, becoming, suitable, decorous, &c. Mat. 3. 15. 1 Co. 11.
13. Ep. 5. 3. 1 Ti. 2. 10, et al.

 $\Pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \epsilon ia$, αs , $\dot{\eta}$, eldership, seniority; an embassy, legation; ambassadors, legates, Lu. 14. 32; 19. 14: from

IIρεσβείω, f. εύσω, (πρέσβυς, an old man, an ambassador) to be elder; to be an ambassador, perform the duties of an ambassador, 2 Co. 5. 20. Ερ. 6. 20.

Ερεσβυτέριον, ίου, τό, a body of old men, an assembly of elders; the Jewish Sanhedrin, Lu. 22. 66. Ac. 22. 5; a body of elders in the Christian church, a presbytery, 1 Tl. 4. 14; (M. T.) from Πρεσβύτερος, τέρα, τέρο, (comp of πρέσβυν) elder, senior; older, mors advanced in years, Lu. 15. 25. Jno 8. 9. Ac. 2. 17; an elder in respect of age, person advanced in years, 1 Ti. 5. 1, 2; pl. spc. ancients, ancestors, fathers, Mat. 15. 2. He. 11. 2; as an appellation of dignity, an elder, local dignitary, Lu. 7. 3; an elder, local dignitary, Lu. 7. 3; an elder of the Jewish Sanhedrin, Mat. 16. 21; 21. 23; 26. 3, 47, 57, 59; an elder or presbyter of the Christian church, Ac. 11. 30; 14. 23, et al. freq. Πρεσβύτης, ou, δ, (fr. same) an old man, ared person. Lu. 1. 18.

Πρεσβύτης, ου, ό, (fr. same) an old man, aged person, Lu. 1. 18. Tit. 2.2. Phile. 9: (v) whence fem.

 $\Pi \rho \epsilon \sigma \beta \hat{v} \tau i s$, $i \delta o s$, η , an aged woman, Tit. 2. 3.

Πρηνής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, prone, headforemost; πρηνής γενόμενος, falling headlong, Ac. 1. 18.

Πρίζω, v. πρίω, a. 1. pass. $\epsilon πρίσ-$ θην, to saw, saw asunder, He. 11. 37. Πρίν, adv. before, of time, Mat. 26. 34, 75. Mar. 14. 72; πρὶν η, sooner than, before, Mat. 1. 18. Lu. 2. 26,

et al.

Ipó, prep. with a gen., before, of place, in front of, in advance of, Mat.

11. 10. Lu. 1. 76. Ac. 5. 23; before, of time, Mat. 5. 12. Lu. 11. 38; before an infin. with the gen. of the article, before, before that, Mat. 6. 8.

Lu. 2. 21; before, above, in prefer-

ence, Ja. 5. 12. 1 Pe. 4. 8.
Προάγω, f. άξω, (πρό & άγω) to lead, bring, or conduct forth, produce, Ac. 12. 6; 16. 30; 25. 26; intrans. to go before, to go first, Mat. 2. 9; 21. 9. Mar. 6. 45. 1 Ti 5. 24; part. προάγων, ουσα, ον, preceding, previous, antecedent, 1 Ti. 1. 18. He. 7. 18; hence in N. T., trans. to precede, Mat. 14. 22, et al.; to be in advance of, Mat. 21. 31. (ά.)

Προαιρέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (πρό & αἰρέω) to prefer, choose; met. to purpose, to intend considerately, 2 Co. 9. 7.

Προαιτιάομαι, ῶμαι, f. ἀσομαι, (πρό & αἰτιάομαι, fr. αἰτία) pr. to charge beforehand; to convict beforehand Ro. 3. 9, since the charges in the case in question were drawn from Scrip ture. N. T.

Προακούω, (πρό & ἀκούω) to hea

beforehand; a. 1. προήκουσα, to have heard of previously, or already, Col. 1, 5.

Προαμαρτάνω, (πρό & ἀμαρτάνω) to sin before; p. προημάστηκα, to have already sinned, have sinned heretofore, 2 Co. 12. 21; 13. 2. N. T.

Προαύλιον, ίου, τό, (πρό & αὐλή) the exterior court before an edifice, Mar. 14. 68, col. Mat. 26. 71.

Προβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. προῦβην, part. προβάς, (πρό & βαίνω) to go forward, advance, Mat. 4. 21. Mar. 1. 19; to advance in life, Lu. 1. 7, 18; 2. 36.

Προβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. προῦβαλον, (πρό & βάλλω) to cast before, project; to put or urge forward, Ac. 19.33; to put forth, as a tree its blossoms, &c. Lu. 21. 30.

Προβατικός, ή, όν, belonging or pertaining to sheep; ή προβατική (πύλη) the sheep-gate, Jno. 5. 2: from

Πρόβάτου, ου, τό, a sheep, Mat. 7. 15; 9. 36; 10. 16; met. Mat. 10. 6; 15. 24, et al.

Προβιβάζω, f. άσω, (πρό & βιβάζω) to cause any one to advance, to lead forward; to advance, push forward, Ac. 19. 33; met. to incite, instigate, Mat. 14. 8.

Προβλέπω, f. ψω, (πρό & βλέπω) to foresee; mid. to provide beforehand, He. 11. 40. S.

Προγίνομαι, p. προγέγονα, (πρό & γίνομαι) to be or happen before, be previously done or committed; προγεγονώς, bygone, previous, Ro. 3. 25.

Προγινώσκω, f. γνώσομαι, a. 2. προέγνων, p. pass. προέγνωνμαι, (πρό & γνώσκω) to know beforehand, to be previously acquainted with, Ac. 26. 5. 2 Pe. 3. 17; to determine on beforehand, to fore-ordain, 1 Pe. 1. 20; in N. T., fr. the Heb., to foreknow, to appoint as the subjects of future privileges, Ro. 8. 29; 11. 2: whence

Πρόγνωσις, εως, ή, foreknowledge, prescience; in N. T., previous determination, purpose, Ac. 2. 23. 1 Pe. 1. 2.

Πρόγονος, ου, δ, (προγίνομαι) born earlier, elder; a progenitor, pl. progenitors; parents, 1 Ti. 5. 4; fore-tathers, ancestors, 2 Tl. 1. 3.

Προγράφω, f. ψω, p. pass. προγεγράφω, α. 2. pass. προγράφην. (πρό διγράφω) to write before or aforetime, to. 15. 4. Ep. 3. 3; to make a subject of public notice; to set forth unreservedly and distinctly, Ga. 3. 1; to designate clearly, Jude 4.

Πρόδηλος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ου, (πρό & δηλος) previously manifest, before known; plainly manifest, very clear, prominently conspicuous, 1 Ti. 5. 24, 25. He. 7. 14.

Προδίδωμι, f. δώσω, (πρό & δίδωμι) to give before, precede in giving, Ro. 11. 35; to give up, abandon, betray: whence

Προδότης, ου, ό, a betrayer, traitor Lu. 6. 16. Ac. 7. 52. 2 Ti. 3. 4.

Πρόδρομος, ου, ό, ή, (δραμείν) a precursor, forerunner, one who advances to explore and prepare the way, He. 6. 20.

Προείδον, part. προϊδών, 2. aor. of προοράω: which see.

Προείπα, 1. aor., & προείπον, 2. aor., of προλέγω: which see.

Προείρηκα, perf. of προλέγω.

Προελπίζω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, $(\pi\rho\delta & \epsilon\lambda\pi i\zeta\omega)$ to repose hope and confidence in a person or thing beforehand, Ep. 1.12.

Προενάρχομαι, f. ξομαι, (πρό & eνάρχομαι) to begin before a particular time, 2 Co. 8. 6, 10. N. T.

Προεπαγγέλλομαι, a. 1. προεπηγγειλάμην, (πρό & ἐπαγγέλλομαι) to promise beforehand, or aforetime, Rc. 1. 2. L. G.

Προέρχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2. προήλθον, (πρό & ἔρχομαι) to go forwards, advance, proceed, Mat. 26. 39, Mar. 14. 35. Ac. 12. 10; to precede, go before any one, Lu. 22. 47; to precede in time, be a foreruner or precursor, Lu. 1. 17; to outgo, outstrip in going, Mar. 6. 33; to travel in advance of any one, precede, Ac. 20. 5, 13. 2 Co. 9. 5.

Προετοιμάζω, f. άσω, (πρό & ξτοιμάζω) to prepare beforehand; in N. T., to appoint beforehand, Ro. 9. 23. Ep. 2. 10.

Προευαγγελίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, te announce joyful tidings beforehand, Ga. 3. 8. L. G. **Προέχω, f.** ξω, (πρό & ἔχω) to have or hold before; *intrans. & mid.* to excel, surpass, have advantage or pre-eminence, Ro. 3. 9.

Προηγέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (πρό & ἡγόομαι) to go before, precede, lead onward; met. to endeavour to take the lead of, vie with, or, to give precedence to, to prefer, Ro. 12. 10.

Πρόθεσις, εως, η, (προτίθημι) a setting forth or before; οἱ ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως, & ἡ πρόθεσις τῶν ἄρτων, the shewbread, the twelve loaves of bread, corresponding to the twelve tribes, which were set out in two rows upon the golden table in the sanctuary, Mat. 12. 4. Mar. 2. 26. Lu. 6. 4. He. 9. 2; predetermination, purpose, Ac. 11. 23; 27. 13. Ro. 8. 28. 2 Ti. 3. 10, et al.

Προθεσμία, as, ή, (pr. fem. of προθέσμιος, before appointed, πρό & θεσμός) sc. ήμέρα, a time before appointed, set or appointed time, Ga. 4. 2.

Προθυμία, as, ή, promptness, readiness, alacrity of mind, willingness, Ac. 17. 11. 2 Co. 8. 11, 12, 19; 9. 2: from

Πρόθυμος, ου, ό, ή, (πρό & θυμός) ready in mind, prepared, prompt, willing, Mat. 26. 41. Mar. 14. 38; τὸ πρόθυμον, i. q. ἡ προθυμία, readiness, alacrity of mind, Ro. 1. 15: whence

Προθύμως, adv. promptly, with alacrity, readily, willingly, cheerfully, 1 Pe. 5. 2.

Προϊστημι, f. προστήσω, (πρό & ιστημι) to set before; met. to set over, appoint with authority; intrans. a. 2. προύστην, p. προέστηκα, part. προσστώς, and mid. προίστημα, to preside, govern, superintend, Ro. 12. 8. 1 Th. 5. 12. 1 Ti. 3. 4, 5, 12; 5. 17; mid. to undertake resolutely, to practise diligently, to maintain the practice of, Tit. 3. 8, 14.

Προκαλέομαι, οῦμαι, f. έσομαι, (προκαλέω, to call forth, invite to stand forth, fr. πρό & καλέω) to call out, challenge to fight; to provoke, irritate with feelings of ungenerous rivalry, Ga. 5. 26.

Προκαταγγέλλω, f. γελῶ, (πρό & καταγγέλλω) to declare or announce

beforehand, foretel, predict. Ac. 3. 18, 24; 7. 52. 2 Co. 9. 5. L. G.

Προκαταρτίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό & καταρτίζω) to make ready, prepare, or complete beforehand, 2 Co. 9. 5.

Πρόκειμαι, f. είσομαι, 'πρό & κείμαι) to lie or be placed before; met. to be proposed or set before, as a duly, example, reward, &c. He. 6. 18; 12. 1, 2. Jude 7; to be at hand, be present, 2 Co. 8. 12.

Προκηρύσσω, f. ξω, (πρό & κηρύσσω) to announce publicly; in N. T., to announce before, Ac. 3. 20; 13. 24.

Προκοπή, η̂s, η̄, advance upon a way; met. progress, advancement, furtherance, Phi. 1. 12. 1 Ti. 4. 15: from

Προκόπτω, f. ψω, (πρό & κόπτω) pr. to cut a passage forward; to advance as time, to be far spent, Ro. 13. 12; met. to advance in wisdom. age, or stature, Lu. 2. 52; seq. ev, to make progress or proficiency in, Ga. 1. 4; with en πλείον, to proceed or advance further, 2 Ti. 2. 16; 3. 9; with en το χείρον, to grow worse and worse, 2 Ti. 3. 13.

Πρόκρἴμα, ατος, τό, (προκρίνω, to prejudge, prefer) previous judgment, prejudice, prepossession, στ, preference, partiality, 1 71. 5. 21. N. T.

Πρόκυρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (πρό & κυρόω) to sanction and establish previously, ratify and confirm before, Ga. 3. 17. N. T.

Προλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, a. 2. προλλάβον, (πρό & λαμβάνω) to take before another, 1 Co. 11. 21; trop. to anticipate, do beforehand, Mar. 14. 8; to take by surprise; pass. to be taken unexpectedly, be overtaken, be taken by surprise, Ga. 6. 1.

Προλέγω, f. ξω, a. 1. προείπα, a. 2. προείπου, p. προείρηκα, (πρό & λέγω) to tell beforehand, to foretel, Mat. 24. 25. Ac. 1. 16. Ro. 9. 29. 2 Co. 13. 2. Ga. 5. 21. 1 Th. 3. 4, et al.

Προμαρτύρομαι, (πρό & μαρτύρομαι) pr. to witness or testify beforehand; to declare beforehand, predict, 1 Pe. 1. 11. N. T.

Προμελετάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (πρό & μελετάω) to practise beforehand; w premeditate, Lu. 21. 14.

Προμεριμνάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (πρό & μεριμνάω) to be anxious or solicitous beforehand, to pouder beforehand, Mar. 13. 11. N. T.

Προνοέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (πρό & νοέω) to perceive beforehand, foresee; to provide for, 1 Ti. 5. 8; mid. to provide for one's self; by impl. to apply one's self to a thing, practise, strive to exhibit, Ro. 12. 17. 2 Co. 8. 21.

Πρόνοια, as, ή, forethought; providence, provident care, Ac. 24. 3; provision, Ro. 13 14.

Προοράω, ῶ, f. προόψομαι, p. προεώρὰκα, a. 2. προείδον, (πρό & ὀράω) to foresee, Ac. 2. 31. Ga. 3. 8; to see before, Ac. 21. 29; in N. T., to have vividly present to the mind, to be mindful of, Ac. 2. 25.

Uροορίζω, f. $i\sigma\omega$, $(\pi\rho\delta & \delta\rho i\zeta\omega)$ to limit or mark out beforehand; to design definitively beforehand, ordain beforehand, predestine, Ac. 4. 28. Ro. 8. 29, 30, et al.

Προπάσχω, (πρό & πάσχω) a. 2. προέπαθον, to experience previously; of ill treatment, 1 Th. 2. 2.

Προπέμπω, f. ψω, (πρό & πέμπω) to send on before; to accompany or attend out of respect, escort, accompany for a certain distance on setting out on a journey, Ac. 15. 3; 20. 38; 21. 5, et al.; to furnish with things necessary for a journey, Tit. 3. 13. 3 Jno. 6.

Προπετής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, τό, -ές, (πρό & πίπτω) falling forwards; met. precipitate, rash, Ac. 19. 36. 2 Ti. 3. 4.

Προπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (πρό & πορεύομαι) to precede, go before, Ac. 7. 40. Lu. 1. 76.

Πρός, prep., with a gentitive, from; met. for the benefit of, Ac. 27. 34; with a dative, near, by, at, by the side of, in the vicinity of, Mar. 5. 11. Lu. 19. 37; with an accusative, used of the place to which any thing tends, to, unto, towards, Mat. 2. 12; 3. 3. 13; at, close upon, Mat. 3. 10. Mar. 5. 22; near to, in the vicinity of, Mar. 6. 65; after verbs of speaking, praying, answering to a charge, &c., to, Mat. 2. 15; 27. 14; of place where, with, in, among, by, at, &c., Mat.

26.55. Mar. 11. 4. Lu. 1. 80; of time for, during, Lu. 8. 13. 1 Co. 7. 5 for, during, Lu. 8. 13. 1 Co. 7. 5 for, during, Lu. 8. 13. 1 Co. 7. 5 for, during, Lu. 8. 13. 1 Co. 7. 5 for, during, Lu. 24. 29; of the end, object, purpose for which any quality, &c. has reference, to, Jno. 4. 35. Ac. 3. 10; 27. 12: before an infin. with ro, in order to, that, in order that, Mat. 6. 1; 13. 30; 26. 12; so as to, so that, Mat. 5. 23; of the relation which any action, state, quality, &c. bears to any person or thing, in relation to, of, concerning, in respect to, with reference to, Mat. 19. 8; Lu. 12. 41; 18. 1; 20. 19; as it respects, as it concerns, with relation to, Mat. 27. 4. Jno. 21. 22. 23; according to, in comformity with, Lu. 12. 47. 2 Co. 5. 10; in comparison with, Ro. 8. 18; in attention to, Eph. 3. 4; of the actions, dispositions, &c. exhibited with respect to any one, whether friendly, towards, Ga. 6. 10. Ep. 6. 9; or unfriendly, with, against, Lu. 23. 12. Ac. 23. 30; after verbs signifying to converse, dispute, make a coverant, &c., with, Lu. 24. 14. Ac. 2. 7; 3. 25.

Προσάββατον, ου, τό, (πρό & σάββατον) the day before the sabbath, sabbath-eve, Mar. 15. 42. S.

Προσαγορεύω, f. εύσω, (πρός & άγορεύω, to speak) to speak to, accest, to name, denominate; to nominate, declare, He. 5. 10.

Προσάγω, f. ξω, a. 2. προσήγαγου, (πρός & ἄγω) to lead or conduct to, bring, Lu. 9. 41. Ac. 16. 20; to conduct to the presence of, met. 1 Pe. 3. 18; intrans. to approach, Ac. 27. 27: (3) whence

Προσαγωγή, ης, η, approach; access, admission to the presence of any one, Ro. 5. 2. Ep. 2. 18.

Προσαιτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πρός & αίτω) to ask for in addition; to ask earnestly, beg; to beg alms, Mar. 10. 46. Lu. 18. 35. Jno. 9. 8: whence

Προσαίτης, ου, ό, a beggar, mendicant, v. r. Jno. 9. 8. N. T.

Προσαναβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2 έβην, (πρός & ἀναβαίνω) to go up further, Lu. 14. 10.

Προσαναλίσκω, f. λώσω, (πρός & aναλίσκω) to consume besides; to expend on a definite object, Lu. 8. 43.

Προσαναπληρόω, ω, f. ώσω, (πρόι & άνατληρόω) to fill up by addition

to supply deficiencies, 2 Co. 9. 12;

Προσανατίθημι, (πρός & ἀνατίθημι) to lay upon over and above; mid. to put one's self in free communication with, to confer with, Ga. 1. 16; to confer upon, to propound as a matter of consideration, Ga. 2. 6.

Προσαπειλέω, ω, f. ήσω, (πρός & ἀπειλέω) to threaten in addition, utter additional threats, Ac. 4. 21.

Προσδαπανάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (πρός & δαπανάω) to spend besides, expend over and above, Lu. 10. 35. L. G.

Προσδέομαι, f. δεήσομαι, (πρός & δέομαι) to want besides or in addition, Ac. 17. 2ⁿ

Προσδέχομαι, !. δέξομαι, (πρός & δέχομαι) to receive, accept; to receive, admit, grant access to, Lu. 15. 2; to receive, admit, accept, and with où, to reject, He. 11. 35; to submit to, He. 10. 34; to receive kindly, as a guest, entertain, Ro. 16. 2; to receive, admit, as a hope, Ac. 24. 15; to look or wait for, expect, await, Mar. 15. 43. Lu. 2. 25, et al.

Προσδοκάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to look for, be expectant of, Mat. 11. 3. Lu. 7. 19, 20. Ac. 3. 5. 2 Pe. 3. 12, 13, 14; to expect, Ac. 28. 6; to wait for, Lu. 1. 21; 8. 40. Ac. 10. 24; 27. 33; absol. to think, anticipate, Mat. 24. 50. Lu. 12. 46: whence

Προσδοκία, as, ή, a looking for, expectation, anticipation, Lu. 21. 26; meton. expectation, what is expected or anticipated, Ac. 12. 11.

Προσδραμών, a. 2. part. of προστρέχω: which see.

Προσεάω, ῶ, f. άσω, (πρός & εάω) to permit an approach, Ac. 27. 7. N. T.

Προσεγγίζω, f. ίσω, (πρός & έγγίζω) το approach, come near, Mar. 2. 4. L. G.

Προσεδρεύω, f. εύσω, (πρός & εδρα) to sit near; met. to wait or attend upon, have charge of, 1 Co. 9. 13.

Προσεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, (πρός & ἐργάζομαι) pr. to work in addition; to gain in addition in trade, Lu. 19. 16.

Προσέυχομαι, f. ελεύσομαι, a. 2.

π, ποτήλθου, p. προσελήλυθα, (πρός θε έρχομαι) to come or go to any one approach, Mat. 4. 3, 11; 5. 1; 8. 19, 25, et al. freq.; trop. to come, or go to, approach, draw near, spiritually, He. 7. 25 11. 6; 4. 16. 1 Pe. 2. 4; met. to assent to, accede to, concurin, 1 Tl. 6. 3.

Προσ $\epsilon \nu \chi \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}$ s, $\dot{\eta}$, prayer, Mat. 17 21; 21. 13, 22. Lu. 6. 12. Ac. 1. 14, et al.; meton. a place where prayer is offered, an oratory, perhaps, Ac. 16. 13, 16. S.

Προστύχομαι, f. εύξομαι, imperf. προσηυχόμην, a. l. προσηυξάμην, to pray, offer prayer, Mat. 5. 44; 6. 5, 6, et al.

Προσέχω, f. ξω, (πρός & ἔχω) to have in addition; to hold to, bring near; absol. to apply the mind to a thing, to give heed to, attend to, observe, consider, Ac. 5. 35. He. 2. 1. 2 Pe. 1. 19; to take care of, provide for, Ac. 20. 28; when followed by άπό, μή, ν. μήποτε, to beware of, take heed of, guard against, Mat. 6. 1; 7. 15; to assent to, yield credence to, follow, adhere or be attached to, Ac, 8. 6, 10, 11; 16. 14; to give one's self up to, be addicted to, engage in, be occupied with, 17i. 1. 4; 3. 8, et al.

Προσηλόω, ω̂, f. ωσω, (πρός & ηλος) to nail to, affix with nails, Col 2.14.

Προσήλϋτος, ου, δ, ή, (προσέρχομαι) pr. a new comer, a stranger; in N. T., a proselyte, convert from paganism to Judaism, Mat. 23. 15. Ac. 2. 10; 6. 5; 13. 43. S.

Πρόσκαιρος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (πρός & καιρός) opportune; in N. T., continuing for a limited time, temporary, transient, Mat. 18. 21. Mar. 4. 17. 2 Co. 4. 18. He. 11. 25. L. G.

Προσκαλέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ἐσομαι, p. προσκέκλημα, (mid. of προσκαλέω, to call to, summon, invite, fr. πρός & καλέω) to call to one's self, summon, Mat. 10. 1; 15. 10, 32; 18. 2, et al.; to invite, Ac. 2. 39; to call to the performance of a thing, appoint, Ac. 13. 2; 16. 10.

Προσκαρτερέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πρός & καρτερέω) to persist in adherence to a thing; to be intently engaged in attend constantly to, Ac. l. 14: 2 42. Ro. 13. 6, et al.; to remain con

ctantly in a place, Ac. 2. 46; to constantly attend upon, continue near to, be at hand, Mar. 3. 9. Ac. 8. 13; 10. 7: whence

Προσκαρτέρησις, εως, ή, perseverance, unremitting continuance in a thing, Ep. 6. 18. N. T.

Προσκεφάλαιον, ευ, τό, (πρός & κεφαλή) pr. a cushion for the head, pillow; also, a boat-cushion, Mar. 4. 38.

Προσκληρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (πρός & κληρόω) pr. to assign by lot; in N. T. mid., a. l. προσκληρώθην, to adjoin one's self to, associate with, follow as a disciple, Ac. 17. 4.

Aροσκλίνω, f. ινῶ, (πρός & κλίνω) pr. to make to lean upon or against a thing; met., mid., a. 1. προσεκλίθην, to join one's self to, follow as an adherent, v. r. Ac. 5. 36: whence

Πρόσκλἴσις, εως, ή, pr. a leaning upon or towards a thing; met. a leaning towards any one, inclination of mind towards, partiality, 1 Ti. 5. 21. L. G.

Προσκολλάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πρός & κολλάω) pr. to glue to; in N. T., mid, a. 1. προσκολλήθη, f. προσκολλήθησομα, to Join one's self to any one, follow as an adherent, Ac. 5. 36; to cleave closely to, Mat. 19. 5. Mar. 10. 7. Ep. 5. 31.

Πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumbling, Ro. 9. 32, 33. 1 Pe. 9. 8; met. a stumbling-block, an occasion of siming, means of inducing to sin, Ro. 14. 13. 1 Co. 8. 9; met. a moral stumbling, a shock to the moral or religious sense, a moral embarrassment, Ro. 14. 20. L. G.

Προσκοπή, ης, η, pr. a stumbling; offence; in N.T., an offence, shock, ground of exception, 2 Co. 6. 3: from

Προσκόπτω, f. ψω, (πρός & κόπτω) to dash against, to beat upon, Mat. 7. 27; to strike the foot against, Mat. 4. 6. Lu. 4. 11; to stumble, Jno. 11. 9, 10; met. to stumble at, to take offence at, Ro. 9. 32; 14. 21. Ye. 2. 8.

Προσκυλίω, ν. προσκυλίνδω, f. ίσω, (πρός & κυλίω) to roll to or against, Mat. 27.60. Mar. 15. 43. (i.) Προσκυνέω, ω, f. ήσομει & ήσω, a. 1. προσεκύνησα, (πρόε & κυνθω, to kiss) to do reverence or homage by kissing the hand; in N. T., to do reverence or homage by prostration, Mat. 2. 2, 8, 11; 20. 20. Lu. 4. 7; 24. 52; to pay divine homage, worship, adore, Mat. 4. 10. Jno. 4. 20, 21. He. 1. 6, et al.; to bow one's self in adoration, He. 11. 21: whence

Προσκυνητής, οῦ, ὁ, a worshipper, Juo. 4. 23. N. T.

Προσλάλέω, ω, f. ήσω, (πρός & λαλέω) to speak to, converse with, Ac. 13. 43; 28. 20. L. G.

Προσλαμβάνω, to take besides; mid προσλαμβάνομα, f. λήψομα, to take to one's self, assume, take as a companion or associate, Ac. 17. 5; 18. 26; to take, as food, Ac. 27. 33, 34, 36; to receive kindly or hospitably, admit to one's society and friendship, treat with kindness, Ac. 28. 2. Ro. 14. 1, 3; 15. 7. Phile. 12, 17; to take or draw to one's self as a preliminary to an address of admonition, Mat. 16. 22. Mar. 8. 32: nhence

Πρόσληψις, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, an assuming; a receiving, reception, Ro. 11. 15.

Προσμένω, f. ενῶ, (πρός & μένω) to continue, remain, utay in a place, 1 Ti. 1. 3; to remain or continue with any one, Mat. 15. 32. Mar. 8. 2. Ac. 18. 18; to adhere to, Ac. 11. 23; met. to remain constant in, persevere in, Ac. 13. 43. 1 Ti. 5. 5.

Προσορμίζω, f. ίσω, (πρός & ὁρμίζω, fr. ὅρμος, a station for ships) to bring a ship to its station or to land; mid. to come to the land, Mar. 6. 53.

Προσοφείλω, f. ήσω, (πρός & όφείλω) to owe besides, or in addition, Phile. 19.

Προσοχθίζω, f. ίσω, (πρός & ὀχθίζω, to be vexed, offended) to be vexed or angry at, He. 3. 10. S.

Πρόσπεινος, ου, ό, ή, (πρός & πεῖνα) very hungry, Ac. 10. 10. N. T.

Προσπήγνυμι, f. πήξω, (πρός & πήγνυμι) to fix to, affix to, Ac. 2. 23.

Προσπίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, a. 2. ε πεσού, (πρός & πίπτω) to fall or impinge upon or against a thing; to fall down to any one, Mar. 3. 11; 7. 25, et al.; to rush violently upon beat against, Mat. 7. 25.

Προσποιέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πρός & ποιέω) to add or attach; mid. to attach to one's self; to claim or arrogate to one's self; to assume the appearance of, make a show of, pretend,

Προσπορεύομαι, ε. εύσομαι, (πρός & πορεύομαι) to go or come to any one, Mar. 10. 35. L. G.

Προσρήγνυμι, ε. ήξω, (πρός & ρήγτυμι) to break or burst upon, dash against, Lu. 6. 48. N. T.

Προστάτις, ιδος, ή, (fem. of προστάτης, one who stands in front or before; a leader; a protector, champion, patron, fr. προΐστημι) a patroness, protectress, Ro. 16. 2. (ă.)

Προστάσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, (πρός & τάσσω) pr. to place or station at or against; to enjoin, command, direct, Mat. 1. 24; 8. 4; 21. 6. Mar. 1. 44, et al.; to assign, constitute, appoint, Ac. 17. 26.

Προστίθημι, f. θήσω, a. 1. pass. προσετέθην, (πρός & τίθημι) to put to or near; to lay with or by the side of, Ac. 13. 36; to add, superadd, adjoin, Mat. 6. 27, 33. Lu. 3. 20. Ac. 2. 41, et al.; fr. the Heb. προστίθεμαι, before an infinitive, and the part. προσ-Beis before a finite verb, denote continuation, or repetition, Lu. 19. 11; 20. 11, 12. Ac. 12. 3.

Προστρέχω, a. 2. προσέδραμον, (πρός & τρέχω) to run to, or up, Mar. 9. 15; 10. 17. Ac. 8. 30.

Προσφάγιον, ου, τό, (πρός & φαyelv) what is eaten besides; hence, genr. victuals, food, Jno. 21. 5. N. T.

Πρόσφατος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, $(\pi \rho \acute{o}s \& \pi \acute{\epsilon}$ φαμαι) pr. recently killed; hence, genr. recent, new, newly or lately made, He. 10. 20: whence

Προσφάτως, adv. newly, recently, lately, Ac. 18. 2.

Προσφέρω, f. προσοίσω, a. 1. προσήνεγκα, 8. 2. προσήνεγκον, (πρός & φέρω) to bear or bring to, Mat. 4. 24; 25. 20; to bring to or before magistrates, Lu. 12. 11; 23. 14; to bring near to, apply to, Jno. 19. 29; to offer, tender, proffer, as money, Ac. 8. 18; to offer, present, as gifts, oblations, &c., Mat. 2. 11; 5. 23. He. 5. 7; to offer in sacrifice, Mar. 1. 44. La. 5. 14; to offer up any one as a

sacrifice to God, He. 9. 25, 28, 11, 17, et al.; mid. to bear ones self to-wards, behave or conduct one's self towards, to deal with, treat any one, He. 12. 7.

 $\Pi \rho o \sigma \phi i \lambda \dot{\eta} s$, $\dot{\epsilon} o s$, $o \hat{v} s$, $\dot{\delta}$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \rho \dot{o} s$ & φίλος) friendly, amiable, grateful, acceptable, Phi. 4. 8.

160

Προσφορά, as, η, (προσφέρω) pr. a bringing to; in N. T., an offering, an act of offering up or sacrificing, He. 10. 10; trop. Ro. 15. 16; an offering, oblation, a thing offered, Ep. 5.
2. He. 10. 5, 8; a sacrifice, victim offered, Ac. 21.26; 24. 17.

Προσφωνέω, ω, f. ήσω, (πρός & φωνέω) to speak to, address, Mat. 11. 16. Lu. 7. 32; 13. 12, et al.: to address, harangue, Ac. 22. 2; to call to one's self, Lu. 6. 13.

Πρόσχύσις, εως, ή, (προσχέω, τα pour out upon, besprinkle, fr. mpós & χέω) an effusion, sprinkling, He. 11. 28. L.G.

Προσψαύω, f. αύσω, (πρός & ψαύω, to touch) to touch upon, to touch lightly, Lu. 11. 46.

Προσωποληπτέω, ω, f. ήσω, to accept or respect the person of any one, to pay regard to external appearance, condition, circumstances, &c., to show partiality to, Ja. 2.9: (N. T. from

Προσωπολήπτης, ου, δ, ή, (πρόσωπον & λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons, Ac. 10. 34. N. T.

Προσωποληψία, ας, ή, (προσωποληπτέω) respect of persons, partiality, Ro. 2. 11, et al. N. T.

Πρόσωπον, ου, τό, (πρύς & ἄψ) the face, countenance, visage, Mat. 6. 16, 17; 17. 2, 6; according to later usage, a person, individual, 2 Co. 1. 11; hence, personal presence, 1 Th. 2. 17; fr. the Heb. πρόσωπον πρὸς πρόσωπον, face to face, clearly, perfectly, 1 Co. 13. 12; face, surface, external form, figure, appearance, Mat. 16. 3. Lu. 12. 56; external circumstances, or condition of any one, Mat. 22. 16. Mar. 12. 14; πρόσωπον λαμβάνειν, to have respect to the external circumstances of any one, Lu. 20. 21. Ga. 2. 6; εν προσώπφ, in the person, in the name, or by the authority, 2 Co. 2. 10; ἀπὸ προσωπου, from the presence of, from, Ac. 3. 19

161

from before, Ac. 7. 45; είs προσωποι, in the presence of, before, 2 Co. 8. 24; πατά πρόσωπον, in the presence of, before, Ac. 3. 13; openly, Ga. 2. 11; κατά πρόσωπον έχειν, to have before one's face, to have ανη σπε present, Ac. 25. 16; από προσώπου, from, Ike. 12. 14; πρό προσώπου, before, Ac. 13. 24.

Προτάσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, (πρό & τάσσω) to place or arrange in front; to assign beforehand, forcordain, Ac. 17. 26.

Προτείνω, f. ενῶ, (πρό & τείνω) to extend before; to stretch out, Ac. 22. 25.

Πρότερον, adv. before, first, Jno. 7. 51. 2 Co. 1. 15; δ, ἡ, πρότερον, former, He. 10. 32, et al.: pr. neut. of

Πρότερος, α, ου, (comp. of πρό) former, prior, Ep. 4. 22; το πρότερου, as an adv. before, formerly, Jno. 6. 62, et al.

Προτίθημι, f. προθήσω, (πρό & τίθημι) to place before; to set forth, propose publicly, Ro. 3. 2ξ; προτίθεμα, to purpose, determine, design beforehand, Ro. 1. 13. Ep. 1. 9.

Προτρέπω, f. ψω, (πρό & τρέπω) to turn forwards; to impel; to excite, urge, exhort, Ac. 18. 27.

Προτρέχω, a. 2. προύδραμον, (πρό & τρέχω) to run before, or in advance, Lu. 19. 4. Jno. 20. 4.

Προϋπάρχω, f. ξω, (πρό & ὑπάρχω) imperf. προϋπήρχον, to be before, or formerly, Lu. 23. 12. Ac. 8. 9.

Πρόφασις, εως, ή, (πρό & φαίνω) pr. that which appears in front, that which is put forward to hide the true state of things; a fair show or pretext, Ac. 27. 30; a specious cloke, Mat. 23. 18. 1 Th. 2. 5; an excuse, Jno. 15. 22.

Προφέρω, f.προοίσω, (πρό & φέρω) to bring before, present; to bring forth or out, produce, Lu. 6. 45, bis. Προφητεία, as, ή, prophecy, a pre-

Προφητεία, ας, η, prophecy, a prediction of future events, Mat. 13. 14. 2 Pe. 1. 20, 21; prophecy, a gifted faculty of setting forth and enforcing revealed truth, 1 Co. 12. 10; 13. 2, et al.; prophecy, matter of divine teaching set forth by special gift, 1 Ti. 1. 18: from

Ποοφητεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. προεφήτευσα, to exercise the function of

a προφήτης; to prophesy, to forethe the future, Mat. 11. 13; to divine, Mat. 26. 68. Mar. 14. 65. Lu. 22. 64; to prophesy, to set forth matter of divine teaching by special faculty, 1 Co. 13. 9; 14. 1, et al.: from

Προφήτης, ου, ό, (πρό & φημί) pr. a spokesman for another; spc. a spokesman or interpreter for a design a prophet, seer, Tit. 1. 12; in N. T. a prophet, a divinely commissioned and inspired person, Mat. 14. 5. Lu. 7. 16, 39. Jno. 9. 17, et al.; a prophet in the Christian Church. a person gifted for the exposition of divine truth, 1 Co. 12. 28, 29, et al.; a prophet, a foreteller of the future, Mat. 1. 22, et al. freq.; oi προφήται, the prophetic scriptures of the Old Testament, Lu. 16. 29, et al. : whence

Προφητικός, ή, όν, prophetic, uttered by prophets, Ro. 16. 26. 2 Pe. 1. 19. L. G.

Προφήτις, ιδος, ή, a prophetess, a divinely gifted female teacher, Lu. 2. 36. Re. 2. 20.

Προφθάνω, f. άσω, & ήσομαι, a. l. προέφθασα, (πρό & φθάνω) to outstrip, anticipate; to anticipate any one in doing or saying a thing, be beforehand with, Mat. 17. 25.

Προχειρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (πρό & χείρ) to take into the hand, to make ready for use or action; to constitute, destine, Ac. 22. 14; 26. 16.

Προχειροτονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (πρό & χειροτονέω) pr. to elect before; to fore-appoint, Ac. 10. 41.

Πρύμνα, ης, ἡ, (πρυμνός, last, hindmost) the hinder part of a vessel, stern, Mar. 4. 38, et al.

Πρωί, adv. in the morning, early, Mat. 16. 3; 20. 1. Mar. 15. 1. Ac. 28. 23, et al.; the morning watch, which ushers in the dawn, Mar. 13. 35: whence

Πρωΐα, ας, η, (pr. fem. of πρώϊος, α, ον, in the morning, early) sc. ώρα, morning, the morning hour, Mat. 21. 18; 27. 1. Jno. 18. 28; 21. 4.

Πρώϊμος, η, ον, early, Ja. 5. 7.

Πρωϊνός, ή, όν, (a later form of πρώϊος) belonging to the morning, morning, Re. 2. 28; 22. 16.

Πρώρα, as, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi\rho\dot{o})$ the forepart of a vessel, prow. Ac. 27. 30, 41.

12

Πρωτευω, f. εύσω, (πρώτος) te be Πτέρυξ, υγος, ή, (πτέρου) a wing first, to hold the first rank or highest dignity, have the preeminence, be chief, Col. 1. 18.

Πρωτοκαθεδρια, ας, ή, (πρῶτος & καθέδρα) the first or uppermost seat, the most honourable seat, Mat. 23. 6. Mar. 12. 39. Lu. 11. 43; 20. 46. N. T.

Πρωτοκλισία, ας, ή, (πρῶτος & κλισία) the first place of reclining at table, the most honourable place at table, Mat. 23. 6. Mar. 12. 39. Lu. 14. 7, 8; 20. 46. N. T.

Πρῶτον, adv. first in time, in the first place, Mar. 4. 28; 16. 9; το πρώτον, at the first, formerly, Jno. 12. 16; 19. 39; first in dignity, importance, &c., before all things, Mat. 6. 33. Lu. 12. 1: pr. neut. of

Πρώτος, η, ον, (superl. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος) first in time, order, &c. Mat. 10. 2; 26. 17; first in order, &c. Mau. 10. 2; 20. 11; IRS. 17 dignity, importance, &c., chief, prin-cipal, most important, Mar. 6. 21. Lu. 19. 47. Ac. 13. 50; 16. 12; as an equivalent to the compar. πρότερος, prior, Jno. 1. 15, 30; 15. 18; Mat. 27. 64; adverbially, first, Jno. 1. 42; 5. 4; 8.7.

Πρωτοστάτης, ου, δ, (πρῶτος & ίστημι) pr. one stationed in the first rank of an army; a leader; a chief, ringleader, Ac. 24. 5. (a.)

Πρωτοτόκια, ων, τά, the rights of primogeniture, birthright, He. 12. 16: (S.) from

Πρωτότοκος, ου, ό, $\dot{\eta}$, τό, -ον, $(\pi\rho\ddot{\omega}$ τος & τίκτω) firstborn, Mat. 1. 25. Lu. 2. 7. He. 11. 28; in N. T., prior in generation, Col. 1. 15; a firstborn head of a spiritual family, Ro. 8. 29. He. 1. 6; firstborn, as possessed of the peculiar privilege of spiritual ge-neration, He. 12. 23.

Πταίω, f. αίσω, a. 1. ξπταισα, to cause to stumble; intrans. to stumble, stagger, fall; to make a false step; met. to err, offend, transgress, Ro. 11. 11. Ja 2. 10; 3. 2, bis; met. to fail of an object, 2 Pe. 1. 10.

 $\Pi \tau \epsilon \rho \nu a$, ηs , $\tilde{\eta}$, the heel, Jno. 13. 18. Πτερύγιον, ου, τό, a little wing; the extremity, the extreme point of the extremity, the cancellary of a string; a pinnacle, or apex of a building, Mat. 4.5. Lu. 4.9: dimin. Πυκνός, ή, όν, dense, thick; frequent, 1 Tl. 5. 23; τυκοά, as an ad

pinion, Mat. 23. 37. Lu. 13. 34, et al

Πτηνόν, οῦ, τό, (pr. neut. of πτηνός, ή, όν, winged, fr. πέτομαι, to fly) a bird, fowl, i Co. 15. 39.

Πτοέω, ω̂, f. ήσω, a. 1. pass. ἐπτοήθην, to terrify, affright; pass. to be terrified, be in consternation, Lu. 21. 9; 24. 37: whence

Πτόησις, εως, ή, consternation, dismay, 1 Pe. 3. 6.

Πτύον, ου, τό, (πτύω) a fan, win. nowing-shovel, Mat. 3. 12. Lu. 3. 17. \mathbf{I} τύρω, to scare, terrify; pass. to be terrified, be in consternation, Phi. 1.

Πτύσμα, ατος, τό, (πτύω) spittle, saliva, Jno. 9. 6.

Πτύσσω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἔπτυξα, to fold; to roll up a scroll, Lu. 4. 20.

Πτύω, f. ύσω, a. 1. έπτὔσα, to spit. spit out, Mar. 7. 33; 8. 23. Jno. 9. 6.

Πτῶμα, ατος, τό, (πίπτω) a fall; a dead body, carcase, corpse, Mat. 24. 28. Mar. 6. 29. Re. 11. 8, 9.

Πτῶσις, εως, ή, (fr. same) a fall, crash, ruin, Mat. 7. 27; met. downfall, ruin, Lu. 2. 34.

Πτωχεία, as, η, begging; beggary; poverty, 2 Co. 8. 2, 9. Re. 2, 9: from

Πτωχεύω, f. εύσω, to be a beggar; to be or become poor, be in powerty, 2 Co. 8. 9: from

 $\Pi \tau \omega \chi \acute{o}s$, $\acute{\eta}$, $\acute{o}\nu$, reduced to beggary. mendicant; poor, indigent, Mat. 19. 21; 26. 9, 11, et al.; met. spiritually poor, Re. 3. 17; by impl. a person of low condition, Mat. 11. 5. Lu. 4. 18; 7. 22; met. beggarly, sorry, Ga. 4. 9; met. lowly, Mat. 5. 3. Lu. 6. 20.

 $\Pi \nu \gamma \mu \dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\eta}$ s, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\pi \dot{\nu} \dot{\xi})$ the fist; $\pi \nu \gamma$ μη, together with the fore-arm, or, with care, carefully, Mar. 7. 3.

 $\Pi \dot{\nu} \theta \omega \nu$, $\omega \nu o s$, δ , Python, the name of the mythological serpent slain by Apollo, thence named the Pythian; later, equivalent to έγγαστρίμαντις, a soothsaying ventriloquist; πνεύμα πύθωνος, i. q. δαιμόνιον μαντικόν, a soothsaying demon, Ac. 16. 16.

so the compar. πυκνότερον, very frequently, Ac. 24. 26.

Πυκτεύω, f. εύσω, (πύκτης, a boxer, fr. π υξ) to box, fight as a pugilist, 1 Co. 9. 26.

Πύλη, ης, η, a gate, Mat. 7. 13, 14. Lu. 7. 12. Ac. 12. 10, et al.; πίλα ξδου, the gates of hades, the nether world and its powers, the powers of destruction, dissolution, Mat. 16. 18: whence

Πυλών, ῶνος, ὁ, a gateway, vestibule, Mat. 26. 71. Lu. 16. 20; a gate, Ac. 14. 13. Re. 21. 12, 13, 15, 21, 25, ct al. L. G.

Πυνθάνομαι, f. πεύσομαι, a. 2. ἐπυθόμη, to ask, inquire, Mat. 2. 4. Lu. 15. 26, et al.; to investigate, examine judicially, Ac. 23. 20; to ascertain by inquiry, understand, Ac. 23. 34.

Πῦρ, πυρός, τό, fire, Mat. 3. 10; 7.
 19; 13. 40, et al. freq.; πυρός, used by Hebraism with the force of an adjective, flery, flerce, He. 10. 27; fire used figuratively to express various circumstances of severe trial, Lu. 12.
 49. 1 Co. 3. 13. Jude 23: whence

Πυρά, ας, ή, a fire, heap of combustibles, Ac. 28. 2, 3.

Πύργος, ου, ό, a tower, Mat. 21. 33. Mar. 12. 1. Lu. 13. 4; genr. a castle, palace, Lu. 14. 28.

Πυρέσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, to be feverish, be sick of a fever, Mat. 8. 14. Mar. 1. 30: from

Πυρετός, οῦ, ὁ, (π ῦρ) scorching and noxious heat; a fever, Mat. 8. 15. Mar. 1. 31, et al.

Πύρἴνος, η, ον, (fr. same) pr. of fire, flery, burning; shining, glittering, Re. 9. 17.

Πυρόο, ô, f. ώσω, (fr. same) to set on fire, burn, pass. to be kindled, be on fire, burn, flame, Ep. 6. 16. 2 Pe. 3. 12. Re. 1. 15; met. of anger, to be inflamed, incensed, provoked, 2 Co. 11. 29; of lust, to be inflamed, burn, 1 Co. 7. 9; to be tried with fire, as metals, Re. 3. 18.

Πυρράζω, f. άσω, to be fiery red, Mat. 16. 2, 3: (N. T.) from

Πυρρός, \dot{a} , $\dot{o}\nu$, $(\pi\hat{v}\rho)$ of the colour of fire, flery-red, Re 6. 4; 12. 3.

Πύρωσις, εως, ή, (πυρόω) a burning, conflagration, Re. 18. 9, 18; mes a flery test of trying circumstances, 1 Pc. 4. 12.

Πω, an enclitic particle, yet: see in μήπω, μηδέπω, σύπω, οὐδέπω, πώποτε.

Πωλέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, to sell, Mat. 10. 29; 13. 44, et al.

Πῶλος, ου, ό, ή, a youngling; a foal or colt, Mat. 21. 2, 5, 7. Mar. 11. 2, et al.

Πώποτε, adv. (πω & πότε) ever yet, ever, at any time, Lu. 19. 30. Jno. 1. 18, et al.

Hωρόω, ô, f. ώσω, (πῶρος, a stony concretion) to petrify; to harden; in N. T., to harden the feelings, Jno. 12, 40; pass. to become callous, unimpressible, Mar. 6. 52; 8.17. Ro. 11.7. 2 Co. 3. 14: whence

Hώρωσις, εως, $\dot{\eta}$, a hardening; met. hardness of heart, callousness, insensibility, Mar. 3. 5. Ro. 11. 25. Ep. 4. 18.

Πως, an enclitic particle, in any way, by any means: see εἶπως, μήπως.

Hôs, adv. how? in what manner? by what means? Mat. 7. 4; 22. 12. Jno. 6. 52; used in interrogations which imply a negative, Mat 12. 26, 29, 34; 22. 45; 23. 33. Ac. 8. 31; put concisely for how is it that? how does it come to pass that? Mat. 16. 11; 22. 43. Mar. 4. 40. Jno. 7. 15; with an indirect interrogation, how, in what manner, Mat. 6. 28; 10. 19. Mar. 11. 18; put for \(\tau_i \), what? Lu 10. 26; put for \(\tau_i \), as a particle of exclamation, how, how much, how greatly, Mar. 10, 23, 24.

P.

"Paββί, δ, indec. (later Heb. מרל, fr. בר, which was deemed less honourable) Rabbi, my master, teacher, doctor, Mat. 23. 7, 8; 26. 25, 49, et al.

Paββονί, v. 'Paββουνί, (later Heb. 127, Aram. with suffix.) Pabboni, my master, the highest title of honour in the Jewish schools, Mar. 10. 51. Jno. 20. 16.

' Ραβδίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐρράβδιση

a. 1. pass. ἐρραβδίσθην, to beat with rods, Ac. 16. 22. 2 Co. 11. 25: from

Pάβδος, ου, ή, a rod wand, He. 9.
4. Re. 11. 1; a rod of correction, 1 Co. 4. 21; a staff, Mat. 10. 10. He. 11. 21; a sceptre, He. 1. 8. Re. 2.

Paβδούχος, ov, δ, (ράβδος & ἔχω) the bearer of a wand of office; a lictor, serjeant, a public servant who bore a bundle of rods before the magistrates as insignia of their office, and carried into execution the sertences they pronounced, Ac. 16. 35, 38.

Pαδιούργημα, ατος, τό, (ραδιουργώ, to do easily, to act recklessly; ράδιος, easy, & εργον) pr. any thing done lightly, levity; reckless conduct, crime, Ac. 18. 14. L. G.

Padicopyia, as, $\dot{\eta}$, (fr. same) facility of doing any thing; levity in doing; recklessness, profligacy, wickedness, Ac. 13. 10.

Paká, an Aramaean term of bitter contempt, worthless fellow, Mat. 5. 22.

"Pάκος, εος, τό, (ῥάσσω, ῥήσσω) a torn garment; a shred or strip of cloth, Mat. 9. 16. Mar. 2. 21.

Paντίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐρράντισα, p. pass. ἐρὰντισμα, (ράμω, idem) to sprinkle, besprinkle, He. 9. 13, 19, 21; met. and by impl. to cleanse by sprinkling, purify, free from pollution, He. 10. 22; (L. G.) whence

Paντισμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a sprinkling; met. a cleansing, purification, lustration, He. 12. 24. 1 Pe. 1. 2. 8.

Paπίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐρράπισα, (ραπίς, a rod) to beat with rods; to strike with the palm of the hand, couff, slap, Mat. 5. 39; 26. 67: whence

Pάπισμα, ατος, τό, a blow with the palm of the hand, cuff, slap, Mar. 14. 65. Jno. 18. 22; 19. 3. L. G.

Paφίs, ίδος, ἡ, (ῥάπτω, to sew, sew together) a needle, Mat. 19. 24. Mar. 10. 25. Lu. 18. 25.

Pέδα, v. ρέδη, ης, η, (Lat., rheda) a carriage with four wheels for travelling, chariot, Re. 18. 13.

Pεμφάν, v. Pεφάν, the name of an idol, Ac. 7. 43. The original passage, Amos 5. 26, has γς; the Sept. Patφάν, the Egyptian name for the planet Baturn.

'Ρέω, f. ρεύσομαι, a. 1. ἔρρευσα, te flow, Jno. 7. 38.

'Pηθείς, part. of ἐρρήθην, a. 1. pass.
used in connexion with λέγω, φημί,
and είπειν.

'Pηγμα, ατος, τό, a rent; a crash, ruin, Lu. 6. 49: from

^Pήγνυμι, v. ρήσσω, f. ξω, a. 1. ερράς, to rend, shatter; to break we burst in pieces, Mat. 9. 17. Mar. 2.22. Lu. 5. 37, et al.; to rend, lacerate, Mat. 7. 6; to cast or dash upon the ground, convulse, Mar. 9. 18. Lu. 9. 42; absol. to break forth into exchamation, Ga. 4. 27.

Pημα, ατος, τό, (ἐρῶ) that which is spoken; declaration, saying, speech, word, Mat. 12. 36; 26. 75. Mar. 9. 32; 14. 72; a command, mandate, direction, Lu. 3. 2; 5. 5; a promise, Lu. 1. 38; 2. 29; a prediction, prophecy, 2 Pe. 3. 2; a doctrine of God or Christ, Jno. 3. 34; 5. 47; 6. 63, 68 Ac. 5. 20; an accusation, charge, crimination, Mat. 5. 11; 27. 14; fr. the Heb. a thing, Mat. 4. 4. Lu. 4. 4; a matter, affair, transaction, Lusiness, Mat. 18. 16. Lu. 1. 65. 2 Co. 12. 1, et al.

'Ρήσσω, see βήγνυμι.

Pήτωρ, opos, δ, (έρῶ) an orator, advocate, Ac. 24. 1.

Pητῶs, adv. (ῥητόs, ἐρῶ) in ex press words, expressly, 1 Ti. 4. 1. L. G.

Pica, ηs, η, a root of a tree, Mat. 3.10; 13.6; net. έχειν ρίζων, ν. έχειν ρίζ

Pιζόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to root, cause to take root; pass. part. perf. ἐρριζωμάνος, firmly rooted, strengthened with roots; met. firm, constant, firmly fixed, Ep. 3. 18. Col. 2. 7.

 $P_lπη, ης, η, (ρίπτω) pr.$ a rapid sweep, jerk; a wink, twinkling of the eye, 1 Co. 15. 52.

Pιπίζω, f. ίσω, (ριπίς, a fan or bellows, fr. ρίπτω) to fan, blow, ven-

tilate; to toss, agitate, e. g. the ocean by the wind, Ja. 1. 6.

Pιπτέω, ω, to toss repeatedly, toss up with violent gesture, Ac. 22. 23: fre 1. from

Píπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔρριψα, p. pass. ἔρριψα, to hurl, throw, cast; to throw or cast down, Mat. 27. 5. Lu. 4. 35; 17. 2; to throw or cast out, Ac. 27. 19, 29; to lay down, set down, Mat. 15. 30; pass. to be dispersed, scattered, Mat. 9. 36.

Poιζηδόν, adv. (ροίζος, a whizzing, a rushing noise) with a noise, with a crash, &c., 2 Pe. 3. 10. L. G.

^ePoμφαία, as, η, pr. a Thracian broad-sword; a sword, Re. 1.16; 2. 12; by meton. war, Re. 6. 8; met. a thrill of anguish, Lu. 2. 35.

Pύμη, ης, η, (ρύω) pr. a rush or sweep of a body in motion; a street, Ac. 9, 11; 12, 10; a narrow street, lane, alley, as distinguished from πλατεία, Mat. 6, 2. Lu. 14, 21.

'Ρύομαι, f. ῥύσομαι, a. l. ἐρρυσάμην, to drag out of danger, to rescue, save, Mat. 6. 13; 27. 43; later also pass., a. l. ἐρρυσθην, to be rescued, delivered, Lu. 1.74. Ro. 15. 31. 2 Th. 3. 2. 2 Ti. 4. 17.

*Pυπαρεύομαι, (ρυπαρός) to be filthy, squalid; met. to be polluted, v. r. Re. 22. 11. N. T.

*Pυπαρία, as, η, filth; met. moral filthiness, uncleanness, pollution, Ja. 1. 21: from

Pυπαρός, ά, όν, filthy, squalid, sordid, dirty, Ja. 2. 2; met. defiled, polluted, v. r. Re. 22. 11: from

^ePύπος, ου, ό, filth, squalor, 1 Pe. 3. 21: whence

^ePυπόω, ω̂, f. ώσω, to be filthy; met. to be morally polluted, Re. 22. 11, bis.

"Ρύσις, εως, $\dot{\eta}$, ($\dot{\rho}$ εω) a flowing; a morbid flux, Mar. 5. 25. Lu. 8. 43, 44. Puris, ($\dot{\delta}$ ος, $\dot{\eta}$, ($\dot{\rho}$ εω) a wrinkle; met. a disfiguring wrinkle, flaw,

blemish, Ep. 5. 27. Ρωμαϊκός, ή, όν, Roman, Latin, Lu. 23. 38: from

Pωμαΐος, ου, ὁ, ('Ρώμη, Rome) a Roman, Roman citizen, Jno. 11, 48, Δc. 2. 10; 16. 21, et al.; whence

Pωμαϊστί, adv. in the Roman lan guage, in Latin, Jno. 19. 20.

Pώννυμι, v. νύω, f. ρόσσω, ta strengthen, render firm; pass. perf ερρωμα, to be well, enjoy firm health; imperative εμφωσο, εμφωσθε, at the end of letters, like the Lat. vale, farewell, Ac. 15. 29; 23, 30.

Σ.

Σαβαχθανί, (Aram. שכקתוי, fr. אורק to leave, forsake) sabacthani, thou hast forsaken me; interrogatively, hast thou forsaken me? Mat 27. 46. Mar. 15. 34.

Σαβαώθ, (Heb. חַצָּבַאָּן, pl. of אָבַאָּן) hosts, armies, Ro. 9. 29. Ja. 5. 4.

Σαββατισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (σαββατίζω, i. q. Heb. ¬¬¬¬, whence it is formed, to cease or rest from labour, and thus keep sabbath) pr. a keeping of a sab bath; a state of rest, a sabbath-state, He. 4.9.

Σάββάτον, ου, τό, (Heb. מוצר) pr. cessation from labour, rest; the Jewish sabbath, both in the sing. and pl., Mat. 12. 2, 5, 8; 28. 1. Lu. 4. 16; a week, sing. and pl., Mat. 28. 1. Mar. 16. 9, et al.: pl. sabbaths, or times of sacred rest, Col. 2. 16.

Σαγήνη, ης, ή, (σαγή, fr. σάττω, to load) a large net, drag, Mat. 13. 47. L. G.

Σαδδουκαίος, ου, ό, a Sadduce, one belonging to the sect of the Sadducees, which, according to the Talmudists, was founded by one PITS. Sadoc, about three centuries before the Christian era: they were directly opposed in sentiments to the Phartsees, Mat. 3. 7; 16. 1, 6, 11, 12; 22. 23, 34, et al.

Σαίνω, f. σανῶ, a. 1. ἔσηνα & ἔσᾶνα, pr. to wag the tail; to fawn, flatter, cajole; pass. to be cajoled; to be wrought upon, to be perturbed, 1 Th. 3. 3.

Σάκκος, ου, δ, (Heb. Pt) sackcloth, a species of very coarse black cloth nude of hair, Re. 6. 12; a mourning garment of sackcloth, Mat. 11. 21 Lu. 10. 13. Re. 11. 3.

Σαλεύω, ε. εύσω, α. 1. εσάλευσα,

to make to rock, to shake, Mat. 11. 7; 24.29. Lu. 6.48. Ac. 4.31, et al.; to shake down or together, Lu. 6.38; met. to stir up, excite the people, Ac. 17.13; to agitate, disturb mentally, Ac. 2. 25. 2 Th. 2. 2; pass. impl. to totter, be ready to fall, be near to ruin, met. He. 12. 27: from

Zάλος, ου, δ, agitation, tossing, rolling, spc. of the sea, Lu. 21. 25.

Σάλπιγξ, ιγγος, ή, a trumpet, Mat. 24. 31. 1 Th. 4. 16, et al.: from

Σαλπίζω, f. ίγξω, & later, ίσω, a. l. ἐσάλπιγξα & ἐσάλπισα, to sound a trumpet, Re. 8. 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, et al.: whence

Σαλπιστής, οῦ, δ, a trumpeter, Re. 18. 22. L. G.

Σαμαρείτης, ου, δ, a Samaritan, an inhabitant of the city or region of Σαμάρεια, Samaria, applied by the Jews as a term of reproach and contempt, Mat. 10. 5. Jno. 4. 9; 8. 48, et al.: whence

Σαμαρείτις, ιδος, a Samaritan woman, Jno. 4. 9, bis.

Σανδάλιον, ου, τό, (pr. dimin. of σάνδαλον) a sandal, a sole of wood or hide, covering the bottom of the foot, and bound on with leather thongs, Mar. 6. 9. Ac. 12. 8.

Σανίς, ίδος, ή, a board, plank, Ac.

 $\Sigma a\pi \rho \dot{o}s$, \dot{a} , $\dot{o}\nu$, $(\sigma \dot{\eta}\pi \omega)$ pr. rotten, putrid; hence, bad, of a bad quality, Mat. 7. 17, 18; 12. 33. Lu. 6. 43; refuse, Mat. 13. 48; met. corrupt, depraved, vicious, foul, impure, Ep. 4.

Σάπφειρος, ου, η, (Heb. ספיר) asapphire, a precious stone of a blue colour in various shades, next in hardness and value to the diamond. Re. 21. 19.

Σαργάνη, ης, ή, twisted or plaited work; a network of cords like a basket, basket of ropes, &c. 2 Co. 11. 33. (ă.)

Σαρδίνος, ου, ό, a sardine, a precious stone of a blood-red colour, Re.

Σάρδιον, τό, but in the common text of Re. 21. 20. σάρδιος, a carnelian.

Σαρδύνυξ, υχος, ή, (σάρδιον & ὄνυξ) sardonyx, a gen: exhibiting the colour Seautou, ns, ou, reflexive pron., &

of the carnelian and the white of the chalcedony intermingled in alternate layers, Re. 21. 20.

Σαρκικός, ή, όν, (σάρξ) fleshly; pertaining to the body, corporeal, physical, Ro. 15. 27. 1 Co. 9. 11; carnal, pertaining to the flesh, 1 Pc. 2. 11; carnal, subject to the propensity of the flesh, Ro. 7. 14; carnal, low in spiritual knowledge and frame, 1 Co. 3. 1, 3; carnal, human as opposed to divine, 2 Co. 1. 12; 10. 4; carnal, earthly, He. 7. 16. L.G.

Σάρκινος, η, ον, of flesh, fleshy, 2 Co. 3. 3: from

Σάρξ, σαρκός, η, flesh, Lu. 24. 89. Jno. 3. 6, et al.; the human body, 2 Co. 7. 5; flesh, human nature, hu man frame, Jno. 1. 13, 14. 1 Jno. 4. 2, et al.; kindred, Ro. 11. 14; consanguinity, lineage, Ro. 1. 3; 9. 3, et al.; flesh, humanity, human beings, Mat. 24. 22. Lu. 3. 6. Jno. 17. 2, ct al.; the circumstances of the body, material circumstances, 1 Co. 5. 5; 7. 28. Philem. 16, et al.; flesh, mere humanity, human fashion, 1 Co. 1. 26. 2 Co. 1. 17; flesh as the seat of passion and frailty, Ro. 8. 1, 3, 5, et al.; carnality, Ga. 5. 24. 1 Pc. 4. 1; materiality as opposed to the spiritual, Ga. 3. 3. Col. 2. 18, 23. He. 9. 10.

Σαρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. pass. σεσάρωμαι, (i. q. σαίρω) to sweep, cleanse with a broom, Mat. 12. 44. Lu. 11. 25; 15. 8.

Σατανᾶς, â, δ, & once, 2 Co. 12. 7, Σατᾶν, δ, indec. (Heb. משפר) an adversary, opponent, enemy, perhaps, Mat. 16. 23. Mar. 8. 33. Lu. 4. 8; elsewhere, Satan, the devil, Mat. 4. 10. Mar. 1. 13, et al.

Σάτον, ου, τό, (Heb. האם, Chald. NAND) a satum or seah, a Hebrew measure for things dry, containing, as Josephus testifies, (Ant. l. ix. c. 4.§5) an Italian modius and a half, or 24 sextarii, and therefore equivalent to one peck and a half English, Mat. 13. 33. Lu. 13. 21. N. T.

Σαυτοῦ, η̂ς, οῦ, contr. from σεαυτοῦ. Σβέννυμι, f. σβέσω, a. 1. ἔσβεσα, to extinguish, quench, Mat. 12. 20; 25. 8. Mar. 9. 44, 46, 48, et al.; met. to quench, damp, hinder, thwart,

1 Th. 5. 19.

thyself, and dat. σεαυτῷ, ἢ, ῷ, to thyself, &c. Mat. 4.6; 8.4; 19.19, et al. Σεβάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι, a. 1. ἐσεβά-

Σειδαζομαί, τ. ασομαί, α. 1. εσειδασθην, (σέβας) to feel dread of a thing; to venerate, adore, worship, Ro. 1. 25: whence

Σέβασμα, ατος, τό, an object of religious veneration and worship, Ac. 17. 23. 2 Th. 2. 4. L. G.

Σεβαστός, ή, όν, pr. venerable, august; ὁ Σεβαστός, i. q. Lat. Augustus, Ac. 25. 21, 25; Augustan, or, Sebastan, named from the city Sebaste, Ac. 27. 1.

Σέβομαι, to stand in awe; to venerate, reverence, worship, adore, Mat. 15. 9. Ac. 19. 27, et al.; part. σεβώμενος, η, ον, worshipping, devout, pious, a term applied to proselytes to Judaism, Ac. 13. 43, et al.

Σειρά, α̂s, η, a cord, rope, band; in N. T., a chain, 2 Pe. 2. 4.

Σεισμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a shaking, agitation, concussion; an earthquake, Mat. 24. 7; 27. 54, et al.; a tempest, Mat. 8. 24: from

Σείω, f. σείσω, a. 1. ἔσεισα, to shake, agitate, He. 12. 26. Re. 6. 13; pass. to quake, Mat. 27. 51; 28. 4; met. to put in commotion, agitate, Mat. 21. 10.

Σελήνη, ης, ή, the moon, Mat. 24. 29. Mar. 13. 24, et al.: whence

Σεληνιάζομαι, f. άσομαι, to be lunatic, Mat. 4. 24; 17. 15. L. G.

Σεμίδαλις, εως, ή, the finest flour, Re. 18. 13.

 $\Sigma \epsilon \mu \nu \delta s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $\dot{\delta v}$, $(\sigma \epsilon \dot{\beta} \delta \mu a \iota)$ august, venerable; honourable, reputable, Phi. 4. 8; grave, serious, dignified, 1 Ti. 3. 8, 11. Tit. 2. 2: whence

Σεμνότης, τητος, ή, pr. majesty; gravity, dignity, dignified seriousness, 2 Ti. 2. 2; 3. 4.

Σημαίνω, f. ανῶ, a. 1. ἐσήμηνα & ἐσήμῶνα, (σῆμα, a sign, mark) to indicate by a sign, to signal; to indicate, intimate, Jno. 12. 33; to make known, communicate, Ac. 11. 28. Re. 1. 1; to specify, Ac. 25. 27.

Σημείου, ου, τό (fr. same) a sign, a mark, token, by which any thing is known or distinguished, Mat. 16. 3;
 2 Th. 3. 17; a token, pledge, assurance, Lu. 2. 12; a proof, evi.

dence, convincing token, Mat 12 38; if. 1. Jno. 2. 18; in N. T., sign, wonder, remarkable event, wonderful appearance, extraordinary phenomenon, 1 Co. 14. 22. Re. 12. 1, 3; 15. 1; a portent, prodigy, Mat. 24. 30. Ac. 2. 19; a wonderful work, miraculous operation, miracle, Mat. 24. 24. Mar. 16. 17, 20; meton. a sign, a signal character, Lu. 2. 34: whence

Σημειόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to mark, inscribe marks upon; mid. to mark for one's self, note, 2 Th. 3. 14.

Σήπω, to cause to putrify, make rotten; mid. σήπομαι, p. 2. σεσηπα, to putrify, rot, be corrupted or rotten, Ja. 5. 2.

Σηρικός, ή, όν, (σήρ, a silkworm) silk, of silk, silken; το σηρικόν, silken stuff, silk, Re. 18. 12. L. G.

Σής, σεός & σητός, ό, a moth, Mat. 6. 19, 20. Lu. 12. 33.

Σητόβρωτος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (σής & βιβρώσκω) moth-eaten, Ja. 5. 2. 8. Σθενόω, ῶ, ſ. ώσω, a. 1. ἐσθένωσα, (σθένως astrength) to strengthen, impart strength, I Pe. 5. 10. N. T.

Σιατγών, όνος, ή, the jaw-bone; in N. T., the cheek, Mat. 5. 39. Lu. 6. 29.

Σιγίω, ω, f. ήσω, p. pass. σεσίγημαι, to be silent, keep silence, Lu. 36; 20. 26, et al.; trans. to keep in silence, not to reveal, to conceal; pass. to be concealed, not to be revealed, Ro. 16. 25: from

 $\Sigma i \gamma \dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta} s$, $\dot{\eta}$, silence, Ac. 21. 40. Re. 8. 1.

Σιδήρεος, οῦς, εα, α, εον, οῦν, made of iron, Ac. 12. 10. Re. 2. 27; 9. 9; 12. 5; 19. 15: from

Σίδηρος, ου, δ, iron, Re. 18. 12.

Σιδώνιος, ου, ό, a Sidonian, an inhabitant of Σιδών, Sidon, Ac. 12.

Σικάριος. ου, δ. (Lat. sicarius. Δ

sica, a dagger, poniard) an assassin, bandit, robber, Ac. 21. 38.

Σίκερα, το, indec. (Heb. אין) strong or inebriating drink, Lu. 1. 15. S.

Σιμικίνθιον, ου, τό, (Lat. semicinctium, fr. semi, half, & cingo, to gird) an apron, Ac. 19. 12.

Σίναπι, εως, τό, mustard; in N. T., probably the shrub Khardal (Salvadora Persica, L.), the fruit of which

dora Persica, L.), the fruit of which possesses the pungency of mustard, Mat. 13. 31; 17. 20, et al.

Σινδών, όνος, ή, sindon, pr. fine Indian cloth; fine linen; in N. T., a linen garment, an upper garment or wrapper of fine linen, worn in summer by night, and used to envelope dead bodies, Mat. 27.59. Mar. 14.51, 52; 15.46. Lu. 23.58.

Σινιάζω, f. άσω, (σινίον, a sieve) to sift; met. to sift by trials and temptations, Lu. 22.31. L. G.

Σιτευτός, ή, όν, (σιτεύω, to feed or fatten, σῖτος) fed, fatted, Lu. 15. 23, 27, 30.

Σιτίον, ου, τό, (σίτος) provision of corn, food, v. r. Ac. 7. 12.

Σιτιστός, ή, όν, (σιτίζω, to fatten, fr. σῖτος) fatted, a fatling, Mat. 22. 4.

Σιτομέτριον, ου, τό, (σῖτος & μετρέω) a certain measure of grain distributed for food at set times to the slaves of a family, a ration, Lu. 12. 42. L. G.

Σίτος, ου, ό, corn, grain, wheat, Mat. 3. 12; 13. 25, 29, 30. Mar. 4. 28, et al.; pl. σίτα, bread, food, Ac. 7. 12.

Στοπάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. l. ἐσιώπησα, to be silent, keep silence, hold one's peace, Mat. 20. 31; 26. 63, et al.; σωπῶν, silent, dumb, Lu. l. 20; met. to be silent, still, hushed, calm, as the sea, Mar. 4. 39.

Σκανδαλίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐσκανδάλισα, a. 1. pass. ἐσκανδαλίσθην, pr. to cause to stumble; met. to offend, vex, Mat. 17. 27; to offend, shock, excite feelings of repugnance, Jno. 6. 61. 1 Co. 8. 13; pxss. to be offended, shocked, pained, Mat. 15. 12. Ro. 14. 21. 2 Co. 11. 29; σκανδαλίζεσθαι ἔν τιν., to be affected with scruples for repugnance towards any one as respects his claims or pretensions, Mat. 11. 6; 13. 57, et al.; met. to cause to stumble morally, to cause to falter, or err, Mat. 5. 29; 18. 6, et al.; pass. to falter, fall away, Mat. 13. 21, et al.: (S.) from

Σκάνδάλον, ου, τό, (a later equivalent to σκανδάληθρον) pr. a trapspring; also gerr. a stumbling-block, any thing against which one stumbles, an impediment; met. a cause of ruin, destruction, misery, &c. Ro, 9. 33; 11.9; a cause or occasion of sinning, Mat. 18. 7, ter. Lu. 17. 1; scandal, offence, cause of indignation, 1 Co. 1.23. Ga. 5. 11.

Σκάπτω, f. σκάψω, a. 1. ἔσκαψα, to dig, excavate, Lu. 6. 48; 13. 8; 16. 3: whence

 $\Sigma \kappa \acute{a} \phi \eta$, ηs , $\acute{\eta}$, pr any thing excavated or hollowed; a boat, skiff, Ac. 27. 16, 30, 32.

Σκέλος, εος, τό, pl. τὰ σκέλη, the leg, Jno. 19. 31, 32, 33.

Σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάζω, to cover) covering; clothing, raiment, 1 Ti. 6. 8.

Σκευή, η̂ς, η΄, apparatus; tackle, Ac. 27. 19: from

Σκεῦος, εος, τό, a vessel, utensil for containing any thing, Mar. 11. 16. Lu. 8. 16. Ro. 9. 21; any utensil, instrument; σκεύη, household stuff, furniture, goods, &c. Mat. 12. 29. Mar. 3. 27, et al.; the mast of a ship, σ, the sail, Ac. 27. 17; met. an instrument, means, organ, minister, Ac. 9. 15; σκεύη ὁργῆς & σκεύη ἐλέους, vessels of wrath, σ of mercy, persons visited by punishment, σ the divine favour, Ro. 9. 22, 23; the vessel or frame of the human individual, 1 Th. 4. 4. 1 Pc. 3. 7.

Σκηνη, ης, η, a tent, tabernacles genr. any temporary dwelling; a tent, booth, Mat. 17. 4. He. 11. 9; the tabernacle of the covenant, He. 8. 5; 9. 1, 21; 13. 10; allegor. the coestial or true tabernacle, He. 8. 2; 9. 11; a division or compartment of the tabernacle, He 9. 2, 3, 6; a small portable tent or shrine, Ac. 7. 43; trop. a family, lineage, race, Ac. 15, 16; a manison, habitation, abode, dwelling, Lu. 16. 9; Re. 13. 6

Σκηνοπηγία, as, ή, (σκήνος & πήγυψι) pr. a pitching of tents or booths; hence, the feast of tabernacles or booths, instituted in memory of the 40 years' wandering of the Isracistes in the desert, and as a season of gratitude for the ingathering of harvest, celebrated during eight days, commencing on the 15th of Tisri, Jno. 7. 2.

Σκηνοποιός, οῦ, ὁ, (σκηνή & ποιέω) a tent-maker, Ac. 18. 3. N. T.

Σκηνος, εος, το, (equivalent to σκηνή) a tent, tabernacle; met. the corporeal tabernacle, 2 Co. 5. 1, 4: whence

Σκηνόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. l. ἐσκήνωσα, to pitch tent, encamp; to tabernacle, dwell in a tent; to dwell, have one's abode, Jno. l. 14. Re. 7. 15; 12. 12; 13. 6; 21. 3: whence

Σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, a habitation, abode, dwelling, Ac. 7. 46; the corporal tabernacle of the soul, 2 Pe. 1. 13, 14.

Zκιά, âs, η, a shade, shadow, Mar. 4. 32. Ac. 5. 15; met. a shadow, a shadowing forth, adumbration, in distinction from η είκων, the perfect image or delineation, & τὸ σῶμα, the reality, Col. 2. 17. He. 8. 5; 10. 1; gloom; σκιὰ θανάτου, death-shade, the thickest darkness, Mat. 4. 16. Lu. 1. 79.

Σκιρτάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἐσκίρτησα, to leap, Lu. l. 4l, 44; to leap, skip, bound for joy, Lu. 6. 23.

Σκληροκαρδία, as, ή, (σκληρός, & καρδία) hardness of heart, obduracy, obstinacy, perverseness, Mat. 19. 8. Mar. 10. 5; 16. 14. S.

Σκληρός, ά, όν, dry, hard; met. harsh, severe, stern, Mat. 25. 24; wehement, violent, fierce, Ja. 3. 4; grievous, painful, Ac. 9. 5; 26. 14; grating to the mind, repulsive, offensive, Jno. 6. 60; stubborn, contumacious, Jude 15: whence

Σκληρότης, τητος, ή, hardness; met. σκληρότης τῆς καρδίας, hardness of heart, obduracy, obstinacy, perverseness, Ro. 2. 5.

Σκληροτράχηλος, ου, δ, ή, (σκληρός & τράχηλος) stiff-necked, obstinate, refractory, Ac. 7. 51. S.

Σκληρύνω, f. υνώ, a. l. ἐσκλήρυνα, to harden; met. to harden morally, to make stubborn, He. 3. 8, 15; 4. 7; as a negation of ἐλεῶν, to leave to stubbornness and contumacy, Ro. 9. 18; mid. & pass. to put on a stub-

born frame, become obdurate, As 19. 9. He. 3. 13.

Σκολιός, ά, όν, crooked, tortuous. Lu. 3. 5; met. perverse, wicked, Ac 2. 40. Phi. 2. 15; crooked, peavish morose, 1 Pe. 2. 18.

Σκόλοψ, οπος, ό, any thing pointed met. a thorn, a plague, 2 Co. 12. 7.

Σκοπέω, ώ, f. ησω, to view atten tively, watch, reconnoitre; to sea observe, take care, beware, Lu. 1 35. Ga. 6. 1; to regard, have respect to, 2 Co. 4. 18. Phi. 2. 4; to mark, note, Ro. 16. 17. Ph. 3. 17: from

Σκοπός, οῦ, ὁ, (σκέπτομαι) a watcher; also, a distant object on which the eye is kept fixed; a mark, goal, Ph. 3. 14.

Σκορπίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐσκόρπισα, to disperse, scatter, Jno. 10. 12; 16. 32; to dissipate, waste, Mat. 12. 30. Lu. 11. 23; to scatter abroad one's

gifts, give liberally, 2 Co. 9. 9. 2. Exoprios, ou, 6, a scorpion, scorpio Afer of Linn., a large insect, sometimes several inches in length, shaped somewhat like a crab, and furnished with a tail terminating in a sting, whence it emits a dangerous poison, Lu. 10. 19; 11. 12, et al.

Σκοτεινός, ή, όν, (σκότος) dark, darkling, Mat. 6. 23. Lu. 11. 34, 36. Σκοτία, ας, ή, (fr. same) darkness, Jno. 6. 17; 20. 1; privacy, Mat. 10. 27. Lu. 12. 3; met. moral or spiritual darkness, Jno. 1. 8, bis.; 8. 12; 12. 35, 46, et al.

Σκοτίζω, f. ίσω, to darken, shroud in darkness; pass. to be darkened, obscured, Mat. 24. 29. Lu. 23. 45; met. to be shrouded in moral darkness, to be benighted, Ro. 1. 21, et al.: (L. G.) from

Σκότος, ου, ό, darkness, He. 12. 18 Σκότος, εος, τό, but ου, ό, He. 13. 18, according to ordinary Greek usage, darkness, Mat. 27. 45. Ao. 2. 20: gloom of punishment and misery, Mat. 8. 12. 2 Pe. 2. 17; met. moral or spiritual darkness, Mat. 4. 16. Jno. 3. 19. Ep. 5. 11; meton. mem in a state of moral darkness, Ep. 5. 8; 6. 12: whence

Σκοτόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, to darken. shroud in darkness, Re. 16. 10.

Σπύβάλου, ου, τό, offal, dung, sweepings, refuse, Phi. 3. 8.

Σκυθρωπός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, & ἡ, όν, (σκυθρός, stern, gloomy, & öψ) of a stern, morose, sour, gloomy, or dejected countenance, Mat. 6. 16. Lu. 24. 17.

Σκύλλω, f. υλῶ, p. pass. ἔσκυλμαι, to flay, lacerate; met. to vex. trouble, annoy, Mar. 5. 35. Lu. 7. 6; 8. 49; pass. met., ἐσκυλμένοι, jaded, in sorry plight, v. r. Mat. 9. 36: whence

Σκῦλον, ου, τό, (σκύλλω) spoils stripped of an enemy; σκῦλα, spoil, plunder, booty, Lu. 11. 22.

Σκωληκόβρωτος, (σκώληξ, & βιβρώσκω) eaten of worms, consumed by worms, Ac. 12. 23.

Σκώληξ, ηκος, ό, a worm; met. gnawing anguish, Mar. 9. 44, 46, 48.

Σμαράγδἴνος, ίνη, ινον, of smaragdus or emerald, Re. 4. 3: (N. T.) from

Σμάραγδος, ου, ό, & ή, smaragdus, the emerald, a gem of a pure green colour; but under this name the ancients probably comprised all stones of a fine green colour, Re. 21. 19.

Σμύρνα, ης, ή, (Heb. "MD) myrrh, an aromatic bitter resin, or gum, issuing by incision, and sometimes spontaneously, from the trunk and larger branches of a small thorny tree growing in Egypt, Arabia, and Abyssinia, much used by the ancients in unquents, Mat. 2.11. Jno. 19, 39.

Σμυρυαίος, ου, ό, a Smyrnean, an inhabitant of Σμύρνα, Smyrna, Re. 1.11; 2.8.

Σμυρνίζω, f. ίσω, (σμύρνα) to mingle or impregnate with myrrh, Mar. 15. 23. N. T.

Σορός, οῦ, ἡ, a coffer; an urn for receiving the ashes of the dead; a coffin; in N. T., a bier. Lu. 7. 14.

2ός, σή, σόν, (σύ) thine, Mat. 7. 3, 22, et al.; οἱ σοἱ, thy kindred, friends, &c. Mar. 5. 19; τὸ σόν & τὰ σά, what is thine, thy property, goods, &c. Mat. 20. 14; 25, 25. Lu. 6. 30.

Σουδάριον, ου, τό, (Lat. sudarium) a handkerchief, napkin, &c. Lu. 19. 20. Jno. 11. 44, et al.

Σοφία, ας, ή, (σοφός) wisdom in general. knowledge, Mat. 12. 42. Lu. 2. 40, 52; 11. 31. Ac. 7. 10; aulity Lu. 21. 15. Ac. 6. 3, 10; practical wisdom, prudence, Col. 4. 5; learning, science, Mat. 13. 54. Mar. 6. 2, Ac. 7. 22; scientific skill, 1 Co. 1. 17; 2. 1; professed wisdom, human phicosophy, 1 Co. 1. 19, 20, 22; 2. 4, 5, 6, et al., superior knowledge and enlightenment, Col. 2. 23; in N. T. pivine wisdom, Ro. 11. 33. Eph. 3. 10. Col. 2. 3; revealed wisdom, Mat. 11. 19. Lu. 11. 49. 1 Co. 1. 24, 30; 2. 7; Christian enlightenment, 1 Co. 12. 8. Eph. 1. 8, 17. Col. 1. 9, 28; 3. 16. Ja. 1. 5; 3. 13.

Σοφίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐσόφισα, to make wise, enlighten, 2 Ti. 3. 15; mid. to invent skilfully, devise artfully, pass. 2 Pe. 1. 16: from

Σοφόs, ή, όν, wise generally, 1 Co.
1.25; shrewd, sagacious, clever, Ro.
16. 19. 1 Co. 3. 10; 6. 5; learned, intelligent, Mat. 11. 25. Ro. 1. 14.
22. 1 Co. 1. 19, 20, 26, 27; 3. 18; im. N. T., divinely instructed, Mat. 23.
34; furnished with Christian wis dom, spiritually enlightened, Ja. 3.
13; all-wise, Ro. 16. 27. 1 Tl. 1. 17. Jude 25.

Σπαράσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ξσπάραξα, (σπάω) pr. to tear, lacerate; by impl. to agitate greatly, convulse, distort by convulsions, Mar. 1. 26; 9. 20, 26. Lu. 9. 39.

Σπαργανόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (σπάργανον, a bandage; swaddling-cloth) to swathe, wrap in swaddling-cloths, Lu. 2. 7, 12.

Σπαταλάω, ω, f. ήσω, (σπατάλη, riot, luxury) to live luxuriously, voluptuously, wantonly, 1 Ti. 5. 6. Ja. 5. 5. L. G.

Σπάω, ῶ, f. άσω, p. ἔσπακα, a. 1. mid. ἐσπασάμην, to draw, pull; to draw a sword, Mar. 14. 47. Ac. 16. 27.

Σπείρα, as, ή, any thing twisted or wreathed, a cord, coil, band, &c.; a band of soldiers, company, troop; used for a Roman maniple, or, cohort, Mat. 27. 27. Ac. 10. 1; the temple guard, Jno. 18. 3, 12.

Σπείρω, f. σπερῶ, a. l. ἔσπειρα, p. 2. ἔσπορα, a. pass. ἐσπάρην, to sow seed, Mat. 6. 26; 13. 3, 4, 18, 24, 25. 27, 31, 37, 39; in N. T., used with variety of metaphors. Mat. 13. 19· 25. 24. 1 Co. 9. 11. 2 Co. 9. 6. Ga. 6. 7,] et al.

Σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ό, (Lat. speculator) a sentinel, life-guardman, a kind of soldiers who formed the bodyyuard of princes, &c., one of whose duties was to put criminals to death, Mar. 6.2

2πένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour out a libation or drink offering; in N. T., mid. to make a libation of one's self by expending energy and life in the service of the gospel, Ph. 2. 17; pass. to be in the act of being sacrificed in the cause of the gospel, 2 Ti. 4. 6.

Σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπέιρω) seed, Mat. 13. 24, 27, 37, 38; semen virile, He. 11. 11; offspring, progeny, posterity, Mat. 22. 24, 25. Jno. 7. 42; a seed of future generations, Ro. 9. 29; in N. T., met. a seed or principle of spiritual life, 1 Jno. 3. 9.

Σπερμολόγος, ου, ό, (σπέρμα & λέγω, to pick) pr. seed-picking; one who picks up and retails scraps of information; a babbler, Ac. 17. 18.

Σπεύδω, f. σπεύσω, a. 1. ἔσπευσα, trans. to urge on, impel, quicken; to quicken in idea, to be eager for the arrival of, 2 Pe. 3. 12; intrans. to hasten, make haste, Ac. 20. 16; 22. 18; the part. has the force of an adverb, quickly, hastily, Lu. 2. 16; 19. 5. 6.

Σπήλαιον, ου, τό, $(\sigma \pi \acute{\epsilon} os)$ a cave, cavern, den, Mat. 21. 13, et al.

2πιλάς, άδος, ή, a sharply cleft portion of rock; in N. T., a flaw, stigma, Jude 12.

Σπίλος, & σπίλος, δ, a spot, stain, blot; a moral blot, Eph. 5. 27. 2 Pe. 2. 13: (L. G.) whence

Σπιλόω, ω, f. ωσω, to spot, soil; to contaminate, defile, Ja. 3. 6. Jude 23. L. G.

Σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. 1. ἐσπλαγχνίσθην, to be moved with pity or compassion, Mat. 9. 36; 14. 14; 20. 34. Lu. 7. 13, et al.; to compassionate, Mat. 18. 27: (N. T.) from

Σπλάγχνον, ου, τό, but usually, and in N. T. only in pl. τὰ σπλάγχνα, ων, the chief intestines, viscera; the entrails, bowels, Ac. l. 18; met. the heart, the affections of the heart, the tender affections, Lu. 178. 2 Co.

6. 12. Phi. 1. 8, et al.; meton. a cherished one, dear as one's self, Phile. 12.

Σπόγγος, ου, ό, a sponge, Mat. 27.
48. Mar. 15. 36. Jno. 19. 29.

 $\Sigma \pi o \delta \dot{o} s$, $o \hat{v}$, $\dot{\eta}$, ashes, Mat. 11. 21, et al.

Σπορά, âs, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing; seed sown; met. generative seed, generation, 1 Pe. 1. 23.

Σπόρἴμος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (fr. same) sown, fit to be sown; in N. T., τὰ σπόριμα, fields which are sown, fields of grain, corn fields, Mat. 12. 1. Mar. 2. 23. Lu. 6. 1.

 $\Sigma\pi\acute{o}\rho$ os, $o\nu$, \acute{o} , (fr. same) a sowing; in N. T., seed, that which is sown, Mar. 4. 26, 27. Lu. 8. 5, 11; met. the seed sown in almsgiving, 2 Co. 9. 10.

Σπουδάζω, f. άσω & άσομαι, p. ἐσπούδακα, a. l. ἐσπούδασα, (σπουδή) to hasten; to be in earnest about, be bent upon, Ga. 2. 10; to endeavour earnestly, strive, Ep. 4. 3, et al.

Σπουδαίος, α, ον, (fr. same) earnest, eager, forward, 2 Co. 8. 17, 22; comparat. neut. σπουδαιοτέρον, as an adv. earnestly, sedulously, 2 Tl. 1. 17: whence

Σπουδαίωs, adv. earnestly, eagerly, diligently, Lu. 7. 4. Ti. 3. 13; compar. σπουδαιστέρωs, more earnestly, Phi. 2. 28.

Σπουδή, η̂s, η̂, (σπεύδω) haste; μετὰ σπουδής, with haste, hastily, quickly, Mar. 6. 25. Lu. 1. 39; earnestness, earnest application, dillgence, Ro. 12. 8, 11. 2 Co. 7. 11, 12, et al.

Σπυρίς, ίδος, ή, a basket, handbasket for provisions, Mat. 15. 37; 16. 10. Mar. 8. 8, 20. Ac. 9. 25.

Στάδιον, ου, τό, pl. στάδια & στάδιοι, pr. a fixed standard of measure: a stadium, the eighth part of a Roman mile, and nearly equal to a furlong, containing 201.45 yards, Lu. 24. 13, et al.; a race-course, a race, I Co. 9. 24.

 $\Sigma \tau \acute{a}\mu\nu os$, ov, \acute{o} , $\acute{\eta}$, a wine jar; a pot, jar, urn, vase, He. 9. 4.

Στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἴστημι) a setting;
a standing; an effective position, an unimpaired standing or dignity, He
9. 8; a gathered party, a group;

Aence, a tumultuous assemblage, popular outbreak, Mar. 15. 7. Ac. 19. 40, et al.; seditious movement, Ac. 24. 5; discord, dispute, dissension, Ac. 15. 2; 23. 7, 10.

Eτατήρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἴστημι, to weigh) με a weight; a stater, an Attic silver coin, equal in value to the Jewish shekel, or to 4 Attic or 2 Alexandrian drachms, and equivalent to about 3s. of our money, Mat. 17. 27.

Zταυρός, οῦ, ὁ, a stake; a cross, Mat. 27. 32, 40, 42. Phi. 2. 8; by mpl. the punishment of the cross, crucifixion, Ep. 2. 16. He. 12. 2; meton. the crucifixion of Christ in respect of its import, the doctrine of the cross, 1 Co. 1. 17, 18. Ga. 5. 11; 6. 12, 14; met. in the phrases alpeu, v. βαστάζευ, v. λαμβάνευ τὸν σταυρὸν αὐτοῦ, to take up, or bear one's cross, to be ready to encounter any extremity, Mat. 10. 38; 16. 24, et al.: whence

Σταυρόω, ῶ, f. ὡσω, a. l. ἐσταύρωσα, p. pass. ἐσταύρωμα, to fix stakes; laier, to crucify, affat to the cross, Mat. 20. 19; 23. 34; met. to crucify, to mortify, to deaden, to make a sacrifice of, Ga. 5. 24; pass. to be cut off from a thing, as by a violent death, to become dead to, Ga. 6. 14.

Σταφῦλή, ῆς, ἡ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Mat. 7. 16. Lu. 6. 44. Re. 14. 18.

Στάχυς, υος, δ, an ear of corn, Mat. 12. 1. Mar. 2. 23; 4. 28. Lu.

.ἐτέγη, ῆς, ἡ, a roof, flat roof of a house, Mat. 8. 8. Mar. 2. 4. Lu. 7. 6: from

ἐτέγω, f. ἐω, to cover; to hold off, to hold in; hence, to hold out against, to endure patiently, 1 Co. 9, 12; 13.
7; absol. to contain one's self, 1 Th.
3, 1, 5.

ετείρος, α, ον, sterile; barren, not bearing children, Lu. 1. 7, 36; 23. 29. Ga. 4. 27.

Στέλλω, f. στελώ, p. ἔσταλας, a. 1. ἔσταλας, a. 1. ἔστελα, pr. to place in set order, to arrange; to equip; to dispatch; to stow; to contract; mid. to contract one's self, to shrink; to withdraw from, avoid, shun, 2 Co. 8. 20. 3 Th. 3. 6.

Στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω, to circle) a crown; a fillet, wreath, Ao 14. 13.

Στεναγμός, οῦ, ὁ, a sighing, groaning, groan, Ac. 7. 34; an inward sighing, aspiration, Ro. 8. 26: from

Στενάζω, f. άξω, a. 1. ἐστέναξα, to groan, sigh, Ro. 8. 23. 2 Co. 5. 2, 4. He. 13. 17; to sigh tweardly, Mar. 7. 34; to give vent to querulous or censorious feelings, Ja. 5. 9.

Στενός, ή, όν, narrow, strait, Mat. 7. 13, 14. Lu. 13. 24.

Στενοχωρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (στενός & χώρα) to crowd together into a narrow place, straiten; puss. met. to be in straits, to be cooped up, to be cramped from action, 2 Co. 4.8; to be cramped in feeling, 2 Co. 6. 12: whence

Στενοχωρία, as, ή, pr. narrowness of place, a narrow place; met. straits, distress, anguish, Ro. 2. 9; 8. 35. 2 Co. 6. 4; 12. 10.

Στερεόs, á, όν, stiff, hard; of food, solid, as opposed to what is liquid and light, He. 5. 12; firm, stedfast 2 Ti. 2. 19. 1 Pe. 5. 9: whence

Στερεόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐστερέωσα, to render firm; to strengthen, Ac. 3. 7, 16; to settle, Ac. 16. 5: whence

Στερέωμα, ατος, τό, pr. what is solid and firm; met. firmness, sted-fastness, constancy, Col. 2. 5.

Στέφὰνος, ου, ὁ, (στέφω, to encircle) that which forms an encirclement; a crown, Mat. 27. 29. Re. 4. 4, 10; a chaplet, wreath, conferred on a victor in the public games, 1 Co. 9. 25; met. a crown, reward, prize, 2 Tl. 4. 8. Ja. 1. 12; a crown, ornament, honour, glory, Phi. 4. 1, et al.: whence

Στεφανόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐστεφάνωσα, to encompass; to crown; to crown as victor in the games, 2 Ti. 2. 5; met. to crown, adorn, decorate, He. 2. 7, 9.

Στ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ os, εos, τό, & pl. τὰ στ $\hat{\eta}\theta$ η, the breast, Lu. 18. 13; 23. 48. Jno. 13. 25, et al.

Στήκω, a late equivalent to εστηκα, to stand, Mar. 11. 25; met. to stand when under judgment, to be approved. 173

Ro. 14. 4; to stand firm, be constant, persevere, 1 Co. 16. 13, et al.

Στηριγμός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. a fixing, settling; a state of firmness, fixedness; met. firmness of belief, settled frame of mind, 2 Pe. 3. 17: from

Στηρίζω, f. ίξω, a. 1. έστήριξα, (ιστημι) to set fast; to set in a certain position or direction, Lu. 9. 51; met. to render mentally stedfast, to settle, confirm, Lu. 22. 32. Ro. 1. 11 et al.; p. pass ἐστήριγμαι, to stand immoveable, Lu. 16. 26; met. to be mentally settled, 2 Pe. 1. 12.

Στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω, to prick; to burn in marks, brand) a mark, brand, Ga. 6. 17.

Στιγμή, η̂ς, ή, (fr. same) pr. a point; met. a point of time, moment, instant, Lu. 4. 5.

Στίλ β ω, f. στίλ ψ ω, to shine, glisten, Mar. 9. 3.

Στοά, α̂s, ή, (ἴστημι) a colonnade, piazza, cloister, covered walk sup-

ported by columns, Jno. 5. 2; 10. 23. Ac. 3. 11; 5. 12.

Στοιβάς, άδος, ή, (στείβω, to tread) a stuffing of leaves, boughs, &c.; meton. a bough, branch, Mar. 11.8.

Στοιχείον, ου, τό, (dimin. of στοίxos, a row, a straight rod or rule, fr. στείχω, to go in a straight line) an element; an element of the natural universe, 2 Pe. 3. 10, 12; an element or rudiment of any intellectual or religious system, Ga. 4. 3, 9. Col. 2. 8, 20. He. 5. 12.

Στοιχέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, (fr. same) pr. to advance in a line; met. to frame one's conduct by a certain rule, Act. 21. 24. Ro. 4. 12. Ga. 5. 25; 6. 16. Phi. 3. 16.

Στολή, ης, η, (στέλλω, to arrange, to equip) equipment; dress; a long garment, flowing robe, worn by priests, kings, and persons of distinction, Mat. 12. 38; 16. 5, et al.

Στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Mat. 12. 34; 15. 11, 17, 18; 21. 16, et al.; speech, words, Mat. 18. 16. 2 Co. 13. 1; command of speech, facility of language, Lu. 21. 15; fr. Heb. ανοίγευ το στόμα, to make utterance, to speak, Mat. 5. 2; 13. 35, et al.; also, med of the earth, to rend, yawn, Re.

12. 16; στόμα πρὸς στόμα λαλείν, 13 speak mouth to mouth, face to face, 2 Jno. 12. 3 Jno. 14; the edge of point of a weapon, Lu. 21. 24. He. 11. 34.

Στόμαχος, ου, ό, (στόμα) pr the gullet leading to the stomach; hence, later, the stomach itself, 1 Ti. 5. 23.

Στρατεία, ας, ή, (στρατεύω) a military expedition, campaign; and genr. military service, warfare; met. the Christian warfare, 2 Co. 10. 4. 1 Ti. 1. 18.

Στράτευμα, ατος, τό, an army, Mat. 22. 7, et al.; an armed force, corps, Ac. 23. 10, 27; troops, guards, Lu. 23. 11: from

Στρατεύω, f. εύσω, & mid. στρατεύομαι, (στρατός, an army) to perform military duty, serve as a soldier, Lu. 3. 14. 1 Co. 9. 7. 2 Ti. 2. 4; to battle, Ja. 4. 1. 1 Pe. 2. 11; to be spiritually militant, 2 Co. 10. 3. 1 Ti. 1. 18.

Στρατηγός, οῦ, ὁ, (στρατός & ἄγω) a leader or commander of an army, general; a Roman prætor, provincial magistrate, Ac. 16. 20, 22, 35, 36, 38; στρατηγὸς τοῦ ἰεροῦ, the captain or prefect of the temple, the chief of the Levites who kept guard in and around the temple, Lu. 22. 4, 52. Ac. 4. 1; 5. 24, 26.

Στρατιά, âs, ή, (στρατός) an army, host; fr. Heb. στρατια συράνιος, V. τοῦ οὐρανοῦ, the heavenly host, the host of heaven, the hosts of angels, Lu. 2. 13; the stars, &c., Ac. 7. 42: unhence

Στρατιώτης, ου, ό, a soldier, Mat. 8. 9; 27. 27, et al.; met. a soldier of Christ, 2 Ti. 2. 3.

Στρατολογέω, ω, f. ήσω, (στρατός & λέγω) to collect or levy an army enlist troops, 2 Ti. 2. 4. L. G.

Στρατοπεδάρχης, ου, ό, (στρατόπεδον & ἄρχω) a commandant of a camp; a legionary tribune; perhaps the prefect of the prætorian camp, Ac. 28. 16. L. G.

Στρατόπεδον, (στρατός & πέδον) pr. the site of an encampment; an encampment; meton. an army, Lu. 21, 20,

Στρεβλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (στρεβλη, a windlass, a wrench, instrument of torture, rack) pr. to distort the limbs on a rack; met. to wrench, distort, pervert, 2 Pe. 3. 16.

Στρέφω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔστρεψα, a. 2. pass. ἐστράφη, to twist; to turn, Mat. 5. 39; to make a change of substance, to change, Re. 11. 6; absolto change or turn one's course of dealing. Ac. 7. 42; mid. to turn one's self about, Mat. 16. 23. Lu. 7. 9, et al.; to turn back, Ac. 7. 39; to change one's direction, to turn elsewhere, Ac. 13. 46; to change one's course of principle and conduct, to be converted, Mat. 18. 3.

Στρηνιάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. άσω, to be wanton, to revel, riot, Re. 18. 7, 9: from

Στρήνος, εος, τό, (στρηνής, strong, hard) headstrong pride; wantonness, luxury, voluptuousness, Re. 18. 3.

Στρουθίον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of στρουθός) any small bird, spc. a sparrow, Mat. 10. 29, 31. Lu. 12. 6, 7.

Στρώννυμι, ν. στρωννύω, f. στρώσω, a. l. έστρωσα, p. pass. έστρωμα, (by metath. for στορέννυμι) to spread, to strew, Mat. 21. 8. Mar. 11. 8; to spread a couch, Ao. 9. 34; used of a supper chamber, pass. to have the couches spread, to be prepared, furnished, Mar. 14. 15. Lu. 22. 12.

Στυγητός, ή, όν, & os, ον, (στυγέω, to hate) hateful, odious, detested, Tit. 3. 3.

Στυγνάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐστύγνασα, (στηνός, gloomy) to put on a gloomy and downcast look, Mar. 10. 22; of the sky, to lower, Mat. 16. 3. S.

Στῦλος, ου, ό, a pillar, column, Re. 10. 1; used of persons of authority, influence, &c., a support or pillar of the church, Ga. 2. 9. Re. 3. 12; a support of true doctrine, 1 Tl. 3. 15.

Στωϊκός, ή, όν, stoic, belonging to the sect of the Stoics, founded by Zeno, and deriving their name from the portico, στοά, where he taught, Ac. 17. 18.

Σύ, gen. σοῦ, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, & enclit. σου, σοι, σε, pl. ὑμεῖς prơn. 2 per. thou, Mat. 1. 20; 2. 6, et al. freq.

Συγγένεια, as, ή, kindred; kinsfolk, kinsmen, relatives, Lu. 1. 61. Ac. 7 3, 14: from Συγγενής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (στν λ γέος) kindred, akin; as a subs. a kinsman or kinswoman, relative, Mar. 6. 4. Lu. 1. 36, 58, et al.; one nationally akin, a fellow-countryman, Ro. 9. 3.

Συγγνώμη, ης, ή, (συγγινώσκω, to agree in judgment with) pardon; concession, leave, permission, 1 Co. 7. 6.

Συγκάθημαι, (σύν & κάθημαι) to sit in company with, Mar. 14. 54. Ac. 26. 30.

Συγκαθίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & καθίζω) trans. to cause to sit with, seat in company with, Ep. 2. 6; intrans. to sit in company with; to sit down together, Ac. 22. 55.

Συγκακοπαθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω (σύν & κακοπαθέω) to suffer evils along with any one; to be enduringly adherent, 2 Ti. 1. 8. N. T.

Συγκακουχέομαι, οῦμαι, (σύν & κακουχέω) to encounter adversity along with any one, He. 11. 25. N. T.

Συγκαλέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (σύν & καλέω) to call together, convoke, Mar. 15.16; mid. to call around one's self, Lu. 9. 1, et al.

Συγκαλύπτω, f. ψω, p. pass. συγκεκάλυμμαι, (σύν & καλύπτω) to cover altogether, to cover up; met. to conceal, Lu. 12. 2.

Συγκάμπω, f. ψω, (σύν & κάμπω) to bend or bow together; to bow down the back of any one affictively. Ro. 11. 10.

Συγκαταβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, (σύν & καταβαίνω) to go down with any one, Ac. 25. 5.

Συγκατάθεσις, εως, ή, assent; in N. T., accord, alliance, 2 Co. 6. 16: (L. G.) from

Συγκατατίθημι, (σύν & κατατίθημι) to set down together with; mid. to assent, accord, Lu. 23. 51.

Συγκαταψηφίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν, καταψηφίζω, ψήφος) to count, number with, Ac. 1. 26. N. T.

Συγκεράννυμι, ν. νύω, f. κεράσω, συνεκέρᾶσα, p. κέκρᾶμαι, (σύν & κερών νυμι) to mix with, mingle together commingle: to blend, I Co. 12. 24 pass. to be attempered, combined. He. 4.2 Συγκῖνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & κινέω) to move together, commove, put in commotion; to excite, Ac. 6. 12.

Συγκλείω, f. είσω, (σύν & κλείω) to shut up together, to hem in; to enclose, Lu. 5. 6; met to band under a sweeping sentence, Ro. 11. 32. Ga. 3. 22; pass. to be banded under a bar of disability, Ga. 3. 23.

Συγκληρονόμος, ου, ό, ή, (σύν & κληρονόμος) pr. a coheir, Ro. 8. 17; a fellow participant, Ep. 3. 6. He. 11. 9. 1 Pe. 3. 7. N. T.

Συγκοινωνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to be a joint partaker, participate with a person; in N. T., to mix one's self up in a thing, to involve one's self, be an accomplice in, F.p. 5. 11. Re. 18. 4; to sympathise actively in, to relieve, Phi. 4. 14: from

Συγκοινωνός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & κοινωνός) one who partakes jointly; a coparticipant, copartner, Ro. 11. 17. 1 Co. 9. 23. Phi. 1. 7. Re. 1. 9. N. T.

Συγκομίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & κομίζω) to bring together, collect; to prepare for burial, take charge of the funeral of any one, bury, Ac. 8. 2.

Συγκρίνω, f. ινῶ, (σύν & κρίνω) to combine, compound; to compare, to estimate by comparing with something else, or, to match, 2 Co. 10. 12, bis; to explain, illustrate, or, to suit, 1 Co. 2. 13.

Συγκύπτω, f. ψω, (σύν & κύπτω) to bend or bow together; to be bowed together, bent double, Lu. 13. 11.

Συγκυρία, ας, ἡ, (συγκυρέω, to happen together, σύν & κυρέω, to happen) concurrence, coincidence, chance, accident; κατὰ συγκυρίαν, by chance, accidentally, Lu. 10. 31.

Συγχαίρω, a. 2. συνεχάρην, (σύν & χαίρω) to rejoice with any one, sympathise in joy, Lu. 15. 6, 9. Phi. 2. 17, 18; met. 1 Co. 12. 26; to sympathise in the advancement of, 1 Co. 13. 6.

Συγχέω, & later, ύνω, imperf. συνέχου & συνέχουου, pass. p. συγκέχου & χέω) to pour together, mingle by pouring together; hence, to confound, perplex, amaze, Ac. 2. 6; to confound in dispute, Ac. 9. 22; to throw into confu-

sion, fill with uproar, Ac. 19. 33; 31 27, 31.

Συγχράομαι, ώμαι, f. ήσομαι, (σίο & χράομαι) to use at the same time with another, use in common; to have social intercourse with, associate with, Jno. 4.9. L. G.

Συγχύνω, see συγχέω.

Σύγχύσις, εως, ή, (συγχέω) pr. a pouring together; hence, confusion, commotion, tumult, uproar, Ac. 19. 29.

Συζάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (σύν & ζάω) to live with; to continue in life with any one, 2 Co. 7. 3; to coexist in life with another, Ro. 6. 8. 2 Ti. 2. 11.

Συζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύξω, a. 1. συνεζευξα, (σύν & ζεύγνυμι, to yoke) to yoke together; trop. to conjoin, join together, unite, Mat. 19. 6. Mar. 10. 9.

Συζητέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ζητέω) to seek, ask, or inquire with another; to deliberate, debate, Mar. 1. 27; 9. 10; to hold discourse with argue, reason, Mar. 8. 11; 12. 28. Ac. 6. 9; to question, dispute, cavil, Mar. 9. 14, 16, et al.: whence

Συζήτησις, εως, ή, mutual discussion, debate, disputation, Ac. 15. 2, 7; 28. 29. L. G.

Συζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, a disputant, controversial reasoner, sophist, 1 Co. 1. 20. N. T.

Σύζυγος, ου, ο, ή, (συζεύγνυμι) a yoke-fellow; an associate, fellow-labourer, coadjutor, Phi. 4. 3.

Συζωοποιέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ζωοποιέω) to quicken together with another; to make a sharer in the quickening of another, Ep. 2. 5. Col. 2. 13. N. T.

Συκάμινος, ου, ή, & ό, a sycaminetree, i. q. συκομοραία, q. v., Lu. 17. 6. Συκή, ης, ή, contr. for συκέα, a figtree, ficus carica of Linn., Mat. 21. 19. et al.

Συκομοραία, τ. συκομορέα, ας, ή, (σύκον & μόρον, a mulberry) equivalent to συκόμορος, the fig-mulberry, ficus sycamorus of Linn., a tree whose leaves resemble those of the mulberry, and its fruit that of the fig-tree, Lu. 19. 4. N. T.

Σῦκον, ου, τό, a fig, Mat. 7. 16, et al

Συκοφαντέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (συκοφάντε, pr., among the Athenians, an informer against those who exported figs contrary to law, σῦκον, φαίνω) to inform against; to accuse falsely; by impl. to wrong by false accusations or insidious arts; to extort money by false informations, Lu. 3. 14; 19. 8.

Συλαγωγέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύλη, v. σύλον, & άγω) to carry off as a prey or booty; met. to make victims of imposture, Col. 2.8. L. G.

Συλάω, ω, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐσύλησα, (σύλη, v. σύλον, the right of seizing the goods of a merchant in payment) to strip, rob; to rob, encroach on, 2 Co. 11. 8.

Συλλαλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & λαλέω) to talk, converse, or confer with, Mat. 17. 3. Mar. 9. 4, et al. L. G.

Συλλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, a. 2. συνἐλαβον, p. συνείληφα, a. 1. pass. συνκήφθην, (σύν & λαμβάνω) to catch up; to seize, apprehend, Mat. 26. 55. Ac. 1. 16, et al.; to catch, as prey, Lu. 5. 9; to conceive, become pregnant, Lu. 1. 24, 31, 36; 2. 21; met. Ja. 1. 15; mid. to help, aid, assist, Lu. 5. 7. Phi. 4. 3.

Συλλέγω, f. ξω, (σύν & λέγω) to collect, gather, Mat. 7. 16; 13. 28, et al.

Συλλογίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (σύν & λογίζομαι) to reckon up together; to consider, deliberate, reason, Lu. 20. δ.

Συλλυπέομαι, οῦμαι, (σύν & λυπέοιαι) to be grieved together with; to be grieved, Mar. 3. 5.

Συμβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. συνέβην, (σύν & βαίνω) to stand with the feet near together; to step or come together; to happen, befall, fall out, Mar. 10. 32, et al.

Συμβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, (σύν & βάλλω) pr. to throw together; absol. to meet and join, Ao. 20. 14; to meet in war, to encounter, engage with, Lu. 14. 31; to encounter in discourse or dispute, Ac. 17. 18; to consult together, Ac. 4. 15; mid. to contribute, be of service to, to aid, Ac. 18. 27; συμβάλλειν ἐν τῆ καρδία, to revolve in mind, ponder upon, Lu. 2. 19.

Συμβασιλεύω, f. εύσω, (σύν &

βασιλεύω) to reign with; met. to can joy honour and felicity with, 1 Cc 4. 8. 2 Ti. 2. 12. L. G.

Συμβιβάζω, f. άσω, (σύν & βιβά» ξω) pr. to cause to come together; to unite, knit together, Ep. 4. 16. Col. 2. 2, 19; to infer, conclude, Ac. 16. 10; by impl. to prove, demon strate, Ac. 9. 22; in N. T., to teach instruct, 1 Co. 2. 16.

Συμβουλεύω, f. εύσω, (σύν & βουλεύω) to counsel, advise, exhort, Jno. 18. 14. Re. 3. 18; mid. to consult together, plot, Mat. 26. 4, et al.

Συμβούλιον, ίου, τό, counsel, consultation, mutual consultation, Mat. 12.14; 22.15, et al.; a council, counsellors, Ac. 25.12: (N. T.) from

Σύμβουλος, ου, ό, (σύν & βουλή) a counsellor; one who shares one's counsel, Ro. 11. 34.

Συμμαθητής, οῦ, δ, (σύν & μαθητής) a fellow-disciple, Jno. 11. 16.

Συμμαρτύρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & μαρτυρέω) to testify or bear witness together with another, add testimony, Ro. 2. 15; 8. 16; 9. 1.

Συμμερίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (συν & μερίζω) to divide with another so as to receive a part to one's self, share with, partake with, I.Co. 9. 13. N. T.

Συμμέτοχος, ου, δ, ή, (σύν & μέτοχος) a partaker with any one, a joint partaker, Ep. 3. 6; 5. 7. L. G. Συμμορφίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & μορ-

Συμμορφίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & μορφίζω) equivalent to συμμορφόω: which see: v.r. Phi. 3. 10.

Σύμμορφος, ου, ό, ἡ, (σύν & μορφή) of like form, assimilated, conformed, Ro. 8. 29. Phi. 3. 21. N. T. Συμμορφόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (σύν &

Συμμορφόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (σύν & μορφόω) to conform to, Phi. 3. io. N. T.

Συμπαθέω, ὧ, f. ήσω, to sympathise with, He. 4. 15; to compassionate, He. 10. 34: from Συμπαθής έρς ρῶς Å ὧ (σύν Ν

Συμπάθής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & πάθος, πάσχω) sympathising, compassionate, 1 Pe. 3. 8.

Συμπαραγίνομαι, a. 2. συμπαρεγενόμην, (σύν & παραγίνομαι) to be present together with: to come together, convene, Lu. 23.48; to stand by or support one fudicially, adesse, 2 Tl. 4 16. 17>

Συμπαρακαλέω, ω̂, f. ήσω, (συν & παρακαλέω) to invite, exhort along with others; to animate in company with others; pass. to share in mutual encouragement, Ro. 1. 12.

Συμπαραλαμβάνω, a. 2. συμπαρέλαβον, (σύν & παραλαμβάνω) to take along with, take as a companion, Ac. 12. 25; 15. 37, 38. Ga. 2. 1.

Συμπαραμένω, f. μενῶ, (σύν & παραμένω) to remain or continue with or among, Phi. 1. 25.

Συμπάρειμι, (σύν & πάρειμι) to be present with any one, Ac. 25. 24.

Συμπάσχω, f. πείσομαι, (σύν & πάσχω) to suffer with, sympathise, 1 Co. 12. 36; to suffer as another, endure corresponding sufferings, Ro. 8. 17.

Συμπέμπω, f. ψ ω, (σύν & πέμπω) to send with any one, 2 Co. 8. 18, 22. Συμπεριλαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, (σύν & περιλαμβάνω) to embrace together; to embrace, Ac. 20. 10.

Συμπίνω, f. πίομαι, & πιοῦμαι, a. 2. συνέπιον, (σύν & πίνω) to drink with any one, Ac. 10. 41. (i)

Συμπίπτω, a. 2. συνέπεσον, (σύν & πίπτω) to fall together; to fall in ruins, v. r. Lu. 6. 49.

Συμπληρόω, ω, f. ωσω, (σύν & πληρόω) to fill, fill up, fill full, Lu. 8. 23; pass., of time, to be completed, have fully come, Lu. 9. 51. Ac. 2. 1.

Συμπνίγω, f. ιξοῦμαι, (σύν & πνίγω) to throttle, choke; trop. to choke the grouth or increase of seed or plants. Mat. 13. 22. Mar. 4. 7, 19. Lu. 8. 14; to press upon, crowd, throng, Lu. 8. 42. (i)

Συμπολίτης, ου, δ, (σύν & πολίτης) a fellow-citizen, met. Ep. 2. 19. (τ)

Συμπορεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (σύν & πορεύομαι) to go with, accompany, Lu. 7. 11; 14. 25; 24. 15; to come together, assemble, Mar. 10. 1.

Συμπόσιον, ίου, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking together; a feast, banquet; a festive company; in N. T., pl. συμπόσια, mess-parties, Mar. 6. 39.

Συμπρεσβύτερος, ου, ὁ, (σύν & πρεσβύτερος) a fellow-elder, fellow-presbyter, l Pe. 5. l. N. T.

Συμφέρω, ι. συνοίσω, α. 1. συνή-

reyra, a. 2. συνήνεγκον, (σύν & φάρω) to bring together, collect, Ac. 19. 19. absol. to conduce to, to be for the benefit of any one, be profitable, ad vantageous, expedient, 1 Co. 6. 12 2 Co. 8. 10; particip. neut. το συμφέρον, good, benefit, profit, advantage, Ac. 20. 20. 1 Co. 7. 35; impers. συμφέρει, it is profitable, advantage ous, expedient, Mat. 5. 29, 30; 19. 10, et al.

Σύμφημι, (σύν & φημί) pr. to affirm with; to assent, Ro. 7. 16.

Συμφυλέτης, ου, ὁ, (σύν & φυλή) pr. one of the same tribe; a fellowcitizen, fellow-countryman, 1 Th. 2. 14.

Σύμφὔτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & φύω) pr. planted together, grown together; in N. T., met. grown together, closely entwined or united with, Ro. 6. 5.

Συμφύω, f. φύσω, pass. a. 2. συνεφύην. (fr. same) to make to grow together; pass. to grow or spring up with, Lu. 8. 7.

Συμφωνέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (σύμφωνος) to sound together, to be in unison, be in accord; trop, to agree with, accord with in purport. Ac. 15. 15; to harmonise with, be congruous, suit with, Lu. 5. 36; to agree with, make an agreement, Mat. 18. 19; 20. 2, 13. Ac. 5. 9: whence

Συμφώνησις, εως, ή, unison, accord; agreement, concord, 2 Co. 6. 15. N. T.

Συμφωνία, as, ή, symphony, harmony of sounds; concert of instruments, music, Lu. 15. 25.

Σύμφωνος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & φωνή) agreeing in sound; met. accordant, harmonious, agreeing, and neut. τὸ σύμφωνον, accord, agreement, 1 Co.

Συμψηφίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & ψηφίζω, ψήφος) to calculate together, compute, reckon up, Ac. 19. 19.

Σύμψυχος, ου, ό, ἡ, (σύν & ψυχή) united in mind, at unity, Phi. 2. 2. N. T.

Σύν, prep. governing a dat., with, to gether with, Mat. 25. 27; 26. 35; 27 38; attendant on, 1 Co. 15. 10; besides, Lu. 24. 21; with, with the assistance of, 1 Co. 5. 4; with, in the same manner as, Ga. 3. 9; είναι στίτ

Digitized by Google

rue, to be with any one, to be in company with, accompany, Lu. 2. 13; 8.38; to be on the side of, be a partisan of any one, Ac. 4. 13; 14. 4; ol o'u' rue, those with any one, the companions of any one, Mar. 2. Ac. 22. 9; the colleagues, associates of any one, Ac. 5. 17, 21.

Συνάγω, f. άξω, a. 2. συνήγγαγον, p. pass. συνήγμα, a. 1. pass. συνήγθην, f. pass. συναγθήσουμα, (σύν & άγω) to bring together, collect, gather, as grain, fruits, &c., Mat. 3. 12; 6. 26; 13. 20, 47; to collect an assembly, convoke; pass. to convene, come together, meet, Mat. 2. 4; 13. 2; 18. 20; 22. 10; in N. T., to receive with kindness and hospitality, to entertain, Mat. 25. 35, 38, 43, et al.: (ā) whence

Συναγωγή, ης, η, a collecting, gathering; a Christian assembly or congregation, Ja. 2; the congregation of a synagogue, Ac. 9.2, et al.; a synagogue, place of Jewish worship, J.u. 7. 5, et al.

Συναγωνίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, (σύν & ἀγωνίζομαι) to combat in company with any one; to exert one's strength with, to be earnest in aiding, Ro. 15. 30.

Συναθλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ἀ-θλέω) pr. to contend on the sids of any one; in N. T., to co-operate vigorously with a person, Phi. 4.3; to make effort in the cause of, in support of a thing, Phi. 1. 27. L. G.

Συναθροίζω, f. οίσω, (σύν & αθροίζω, to gather, αθρόος) to gather; to bring together, convoke, Ac. 19. 25; pass. to come together, convene, Lu. 24. 33. Ac. 12. 12.

Συναίρω, f. apῶ, (σύν & αἶρω) to take up a thing with any one; in N. T., συναίρειν λόγου, to adjust accounts, reckon in order to payment, Mat. 18. 23, 24; 25, 19.

Συναιχμάλωτος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & αἰχμάλωτος) a fellow-captive, Ro. 16. 7. Col. 4. 10. Phile. 23. N. T.

Συνακολουθέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ἀκολουθέω) to follow in company with, accompany, Mar. 5. 37. Lu. 23. 49.

Συναλίζω, f. ίσω, (σύν & άλίζω, to collect) to cause to come together,

collect, assemble, congregate; mid to convene to one's self, Ac. 1. 4.

Συναναβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. συνανέβην (σύν & ἀναβαίνω) to go un, ascend with any one, Mar. 15. 41 Ac. 13. 31.

Συνανάκειμαι, f. είσομαι, (σύν & ἀνάκειμαι) to recline with any one at table, Mat. 9. 10; 14. 9, et al. N. T.

Συναναμίγνυμι, (σύν & ἀναμίγνυμι, to mix, mingle) to mix together with, commingle; mid. met. to mingle one's self with, to associate with, have familiar intercourse with, 1 Co. 5. 9, 11. 2 Th. 3. 14. L. G.

Συναναπαύομαι, f. αύσομαι, (σύι & αναπαύομαι) to experience refreshment in company with any one, Ro. 15. 32. L.G.

Συναντάω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (σύν & ἀντάω, ωντί) to meet with, ſall in with, encounter; to meet, Lu. 9. 37; 22. 10. Ac. 10. 25. He. 7. 1, 10; to occur, happen to, befall, Ac. 20. 221 whence

Συνάντησις, εως, $\tilde{\eta}$, a meeting, Mat 8. 34.

Συναντιλαμβάνομαι, f. λήψομαι, (σύν & ἀντιλαμβάνομαι) pr. to take hold of with any one; to support help, aid, Lu. 10. 40. Ro. 8. 26. L. G.

Συναπάγω, f. άξω, (σύν & ἀπάγω) to lead or conduct away with; to seduce; pass. to be led away, carried astray, Ga. 2. 13. 2 Pe. 3. 17; mid. to conform one's self willingly to certain circumstances, Ro. 12. 16.

Συναποθνήσκω, a. 2. συναπέθανον, (σύν & ἀποθνήσκω) to die together with any one, Mar. 14. 31. 2 Co. 7. 3; met. to die with, in respect of a spiritual likeness. 2 Ti. 2. 11.

Συναπόλλυμι, a. 2. mid. συναπωλόμην, (σύν & ἀπόλλυμι) to destroy together with others; mid. to perish or be destroyed with others, He. 11. 31.

Συναποστέλλω, f. στελῶ, (σύν & ἀποστέλλω) to send forth together with any one, 2 Co. 12. 18.

Συναρμολογέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (σύν & ἀρμολογέω, ft. ἀρμός, a joint, & λόγος) to join together fitly, fit or frame to gether, compact, Ep. 2. 21. N. T. Συναρπάζω, £ ἀσω, (σύν & ἀρκώ-

Συναυξάνομαι, f. ήσομαι, (σύν & αὐξάνω) to grow together in company, Mat. 13. 30.

Σύνδεσμος, ου, ό, that which binds together; a ligature, Col. 2. 19; a band of union, Eph. 4. 3. Col. 3.
14; a bundle, or, bond, Ac. 8. 23: from

Συνδέω, f. δήσω, (σύν & δέω) to bind together; in N. T., pass. to be in bonds together with, He. 13. 3.

Συνδοξάζω, f. άσω, (σύν & δοξάζω) in N. T., to glorify together with, to exalt to a state of dignity and happiness in company with, to make to partake in the glorification of another, Ro. 8. 17.

Σύνδουλος, ου, ό, (σύν & δουλος) a fellow-slave, fellow-servant, Mat. 24. 49, et al.; a fellow-minister of Christ, Col. 1. 7, et al.

Συνδρομή, η̂ς, η̂, (σύν & ἔδραμον) a running together, concourse, Ac.

Συνεγείρω, f. γερῶ, (σύν & ἐγείρω) to raise up with any one; to raise up with Christ by spiritual resemblance of His resurrection, Ep. 2. 6. Col. 2. 12; 3. 1. L. G.

Συνέδριον, ίου, τό, (σύν & έδρα) pr. a sitting together, assembly, &c.; n.N. T., the Sanhedrin, the supreme council of the Jewish nation, Mat. 5.
22: 26. 59; meton. the Sanhedrin as including the members and place of meeting, Lu. 22. 66. Ac. 4. 15, et al.; penr. a judicial council, tribunal, Mat. 10. 17. Mat. 13. 9.

Zurelδησις, εως, ή, (συνειδέναι) consciousness, He. 10. 2; a present tosa, persisting notion, impression of reality, 1 Co. 8. 7. 1 Pe. 2. 19; conscience, as an invard moral impression of one's actions and principles, Jno. 8. 9. Ac. 23. 1; 24. 16. Ro. 9. 1. 2 Co. 1. 12, et al.; conscience, as the invard faculty of moral judgment, Ro. 2. 15; 13. 5. 1 Co. 8. 7, 10, 12; 10. 25, 27, 28, 29. 2 Co. 4. 2; 5. 11, et al.; conscience, as the invard moral and spis itual frame, Tit. 1. 15, He. 9. 14.

Συνείδον, a. 2. of συνο, ίω, part συνιδών, to see under one range of view; to take a deliberate glance of a state of matters, Ac. 12. 12; 14. 6.

Συνειδώς, see σύνοιδα.

179

Σύνειμι, f. έσομαι, (σύν & εἰμί) te be with, be in company with, Lu. 9. 18. Ac. 22. 11.

Σύνειμι, part. συνιών, (σύν & είμι) to come together, assemble, Lu. 8. 4.

Συνεισέρχομαι, a. 2. συνεισήλθον, (σύν & εισέρχομαι) to enter with any one, Jno. 18. 15; to embark with, Jno. 6. 22.

Συνέκδημος, ου, ό, ή, (σύν & ἔκδημος, a traveller to foreign countries) one who accompanies another to foreign countries, fellow-traveller, Ac. 19. 29. 2 Co. 8. 19. L. G.

Συνεκλεκτός, ή, όν, (σύν & ἐκλεκτός) chosen along with others; elected to Gospel privileges along with, 1 Pe. 5. 13. N. T.

Συνελαύνω, f. ελάσω, a. l. συνήλάσα, (σύν & ελαύνω) pr. to drive together; to urge to meet; in N. T., to urge to union, Ac. 7. 26.

Συνεπιμαρτυρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ἐπιμαρτυρέω) to join in according attestation; to support by attestation, to confirm, sanction, He. 2. 4.

Συνεπιτίθεμαι, (σύν & ἐπιτίθημι) to set upon along with, assail at the same time; to unite in impeaching, v. r. Ac. 24. 9.

Συνέπομαι, imperf. συνειπόμην, (σύν & έπομαι, to follow) to follow with, attend, accompany, Ac. 20. 4.

Συνεργέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, to work together with, to co-operate, &c., 1 Co. 16. 16. 2 Co. 6. 1; to assist, afford aid to, Mar. 16. 20; to be a motive principle, Ja. 2. 22; absol. to conspire actively to a result, Ro. 8. 28: from

Συνεργός, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν & ἔργον) a fellow-labourer, associate, coadjutor, Ro. 16. 3, 9, 21. 2 Co. 1. 24, et

Συνέρχομαι, a. 2. συνήλθον, (σύν & έρχομαι) to come together; to assemble, Mar. 3. 20; 6. 33; 14. 53; to cohabit matrimonially, Mat. 1. 12. 1 Co. 7. 5; to go or come with any one, to accompany, Lu. 22. 55. 9. 35; to company with, associate with, Ac. 1. 21, et al.

- Συνεσθίω, a. 2. συνέφαγον, (σύν & ἐσθίω) to eat with, l Co. 5. 11; by impl. to associate with, live on familiar terms with, Lu. 16. 2. Ga. 2. 12.
- Σύνεσις, εως, η, (συνίημι) pr. a sending together, a junction, as of strams; met. understanding, intelligence, discernment, sagaciousness, Lu. 2. 47. 1 Co. 1. 19, et al.; meton. the understanding, intellect, mind, Mar. 12. 33.
- Συνετός, ή, όν, (fr. same) intelligent, discerning, sagacious, wise, prudent, Mat. 11. 25. Lu. 20. 21, et al.
- Συνευδοκέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & εὐδοκέω) to approve with another; to accord with in principle, Ro. 1. 32; to stamp approval, Lu. 11. 48. Ac. 8. 1; 22. 20; to be willing, agreeable, 1 Co. 7. 12, 13.
- Συνευωχέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (σύν & εὐωχέομαι, to feast, banquet) to feast together with, 2 Pe. 2. 13. Ju. 12.
- Συνέφαγον, a. 2. οι συνεσθίω: which see.
- Συνεφίστημι, (σύν & ἐφίστημι) to set together upon; intrans. a. 2. συνεπέστην, to assail together, Ac. 16. 22.
- Συνέχω, f. έξω, (στυ & έχω) pr. to hold together; to confine, shut up close; τὰ ὅτα, to stop the ears, Ac. 7. 57; to confine, straiten, as a besiegal city, Lu. 19. 43; to hold, hold fast, have the custody of any one, Lu. 22. 63; to hem in, urge, press upon, Lu. 8. 45; to exercise a constraining influence on, 2 Co. 5. 14; pass. to be seized with, be affected with, as fear, disease, &c., Mat. 4. 34. Lu. 4. 38, et al.; to be in a state of mental constriction, to be hard pressed by urgency of circumstances, Lu. 12. 50. Ac. 18. 5. Phl. 1. 23.
- Σινήδομαι, f. ησθήσομαι, (σύν & ήδομαι, to be pleased, delighted) to le pleased along with others; to congratulate; to delight in, approve cordially, Ro. 7. 22.
- Συνήθεια, ας, ή, (συνηθής, accustomed, familiar, customary, fr. σύν & ήθος) intercourse; use, custom;

- an established custom, practice, Jan. 18. 39. 1 Co. 11. 16.
- Συνηλικιώτης, ου, ό, (σύν & ήλικιώτης, idem. fr. ήλικία) one of the same age, an equal in age, Ga. 1.14. L. G.
- Συνθάπτω, f. ψω, a. 2. pass. συνει άφην, (σύν & θάπτω) to bury with; pass. in N. T., to be buried with Christ symbolically, Ro. 6. 4. Col. 2. 12.
- Συνθλάω, ῶ, f. άσω, f. pass. συνθλασθήσομαι, (σύν & θλάω, to break) to crush together; to break in pieces, shatter, Mat. 21. 44. Lu. 20. 18.
- Συνθλίβω, f. ψω, (σύν & θλίβω) to press together; to press upon, crowd, throng, Mar. 5. 24, 31. (i)
- Συνθρύπτω, f. ψω, (σύν & θρύπτω) to crush to pieces; met. to break the heart of any one, to make to quail, Ac. 21. 13. N. T.
- Συνίημι, f. συνήσω, & ήσομαι, a. 1. συνήκα, a. 2. subj. συνώ, and in N. Τ., pr. 3. pl. συνιοῦσι, part. συνώ & συνιών, (σύν & ϊημι, to send) pr. to send together; met. to understand, comprehend thoroughly, Mat. 13. 51. Lu. 2. 50; 18. 34; 24. 45; to perceive clearly, Mat. 16. 12; 17. 13. Ac. 7. 25. Ro. 15. 21. Eph. S. 17; absol. to be well judging, sensible, 2 Co. 10. 12; to be spiritually intelligent, Mat. 13. 13, 14, 15. Ac. 28. 26, 27, et al.; to be religiously wise, Ro. 3. 11.
- Συνίστημ, and, later, συνιστάω, & συνιστάω, f. στήσω, (σύν & ϊστημι) to place together; to recommend to favourable attention Ro. 16. 1. 2 Co. 3. 1; 10. 18, et al.; to place in striking point of view, to evince, Ro. 3.5; 5. 8. Ga. 2. 18; intrans., p. συν-άστηκα, part. συνεστώς, to stand beside, Lu. 9. 32; to have been permanently framed, Col. 1. 17; to possess consistence, 2 Pe. 3. 5.
- Συνοδεύω, f. εύσω, (σύν & όδεύω) to journey or travel with, accompany on a journey, Ac. 9. 7. L. G.
- Συνοδία, ας, ή, (σύν & όδός) pr. a journeying together; meton. a company of fellow-travellers, caravan, Lu. 2. 44. L. G.
- Σύνοιδα, a perf. with the sense of a present, part. συνειδώς, to share in the knowledge of a thing; to be privy

to, Ac. 5. 2; to be conscious; οὐδεν σύνοιδα, to have a clear conscience, 1 Co. 4. 4.

Συνοικέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & οἰκέω) to dwell with; to live or cohabit with, 1 Pe. 3. 7.

Συνοικοδομέω, ῶ, (σύν & οἰκοδομέω) to build in company with any one; pass. to be built in along with, form a constituent part of a structure, Ep. 2. 22. L. G.

Συνομιλέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta}\sigma\omega$, ($\sigma\dot{\nu}\nu$ & $\dot{\sigma}\mu$ - $\iota\lambda\dot{\omega}$) pr. to be in company with; to talk or converse with, Ac. 10. 27. N. T.

Συνομορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ὁμορέω, to border upon, fr. ὁμός & ὁρος) to be contiguous, adjoin, Ac. 18. 7. N. T

Συνοχή, ηs, η, (συνέχω) pr. a being held together; compression; in N. T., met. distress of mind, anxiety, Lu. 21. 25. 2 Co. 2. 4.

Συντάσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, (σύν & τάσσω) pr. to arrange or place in order together; in N. T., to order, charge, direct, Mat. 26. 19; 27. 10.

Συντέλεια, ας, η, a complete combination; a completion, consummation, end, Mat. 13. 39, 40, 49; 24. 3; 28. 20. He. 9. 26: from

Συντελέω, ῶ, f. έσω, (σύν & τελέω) pr. to bring to an end altogether; to finish, end, Mat. 7. 28; to consummate, Ro. 9. 28; to ratify a covenant, He. 8. 8; pass. to be terminated, Lu. 4. 2. Ac. 21. 27; to be fully realised, Mar. 13. 4.

Συντέμνω, f. τεμῶ, p. τέτμηκα, p. pass. τέτμημα, (σύν & τέμνω) pr. to cut short, contract by cutting off; met. to execute speedily, or fr. the Héb, to determine, decide, decree, Ro. 9.28.

Συντηρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (σύν & τηρούω) to keep safe and sound, Mat. 9. 17. Lu. 5. 38; to observe strictly, or, to secure from harm, protect, Mar. 6. 20; to preserve in memory, keep carefully in mind, Lu. 2. 19. L. G.

Συντίθημι, (σύν & τίθημι) to place together; mid., a. 2. συνεθέμην, p. συντθέμμαι, to agree together, come to a mutual understanding, Jno. 9. 22. 40. 23. 20; to bargain, to pledge

one's self, Lu. 22. 5; to second a statement, Ac. 24. 9.

Συντόμως, adv. (συντέμνω, concisely, briefly, Ac. 24. 4.

Συντρέχω, a. 2. συνέδραμον, (σύν & τρέχω) to run together, flock together, Mar. 6. 33. Ac. 3. 11; to run in company with others, met. 1 Pe. 4. 4.

Συντρίβω, f. ψω, p. pass. συντέτριμιαι, f. pass. συντβήτομαι, (σύν & τρίβω) to rub together; to shiver, Mar. 14. 3. Re. 2. 27; to break, break in pieces, Mar. 5. 4. Jno. 19. 36; to break down, crush, bruise, Mat. 12. 20; met. to break the power of any one, deprive of strength, debilitate, Lu. 9. 39. Ro. 16. 20; pass. to be broken in heart, be contrite, Lu. 4. 18: (1) volence

Σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, a breaking, bruising; in N. T., destruction, ruin, Ro. 3. 16.

Σύντροφος, ου, ὁ, (συντρέφω, to nurse, bring up together, σύν & τρέφω) nursed with another; one brought up or educated with another, Ac. 13. 1.

13. 1. Συντυγχάνω, a. 2. συνέτὔχον, (σύν & τυγχάνω) to meet or fall in with; in N. T., to get to, approach, Lu. 8. 19.

Συνυποκρίνομαι, (σύν & ὑποκρίνομαι) a. l. συνυπεκρίθην, to dissemble, feign with, or in the same manner as another, Ga. 2. 13. L. G.

Συνυπουργέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & ὑπουργέω, to render service, fr. ὑπό & ἔργον) to aid along with another, help together, 2 Co. l. ll. L. G.

Συνωδίνω, f. ινῶ, (σύν & ἀδίνω, to be in birth-pangs) pr. to travail at the same time with; trop. to be altogether in throes, Ro. 8. 22. (1)

Συνωμοσία, as, ή, (συνόμνυμι, to swear together, fr. σύν & όμνυμι) a banding by oath; a combination, conspiracy, Ac. 23. 13.

Σύρος, ου, δ, a Syrian, Lu. 4. 27.

Συροφοινικίσσα, ν. Συροφοινίσσα, ης. η, a Syrophenician woman, Phenicia being included in Syria, Mar 7. 26.

Σύρτις, εως, η, a shoal, sand-bank a place dangerous on account of

shoals, two of which were particularly famous on the northern coast of Africa, one lying near Carthage, and the other, the syrtis major, lying between Cyrene and Leptis, which is probably referred to in Ac. 27. 17: from

Σύρω, to draw, drag, Jno. 21. 8. Re. 12. 4; to force away, hale before magistrates, &c. Ac. 8. 3; 14. 19; 17. 6. (v)

Συσπαράσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, (σύν & σπαράσσω) to tear to pieces; to convulse altogether, Lu. 9. 42. N. T.

Σύσσημον, ου, τό, (σύν & σημα) a concerted signal, Mar. 14. 44

Σύσσωμος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, (σύν & σῶμα) united in the same body; met. pl. joint members in a spiritual body, Ep. 3. 6. N. T.

Συστασιάστης, ου, δ, (συστασιάζω, to join in a sedition with, (fr. σύν & στάσις) an accomplice in sedition, associate in insurrection, Mar. 15. 7. L. G.

Συστατικός, ή, όν, (συνίστημι) commendatory, recommendatory, commendatory, re 2 Co. 3. 1, bis. L. G.

Συσταυρόω, ω, f. ώσω, p. pass. συνεσταύρωμαι, α. 1. συνεσταυρώθην, (σύν & σταυρόω) to crucify with another, Mat. 27. 44. Mar. 15. 32. Jno. 19. 32; pass. met. to be crucified with another in a spiritual resemblance, Ro. 6. 6. Ga. 2. 20. N. T.

Συστέλλω, f. ελώ, a. 1. συνέστειλα, p. pass. συνέσταλμαι, (σύν & στέλλω) to draw together, contract, straiten; to enwrap; hence, i. q. περιστέλλω, to lay out, prepare for burial, Ac. 5. 6; pass. to be shortened, or, to be environed with trials, 1 Co. 7. 29.

Συστενάζω, f. ξω, (σύν & στενάζω) to groan altogether, Ro. 8, 22.

Συστοιχέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (σύν & στοιχέω) pr. to be in the same row with; met. to correspond to, Ga. 4.

Συστρατιώτης, ου, ό, (σύν & στρατιώτης) a fellow-soldier; met. a fellow soldier, co-militant, in the service of Christ, Phi. 2. 25. Phile. 2.

Συστρέφω, ε. ψω, (σύν & στρέφω) to turn or roll together; to collect, gather, Ac. 28. 3: whence

Συιτροφή, ης, ή, a gathering, con- Σχημα, ατος, τό, (fr. same) fashion

course, tumultuous assembly, Ac 19. 40; a combination, conspirac Ac. 23. 12, col. v. 13.

Συσχηματίζω, (σύν & σχηματίζω, to form, fr. σχήμα) to fashion in accordance with; mid. to conform of assimilate one's self to, met. Ro. 12. 2. 1 Pe. 1. 14.

Σφαγή, η̂s, ή, (σφάζω) slaughter Ac. 8. 32. Ro. 8. 36. Ja. 5. 5.

Σφάγιον, ου, τό, a victim slaugh. tered in sacrifice, Ac. 7. 42: from

Σφάζω, v. Att. σφάττω, f. ξω, a. l. ἔσφαξα, a. 2. pass. ἐσφάγην, p. pass. ἔσφαγμαι, to slaughter, kill, slay; pr. used of animals killed in sacrifice, &c., Re. 5. 6, 9, 12; 13. 8; of persons, &c., 1 Jno. 3. 12. Re. 6. 4, 9; 18. 24; to wound mortally, Re 13. 3.

Σφόδρα, adv. (pr. neut. pl. of σφοδρός, vehement, violent, strong) much, greatly, exceedingly, Mat. 2 10; 17. 6, et al.

Σφοδρώς, adv. (fr. same) exceed ingly, vehemently, Ac. 27, 18,

Σφραγίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐσφράγισα, p. pass. εσφράγισμαι, a. l. pass. ο σφραγίσθην, to seal, stamp with a seal, Mat. 27. 66; to seal up, to close up, conceal, Re. 10. 4; 22. 10; to set a mark upon, distinguish by a mark Re. 7. 3, 8; to seal, to mark distinc tively as invested with a certain cha racter, Jno. 6. 27; mid. to set one's own mark upon, seal as one's own to impress with a mark of accept ance, 2 Co. 1. 22; to obtain a quit tance of, to deliver over safely to any one, Ro. 15. 28; absol. to set to one's seal, to make a solemn decla ration, Jno. 3. 33: from

 $\Sigma \phi \rho \bar{a} \gamma i \hat{s}$, $\hat{i} \delta o \hat{s}$, $\hat{\eta}$, a seal, a signet ring, Re. 7. 2; an inscription on a seal, motto, 2 Ti. 2. 19; a seal, the impression of a seal, Re. 5. 1, et al.; a seal, a distinctive mark, Re. 9. 4: a seal, a token, proof, 1 Co. 9.2; a token of guarantee, Ro. 4. 11.

Σφυρόν, οῦ, τό, the ankle; pl. τὰ σφυρά, the ankle bones, malleoli, Ac.

Σχεδόν, adv. (έχω, σχείν) pr. near of place; hence, nearly, almost, Aa 13. 44; 19. 26. He. 9. 22.

form; fashion, external show, 1 Co. 7. 31; guise, appearance, Phi. 2. 8. **Σχίζω,** f. ίσω, a. 1. ἔσχισα, a. 1.

pass. $\epsilon \alpha \chi (\sigma \theta \eta)$, to split, Mat. 27. 51; to rend, tear asunder, Mat. 27. 51. Lu. 5. 36, et al.; mid. to open or unfold with a chasm, Mar. 1. 10; pass. met, to be divided into parties or factions, Ac. 14. 4; 23. 7: whence

Σχισμα, ατος τό, a rent, Mat. 9. 16. Mar. 2. 21; met. a division into parties, schism, Jno. 7. 43; 9. 16, et

Σχοινίου, ου, τό, (σχοίνος, a rush) pr. a cord made of rushes; genr. a rope, cord, Jno. 2. 15. Ac. 27. 32.

 $\Sigma \chi o \lambda \dot{a} \zeta \omega$, f. $\dot{a} \sigma \omega$, to be unemployed, to be at leisure; to be at leisure for a thing, to devote one's self entirely to a thing, 1 Co. 7.5; to be unoccupied, empty, Mat. 12. 44: from

 $\Sigma \chi o \lambda \dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta} s$, $\dot{\eta}$, freedom from occupation; later, case, leisure; a school,

Ac. 19. 9.

- Σώζω, f. σώσω, p. σέσωκα, a. 1. έσωσα, a. 1. pass. ἐσώθην, p. pass, σέσωσμαι, to save, rescue; to preserve safe and unharmed, Mat. 8. 25; 10. 22; 24. 22; 27. 40, 42, 49. 1 Ti. 2. 15; σώζειν είς, to bring safely to, 2 Ti. 4. 18; to cure, heal, restore to health, Mat. 9. 21, 22. Mar. 5. 23, 28, 34; 6. 56, et al.; to save, preserve from being lost, Mat. 16. 25. Mar. 3. 4; 8. 35; σώζειν ἀπό, to deliver from, set free from, Mat. 1. 21. Jno. 12. 27. Ac. 2. 40; in N. T., to rescue from unbelief, convert, Ro. 11. 14. 1 Co. 1.21; 7.16; to bring within the pale of Christian privilege, Tit. 3. 5. 1 Pe. 3. 21; to save from final ruin, 1 Ti. 1. 15; pass. to be brought within the Gospel pale, Ac. 2. 47. Eph. 2. 5, 8; to be in the way of salvation, I Co. 15, 2, 2 Co. 2, 15,
- $\Sigma \hat{\omega} \mu a$, atos, to, the body of an animal; a living body, Mat. 5. 29, 30; 6. 22, 23, 25. Ja. 3. 3; a person, individual, 1 Co. 6, 16; a dead body, corpse, carcass, Mat. 14. 12; 27. 52, 58. He. 13. 11; the human body considered as the seat and occasion of moral imperfection, as inducing to sin through its appetites and passions, Ro. 7. 24; 8. 13; *genr.* a body, a material substance, 1 Co. 15. 37, 38, 40; the substance, reality, as opp. to ἡ σκιὰ, Col. 2. 17; in N. T., met. the aggre-

gate body of believers, the body of the church, Ro. 12. 5. Col. 1. 18, et al.: whence

Σωματικός, ή, όν, bodily, of or belonging to the body, 1 Ti. 4.8; corporeal, material, Lu. 3. 22: whence

Σωματικώς, adv. bodily, in a bodily frame, Col. 2. 9.

Σωρεύω, f. εύσω, (σωρός, a heap) to heap or pile up, Ro. 12. 20; met. pass. to be laden with sins, 2 Ti. 3.

 $\Sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho$, $\hat{\eta} \rho o s$, \hat{o} , $(\sigma \omega \zeta \omega)$ a saviour, preserver, deliverer, Lu. 1. 47; 2. 11. Ac. 5. 31, et al: whence

Σωτηρία, ας, ή, a saving, preservation, Ac. 27. 34. He. 11. 7; deliverance, Lu. 1. 69, 71. Ac. 7. 25; salvation, spiritual and eternal, Lu. 1. 77; 19. 9. Ac. 4. 12. Re. 7. 10; a being placed in a condition of salvation by an embracing of the Gospel, Ro. 10. 1, 10. 2 Ti. 3. 15; means or opportunity of salvation, Ac. 13. 26. Ro. 11. 11. He. 2. 3, et al.; ή σωτηρία, the promised deliverance by the Messiah, Jno. 4. 22.

Σωτήριος ου, δ, ή, (σωτήρ) imparting salvation, saving, Tit. 2. 11; neut. τὸ σωτήριον, equivalent to σωτήρία, Lu. 2. 30; 3. 6. Ac. 28. 28. Eph.

6. 17.

Σωφρονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. έσωφρόνησα (σώφρων) to be of a sound mind, be in one's right mind, be sane, Mar. 5. 15; to be calm, 2 Co. 5. 13; to be sober-minded, sedate, staid, Tit. 2. 6. 1 Pe 4. 7; to be of a modest, humble mind, Ro. 12. 3.

Σωφρονίζω, f. ίσω, (fr. same) pr. to render any one σώφρων, to restore to a right mind; to make sober minded, to steady by exhortation and midance, Tit. 2. 4: whence

Σωφρονισμός, οῦ, ὁ, a renderina sound-minded; calm vigour of mind,

Σωφρόνως, adv. (σώφρων) in the manner of a person in his right mind; soberly, staidly, temperately. 2 Ti. 2. 12.

Σωφροσύνη, ης, ή, sanity, soundness of mind, a sane mind, Ac. 26. 25; female modesty, 1 Ti. 2. 9, 15: from Σώφρων, ονος, ό, ή, (σώς, εσιμέ.

Digitized by Google

184

& φρην) of a sound mind, sane; staid, temperate, discreet, 1 Ti. 3. 2. Tit. 1. 8; 2. 2; modest, chaste, Tit. 2. 5.

- Taβέρνη, ης, ή, (Lat. taberna) a tayern, inn; Τρεῦς Ταβέρναι, the Three Tayerna, the name of a small place on the Appian road, according to Antoninus, 33 Roman miles from Rome, Ac. 28. 15.
- $\Gamma a \beta \iota \theta \dot{a}$, $\dot{\eta}$, (Aram. אחים) i. q. Δορκάς, an antelope, Ac. 9. 36, 40.
- Τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) pr. any thing placed in order; in N. T., order of succession, 1 Co. 15. 23.
- Taκτός, ή, όν, (fr. same) pr. arranged; fixed, appointed, set, Ac. 12. 21.
- Ταλαιπωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, p. τεταλαιπώρηκα, (ταλαίπωρος) to endure severe labour and hardship; to be harassed; to suffer compunction, Ja.
- Taλaιπωρία, as, η, toil, difficulty, hardship; calamity, misery, distress, Ro. 3. 16. Ja. 5. 1: from
- Taλaίπωρος, ου, ό, ή, pr. enduring severe effort and hardship; hence, wretched, miserable, afflicted, Ro. 7. 24. Re. 3. 17.
- Ταλαντιαίος, αία, αίον, of a talent weight, weighing a talent, Re. 16. 21: from
- Τάλαντον, ου, τό, (ταλάω, to sustain) the scale of a balance; a talent, which as a weight was among the Jews equivalent to 3000 shekels, i. e. as usually estimated, 114lbs. 15dwts. Troy, while the Attic talent, on the usual estimate, was only equal to solbs. 110z. troy; and as a denomina-tion of money, it was equal among the former to 342l. 3s. 9d., or if reckoned of gold, 5,4751., and among the latter to 1981. 15s., or 2251., or 2431. 15s. sterling, according to various esti-mates, Mat. 18. 24; 25. 15, 16, 20, 24, 25, 28,
- Talitha, i. q. (מליתא) talitha, i. q. κοράσιον, a damsel, maiden, Mar. 5.
- Ταμείου, ου, τό, equivalent to ταμιαιον, (ταμιανώ, to be ταμίας, ma- Τάραχος, ου, ό, agitation, commo

nager, storekeeper) a storehouse granary, barn, Lu. 12. 24; a chamber, closet, place of retirement and privacy, Mat. 6. 6; 24. 26. Lu. 12. 8

Τανῦν, i. e. τά νῦν, q. v.

- Táξις, εως, η, (τάσσω) order, regular disposition, arrangement; order, series, succession, Lu. 1.8; an order, distinctive class, as of priests, He. 5. 6; 7. 11; order, good order, 1 Co. 14. 40; orderliness, well regulated conduct, Col. 2. 5.
- Taπεινός, ή, όν, low in situation, of condition, humble, poor, mean, depressed, Lu. 1. 52. 2 Co. 7. 6. Ja. 1. 9; met. of the mind, humble, lowly, modest, Mat. 11. 29. Ro. 12. 16, et
- Ταπεινοφροσύνη, ης, ή, lowliness or humility of mind and deportment, modesty, Ac. 20. 19. Ep. 4. 2. Phi. 2. 3, et al.: (N. T.) from
- Ταπεινόφρων, (ταπεινός & φρήν) humble-minded, v. r., 1 Pe. 3. 8.
- Ταπεινόο, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐταπεί-νωσα. (ταπεινός) to bring low, depress, level, Lu. 3. 5; met. to humble, abase, Phi. 2. 8; mid. to descend to, or live in, a humble condition, 2 Co. 11. 7; Phi. 4. 12; to humble, depress the pride of any one, Mat. 18. 4; mid. to humble one's self, exhibit humility and contrition, Ja. 4. 10; to humble with respect to hopes and expectations, to depress with disappointment, 2 Co. 12. 21: whence
- Ταπείνωσις, εως, ή, depression; meanness, low estate, abject condition, Lu. 1. 48. Ac. 8. 33. Phi. 3. 21. Ja. 1. 10.
- Ταράσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. έτάρα• ξα, p. pass. τετάραγμαι, a. l. pass. rapaχθην, to agitate, trouble, as vater, Jno. 6. 4, 7; met to agitate, trouble the mind; with fear, to terrify, put in consternation, Mat. 2.3; 14. 26; with grief, &c., to disquiet, affect with grief, anxiety, &c., Jno. 12. 27; 13. 21; with doubt, &c., Jno. unsettle, perplex, Ac. 15. 24. Ga. 1.7, et al.: whence
- Ταράχή, η̂s, ἡ, agitation, troubling,of water, Jno. 5. 4; met. commotion, tumult, Mat. 13. 8.

tion; perturbation, consternation, terror, Ac. 12. 18; excitement, tumult, public contention, Ac. 19. 23.

Taρσεύς, έως, ὁ, of, or a native of Τάρσος, Tarsus, the metropolis of Cilicia, Ac. 9. 11; 21. 39.

Ταρταρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (Τάρταρος, Tartarus, which in the mythology of the ancients was that part of Hades where the wicked were confined and tormented) to cast or thrust down to Tartarus or Gehenna, 2 Pe. 2. 4. N. T.

Tάσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἔταξα, p. pass. rɨταγμα, to arrange; to set, appoint. in a certain station. Lu. 7. 8. Ro. 13. 1; to set, devote, to a pursuit, 1 Co. 16. 15; to dispose, frame, for an object, Ac. 13. 48; to arrange, appoint, place or time, Mat. 28. 16. Ac. 28. 23; to allot, assign, Ac. 22. 10; to settle, decide, Ac. 15. 2.

Ta $\hat{\nu}\rho$ os, ov, δ , a bull, beeve, Mat. 22. 4, et al.

Γαὐτά, by crasis for τὰ αὐτά, the same things, 1 Th. 2. 14; κατὰ ταὐτά, after the same manner, thus, so, Lu. 6. 23, 26; 17. 30.

 $\Gamma a\phi \dot{\eta}$, $\hat{\eta}s$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\theta \dot{a}\pi\tau\omega)$ burial, the act of burying, sepulture, Mat. 27. 7.

 $\Gamma \acute{a}\phi os$, ov \acute{o} , (fr. same) a sepulchre, Mat. 23. 27, 29; 27. 61, 64, 66; 28. 1; met. Ro. 3. 13.

Τάχα, adv. (ταχύς) pr. quickly, soon;perhaps, possibly, Ro. 5. 7. Phile.15.

Ta $\chi \dot{\epsilon} \omega s$, adv. (fr. same) quickly, speedily; soon, shortly, 1 Co. 4. 19. Ga. 1. 6; hastily, Lu. 14. 21; 16. 6, et al.; with inconsiderate haste, 1 Ti. 5. 22.

Taχἴνός, ή, όν, (fr. same) swift, speedy, 2 Pe. 2. 1; near at hand, impending, 2 Pe. 1. 14.

Τάχιον, adv. (pr. neut. of ταχίων, comparat. of ταχύς) more swiftly, more quickly, more speedily, Jno. 20. 4. He. 13. 19; quickly, speedily, Jno. 13. 27, et al.

Tάχιστα, adv. (pr. neut. of the superlat. of ταχύς) most quickly, most speedily, very quickly; ώς τάχιστα, as soon as possible, Ac. 17. 15.

Tάχος, εος, τό, (ταχύς) swiftness, speed, quickness, celerity; ἐν τάχει,

with speed, quickly, speedily; soon shortly, Lu. 18. 8. Ac. 25. 4; hastily immediately, Ac. 12. 7, et al.

Taχύ, adv. quickly, speedily, hastily, Mat. 28. 7, 8; soon, shortly, immediately, Mat. 5. 25; suddenly, Re. 2, 5, 16; 3. 11, et al.; easily, readily, Mar. 9. 39; pr. neut. of

Taχύς, εία, ύ, swift, fleet, quick; met. ready, prompt, Ja. 1. 19.

Te, a combinatory enclitic particle serving either as a lightly appending link, Ac. 1. 15; and, Ac. 2. 3; or as an inclusive prefix, Lu. 12. 45; both, Lu. 24. 20. Ac. 26. 16, et al.

Te $\bar{i}\chi$ os, eos, τ ó, a wall of a city, Ac. 9. 25, et al.

Τεκμήριον, ίου, τό, (τέκμαρ, a fixed mark) a sign, indubitable token, clear proof, Ac. 1. 3.

Τεκνίον, ου, τό, (dimin. of τέκνον) a little child; τεκνία, an endearing compellation, my dear children, Jno. 13. 33. Ga. 4. 19. 1 Jno. 2. 1, et al. Τεκνογονέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (τέκνον &

Τεκνογονέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (τέκνον & γίγνομαι) to bear children; to rear a family, l Ti. 5. 14: (L. G.) whence

Τεκνογονία, as, ή, the bearing of children, the rearing of a family, 1 Ti. 2. 15. N. T.

Téxov, ov, τό, (τίκτω) a child, a son or daughter, Mat. 2. 18. Lu. 1. 7. et al.; pl. descendants, posterity, Mat. 3. 9. Ac. 2. 39; child, son, as a term of endearment, Mat. 9. 2. Mar. 2. 5; 10. 24; pl. children, inhabitants, people, of a city, Mat. 23. 37. Lu. 19. 44; fr. the Heb., met. a child or son in virtue of discipleship, 10. 4. 17. 1 Tl. 1. 2. Tl. 1. 2. Tl. 1. 4. Phile. 10. 3 Jno. 4; a child in virtue of gracious acceptance, Jno. 1. 12; 11. 52. Ro. 8. 16, 21. 1 Jno. 3. 1; a child of, one characterised by, some condition or quality, Mat. 11. 19. Eph. 2. 3; 5. 8. 1 Pe. 1. 4. Pe. 2. 14.

Τεκνοτροφέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (τέκνον & τρέφω) to rear a family, 1 Ti. 5. 10. Τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, an artizan; and

Τέκτων, ονος, δ, an artizan; and spc. one who works in wood, a carpenter, Mat. 13. 55. Mar. 6. 3. Τέλειος, εία, ειου, (τέλος) brought to completion: fully accommlished

Digitized by Google

fully developed. Ja. 1. 4; fully realised, thorough, 1 Jno. 4.18; complete, entire, as opposed to what is partial and limited, 1 Co. 13. 10; full grown, of ripe age, 1 Co. 14. 20. Eph. 4.13. He. 5. 14; fully accomplished in Christian enlightenment, 1 Co. 2. 6. Phi. 3. 15. Col. 1. 28; perfect in some point of character, without shortcoming in respect of a certain standard, Mat. 5. 48; 19. 21. Col. 4. 12. Ja. 1. 4; 3. 2; perfect, consummate, Ro. 12. 2. Ja. 1. 17, 25; comp. of higher excellence and efficiency, He. 9. 11: whence

Τελειότης, τητος, ή, completeness, perfectness, Col. 3. 14; ripeness of knowledge or practice, He. 6. 1. L. G.

Τελειόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. τετελείωκα, a. l. ἐτελείωσα, to execute fully, discharge, Jno. 4. 34; 5. 36; 17. 4; to reach the end of, run through, finish, Lu. 2. 43. Ac. 20. 24; to consummate, place in a condition of finality, He. 7. 19; to perfect a person, advance a person to final completeness of character, He. 2. 10; 5. 9; 7. 28; to perfect a person, advance a person to a completeness of its kind, which needs no further provision, He. 9.9; 10.1, 14; pass to receive fulfilment, Jno. 19. 28; to be brought to the goal, to reach the end of one's course, Lu. 13. 32. Phi. 3. 12. He. 11. 40; 12. 23; to be fully developed, 2 Co. Ja. 2. 22. 1 Jno. 2. 5; 4. 12, 17; to be completely organised, to be closely embodied, Jno. 17. 23.

Teλeίωs, adv. perfectly, 1 Pe. 1. 13.

Teλeίωσις, εως, ή, a completing; a fulfilment, accomplishment of predictions, promises, &c. Lu. 1. 45; finality of function, completeness of operation and effect, He. 7. 11.

Teλeιωτής, οῦ, ὁ, a finisher, one who completes and perfects a thing; one who brings through to final attainment, He. 12. 2; cf. ch. 2. 10.

Τελεσφορέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (τελεσφόρος, fr. τέλος & φέρω) to bring to maturity, as fruits, &c.; met. Lu. 8. 14.

Τελευτάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, p. τετελεύτηκα, a. l. ἐτελεύτησα, to end, finish, complete; absol. to end one's life, to die, Mat. 2. 19; 15. 4; 22. 25, et al.: Τελευτή, η̂ς, η̈, a finishing, end. hence, end of life, death, decease Mat. 2. 15: from

Τελέω, ῶ, f. έσω, p. τετέλεκα, a. 1 ετέλεσα, to finish, complete, conclude, an operation, Mat. 11. 1: 13. 53; 19. 1, et al.; to finish a circuit Mat. 10. 23; to fulfil, to carry out into full operation, Ro. 2. 27; Ga. 5. 16. Ja. 2. 8; to pay dues, Mat. 17. 24, et al.; pass. to be fulfilled, realised, Lu. 12. 50; 18. 31, et al.; of time, to be ended, elapse, Re. 15. 8; 20. 3, 5. 7: from

Tέλος, εος, τό, an end attained, consummation; an end, closing act, Mat. 24. 6, 14. 1 Co. 15. 24, et al.; full performance, perfect discharge, Ro. 10. 4; fulfiment, realisation, Lu. 22. 37; final dealing, developed issue, Ja. 5. 11; issue, final stage, I Co. 10. 11; issue, result, Mat. 26. 58. Ro. 6. 21, 22. 1 Pe. 1. 9; anti-typical issue, 2 Co. 3. 13; practical issue, 1 Ti. 1. 5; ultimate destiny, Phi. 3. 19. He. 6. 8. 1 Pe. 4. 17; an impost, due, Mat. 17. 25. Ro. 13. 7; eis τέλος, continually, Lu. 18. 5; eis τέλος, continually, Lu. 18. 5; eis τέλος, μέχρι, άχρι τέλονς, throughout, Mat. 10. 22. Mar. 13. 13. Jno. 18. 1. He. 3. 6, 14; 6. 11. Re. 2. 26.

Tελώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος & ἀνέομαι) one who farms the public revenues; in N. T., a publican, collector of imposts, tax-gatherer, Mat. 5. 46; 9. 10, 11; 10. 3, et al.: whence

Τελώνιον, ίου, τό, a custom-house, toll-house; collector's office, Mat. 9. 9. Mar. 2. 14. Lu. 5. 27.

Τέρας, ἄτος, τό, a prodigy, portent,
 Ac. 2. 19; a signal act, wonder,
 miracle, Jno. 4. 48. Ac. 2. 43, et al.

Τεσσαράκοντα, οἱ, αἰ, τά, (τέσσαρες) forty, Mat. 4. 2, et al.

Τεσσαρακονταετής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (preced. & ἐτος) of forty years, Ac. 7. 23; 13. 18.

Τέσσἄρες, Αt. τέτταρες, ων, οἰ, αἰ, neut. τέσσαρα, Αt. τέτταρα, ων, κεις Μαt. 24. 31. Mar. 2. 3, et al.

Τεσσαρεσκαιδέκατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες, καί, & δέκατος) the fourteenth, Ac. 27. 27, 33.

Terapraios, aia, aiον, on the fourth day, Jno. 11. 39: from

Γέταρτυς, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) fourth, Mat. 14. 25, et al.

Τετράγωνος, ου, ό, ή, (τέσσαρες & γωνία) four-angled, quadrangular, square, Re. 21. 16.

Τετράδιον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of τετράς) a set of four, quaternion; a detachment of four men, Ac. 12. 4. L. G.

Τετρακισχίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, four times, & χίλιοι) four thousand, Mat. 15. 38, et al.

Τετρακόσιοι, αι, α, four hundred, Ac. 5. 36, et al.

Τετράμηνος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ου, (τέσσαρες & μήν) of four months, four months in duration, Jno. 4. 35.

Τετραπλόος, οῦς, όη, ῆ, όον, οῦν, (τετράς) quadruple, fourfold, Lu. 19. 8.

Τετράπους, οδος, ό, ή, τό, -ουν, (τέσσαρες & πούς) four-footed; pl. τὰ τετράποδα, εc. ζῶα, quadrupeds, Ac. 10. 12; 11. 6. Ro. 1. 23.

Terρaρχέω, ω, f. ήσω, to be tetrarch, rule as tetrarch, Lu. 3. 1, ter.: (L. G.) from

Teτράρχης, ου, ό, (τετράς & ἄρχω) a tetrarch; pr. one of a sovereign body of four; in N. T., according to later usage, a provincial sovereign under the Roman emperor, Mat. 14. 1. Lu. 3. 19; 9.7. Ac. 13. 1.

Τεφρόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (τέφρα, ashes) to reduce to ashes, to consume, destroy, 2 Pe. 2. 6.

Τέχνη, ης, ή, art, skill, Ac. 17. 29; an art, trade, craft, Ac. 18. 3. Re. 18. 22: whence

Τεχνίτης, ου, ό, an artisan, artificer, workman, mechanic, Ac. 19. 24, 38. Re. 18. 22; an architect, builder, He. 11. 10. (2)

Τήκω, f. ξω, to dissolve, render liquid; pass. to be liquefied, melt, 2 Pe. 3. 12.

Tηλαυγῶς, αἀν. (τηλαυγής, widely resplendent, fr. τῆλε, afar, & αὐγή) clearly, plainly, distinctly, Mar. 8. 25.

Τηλικούτος, αύτη, οῦτο, (τηλίκος, so great) so great, 2 Co. 1. 10. He. 2. 3. Ja. 3. 4. Re. 16. 18.

Τηρέω, ω, f. ήσω, p. τετήρηκα, a. 1.

irijanga. (1710.5) to keep watch upon guard, Mat. 27. 36, 54; 28. 4. Ac. 12. 6; to watch over protectively, guard, 1 Jno. 5. 18. Re. 16.15; to mark attentively, to heed, Re. 1. 3; to observe practically, keep strictly, Mat. 19. 17; 23. 3; 28. 20. Mar. 7. 9. Jno. 8. 51, et al.; to preserve, shield, Jno. 17. 15; to store up, reserve, Jno. 2. 10; 12. 7. 1 Pe. 1. 4. 2 Pe. 2. 4, 9, 17, et al.; to keep in custody, Ac. 12. 5; 16. 23, et al.; to maintain, Eph. 4. 3. 2 Ti. 4. 7; to keep in acondition, Jno. 17. 11, 12. 1 Co. 7. 37. 2 Co. 11. 9. 1 Ti. 5. 22. Ja. 1. 27: whence

Tήρησις, εως, ή, a keeping, custody; meton. a place of custody, prison, ward, Ac. 4. 3; met. practical observance, strict performance, 1 Co. 7. 19

1. 19. Τίθημα, f. θήσω, a. 1. ἔθημα, p. τέθεικα, a. 2. ἔθην, a. 2. mid. ἐθέμην, pass,
a. 1. ἐτέθην, p. τέθειμαι, plu. p. ἐτεθείμην, to place, set, lay, Mat. 5. 15.
Mar. 6. 56. Lu. 6. 48, et al.; to produce at table, Jno. 2. 10; to deposit,
lay, Mat. 27. 60. Lu. 23. 53. Ac. 3.
2; to lay down, Lu. 19. 21, 22. Jno.
10. 11, 15, 17, 18. 1 Jno. 3. 16, et al.;
to lay aside, put off, Jno. 13. 4; to
allocate, assign, Mat. 24. 51. Lu 12.
46; to set, constitute, appoint, Jno.
15. 16. Ac. 13. 47. He. 1. 2; to
render, make, Mat. 22. 44. Ro. 4. 17.
1 Co. 9. 18; mid. to put in custody,
Mat. 14. 3. Ac. 4. 3; to reserve,
Ac. 1. 7; to commit as a matter of
charge, 2 Co. 5. 19; to set, with design, in a certain arrangement or
position, Ac. 20. 28. 1 Co. 12. 18, 28.
1 Th. 5. 9. 1 Ti. 1. 19; pass. 1 Ti. 2.
7. 2 Ti. 1. 11. 1 Pe. 2. 8; πόθεναι τα
γόνατα, to kneel down, Mar. 15. 19.
Lu. 22. 41. Ac. 7. 60; 9. 40; 20. 36;
21. 5; τίθεσθαι ἐν τῆ καρδίφ, to design, resolve, Ac. 5. 4; also,
ἐν πνεύματι, Ac. 19. 21; also, βουλήν,
Ac. 27. 12; τίθεσθαι ἐν τῆ καρδίφ, to design, resolve, Ac. 5. 4; also,
ἐν πνεύματι, Ac. 19. 21; also, βουλήν,
Ac. 27. 12; τίθεσθαι ἐν τὰ ὅτα, to
give attentive audience to, to listen
to retentively, Lu. 9. 44.

Τίκτω, f. τέξω & τέξομαι, a. 2. έτεκον, p. τέτοκα, a. 1. pass. ἐτέχθην, to bear, bring forth children, Mat. 1. 21, 23, et al.; trop. to bear, produce, as the earth, yield, He. 6. 7; met. te give birth to, Ja. 1. 15. Τίλλω, f τιλώ, to pull, pluck off, Mat. 12. 1. Mar. 2. 23. Lu. 6. 1.

Tiμίω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐτίμησα, to estimate in respect of worth; to hold in estimation, respect, honour, reverence, Mat. 15. 4, 5, 8; 19. 19. Mar. 7. 10, et al.; to honour with reverent service, Jno. 5. 23, quater; 8. 49; to treat with honour, manifest consideration towards. Ac. 28. 10; to treat graciously, visit with marks of favour, Jno. 12. 26; mid. to price, Mat. 27. 9: from

Tuή, η̂s, η̂, (τω) a pricing, estimate of worth; price, value, Mat. 27. 9; price paid, Mat. 27. 6; meton. a thing of price, and collectively, precious things, Re. 21. 24, 96; preciousness, 1 Pe. 2. 7; substantial value, real worth, Col. 2. 23; careful regard, honour, state of honour, dignity, Ro. 9. 21. He. 5. 4; honour conferred, observance, veneration, Ro. 2. 7. 10; 12. 10; mark of favour and consideration, Ac. 2. 8. 10: wheree

Tίμιος, a, oν, precious, costly, of great price, 1 Co. 3. 12. Re. 18. 12; precious, dear, valuable, Ac. 20. 24. 1 Pe. 1. 7. 19; honoured, esteemed, respected, Ac. 5. 34. He. 13. 4: whence

Γιμώτης, τητος, ή, preciousness, costliness; meton. precious things, valuable merchandise, Re. 18. 19. N. T.

Τιμωρέω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\hat{\eta}\sigma\omega$, a. 1. pass. ετιμωρήθην, (τιμωρός, an aider, an avenger, fr. τιμή & aiρω) to succour, to avenge, any one; in N. T., to punish, Ac. 22. 5; 26. 11: whence

Γιμωρία, as, $\dot{\eta}$, punishment, He. 10.

Tίνω, f. τίσω, to pay; to pay a penulty, incur punishment, 2 Th. 1.9. Its, δ, η, τό, -τι, gen. τυνόs, indefinite pron., a certain one, some one, Mat. 12. 47, et al.; pl. some, certain, several, Lu. 8. 2. Ac. 9. 19. 2 Pe. 3. 16, et al.; one, a person, Mat. 12. 29. Lu. 14. 8. Jno. 6. 50, et al.; combined with the name of an individual, one, Mar. 15. 21, et al.; as it were, in a manner, a kind of, He. 10. 27. Ja. 1. 18; any whatever, Mat. 18. 38. Lu. 11. 36. Ro. 8. 39, et al.; 74, somebody of consequence, A. 5. 58; τ, something of consequence, Ga.

2. 6; 6. 3; 71, any thing at all. any thing worth account, 1 Co 5. 7; 10. 19; 71, at all, Phi. 3. 15. Phile. 18

Tis, τί, τίνοs, interrogative pron, strictly of direct inquiry, who? what! Mat. 3. 7; 5. 13; 19. 27; equivalent to πότερος, whether? which of two things? Mat. 9. 5. Phi. 1. 22; neut. τί, why? wherefore? Mat. 8. 26; 9. 11, 14: τί δτι, why is it that? Mar. 2. 16. Jno. 14. 22; neut. τί, what? as an emphatic interrogative, Ac. 26. 8; τί, how very! ν. τ. Mat. 7.14; in indirect question, Mat. 10. 11; 12. 3, et al.

Tíτλos, ov, δ, (Lat. titulus) an inscribed scroll, superscription, Jno. 19, 19, 20.

Toiyapoῦν, (τοι, γάρ & οὖν) a doubly strengthened form of the particls τοι, well then, so then, wherefore, 1 Th. 4.8. He. 12. 1.

Tolvvv, a strengthening of the particle rov by the enclitic rvv, well then therefore now, therefore, Lu. 20. 25. 1 Co. 9. 26, et al.

Toιόσδε, τοιάδε, τοιόνδε, a more pointedly demonstrative form of τοιος, such as this; such as follows, 2 Pe. 1. 17.

Totorros, rotatry, rotorro & rotorrov, a lengthened and more demonstrative form of roios, such, such like, of this kind or sort, Mat. 18. 5: 19. 14; such, so great, Mat. 9. 8. Mar. 6. 2; δ rotorros, such a fellow, Ac. 22. 22; also, the one alluded to, 1 Co. 1. 5. 2 Co. 2. 6, 7; 12. 2, 3, 5.

Toιχos, ov, δ, a wall of a building, as distinct from a city wall or fortification (τείχος), Ac. 23. 3.

Tόκος, ου, ό, (τίκτω) a bringing forth; offspring; met. produce of money leut, interest, usury, Mat. 25. 27. Lu. 19. 23.

Toλμάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ἐτόλμησα, to assume resolution to do a thing, Mar. 15. 43. Ro. 5. 7. Phi. 1. 14; to dare, Ac. 5. 13; 7. 32; to presume, Mat. 22. 46. Mar. 12. 34. Lu. 20. 40. Jno. 21. 12. Ro. 15. 18. 2 Co. 10. 12. Ju. 9; to have the face, 1 Co. 6. 1; absol. to assume a bold bearing, 2 Co. 10. 2; 11. 21.

Τολμηρότερος, α, ον, (compar. of τολμηρός, bold, fr. τολμέω) bolder

Τολμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (τολμάω) one who is bold; in a bad sense, a presumptuous, audacious person, 2 Pe. 2. 10.

Τομώτερος, α, ον, (compar. of τομος, cutting, sharp, keen, fr. τέμνω) keener, sharper, He. 4. 12.

Τόξον, ου, τό, a bow, Re. 6. 2.

Toπά(ιον, ου, τό, a topaz, a gem of of a yellowish colour, different from the modern topaz, Re. 21. 20. L. G.

Tόπος, ου, ό, a place, locality, Mat. 12. 43. Lu. 6. 17, et al.; a limited spot or ground, Mat. 24. 15; 27. 33. Jno. 4. 20. Ac. 6. 13, et al.; a precise spot or situation, Mat. 28. 6. Mar. 16. 6. Lu. 14. 9, et al.; a dwelling place, abode, mansion, dwelling, seat, Jno. 14. 2, 3. Ac. 4. 31. place of ordinary deposit, Mat. 26. b2; a place, passage in a book, Lu. 17; place occupied, room, space, Lu. 2. 7; 14. 9, 22; place, opportunity, Ac. 25. 16. He. 12. 17; place, acception position of the condition of the conditi condition, position, 1 Co. 14. 16.

Τοσοῦτος, τοσαύτη, τοσοῦτο & τοσοῦτον, a lengthened and more demonstrative form of τόσος, so great, so much, Mat. 8. 10; 15. 33; so long, of time, Jno. 14.9; pl. so many, Mat.

15. 33, et al.

Tότε, adv. of time, then, at that time, Mat. 2. 17; 3. 5; 11. 20; then, thereupon, Mat. 12. 29; 13. 26; 25. 31; άπὸ τότε, from that time, Mat. 4. 17; 16. 21; ὁ τότε, which then was, 2 Pe.

Τούναντίον, (by crasis for τὸ έναντίον) that which is opposite; as an adv. on the contrary, on the other hand, 2 Co. 2. 7. Ga. 2. 7. 1 Pe. 3. 9.

Τοῦνομα, (by crasis for τὸ ὄνομα) the name; in the acc. by name, Mat. 27. 57.

Τουτέστι, (by crasis for τοῦτ' ἔστι) that is, which signifies, which implies, Ac. 1. 19; 19. 4, et al.

Τράγος, ου, ό, a he-goat, He. 9. 12, 13, 19; 10. 4.

Τράπεζα, ης, ή, (τετράς, four, & $\pi \dot{\epsilon} \zeta a$, a foot) a table, an eating-table, Mat. 15. 27. Mar. 7. 28. He. 9. 2; by impl. a meal, feast, Ro. 11.9. 1 Co. 10. 21; a table or counter of a moneychanger, Mat. 21. 12; a bank, Lu. 19 23; by impl., pl. money matters, Ac. 6. 2: whence

Toaπεζίτης, ου, δ, a money-changer, broker, banker, who exchanges or loans money for a premium, Mat. 25.

Τραθμα, ατος, τό, (τιτρώσκω) s wound, Lu. 10. 34: whence

Τραυματίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. έτραυμά-710a, to wound, Lu. 20. 12. Ac. 19. 16.

Τραχηλίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. τετραχήλισμαι, pr. to gripe the neck; to bend the neck back so as to make bare or expose the throat, as in slaughtering animals, &c.; met. to lay bare to view, He. 4. 13: from

Τράχηλος, ου, ό, the neck, Mat. 18. 6, et al.; ἐπιθεῖναι ζυγὸν ἐπὶ τὸν τράχ-ηλον, to put a yoke upon the neck of any one, met. to bind to a burdensome observance, Ac. 15. 10; ὑποτιθέναι τὸν τράχηλον, to lay down one's neck under the axe of the executioner, to imperil one's life, Ro. 16. 4.

Τρᾶχύς, εία, ύ, rough, rugged, uneven, Lu. 3. 5; eis τραχείς τόπους, OR a rocky shore, Ac. 27. 29.

Toeis, oi, al, rá, rpia, three, Mat. 12. 40. et al.

Γρέμω, (τρέω, idem) to tremble, be agitated from fear, Mar. 5. 33. Lu. 8. 47. Ac. 9. 6; by impl. to fear, be afraid, 2 Pe. 2. 10.

Τρέφω, f. θρέψω, a. 1. ἔθρεψα,p. pass. τέθραμμαι, to thicken; to nourish; to feed, support, cherish, provide for, Mat. 6. 26; 25. 37, et al. : to bring up, rear, educate, Lu. 4. 16; to gorge, to pamper, Ja. 5. 5.

Τρέχω, f. θρέξομαι, & δραμοθμαι, a. 2. έδραμον, to run, Mat. 27. 48; a. 8, et al.; to run a race, 1 Co. 9. 24; met. 1 Co. 9. 24, 26. He. 12. 1; in N. T., to run a certain course of conduct, Ga. 5. 7; to run a course of exertion, Ro. 9. 16. Ga. 2. 2. Phi. 2. 16; to run, to progress freely, to advance rapidly, 2 Th. 3. 1.

Τριάκοντα, οί, αί, τά, (τρείς) thirty. Mat. 13. 8, 23, et al.

Τριακόσιοι, αι, α, (τρεῖς) three hundred, Mar. 14. 5. Jno. 12. 5. Τρίβολος, ου, ό, (τρείς & Βελος pr. three-pronged; as subst. a caltrop; a plant, land-caltrop, a thorn, Mat. 7, 16. He. 6, 8.

Tρίβος, ου, ή, (τρίβω, to rub, wear) a beaten track; a road, highway. Mat. 3. 3. Mar. 1. 3. Lu. 3. 4.

Γριετία, ας, ή, (τρεῖς & ἔτος) the space of three years, Ac. 20. 31.

Tρίζω, f. ίσω, to creak, to utter a creaking, stridulous, grating sound; to gnash, grind the teeth, Mar. 9. 18.

Τρίμηνον, ου, τό, (τρεῖs & μήν) the space of three months, He. 11. 23.

Tρίs, adv. (τρείs) three times, thrice, Mat. 26. 34, 75, et al.; ἐπὶ τρίς, to the extent of thrice, as many as three times, Ac. 10. 16; 11. 10.

Τρίστεγον, συ, τό, (neut. of τρίστεγος, having three stories, fr. τρείς & στέγη) the third floor, third story, Ac. 20. 9. L. G.

Τρισχίλιοι, αι, α, (τρείς & χίλιοι)
three thousand, Ac. 2. 41.

Tρίτος, η, ον, (τρεῖs) third, Mat. 20. 3; 27. 64; ἐκ τρίτον, the third time, for the third time, Mat. 26. 44; τὸ τρίτον, 80. μέρος, the third part, Re. 8. 7, 12; τρίτον & τὸ τρίτον, ας an adv., the third time, for the third time, Mar. 14. 41. I.u. 20. 12, et al.

Τρίχἴνος, η, ον, $(\theta \rho i \xi, \tau \rho i \chi \acute{o}s)$ of hair, made of hair, Re. 6. 12.

Tρόμος, ου, ὁ, $(\tau \rho \epsilon \mu \omega)$ pr. a trembling quaking; trembling from fear, fear, terror, agitation of mind, Mar. 16. 8; anxious diffidence, 1 Co. 2. 3; reverence, veneration, awe, 2 Co. 7. 15. Ep. 6. 5. Phi. 2. 12.

Τροπή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, $(\tau \rho \epsilon \pi \omega)$ a turning

Τροπή, η̂s, η̂, (τρέπω) a turning round; a turning back, change, mutation. Ja. 1. 17.

Tρόπος, ου, δ, (fr. same) a turn; mode, manner, way, Jude 7; δν τρόπον, δι καθ δν τρόπον, in which manner, as, even as, Mat. 23. 37. Ασ. 15. 11, et al.; κατὰ μηδένα τρόπον, in no way, by no means, 2 Th. 2. 3; ἐν παντὶ τρόπο, δι καντὶ τρόπο, in every way, by every means, Γι. 1. 18. 2 Th. 3. 16; turn of mind er action, habit, disposition, He. 13. 5.

Τροποφορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐτροποφόρησα, (τρόπος & φορέω) bear with the disposition, manners, and conduct of any one, Ac. 13. 18. L. G.

Tροφή, ης, ή, (τρέφω) nutriment, nourishment, food, Mat. 3. 4, et al., provision, victual, Mat. 24. 45; sustenance, maintenance, Mat. 10. 10; met. nutriment of the mind, He. 5, 12, 14.

Τροφός, οῦ, ἡ, (fr. same) a nurse,

Τροφοφορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (τροφός & φορέω) to sustain, provide for, cherish, v. r. Ac. 13. 18. S.

Tροχιά, α̂s, ή, a wheel-track; a track, way, path, met. He. 12. 13: from

Tροχός, οῦ, ὁ, (τρέχω) pr. a runner; any thing orbicular, a wheel; drift, course, with which signification the word is usually written τρόχος, Ja. 3. 6.

Τρύβλιον, ίου, τό, a bowl, dish, Mat. 26, 23. Mar. 14, 20.

Τρυγάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. l. ἐτρύγησα, (τρύγη, ripe fruits) to harvest, gather, fruits, and spc. grapes, Lu. 6. 44. Re. 14. 18, 19.

Τρυγών, όνος, ή, (τρύζω, to murmur) a turtle-dove, Lu. 2. 24.

Τρυμαλιά, âs, ἡ, (τρύμη, fr. τρύω, to rub, wear) a hole, perforation; eye of a needle, Mar. 10. 25. Lu. 18. 25.

Τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω, τρύπη, a hole, fr. τρύω) a hole; eye of a needle, Mat. 19. 24.

Τρυφάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐτρύφησα, to live delicately and luxuriously, Ja. 5. 5: from

Tρυφή, η̂s, η̂, (θρυπτω, to break small, to enfeeble, enervate) delicate living, luxury, Lu. 7. 25. 2 Pe. 2. 13.

Τρώγω, f. τρώξομαι, a. 2. ἔτρᾶγον, pr. to crunch; to eat, Mat. 24. 38; fr. the Heb. ἄρτον τρώγειν, to take food, partake of a meal, Jno. 13. 18.

Tυγχάνω, f. τεύξομαι, p. τετύχηκα & τέτευχα, a. 2. έτυχον, to hit an οδject; to attain to, to obtain, acquire, enjoy, Lu. 20. 35. Ac. 24. 3, et al.; intrans. to happen, fall out, chance; part. τυχών, ούσα, όν, common, ordinary, Ac. 19. 11; 28. 2; neut. τυχών, as an ado., it may be, perchance, perhaps, I Co. 16. 6; εἰ τύχοι, fi it ex happen, as the case may be, 1 Co. 14.10; 15.37; to be in a certain condition, Lu. 10.30.

Τυμπανίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. pass. ἐτυμπανίσθην. (τύμπανον. a drum) pr. to
beat a drum; to drum upon; in
N. T., to bastinade, beat to death
with rods and clubs, He. 11. 35.

Tύπος, ου, ό, pr. a blow; an impress; a print, mark, of a wound inflicted, Jno. 20. 25; a delineation; an image. statue, Ac. 7. 43; a formula, scheme, Ro. 6. 17; form, purport, Ac. 23. 25; a figure, counterpart, 1 Co. 10. 6; an anticipative figure, type, Ro. 5. 14. 1 Co. 10. 11; a model, pattern, Ac. 7. 44. He. 8. 5; a moral pattern, Phi. 3. 17. 1 Th. 1. 7. 2 Th. 3. 9. 1 Ti. 4. 12. 1 Pe. 5. 3.

Tύπτω, f. ψω, a. 1. ἔτυψα, to beat, strike, smite, Mat. 24. 49; 27. 36, et al.; to beat the breast, as expressive of grief, or strong emotion, Lu. 18. 18; 23. 48; in N. T. met. to wound or shock the conscience of any one, 1 Co. 8. 12; fr. the Heb. to smite with evil, punish, Ao. 23. 3.

Tυρβάζω, f. άσω, (τύρβη, tumult) to stir up, render turbid; to throw into a state of perturbation, disquiet; mid. to trouble one's self, be troubled, be disquieted, Lu. 10. 41.

Γύριος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, a Tyrian, an inhabitant of Τύρος, Tyre, Ac. 12. 20.

Tυφλός, ή, όν, blind, Mat. 9. 27, 28; 11. 5; 12. 22; met. mentally blind, Mat. 15. 14; 23. 16, et al.: whence

Τυφλόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. τετύφλωκa, to blind, render blind; met. Jno. 12. 40. 1 Jno. 2. 11. 2 Co. 4. 4.

Tυφόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, p. pass. τετύφωμα, (τύφος, smoke, fr. τύφω) to besmoke; met. to possess with the fumes of conceit; pass, to be demented with conceit, puffed up, 1 Ti. 3. 6; 6. 4. 2 Ti. 3. 4.

Tύφω, f. θύψω, to raise a smoke; pass to emit smoke, smoke, smoulder, Mat. 12. 20.

Tυφωνικός, ή, όν, (τι φῶν, typhon, a hurricane) stormy tempestuous, Ac. 27. 14.

Τυχόν, ε τυγχάνω.

Y.

'Υακίνθινος, η, ον, hyacinthine. resembling the hyacinth in colou: Re. 9. 17: from

Yάκινθος, ου, η, a hyacinth, a gen. resembling the colour of the hyacinth flower, Re. 21. 20.

'Yάλἴνος, η, ον, made of glass; glassy, translucent, Re. 4. 6: from

'Yăλos, ου, ή, a transparent stone, crystal; also, glass, Re. 21. 18, 21.

'Υβρίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ὔβρισα, to run riot; trans. to outrage, Mat. 22. 6. Lu. 11. 45, et al.: from

"Υβρις, εως, ή, violent wantonness, insolence; contumelious treatment, outrage, 2 Co. 12. 10; damage by sea, Ac. 27. 10.

'Υβριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (ὑβρίζω) an overbearing, wantonly violent person, Ro. 1. 30. 1 Ti. 1. 13.

'Υγιαίνω, f. ανῶ, to be hale, sound, in health, Lu. 5. 31; 7. 10; to be safe and sound, Lu. 15. 27; met. to be healthful or sound in faith, doctrine, &c., Tit. 1. 13; 2. 2; part. υγιαίνων, ουσα, ον, sound, pure, uncorrupted, 1 Ti. 1. 10, et al.: from

Y γιής, έος, οὺς, ὁ, ἡ, τό,-ές, hale, sound, in health, Mat. 12. 13; 15. 31, et al.; met. of doctrine, sound, pure, wholesome, Tit. 2. 8.

'Υγρός, ά, όν, (νω, to wet) pr. wet, moist, humid; used of a tree, full of sap, fresh, green, Lu. 23. 31.

Υδρία, ας, ή, (ΰδωρ) a water-pot, pitcher, Jno. 2. 6, 7; a bucket, pail, Jno. 4. 28.

Υδροποτέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὑδροπότης, ῦδωρ & πίνω) to be a water-drinker, 1 Ti. 5. 23.

Υδρωπικός, ή, όν, (ὕδρωψ, the dropsy, fr. τωρ) dropsical, Lu. 14. 2.

"Υδωρ, υδατος, τό, water, Mat. 8.
11, 16; 14. 28, 29; 17. 15. Jno. 5. 3.
4, 7; the watery fluid of the pericardium, Jno. 19. 34; δδωρ ζων, living
water, fresh flowing water, Jno. 4.
11; met. of spiritual refreshment, Jno.
4. 10; 7. 38.

Υετός, οῦ, ὁ, (ὖω, to rain) rain Ac. 14, 17, et al. Yloθeσία, ας, ή, (viδς & τιθημι) adoption, a placing in the condition of a son, Ro. 8. 15, 23; 9. 4. Ga. 4. 5. Ep. 1. 5. N. T.

Yios, 6, 6, a son, Mat. 1. 21, 25; 7. 9; 13. 55, et al. freq.; a legitimate son, He. 12. 8; a son artificially constituted, Ac. 7. 21. He. 11. 24; a descendant, Mat. 1. 1, 20; Mar. 12. 35, et al.; in N. T., the young of an animal, Mat. 21. 5; a spiritual son in respect of conversion or disciple-ship, I Pe. 5. 13; fr. Heb. a disciple, perhaps Mat. 12. 27; a son as implying connexion in respect of member-ship, service, resemblance, manifestation, destiny, &c., Mat. 8, 12; 9, 15; 13, 38; 23, 15. Mar. 2,19; 3, 17. Lu. 5. 34; 10. 6; 16. 8; 20. 34, 36. Jno. 17. 12. Ac. 2. 25; 4. 36; 13. 10. Eph. 2 2; 5. 6. Col. 3. 6. 1 Th. 5. 5. 2 Th. 2. 3; νιὸς θεοῦ, κ. τ. λ., son of God in respect of divinity, Mat. 4. 3, 6; 14. 33. Ro. 1. 4, et al.; also, in respect of privilege and character, Mat. 5. 9, 45. Lu. 6. 35. Ro. 8. 14, 19; 9. 26. Ga. 3. 26; δ viδs τοῦ θεοῦ, κ. τ. λ., a title of the Messiah, Mat. 26. 63. Mar. 3. 11; 14. 61. Jno. 1. 34, 50; 20. 31, et al.; υίὸς ἀνθρώπου, a son of man, a man, Mar. 3. 28. Eph. 3. 5. He. 2. 6; ὁ νίὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώwov, a title of the Messiah, Mat. 8, 20, et al. freq. ; as also ὁ viòs Δαβίδ, Mat. 12. 23, et al.

Y $\lambda\eta$, ηs , $\dot{\eta}$, wood, a forest; in N. T., firewood, a mass of fuel, Ja. 3. 5.

Υμέτερος, α, ον, possess. pron. (ὑμεῖς) your, yours, Lu. 6. 20. Jno. 7. 6; 15. 20, et al.

Υμνέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ὖμνησα, to hymn, praise, celebrate or worship with hymns, Ac. 16. 25. He. 2. 12; absol. to sing a hymn, Mat. 26. 30. Mar. 14. 26: from

Y $\mu\nu$ os, ov, δ , a song; a hymn, song of praise to God, Ep. 5. 19. Col. 3. 16.

Yπάγω, f. ξω, (ὑπό & ἄγω) to lead or bring under; to lead or bring from under; to draw on or away; in N.T., intrans. to go away, depart, Mat. 8. 4, 13; 9. 6; ὑπαγε ὁπίσω μου, get behind mel away! begone! Mat. 4. 10; 16. 23; to go, Mat. 5. 41. Lu. 13. 88, et al.; to depart life, Mat. 26. 24.

'Υπακοή, η̂s, η̈, a hearkening to, obedience, Ro. 5, 19; 6, 16, 1 Pe. 1, 14; submissiveness, Ro. 16, 19, 2 Co. 7, 15; submission, Ro. 1, 5; 15, 18; 16, 26, 2 Co. 10, 5, He. 5, 8, 1 Pe. 1, 2, 22; compliance, Philem. 21; (S.) from

Υπακούω, f. ούσομαι, (ὑπό & ἀκούω) to give ear, hearken; to listen, Ac. 12. 13; to obey, Mat. 8. 27. Mar. 17, et al.; in N. T., to render submissive acceptance. Ac. 6. 7. Ro. 6. 17. 2 Th. 1. 8. He. 5. 9; absol. to be submissive, Phi. 2. 12.

΄Υπανδρος, ου, ή, (ὑπό & ἀνήρ)

bound to a man, married, Ro. 7.2. L. G.

'Υποντάω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, (ὑπό & ἀντάω) to meet, Mat. 8. 28. Lu. 8. 27.
Jno. 11. 20, 30; 12. 18: whence

^εΥπάντησις, ϵ ως, $\hat{\eta}$, a meeting, act of meeting, Jno. 12. 13. L. G.

Υπαρξις, εως, ή, goods possessed, substance, property, Ac. 2. 45. He. 10. 34: (L. G.) from

'Υπάρχω, f. ξω, (ὑπό & ἄρχω) to begin; to come into existence; to exist; to be, subsist, Ac. 19. 40; 28, 18; to be in possession, to belong, Ac. 3. 6; 4. 37; part. neut. pl. τα ὑπάρχωτα, goods, possessions, property, Mat. 19. 21. Lu. 8. 3; to be, Lu. 7. 25; 8. 41, et al.

'Υπείκω, f. ξω, (ὑπό & εἴκω) to yield, give way; absol. to be submissive, He. 13. 17.

Υπεναυτίος, ία, ίου, (ὑπό & ἐναυτίος) over against; contrary, adverse; ὁ ὑπεναυτίος, an opponent, adversary, He. 10. 27; untoward, inimical, Col. 2. 14.

Yπέρ, prep. with a genitive, above, over; met. in behalf of, Mat. 5. 44. Mar. 9. 40. Jno. 17. 19, et al.; instead of beneficially, Philem. 13; in maintenance of, Ko. 15. 8; for the furtherance of, Jno. 11. 4. 2 Co. 1. 6.8, et al.; for the further signification of interest or concern in the subject, Ac. 5. 41. Ko. 9. 27. 2 Co. 5. 12; 8. 23. 2 Th. 2. 1, et al.; with an acc., over, beyond; met. beyond more than, Mat. 10. 37. 2 Co. 1. 8, et al. used after comourative terms. 1a. 16

8. 2 Co. 12. 13. He. 4. 12; in N. T. as an adv., in a higher degree, in fuller measure, 2 Co. 11. 23.

Υπεραίρω, (ὑπέρ & αἴρω) to raise or lift up above or over; mid. to lift up one's self; met. to be over-elated, 2 Co. 12. 7; to bear one's self arrogantly, to rear a haughty front, 2 Th. 2. 4.

Υπέρακμος, ου, ό, ἡ, (ὑπέρ & ἀκμή, a point, prime) past the bloom of life, i Co. 7. 36. N. T.

'Υπεράνω, adv. (ὑπέρ & ἄνω) above, over, far above; of place, Ep. 4. 10. He. 9. 5; of rank, dignity, &c. Ep. 1. 21. L. G. (a.)

Ύπεραυξάνω, f. ξήσω, (ὑπέρ & αὐξάνω) to increase exceedingly, 2 Th.

'Υπερβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, (ὑπέρ & βαίνω) to overstep; to wrong, aggrieve, 1 Th. 4. 6.

Υπερβαλλόντως, adv. exceedingly, above measure, 2 Co. 11. 23: from

Υπερβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, (ὑπέρ & βάλλω) pr. to cast or throw over or beyond, to overshoot; met. to surpass, excel; part. ὑπερβάλλων, ουσα, or, surpassing, 2 Co. 3. 10; 9. 14, et al.: whence

Υπερβολή, η̂ς, η, pr. a throwing beyond, an overshooting; extraordinary amount or character, transcendency, 2 Co. 12. 7; 4. 7; καθ ὑπερβολήν, adverbially, exceedingly, extremely, Ro. 7. 13. 2 Co. 1. 8, et

Υπερείδον, a. 2. of υπεροράω, to look over or above a thing; met. to overlook, disregard; to bear with, Ac. 17. 30.

Υπερέκεινα, adv. (ὑπέρ ἐκεῖνα) beyond, 2 Co. 10. 16. N. T.

Υπερεκπερισσού, adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκ, περισσού) in over-abundance; beyond all measure, superabundantly, Ep. 3. 20. 1 Th. 3. 10; 5. 13. S.

Υπερεκτείνω, f. τενω, (ὑπέρ & έκτείνω) to over-extend, over-stretch, 2 Co. 10. 14. L. G.

Ύπερεκχύνω, (ὑπέρ & ἐκχύνω) to

pour out above measure or in excess; pass. to run over, overflow, Lu. 6. 38. L. G.

Υπερεντυγχάιω, (ὑπέρ & ἐντυγ-

 $\chi \acute{a}r\omega$) to intercede for, Ro. 8. 26 N. T.

Υπερέχω, f. ξω, (ὑπέρ & ἔχω) to hold above; intrans. to stand out above, to overtop; met. to surpass, excel, Phi. 2. 3; 4. 7; τὸ ὑπερέχον, excellence, preeminence, Phi. 3. 8; to be higher, superior, Ro. 13. 1 1 Pe. 2. 13.

Υπερηφανία, as, η, haughtiness arrogance, Mar. 7. 22: from

Υπερήφανος, ου, ό, ή, (ὑπέρ & φαίνω) pr. conspicuous above, supereminent: met. assuming, haughty, arrogant, Lu. 1. 51. Ro. 1. 30. 2 Ti. 3. 2. Ja. 4. 6. 1 Pe. 5. 5.

Υπερλίαν, adv. (ὑπέρ & λίαν) in the highest degree, preeminently, especially, superlatively, 2 Co. 11.5; 12.11. N. T.

'Υπέρνικάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὑπέρ & νικάω) to overpower in victory; to be abundantly victorious, prevail mightily, Ro. 8. 37. L. G.

'Υπέρογκος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ & ὄγ∽ KOS) pr. over-swollen, overgrown; of language, swelling, pompous, boastful, 2 Pe. 2. 18. Jude 16.

'Υπεροχή, ης, ή, (ὑπερέχω) prominence; met. excellence, rare quality, 1 Co. 2. 1; eminent station, authority, 1 Ti. 2. 2.

Υπερπερισσεύω, 1. εύσω, (ὑπέρ & περισσεύω) to superabound; to abound still more, Ro. 5. 20; mid. to be abundantly filled, overflow, 2 Co. 7. 4. N. T.

'Υπερπερισσῶς, adv. (ὑπέρ & περισσῶς) superabundantly, most vehemently, above all measure, Mar. 7.
37. N. T.

Υπερπλεονάζω, f. άσω, (ὑπέρ & πλεονάζω) to superabound, be in exceeding abundance, over-exceed, 1 Ti. 1. 14. N. T.

Ύπερυψόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, (ὑπέρ & ύψόω) to exalt supremely, Phi. 2. 9.

Υπερφρονέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ὑπέρ & φρονέω) to overween, have lofty thoughts, be elated, Ro. 12. 3.

Υπερώον, ου, τό, (pr. neut. of υπερώος, upper, fr. υπέρ) the upper part of a house, upper room, or cham ber, Ac. 1. 13; 9. 37, 39; 90. 8.

'Υτέχω, f. ὑφέξω, (ὑπό & ἔχω) pr. to hold under; to render, undergo, suffer, Jude 7.

'Υπήκοος, οῦ, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) giving ear; obedient, submissive, Ac. 7. 39. 2 Co. 2. 9. Ph. 2. 8.

Υπηρετέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ὑπηρέτησα, to subserve, Ac. 13. 36; to relieve, supply, Ac. 20. 34; to render kind offices, Ac. 24. 23: from

'Υπηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπό & ἐρέτης, a rower) pr. an under-rower, a rower, one of a ship's crew; a minister, attendant, servant; an attendant on a magistrate, a lictor, apparitor, officer, Mat. 5. 25; an attendant or officer of the Sanhedrin, Mat. 26. 38; an attendant, or servant of a synagogue, Lu. 4. 20; a minister, attendant, assistant in any work, Lu. 1. 2. Jno. 18. 36, et al.

"Υπνος, ου, ό, sleep, Mat. 1. 24, et al.; met. spiritual sleep, religious slumber, Ro. 13. 11.

⁴Υπό, prep., with a genitive, pr. under; hence used to express influence, causation, agency; by, Mat. 1. 22, et al. freq.; by the agency of, at the hands of, 2 Co. 11. 24. He. 12. 3; with acc., under, with the idea of motion associated, Mat. 5. 15, et al.; under, Jno. 1. 49. 1 Co. 10. 1; under subjection to, Ro. 6. 14. 1 Tl. 6. 1, et al.; of time, at, about, Ac. 5. 21.

⁴Υποβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, a. 2. ὑπέβαλον, ὑπό & βάλλω) to cast under; met to suggest, instigate; to suborn, Ac. 6. 11.

"Υπογραμμός, οῦ, ὁ, ἱὑπογράφω) pr. a copy to write after; met. an example for imitation, pattern, 1 Pe. 2. 21. L. G.

'Υπόδειγμα, ατος, τό, a token, intimation; an example, proposed for imitation or admonition, Jno. 13. 15. He. 4. 11. Ja. 5. 10. 2 Pe. 2. 6; a copy, He. 8. 5; 9. 23: from

Υποδε΄ κνυμι, f. δείξω, (ὑπό & δείκνυμι) to indicate, Ac. 20. 35; to intimate, suggest, Mat. 3. 7. Lu. 3. 7; 6. 47; 12. 5. Ac. 9. 16.

Υποδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, p. ὑποδέδεγμαι, (ὑπό & δέχομαι) to give reception to; to receive as a guest, entertain, Lu. 10. 38; 19. 6. Ac. 17. 7. Ja. 2. 25. "Υποδέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, p. pass. ὑποδεθεμαι, (ὑπό & δέω) to bind under; mid. to bind under one's self, put on one's own feet, Ac. 12. 8; to shoe, Ep. 6. 15; pass. to be shod, Mar. 6. 9: whence

YIIO

Υπόδημα, ατος, τό, any thing bound under; a sandal, Mat. 3. 11; 10. 10, et al.

'Υπόδικος, ου, ό, ή, (ὑπό & δίκη) under a legal process; also, under a judicial sentence; under verdict to an opposed party in a suit, liable to penalty, convict, Ro. 3. 19.

Υποζύγιον, ίου, τό, (pr. neut. of νποζύγιος, under a yoke, fr. νπό & ζωγών) an animal subject to the yoke, a beast of draught or burden; fn N. T., spc. an ass, Mat. 21. 5. 2 Pe. 2. 16.

Υποζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, (ὑπό & ζώννυμ) to gird under, of persons; to undergird a ship with cables, chains, &c. Ac. 27. 17.

Υποκάτω, adv. (ὑπό & κάτω) under, beneath, underneath, Mar. 6. 11; 7. 28, et al.; met. He. 2. 8. (č.)

27. et al.; mez. 116: 2. o (a.) Υποκρίνομαι, f. ο ῦμαι, (ὑπό & κρίνω) to answer, respond; to act a part upon the stage; hence, to assume a counterfeit character; to pretend, feign, Lu. 20. 20: whence

Υπόκρίσις, $\epsilon \omega s$, $\dot{\eta}$, a response, answer; histrionic personification, acting; hypocrisy, simulation, Mat. 23.28. Mar. 12.15, et al.

'Υποκρἴτής, οῦ, ὁ, the giver of an answer or response; a stage-player, actor; in N. T., a moral or religious counterfeit, a hypocrite, Mat. 6. 2, 5, 16; 7. 5, et al.

'Υπολαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι, a. 2. ὑπόλαβον, (ὑπό & λαμβάνω) to take up, by placing one's self underneath what is taken up; to catch away, withdraw, Ac. 1. 9; to take up discourse by continuation; hence, to answer, Lu. 10. 30; to take up a notion, to think, suppose, Lu. 7. 43. Ac. 2. 18.

Υπολείπω, f. ψω, ζύπό & λείπω) to leave remaining, leave behind; pass to be left surviving, Ro 11. 3. Υπολήνιον, ου, τό, (ὑπό & ληνός) a vat, placed under the press, have to receive the fuice, Mar. 12. 1. S.

Υπολιμπάνω, (ὑπό & λιμπάνω, το leave) equivalent to ὑπολείπω, to leave behind, 1 Pe. 2. 21.

Υπομένω, f. νῶ, (ὑπό & μένω) intrans. to remain or stay behind, when others have departed, Lu. 2. 43; trans. to bear up under, endure, suffer patiently, 1 Co. 13. 7. He. 10. 32; absol. to continue firm, hold out, remain constant, persevere, Mat. 10. 22; 24. 13, et al.

Υπομιμνήσκω, f. ὑπομνήσω, (ὑπό

λομμογοκω) to put in mind, remind, Jno. 14. 26. Tit. 3. 1. 2 Pe. 1. 12. Jude 5; to suggest recollection of, remind others of 2 Ti. 2. 14. 3 Jno. 10; mid. ὑνομιμογοκομαι, a. 1. ὑνομμογοκομα, recollect, να στορομοί το mind, recollect, remember, Lu. 22. 61: whence

Υπόμνησις, εως, ή, a putting in mind, act of reminding, 2 Pe. l. 13; 3.1; remembrance, recollection, 2 Ti.

Υπομονή, η̃s, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) patient endurance, 2 Co. 12. 12. Col. 1. 11, et al.; patient awaiting, Lu. 21. 19; a patient frame of mind, patience, Ro. 5. 3, 4; 15. 4, 5. Ja. 1. 3, et al.; perseverance, Ro. 2. 7; ἐν ὑπομονῆ & δι υπομονής, constantly, perseveringly, Lu. 8. 15. Ro. 8. 25. He. 12. 1; an enduring of affliction, &c., the act of suffering, undergoing, &c., 2 Co. 1.6; 6.4.

Υπονοέω, ῶ, ſ. ήσω, (ὑπό & νοέω) to suspect; to suppose, deem, Ac. 13. 25; 25. 18; 27. 27: whence

Υπόνοια, as, ή, suspicion, surmise, 1 Ti. 6. 4.

Υποπλέω, f. εύσομαι, (ὑπό & πλέω) to sail under; to sail under the lee, or, to the south of, an island, &c., Ac. 27. 4, 7. L. G.

Υποπνέω, f. εύσω, (ὑπό & πνέω) to blow gently, as the wind, Ac. 27.

Υποπόδιον, ίου, τό, (ὑπό & πούς) a footstool, Mat. 5, 35. Ja. 2, 3, et al. L. G.

Υπόστασις, εως, ή, (ὑφίσταμαι, to stand under, ὑπό & ἴστημι) pr. a being set under; a substructure, basis, bottom; subsistence, essence, He. 1. 3; an assumption of a character, 2 Co. 11. 17; a pledged assumption, vouching, 2 Co. 9. 4; a professed engagement, profession, He. 3. 14; an assured impression, a realising, He. 11. 1.

Ύποστέλλω, f. στελώ, a. 1. ὑπέστειλα, (ὑπό & στέλλω) pr. to let down, to stow away; to draw back, withdraw, Ga. 2. 12; mid. to shrink back, quail, recoil, He. 10. 38; to keep back, suppress, conceal, Ac. 20. 20. 27: whence

Υποστολή, ης, ή, a shrinking back, He. 10. 39. L. G.

Υπυστρέφω, f. ψω, (ὑπό & στρέφω) to turn back, return, Mar. 14. 40. Lu. 1. 56; 2. 39, 43, 45, et al.

Υποστρώννυμι, τ. ννύω, f. στρώσω, (ὑπό & στρώννυμι) to strow under, spread underneath, Lu. 19. 36.

Ύποτἄγή, ῆς, ή, subordination, 1 Ti. 3. 4; submissiveness, 2 Co. 9. 13. Ga. 2. 5. 1 Ti. 2. 11: (N. T.) from

Ύποτάσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, (ὑπό & τάσσω) to place or arrange under; to subordinate, 1 Co. 15. 27; to bring under influence, Ro. 8. 20; pass. to be subordinated, 1 Co. 14. 32, et al.; to be brought under a state or influence, Ro. 8. 20; m.d. to submit one's self, render obedience, be submissive, Lu. 2. 51; 10. 17, et al.

Υποτίθημι, ε. ὑποθήσω, (ὑπό & τίθημι) to place under; to lay down the neck beneath the sword of the executioner, to set on imminent risk, Ro. 16. 4; mid. to suggest, recommend to attention, 1 Ti. 4. 6.

Ύποτρέχω, a. 2. ὑπέδρἄμον, ιὑπό & τρέχω) to run under; as a nau.ical term, to sail under the lee of, Ac. 27.

Υποτύπωσις, εως, ή, (ὑποτυπόω, to sketch, fr. ὑπό & τυπόω) a sketch delineation; form, formula, 2 Ti. 1. 13; a pattern, example, 1 Ti. 1.

Υποφέρω, α. 1. υπήνεγκα, α. 2 ὑπήνεγκον, (ὑπό & φέρω) to bear under; to bear up under, support, sustain, 1 Co. 10. 13; to endure patiently, 1 Pe. 2. 19; to undergo, 2 Ti. 3. 11.

Υποχωρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (ὑπό & χωρέω) to withdraw, retire, Lu. 5. 16;

Ύπωπιάζω, f. άσω, (ὑπώπιον, the part of the face below the eyes, fr. υπό & ωψ) pr. to strike one upon the 104

parts beneath the eye; to beat black and blue; hence, to discipline by hardship, coerce, 1 Co. 9. 27; met. to weary by continual importunities, pester, Lu. 18. 5.

Υς, ύός, ό, ή, a hog, swine, boar or

sow, 2 Pe. 2. 22.

"Yorωπος, ου, ο, η, (Heb. 111N) hyssop, hysopous officinals of Linn., a low shrubby plant growing in the south of Europe and the East; a bunch of hysop, He. 9. 19; a hyssop stalk, Juo. 19. 29. L. G.

Toτερέω, ῶ, ΐ. ήσω, p. ὐστέρηκα, a. 1. ὑστέρησα, (ὅστερος) to be beind in place or time, to be in the rear; to fall short of, be inferior to, 2 Co. 11.5; 12. 11; to fail of, fail to attain, He. 4. 1; to be in want of, lack, Lu. 22. 35; to be wanting, Mar. 10. 21; absol. to be defective, in default, Mat. 19. 20. 1 Co. 12. 24; to run short, Jno. 2. 3; mid. to come short of a privilege or standard, to miss, Ro. 3. 23; absol. to come short, be below standard, 1 Co. 1. 7; to come short of sufficiency, to be in need, want, Lu. 15. 14. 2 Co. 11. 8. Phi. 4. 12. He. 11. 37; to be a loser, suffer detriment, 1 Co. 8. 8; in N. T., ὑστερεὶν ἰπό, to be backwards with respect to, to slight, He. 12. 15: whence

Υστέρημα, ατος, τό, a shortcoming, defect; personal shortcoming, 1 Co. 16. 17. Phi. 2. 30. Col. 1. 24. 1 Th. 3. 10; want, need, poverty, penury, Lu. 21. 4. 2 Co. 8. 13, 14, et al. S.

Υστέρησις, εως, ή, want, need, Mar. 12. 44. Phi. 4. 11. N. T.

Υστερον, adv. after, afterwards, Mat. 4. 2; 22. 27, et al.: pr. neut.

Υστερος, a, ov, posterior in place or time; subsequent, 1 Ti. 4. 1.

Υφαντός, ή, όν, (ὑφαίνω, to weave) woven, Jno. 19. 23.

Υψηλός, ή, όν, (ΰψος) high, lofty, elevated, Mat. 4. 8; 17. 1, et al.; τὰ ὑψηλά, the highest heaven, He. 1. 3; upraised, Ac. 13. 17; met. highly esteemed, Lu. 16. 15; φρονεῦν τὰ ὑψηλά, to have lofty thoughts, be proud, overween, Ro. 12. 16.

Υψηλοφρονέω, ω, f. ήσω, (ύψηλός & φρονέω) to have lofty thoughts, be proud, overweening, hauguty. Ro. 11. 20. 1 Ti. 6. 17. N. T.

Yψιστος, η, ον, highest, loftiest most elevated; τὰ ὑψιστα, fr. th Heb. the highest heaven, Mat. 21. 9. Mar. 11. 10; met. ὁ ὑψιστος, the Most High, Mar. 5. 7, et al.: superlat. formed from

Ywos, cos, ro, height, Ep. 3. 18. Re. 21. 16; met. exaltation, dignity, eminence, Ja. 1. 9; fr. the Heb. the highest heaven, Lu. 1. 78; 24. 49 Ep. 4. 8: whence

Yψόω, ω, f. ωσω, a. l. τψωσα, to raise aloft, lift up, Jno. 3. 14; 8. 28; met. to elevate in condition, uplift, exalt, Mat. 11. 23; 23. 12. Lu. 1. 52: whence

Yψωμα, ατος, τό, height, Ro. 8. 89; a towering of self-conceit, presumption, 2 Co. 10. 5. L. G.

Φ.

Φάγομαι, εεε ἐσθίω.

Φάγος, ου, ό, a glutton, Mat. 11. 19. Lu. 7. 34. N. T.

Φαιλόνης, v. φελόνης, ou, δ, (by metath for φαινόλης, Lat. penula) a thick cloak for travelling, with a hood, 2 Tl. 4. 13.

Φαίνω, f. φανῶ, p. πέφαγκα, a. 2. pass. ἐφάνην, to cause to appear, bring to light; αδεού. to shine, Jno. 1. 5; 5. 35. 2 Pe. 1. 19. 1 Jno. 2. 8. Re. 1. 16; 8. 12; 21. 23; mid or pass to be seen, appear, be visible, Mat. 1. 20; 2. 7; 13, 19; 6. 5, 16. 18; π φαίνομανα, things visible, things obvious to the senses, He. 11. 3; φαίνομα, to appear, seem, be in appearance, Mat. 23. 27. Lu. 24. 11; to appear in thought, seem in idea, be a notion, Mar. 14. 64, et al.: υπεικε

Φανερός, ά, όν, apparent, conspicuous, manifest, clear, known, wellknown, Mar. 4. 22; 6. 14. Ga. 5. 19, et al.; ἐν φανερώ, openly, Mat. 6. 4, 6; also, in outward guise, externally, Ro. 2. 28: whence

Φανερόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1 ἐφανέρωσa, p. pass. πεφανέρωμε, to maks manifest, bring to light, disclose, show forth, make known, Mar. 4. 22; 16. 12, 14. Jno. 1. 31, et al. 197

Φανερῶς, adv. manifestly; clearly, plainly, distinctly, Ac. 10. 3; openly, publicly, Mar. 1. 45. Jno. 7. 10.

Φανέρωσις, εως, ή, (φανερόω) an evidencing, clear display, 2 Co. 4. 2; an outward evidencing of a latent principle, active exhibition, 1 Co. 12. 7. N. T.

Φανός, οῦ, ὁ, (φαίνω) a torch, lantern, light, Jno. 18. 3.

Φαντάζω, f. άσω, (φαίνω) to render visible, cause to appear; pass. to appear, be seen; το φανταζόμενον, the sight, spectacle, He. 12. 21: whence

Φαντασία, as, ή, pr. a rendering visible; a display; pomp, parade, Ac. 25. 23.

Φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) a phantom, spectre, Mat. 14. 26. Mar. 6. 49.

Φάραγξ, αγγος, ή, a cleft, ravine, dell, Lu. 3. 5.

Deptoalos, ov. 6, a Pharisee, a follower of the sect of the Pharisees, a numerous and powerful sect of the Jeus, distinguished for their ceremonal observances, and apparent sanctity of life, and for being rigid interpreters of the Mosaic law; but who not unfrequently violated its spirit by their traditional interpretations and precepts, to which they ascribed nearly an equal authority with the O. T. Scriptures, Mat. 5. 31, 20; 12. 2; 23. 14, et al.

Φαρμακεία, ας, η, (φάρμακον, a drug) employment of drugg for any purpose; sorcery, magic, enchantment, Ga. 5. 20. Re. 9. 21; 18. 23.

Φαρμάκεύς, έως, ό, (fr. same) pr. onc who deals in drugs; an enchanter, magician, sorcerer, Ac. 21. 8.

Φαρμακός, οῦ, ὁ, a sorcerer, Re. 21. 8; 22. 15.

8; 22. 15. Φάσις, εως, ή, (φημί) report, infor-

mation, Ac. 21. 31. Φάσκω, equivalent to φημί, imperf. έφασκον, to assert, affirm, Ac. 24. 9; 25. 19. Ro. 1. 22. Re. 2. 2.

 $\Phi \acute{a} \tau \nu \eta$, ηs , $\acute{\eta}$, a manger, crib, Lu. 2. 7, 12, 16; 13. 15.

Φαῦλος, η, ον, sorry, vile, refuse; evil, wicked, Jno. 3. 20; 5. 29. Tit. 2. 6. Ja. 3. 16. Φέγγος, εος, τό, light, splendour, Mat. 24. 29. Mar. 13. 24. Lu. 11. 33. Φείδομαι, f. φείσομαι, to spare, le thrifty of to spare, be tender of

thrifty of; to spare, be tender of, Ro. 8. 32; to spare, in respect of hard dealing, Ac. 20. 29. Ro. 11. 21. 1 Co. 7. 28. 2 Co. 1. 23; 13. 2. 2 Pe. 2. 4, 5; absol. to forbear, abstain, 2 Co. 12. 6; whence

Φειδομένως, adv. sparingly, parsimoniously, 2 Co. 9. 6, bis. L. G.

Φελόνης, εεε φαιλόνης.

Φέρω, f. οἴσω, a. 1. ἤνεγκα, a. 2. ἤνεγκο, a. 1. ρass. ἦνέφην, to bear, γarry, Mar. 2. 3, et al.; to bring, Mat. 14. 11, 18, et al.; to conduct, Mat. 17. Jno. 21. 18, et al.; to bear, endure, Ro. 9. 22. He. 12. 20; 13. 13; to uphold, maintain, conserve, He. 1. 3; to bear, bring forth, produce, Mar. 4. 8. Jno. 12. 24; 15. 2, et al.; to bring forward, advance, allege, Jno. 18. 29. Ac. 25. 7. 2 Pe. 2. 11; to offer, ascribe, Re. 21. 24, 26; absol., used of a gate, to lead, Ac. 12. 10; pass. to be brought within reach. offered, 1 Pe. 1. 13; to be brought in, to enter, He. 9. 16; to be under a moving influence, to be moved, be instinct, 2 Pe. 1. 21; mid. to rush, sweep, Ac. 2. 2; to proceed, come forth, have utterance, 2 Pe. 1. 17, 18, 21; to proceed, make progress, He. 6. 1; used of a ship, to drive before the wind, Ac. 27. 15, 17.

Φεύγω, f. ξομαι, a. 2. ἔφῦγον, absol. to flee, take to flight, Mat. 2. 13; 8. 33, et al.; to shrink, stand fearfully aloof, i Co. 10. 14; to make escape, Mat. 23. 33; trans. to shun, i Co. 6. 18. 1 Ti. 6. 11. 2 Ti. 2. 22; to escape, He. 11. 34.

Φήμη, ης, ἡ, pr. a celestial or oracular utterance; an utterance; fame, rumour, report, Mat. 9. 26. Lu. 4. 14: from

Φημί, f. φήσω, imperf. ἔφην, (φάω) to utter, tell forth; to say, speak, Mat. 8. 8; 14. 8; 26. 34, 61; to say, allege, affirm, Ro. 3. 8, et al.

Φθάνω, f. ήσομαι, & άσω, a. 1. ĕθθασα, a. 2. ĕφθην, to be beforehand with; to outstrip, precede, 1 Th. 4. 15; absol. to advance, make progress, 2 Co. 10. 14. Phi. 3. 16; to come up with, come upon, be close at hand, Mat. 12. 28. 1 Th. 2 16; to attain ew object of pursuit, Ro. 9.

**Φαρτός, ή, όν, (φθείρω) corruptible, perish. ble, Ro. 1. 23. 1 Co. 9. 25, et al.

Φθέγγομαι, f γξομαι, a. 1. ἐφθεγξάμην, to emit a sound; to speak, Ac. 4. 18. 2 Pe. 2. 16, 18.

Φθείρω, f. φθερῶ, p. ἔφθαρκα, a. 1. ἔφθειρα, a. ṇass. ἐφθάρην, (φθέω, idem) to spoil, ruin, 1 Co. 3. 17. 2 Co. 7. 2; to corrupt, morally deprave, 1 Co. 15. 33. 2 Co. 11. 3, et al.

Φθινοπωρίνός, ή, όν, (φθινόπωρον,

the latter part of autumn, fr. φθίνω, to wane, & δπώρα) autumnal, sere, bare, Ju. 12.

Φθόγγος, ου, δ, (φθέγγομαι) a rocal sound, Ro. 10. 18. 1 Co. 14. 7.

Φθονέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. έφθόνησα, to envy, Ga. 5. 26: from

Φθόνος, ου, δ, envy, jealousy, spite, Mat. 27. 18. Mar. 15. 10, et al.

Φθορά, ᾶs, ἡ, (φθείρω) corruption, decay, ruin; corruptiblity, mortality, Ro. 8, 21.
1 Co. 15. 42; meton. corruptible, perishable substance, 1 Co. 15. 50; killing, slaughter, 2 Pe.
2 12; spiritual ruin, Ga. 6.
8. Col.
22; met. moral corruption, depravity, 2 Pe. 1. 4; 2. 12, 19.

Φιάλη, ης, ή, a bowl, shallow cup, patera, Re. 5. 8; 15. 7; 16. 1-4, et al. (α.)

Φιλάγαθος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & dγαθός) a lover of goodness, or, of the good, a fosterer of virtue, Tit. 1.8.

Φιλαδελφία, as, ή, brotherly love; in N. T.. love of the Christian brotherhood, Ro. 12. 10. 1 Th. 4. 9, et al.: (L. G.) from

Φιλάδελφος, ου, δ, ή, (φίλος & άδελφός) brother-loving; in N. T., loving the members of the Christian brotherhood, 1 Pe. 3. 8.

Φίλανδρος, ου, ή, (φίλος & ἀνήρ) husband-loving, conjugal, Tit. 2. 4.

Φιλανθρωπία, ας, ή, (φιλάνθρωπος, loving mankind, humane, fr. φίλος & ἄνθρωπος) philanthropy, love of mankind, Tit. 3. 4; benevolence, humanity, Ac. 28. 2.

Φιλ 1νθρώπως, adv. (fr. same) hu-

inanely, benevolently, kindly, Ac. 27. 3.

Φιλαργυρία, as, ή, love of money covetousness, 1 Ti. 6. 10: from

Φιλάργύρος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & άργυρος) money-loving, covetous, Lu 16, 14.

Φίλαυτος, ου, δ, ή, (φίλος & αὐτός) self-loving; selfish, 2 Ti. 3. 2.

Φιλέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐφίλησα, pr. to manifest some act or token of kindness or affection; to kiss, Mat. 26. 48. Mar. 14. 44. Lu. 22. 47; to love, regard with affection, have affection for, Mat. 10. 37. Jno. 5. 20; to like, be fond of, delight in a thing, Mat. 23. 6. Re. 22. 15; to cherish inordinately, set store by, Jno. 12. 25; followed by an infin., to be wont, Mat. 6. 5.

Φίλη, ης, ή, (φίλος) a female friend, Lu. 15. 9.

Φιλήδονος, ου, ό, ἡ, (φίλος & ἡδουή) pleasure-loving; a lover of pleasure, 2 Ti. 3. 4.

Φίλημα, ατος, τό, (φιλέω) a kiss, Lu. 7. 45; 22. 48. Ro. 16. 16, et al. Φιλία, ας, ή, (φίλος) affection, fond-

Φιλια, ας, η, (Φιλος) affection, for ness, love, Ja. 4.

Φιλιππήσιος, ου, δ, a Philippiar, citizen of Φίλιπποι, Philippi, Ph. 4.

Φιλόθεος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος & θεός) God-loving, pious; a lover of God, 2 Ti. 3. 4.

Φιλονεικία, as, ή, a love of contention; rivalry, contention, Lu. 22. 24: from

Φιλόνεικος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & νεῖκος, contention) fond of contention; contentious, disputatious, 1 Co. 11. 16.

Φιλοξενία, ας, ή, kindness to strangers, hospitality, Ro. 12. 13. He. 13. 2: from

Φιλόξενος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & ξένος) kind to strangers, hospitable, 1 Ti. 3. 2. Tit. 1. 8. 1 Pe. 4. 9.

Φιλοπρωτεύω, (φίλος & πρωτεύω) to love or desire to be first or chief, affect preeminence, 3 Jno. 9. N. T.

Φίλος, ου, ό, loved, dear; as subst. a friend, Lu. 7. 6; 11. 5, 6, 8, et al.: a congenial associate, Mat. 11, 15.

La. 7. 34. Ja. 4. 4; used as a word of courteous compellation, Lu. 14. 10. Φιλοσοφία, as, η, pr. a love of science; systematic philosophy; in

N. T., the philosophy of the Jewish gnosis, Col. 2. 8: from

Φιλόσοφος, ου, δ, (φίλος & σοφίας) pr. a lover of science; a systematic philosopher, Ac. 17. 18.

Φιλόν τοργος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & στορ γή, natural affection) tenderly affectionate, Ro. 12. 10.

Φιλότεκνος, ου, ό, ή, (φίλος & τέκνον) loving one's children duly

parental, Tit. 2. 4.

Φιλοτιμέομαι, οῦμαι, f. ήσομαι, (φιλότιμος, studious of honour or distinction, fr. φίλος & τιμή) pr. to be ambitious of honour; by impl. to exert one's self to accomplish a thing, use one's utmost efforts, endeavour earnestly, Ro. 15. 20. 2 Co. 5. 9. 1 Th. 4. 11.

διλοφρόνως, adv. with kindly feeling or manner, courteously, Ac. 28. 7: from

Φιλόφρων, ονος, δ, ή, (φίλος & φρήν) kindly-minded, benign, courteous, 1 Pe. 3. 8.

Φῖμόω, ῶ, f. ώσω, a. 1. ἐφίμωσα, p. pass. πεφίμωμαι, a. l. ἐφιμώθην, p. pass. περιμομαι, a. 1. εφιμοσης, (φως, a muzzle) to muzzle, 1 Co. 9. 9. 1 Ti. 5. 18; met. & by impl. to silence, put to silence; pass. to be silent, speechless, Mat. 22. 12, 34. Mar. 1. 25, et al.; trop. pass. to be hunded as saids and screen Mar. hushed, as winds and waves, Mar. 4.

Φλογίζω, f. ίσω, to set in a flame, kindle, inflame, Ja. 3. 6, bis.: from

Φλόξ, φλογός, ή, (φλέγω, to burn, blaze) a flame, Lu. 16. 24. Ac. 7. 30. et al.

 $\Phi \lambda \nu \bar{a} \rho \epsilon \omega$, $\hat{\omega}$, f. $\dot{\eta} \sigma \omega$, to talk folly; in N. T., trans. to prate about or against any one, 3 Jno. 10: from

Φλύαρος, ου, ό, ή, (φλύω, to boil over, bubble; met. to babble) a prater, tattler, 1 Ti. 5. 13.

 $\Phi \circ \beta \in \rho \circ s$, \acute{a} , $\acute{o}\nu$, fearful; terrible, He. 10. 27, 31; 12. 21: from

Φοβέω, ω, f. ήσω, (φόβος) to terrify, frighten; mid. a. l. ἐφοβήθην, f. doβηθήντμαι, to fear, dread, Mat. 11. 28. Lu. 11. 46. Φορτίον, ου, τό, a load, burden;

tially, to reverence, Mar. 6. 20. 1.0 1. 50. Ac. 10. 2. Eph. 5. 33. Re. 11. Ha, et al.; to be affaid to do a thing, Mat. 2. 22. Mar. 9. 32, et al.; to be reluctant, to scruple, Mat. 1. 20; to fear, be apprehensive, Ac. 27, 17, 2 Co. 11, 3; 12, 20; to be fearfully anxious, He. 4, 1; absol. to be fearful, afraid, alarmed, Mat. 14. 27; 17. 6, 7. Mar. 16. 8, et al.; to be fearfully impressed, Ro. 11. 20: whence

Φόβητρον, ου, τό, something which inspires terror; terrific prodigy or

portent, Lu. 21. 11.

 $\Phi \delta \beta o s$, o v, δ , $(\Phi \delta \beta o \mu a i$, to be affrighted, to flee) fear, terror, affright, Mat. 14. 26. Lu. 1. 12; astonishment, amazement, Mat. 28. 8. Mar. 4. 41; trembling solicitude, 1 Co. 2. 2 Co. 7. 15; meton. a terror, an object or cause of terror, Ro. 13. 3; reverential fear, awe, Ac. 9. 31. Ro. 3. 18; respect, deference, Ro. 13. 7 1 Pe. 2. 18.

Φοίνιξ, ϊκος, δ, the palm-tree, the date-palm, phoenix dactylifera of Linn., Jno. 12. 13. Re. 7. 9.

Φονεύς, έως, ό, (φόνος) a homicide, murderer, Mat. 22. 7. Ac. 3. 14, et al.

Φονεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐφόνευσα, to put to death, kill, slay, Mat. 23. 31, 35, et al.; absol. to commit murder, Mat. 5. 21, et al.: from

Φόνος, ου, ό, a killing, slaughter, murder, Mat. 15. 19. Mar. 7. 21: 15. 7, et al.

Φορέω, ῶ, f. ήσω & έσω, a. 1. ἐφόρeva, to bear; to wear, Mat. 11. 8. 1 Co. 15.49 et al.

Φόρον, ου, τό, (Lat. *forum*) a forum, market-place; Φόρον Αππίου, Forum Appii, the name of a small town on the Appian way, according to Autoninus, 43 Roman miles from Rome, or about 40 English miles, Ac. 28, 15,

Φόρος, ου, δ, (ϕ έρω) tribute, tax, strictly such as is laid on dependent and subject people, Lu. 20. 22; 23. 2. Ro. 13. 6, 7

Φορτίζω, f. ίσω, p. pass. πεφόρτισμαι, (φόρτος, a load, φέρω) to load, lade, burden; met. Mat. 11. 28. Lu.

of a ship, freight, cargo, v. r. Ac. 27. 10; met. a burden of imposed precepts, &c., Mat. 11. 30; 23. 4. Lu. 11. 46, bis; of faults, sins, &c., Ga. 6. 5: from

Φόρτος, ου, ό, (φέρω) a load, burden; freight, cargo, Ac. 27. 10.

Φραγέλλιον, ίου, τό, (Lat. flagellum) a whip, scourge, Jno. 2. 15: (N. T.) whence

Φραγελλόω, ω, f. ώσω, to scourge, Mat. 27. 26. Mar. 15. 15. N. T.

Φραγμός, οῦ, ὁ, (Φράσσω) a fence, hedge; a hedgeaide path, Mat. 21. 33. Mar. 12. l. Lu. 14. 23; met. a parting fence, Ep. 2. 14.

Φράζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἔφρασα, pr. to propound in distinct terms, to tell; in N. T., to explain, interpret, expound, Mat. 13.36; 15.15.

Φράσσω, ν. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἔφραξα, to fence in; by impl. to obstruct, stop, close up, He. 11. 33; met. to silence, put to silence, Ro. 3. 19; 2 Co. 11. 10.

Φρέαρ, φρέατος, τό, a well, cistern, Lu. 14. 5. Jno. 4. 11, 12; a pit, Re. 9. 1, 2.

Φρεναπατάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (φρήν & ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind; to deceive, impose on, Ga. 6. 3: (N. T.) whence

Φρεναπάτης, ου, δ, a deceiver, seducer, Tit. 1. 10. (ä) N. T.

 Φ ρήν, ενός, $\tilde{\eta}$, pr. the diaphragm, midriff; the mind, intellect, 1 Co. 14. 20, bis.

Φρίσσω, ν. ττω, 1. ξω, p. πέφρικα, a. l. έφριξα, to be ruffled, to bristle; to shudder from fear, Ja. 2.

Φρονέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. l. ἐφρόνησα, (φοὴν) to think, to mind; to be of opinion, Ac. 28. 22. Phi. l. 7; to take thought, be considerate, Phi. 4. 10; to entertain sentiments or inclinations of a specific kind, to be minded, Ro. 12. 16; 15. 5. l. Co. 13. ll. 2 Co. 13. ll. 2 Go. 15. ll. 25. 5. l. Co. 12. 2; 3. 16; 4. 2; to be in a certain frame of mind, Ro. 12. 3. Phi. 2. 5; to ween, entertain conceit, l. Co. 4. 6; to heed, pay regard to, Ro. 14. 6; to incline to, be set upon, mind, Mat. 16. 23. Mar. 8. 33. Ro. 8. 5. Phi. 3. 18, 19. Col. 3. 2: sobsoos

Φρόνημα, ατος, τό, frame of thought will, mind, Ro. 8. 6, 7, 27.

Φρόνησις, εως, ή, a thoughtful frame, sense, rightmindedness, Lu. 1. 17; intelligence, Ep. 1. 8.

Φρόνϊμος, η, ον, considerate, thoughtful, prudent, discreet, Mat. 7. 24; 10. 16; 24. 45, et al.; sagacious, wise, Ro. 11. 25; 12. 16. 1 Co. 4. 10; 10. 15. 2 Co. 11. 19: tohence

Φρονίμως, adv. considerately, providently, Lu. 16. 8.

Φροντίζω, f. ίσω, p. πεφρόντικα; a. l. ἐφρόντισα, (φροντίε, thought, care, fr. φρονέω) to be considerate, be careful. Tit. 3, 8.

Φρουρέω, ῶ, f. ησω, (φρουρός, a watcher, guard) to keep watch; trams. to guard, watch, with a mititary guard, 2 Co. 11. 32; to keep in a condition of restraint, Ga. 3. 23; to keep in a state of settlement or security, Phi. 4. 7. 1 Pc. 1. 5.

Φρυάσσω, f. ξω, a. l. εφρύαξα, in classical usage φρυάσσομα, pr. to snort, neigh, stamp, &c. as a high-spirited horse; hence, to be noisy fierce, insolent, and tumultuous, terage, tumultuate, Ac. 4. 25. S.

Φρύγἄνον, ου, τό, (φρύγω, ν. φρύσσω, to parch) a dry twig, branch, &c., faggot, Ac. 28. 3.

Φυγή, η̂s, η̂, (φεύγω) a fleeing, flight, Mat. 24, 20. Mar. 13. 18.

Φυλάκη, ης, η, (φυλάσσω) a keeping watch, ward, guard, Lu. 2. 8; a place of watch, haunt, Re. 18. 2; a watch, guard, body of guards, Ac. 12. 10; ward, custody, imprisonment, 2 Co. 6. 5; 11. 23. He. 11. 36; durance, 1 Pe. 3. 19; a place of custody, prison, Mat. 14. 10; 25. 39, 44; a watch or division of the night, which in the time of our Saviour was divided into four variches of three hours each, called byt, μεσονύκτιον, έλεκτοροφωνία, & πρωία, ν. πρωί, Mat. 14. 25; 24. 43. Mar. 6. 48. Lu. 12. 38, bis: whence

Φυλακίζω, f. ίσω, to deliver into custody, put in prison, imprison, Ac. 22. 19. 8.

Φυλακτήριον, ίου, τό, (φυλασσω) the station of a guard or watch; a preservative, safeguard; hence, a phylactery or amulet, soorm about the person; from which circumstance

the word is used in the N. T. as a term for the Jewish Tephillin or prayer-fillets, which took their rise from the injunction, Deut. 6. 8; 11. 18. Mat. 23. 5.

Φύλαξ, ἄκος, ό, a watchman, guard, sentinel, Ac. 5. 23; 12. 6,19: from

Φυλάσσω, v. ττω, f. ξω, a. 1. ἐφυλαξα, to be on watch, keep watch, Lu. 2. 8; to have in keeping, Ac. 22. 20; to have in custody, Ac. 28. 16; to keep water restraint, confine, Lu. 8. 29. Ac. 12. 4; 23. 35; to guard, defend, Lu. 11. 21; to keep safe, preserve, Jno. 12. 25; 17. 12. 2 Th. 3. 3. 2 Pe. 2. 5. Jude 24; to keep in abstinence, debar, Ac. 21. 25. 1 Jno. 5. 21; to observe a matter of injunction or duty, Mat. 19. 20. Mar. 10. 20. Lu. 11. 28; 18. 21. Ac. 7. 53; 16. 4; 21. 24, et al.; mid. to be on one's guard, beware, Lu. 12. 15. 2 Ti. 4.

Φυλή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, ($\hat{\phi}$ ύω) a tribe, Mat. 19. 28; 24. 30. Lu. 2. 36; a people, nation. Re. 1. 7; 5. 9, et al.

Φύλλον, ου, τό, a leaf, Mat. 21. 19, et al.

Φύρāμα, ατος, τό, (φυράω, to mix, mingle by kneading, &c.) that which is mingled and reduced to a uniform consistence by kneading, beating, treading, &c.; a mass of potter's clay, Ro. 9. 21; of dough, 1 Co. 5. 6. Ga. 5. 9; met. Ro. 11. 16. 1 Co. 5. 7.

Φυσικός, ή, στ, (φύσις) natural, agreeable to nature, Ro. 1. 26, 27; following the instinct of nature, as animals, 2 Pe. 2. 12: whence

Φυσικώς, adv. naturally, by natural instinct, Jude 10.

Φυσιόω, ω, f. ωσω, p. pass. πεφυσώμα, used in N. T. as an equivament to ψυσώ, to inflate, puff up; met. to inflate with pride and vanity, l Co. 8. 1; pass. to be inflated with pride, to be proud, vain, arrogant, l Co. 4. 6, 19; 5. 2; 8. 1; 13. 4, et al.

Φύσις, εως, ή, (φύω) essence, Ga. 4. 8; native condition, birth, Ro. 2. 27; 11. 21, 24. Ga. 2. 15. Eph. 3. 3; native species, kind, Ja. 3. 7; nature, natural frame, 2 Pc. 1. 4; nature, native instinct, Ko. 2. 14; 1 Co. 11. 14; nature, prescribed course of nature, Ro. 1. 26.

Φυσίωσις, εως, ή, (φυσιόω) pr. in flation; met. elation of mind, pride, 2 Co. 12. 20. N. T.

Φυτεία, αs, ή, plantation, the act of planting; a plant, met. Mat. 15.
 13: from

Φυτεύω, f. εύσω, a. 1. ἐφύτευσα, (φυτόν, a plant, fr. φύω) to plant, set, Mat. 21. 33. Lu. 13. 6, et al.; met. Mat. 15. 13; to plant the Gospel, 1 Co. 3. 6-8.

Φύω, f. φύσω, p. πέφῦκα, a. 2. pass. ἐψύην, to generate, produce; pass. to be generated, produced; of plants, to germinate, sprout, Lu. 8. 6; intrans. to germinate, spring or grow up, He. 12. 15.

Φωλεός, οῦ, ὁ, a den, lair, burrow, Mat. 8. 20. Lu. 9. 58.

Φωνέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ἐφώνησα, to sound, utter a sound; of the cock, to crow, Mat. 26, 34, 74, 75; to call, or cry out, exclaim, Lu. 8, 8, 54; 16. 24; 23. 46; to call to, Mat. 27. 47. Mar. 3. 31, et al.; to call, entitle, Jno. 13. 13; to call, summon, Mat. 20. 32, et al.; to invite to a feast, Lu. 14. 12: from

 $\Phi\omega\nu\dot{\eta},\ \hat{\eta s},\ \dot{\eta},\ a\ sound,\ Mat.\ 24.\ 31.\ Jno.\ 3.\ 8.\ Re.\ 4.\ 5;\ 8.\ 5;\ a\ cry,\ Mat.\ 2.\ 18;\ an articulate sound,\ voice,\ Mat.\ 3.\ 17;\ 17.\ 5;\ 27.\ 46,\ 50;\ voice,\ speech,\ discourse,\ Jno.\ 10.\ 16,\ 27.\ Ac.\ 7.\ 3i;\ 12.\ 22;\ 18.\ 27.\ He.\ 3.\ 7.\ 15;\ tone\ of\ address,\ Ga.\ 4.\ 20;\ language,\ tongue,\ dialect,\ 1\ Co.\ 14.\ 10.$

Φῶs, φωτόs, τό, (contr. for φάοs) light, Mat. 17. 2. 2 Co. 4. 6; day-light, broad day, Mat. 10. 27. Lu. 12. 3; radiance, blaze of light, Mat. 4. 16. Ac. 9. 3; 12. 7, et al.; an instrument or means of light, a light, Mat. 6. 23. Ac. 16. 29; a fire, Mar. 14. 54. Lu. 22. 56; fr. Heb., the light of God's presence, 2 Co. 11. 14. 1 Tl. 6. 16; met. the light of divine truth, spiritual illumination, Lu. 16. 8. Jno. 3. 19. Ro. 13. 12. Eph. 5. 8. 1 Pe. 2. 9. 1 Jno. 1. 7; 2. 8, 9, 10, et al.; a source or dispenser of spiritual light, Mat. 5. 14. Jno. 1. 4, 5, 7, 8, 9; 8. 12; 9. 5, et al.; pure radiance, perfect brightness, 1 Jno. 15. control 15

1. 5: υλεπος Φωστήρ, ῆρος, ο, a cause of light, illuminator; a light, luminary, Fig. 15; radiance, or, luminary, Re. 21.11.

• ωσφόρος, ου, δ, ή, (φῶς & φέρω) light-bringing; sc. ἀστήρ, Lucifer, the morning star, met. 2 Pe. 1. 19.

Φωτεινός, ή, όν, (φῶς) radiant, lustrous, Mat. 17. 5; enlightened, illuminated, Mat. 6. 22. Lu. 11. 34, 36, bis.

Φωτίζω, f. ίσω, a. l. ἐφώτισα, (fr. same) to light, give light to, inuminate. shine upon, Lu. il. 36. Re. 18. l; met. to enlighten spiritually, Jno. l. 9. Ep. l. 18; 3. 9; He. 6. 4; 10. 32; to reveal, to bring to light, make known, 1 Co. 4. 5. 2 Ti. l. 10: whence

Φωτισμός, οῦ, ὁ, illumination; a shining forth, effulgence, 2 Co. 4. 4, 6. S

X.

Xaιρω, f. χαιρήσω, &, 1ater, χαρήσομα, a. 2. ἐχάρην, to rejoice, be glad, be joyful, be full of joy, Mat. 2. 10; 5. 12; 18. 13. Mar. 14. 11. Ro. 12. 12. 2 Co. 2. 3; imperat. χαίρε, χαίρενε, determ of salutation, hail, Mat. 26. 49; λέγω χαίρειν, to greet, 2 Jno. 10, 11; infin. χαίρειν, an epistolary formula, health, Ac. 15. 28.

Xάλαζα, as, ή, hail, Re. 8. 7; 11. 19; 16. 21, bis: from

Xaλάω, $\hat{\omega}$, f. άσω, a. 1. $\epsilon \chi$ άλἄσα, to slacken; to let down, lower, Mar. 2. 4. Lu. 5. 4, et al.

Xaλεπός, ή, όν, hard, rugged; furious, ferocious, Mat. 8. 28; trying, 2 Ti 3.1.

Xαλιναγωγέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, (χαλινός & ἄγω) pr. to guide with a bridle; mct. to bridle, control, sway, Ja. 1. 26; 3.2. L. G.

Xaλινός, ου, ό, a bridle, bit, curb, Ja. 3. 3.

Χάλκεος, έα & έη, εον, contr. οῦς, $\hat{\eta}$, οῦν, (χαλκός) brazen, Re. 9. 20.

Xαλκεύς, έως, ό, (fr. same) pr. a coppersmith; hence genr. a worker in metals, smith, 2 Ti. 4. 14.

Χαλκηδών, όνος, ό, chalcedony, the name of a gem, generally of a whitish,

blash or grey colour, susceptible of a high and beautiful polish, and of which there are several varieties, as the onyx, modern carnelian, &c., Re. 21. 19.

Xαλκίον, ου, τό, (χαλκός) a vessel, copper, brazen utensil, Mar. 7. 4.

Xαλκολίβανον, ου, δ, orichalcum, fine bronze, a factitious metal of which there were several varieties, the white being of the highest reputa or, deep-tinted frankincense, Re. 1, 15; 2.18. N. T.

Xaλκόs, οῦ, ὁ, copper, also, bronze, Re. 18. 12; a brazen musical instrument, 1 Co. 13. 1; copper money, Mat. 10. 9; money in general, Mar 6. 8; 12. 41.

Χαλκοῦς, εεε Χάλκεος.

Xaμai, adv. on the ground, to the earth, Jno. 9. 6; 18. 6.

Xavavaîos, ala, aîov, Canaanitish, Mat. 15. 22.

Xaρά, âs, ἡ, (χαίρω) joy, gladness, rejoicing, Mat. 2. 10; 13. 20, 44; 28, 8, et al.; meton. joy, cause of joy, occasion of rejoicing, Lu. 2. 10. Phi. 4. 1. 1 Th. 2. 19, 20; bliss, Mat. 25. 21, 23.

Xάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χαράσσω, to notch, engrave) an imprinted mark, Re. 13. 16, et al.; sculpture, Ac. 17. 29.

Χαρακτήρ, ῆρος, δ, (fr. same) a graver, graving tool; an engraven or impressed device; an impress, exact expression, He. 1. 3.

Xάραξ, ακος, ό, ή, (fr. same) a stake; a pale; a military palisade, rampart, formed from the earth thrown out of the ditch and stuck with sharp stakes or palisades, Lu. 19. 43.

Xaρίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, a. 1. ἐχαρισάμην. pass. f. χαρισθήσομαι, a. 1. ἐχαρισθήσομαι, a. 1. ἐχαρισθην. (χάρις) to gratify: to bestow in kindness, grant as a free favour. Lu. 7. 21. Ro. 8. 32: to grant the deliverance of a person in favour to the desire of others, Ac. 3. 14: 27. 24. Philem. 22: to sacrifice a person to the demands of enemies, Ac. 25. 11; to remit, forgive, Lu. 7. 42. 2 Co. 2. 7, 10.

Xάριν, used as a particle governing

the gentitive case, on account of, Lu. 7. 47. Eph. 3. 1, 14. 1 Jno. 3. 12; for the sake of, in order to, Ga. 3. 19. Tit. 1. 5, 11. Jude 16; on the score of, 1 Ti. 5. 14: pr. the accus. of

Χάρις, ιτος, η, (χαίρω) pleasing show, charm; beauty, gracefulness; a pleasing circumstance, matter of approval, 1 Pe. 2. 19, 20; kindly bearing, graciousness, Lu. 4. 22; a beneficial opportunity, benefit, 2 Co. 1. 15. Eph. 4. 29; a charitable act, generous gift, 1 Co. 16. 3. 2 Co. 8. 4, generous gnt., 1 co. 10. 5. 2 co. 5. 3, 6, et al.; an act of favour, Ac. 25. 3; favour, acceptance, Lu. 1. 30, 52. Ac. 2. 47; 7. 10, 46; free favour, free gift, grace, Jno. 1. 14, 16, 17; Ro. 4. 4, 16; 11, 5, 6. Eph. 2. 5, 8. 1 Pe. 3. 7; free favour specially manifested by God towards man in the Gospel scheme, grace, Ac. 15. 11. Ro. 3. 24; 5. 15, 17, 20, 21; 6. 1. 2 Co. 4. 15, et al.; a gracious provision, gracious scheme, grace, Ro. 6, 14, 15, He. 2, 9; 12. 28; 13. 9; gracious dealing from God, grace, Ao. 14, 26; 15, 40, Ro. 1. 7, 1 Co. 1, 4; 15, 10, Ga. 1. 15, et al.; a commission graciously devolved by God upon a human agent, Ro. 1. 5; 12. 3; 15. 15. 1 Co. 3. 10. 2 Co. 1. 12. Ga. 2. 9. Eph. 3. 8; grace, graciously bestowed divine endowment or influence, Lu. 2. 40. Ac. 4. 33; 11. 23. Ro. 12. 6. 2 Co. 12. 9, et al.; grace, a graciously vouchsafed spiritual position, Ac. 11. 43. Ro. 5. 2. Ga. 5. 4. 2 Pe. 3. 18; an emotion correspondent to what is pleasing or kindly; sense of obligation, Lu. 17. 9; a grateful frame of mind, 1 Co. 10. 30; thanks, Lu. 6. 32, 33, 34. Ro. 6. 17. 1 Co. 15. 57, et al.; χάριν V. χάριτας καταθέσθαι, to oblige, gratify, Ac. 24. 27; 25. 9.

Xάρισμα, aros, τό, (χαρίζομαι) a free favour, free gift, Ro. 5. 15, 16; 6. 23. 2 Co. 1. 11, et al.; benefit, Ro. 1. 11; a divinely conferred endowment, 1 Co. 12. 4, 9, 28, 30, 31, et al. N. T.

Χαριτόω, ô, f. ώσω, p. pass. κεχαρίτωμα, (χάρις) to favour, visit with favour, to make an object of favour, to gift; pass to be visited with free favour, be an object of gracious visitation, Lu. 1.28. L. G.

Χάρτης, ου, δ, paper, 2 Jno. 12. Χάσμα, ατες, τό, (χαίνω, 1 gape, yawn) a chasm, gulf, Lu. 16

Χείλος, εος, τό, a lip, & pl. τὰ χείλη, the lips, Mat. 15. 8. Ro. 3. 13, et al.; trop. χείλος τῆς θαλάσσης, the sea-shore, He. 11. 12; meton. language, dialect, 1 Co. 14. 21.

Χειμάζω, f. άσω, (χείμα) to excite a tempest, toss with a tempest; pass. to be storm-tossed, Ac. 27. 18.

Xείμαρρος, ου, δ, (χείμα & ρεω) winter-flowing; as subst. a stream which flows in winter, but is dry in summer; a brook, Jno. 18. 1.

Χειμών, ῶνος, ὁ, (χεῖμα) stormy weather, Mat. 16. 3; a storm, tempest, Ac. 27. 20; winter, Mat. 24. 20, et al.

Χείρ, χειρός, ή, a hand, Mat. 3. 12; 4. 6; 8. 15, et al. freq.; fr. the Heb. χείρ Κυρίου, a special operation of God, Ac. 11. 21; 13. 3; εν χειρί, by agency, Ac. 7. 35. Ga. 3. 19.

Χειραγωγέω, ω, f. ήσω, to lead by the hand, Ac. 9. 8; 22. 11: (L. G.) from

Χειραγωγός, οῦ, ὁ, (χείρ & ἀγωγός, a leader) one who leads another by the hand, Ac. 13. 11.

Χειρόγραφου, ου, τό, (χείρ & γράφω) handwriting; a written form, literal instrument as distinguished from a spiritual dispensation, Col. 2. 14.

Χειροποίητος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (χείρ & ποιητός, made, fr. ποιέω) made by hand, artificial, material, Mar. 14. 58. Ac. 7. 48, et al.

Χειροτονέω, ω, f. ήσω, (χείρ & τείνω) to stretch out the hand; to constitute by voting; to appoint, constitute, Ac. 14. 23. 2 Co. 8. 19.

Χείρων, ονος, ό, ή, (irregular comparat. of κακός) worse, Mat. 9. 16. 1 Ti. 5. 8; more severe, Jno. 5. 14. He. 10. 29.

Xερουβίμ, (Heb. מרובים) cherubim, the emblematic figures, representing cherubim, on the ark, He. 9. 5.

 $X\eta\rho a$, as, $\tilde{\eta}$, (pr. fem. of $\chi\tilde{\eta}\rho$ os bereft) a widow, Mat. 23. 14. Lu. 4. 26, et al.

Xθές, adv. yesterday, Jno. 4. 52 Ac. 7. 28. He. 13. 8.

204

ΧΙλίαρχος, ου, ό, (χιλίοι & ἄρχω) pr. a chiliarch, commander of a thousand men; hence genr. a commander, military chief, Mar. 6. 21. Re. 6. 15; 19. 18; spc. a legionary tribune, Ac. 21. 31, 32, 33, 37, et al.; the prefect of the temple, Jno. 18. 12.

Xιλιάς, άδος, ή, the number one thousand, a thousand, Lu. 14. 31. Ac. 4. 4, et al.: from

Χίλιοι, αι, α, a thousand, 2 Pe. 3. 8. Re. 11. 3, et al.

Χιτών, ῶνος, ὁ, a tunic, vest, the inner garment which fitted close to the body, having armholes, and sometimes seleves, and reaching below the knees, Mat. 5 40; 10.10; pl. xirŵres, clothes, garments in general, Mar. 14.63.

Χιών, όνος, ή, snow, Mat. 28. 8. Mar. 9. 3. Re. 1. 14.

Χλαμύς, ύδος, ή, chlamys, a species of cloak; a Roman military commander's cloak, paludamentum, Mat. 27. 28, 31.

Χλευάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. έχλεύασα, (χλεύη, jest) to jeer, scoff, Ac. 2. 13;

 \mathbf{X} λι $\mathbf{\tilde{\alpha}}$ ρός, $\mathbf{\tilde{\alpha}}$, $\mathbf{\tilde{\alpha}}$ ν, $(\mathbf{\chi}\lambda\mathbf{\tilde{\iota}}\omega$, to become warm) warm, tepid; lukewarm, Re.

Κλωρός, ά, όν, (χλόη, the first tender shoot of vegetation) pale green; green, verdant, Mar. 6. 39.
 Re. 8. 7; 9. 4; pale, sallow, Re.

XES', six hundred and sixty-six, the number denoted by these letters, viz. $\chi'=600, \xi'=60, \varsigma'=6$, Re. 13. 18.

Χοϊκός, ή, όν, (χόος, a heap of earth) of earth, earthy, 1 Co. 15. 47, 48, 49. N. T.

Χοινιξ, ικος, η, a chomix, an Attic measure for things dry, being the 48th part of a medimnus, consequently equal to the 8th part of the Roman modius, & nearly equivalent to about one quart, being considered a sufficient daily allowance for the sustenance of one man, Re. 6. 6, bis.

Xoi ρ os, ou, δ , $\dot{\eta}$, pr. a young swine; a swine, hog or sow, Mat. 8. 30, 31, 32. et al.

Χολάω, ω, (χολή, considered as the Χρεωφειλέτης, ου, δ, (χρέος, ε

seat or cause of anger and of melan-choly) pr. to be melancholy; used later as an equivalent to χολούμαι, to be angry, incensed, Jno. 7. 23.

Xολή, ης, ή, the bile, gall; m N. T., a bitter ingredient, as wormwood, Mat. 27. 34; χολη πικρίας, intense bitterness, met. thorough disaffection to divine truth, utter estrangement, Ac. 8. 23.

Xóos, χοῦς, gen. χοός, dat. χοί, acc. χοῦς, (χέω) earth dug out and heaped up; loose earth, dirt, dust, Mar. 6. 11. Re. 18. 19.

Χορηγέω, ω, ε. ήσω, (χορός & ηγέομαι) to lead a chorus; at Athens to defray the cost of a chorus; hence, to supply funds; to supply, furnish, 2 Co. 9. 10. 1 Pe. 4. 11.

Xoρόs, ου, ό, dancing with music, Lu. 15. 25.

Χορτάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. ἐχόρτασα, (χόρτος) pr. to feed or fill with grass, herbage, &c., to fatten; used of animals of prey, to satiate, gorge, Re. 19. 21; of persons, to satisfy with food, Mat. 14. 20; 15. 33, 37; met. to satisfy the desire of any one, Mat. 5. 6, et al.: whence

Χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, pasture, provender for cattle; food, provision, sustenance, for men, Ac. 7. 11. L. G.

Χόρτος, ου, ο, an inclosure; pasture ground; fodder for beasts; in N. T., herbage, verdure, Mat. 6. 30; 14. 19, et al.; a plant of corn, Mat. 13. 26. Mar. 4. 28.

Xoûs, see xóos.

Χράομαι, ῶμαι, f. χρήσομαι, to use, to make use of, employ, Ac. 27. 17. 1 Co. 7. 31, et al.; to avail one's self of, 1 Co. 7. 21; 9. 12, 15; to use, to treat, behave towards, Ac. 27. 3. 2 Co. 13. 10: whence

 $X\rho\epsilon ia$, as, η , use; need, necessity, requisiteness, Ep. 4. 29. He. 7. 11; personal need, an individual want, Ac. 20. 34. Ro. 12. 13. Phi 2. 25, 4. 16, 19; χρείαν έχω, to need, require, want, Mat. 6. 8; 14. 16. Mar. 2. 25. Jno. 2. 25; ἐστὶ χρεία, there is need, Lu. 10. 42; τὰ πρός τὴν χρείαν, neces-sary things, Ac. 28. 10, et al.; a ne-cessary business affair, Ac. 6. 3.

205

4ebt, & δφειλέτης) one who owes a debt, a debtor, Lu. 7. 41; 16. 5. L. G.

 $X\rho\dot{\eta}$, imperson. verb, there is need or occasion, it is necessary, it is requisite; it behoves, it becometh, it is proper, Ja. 3. 10.

Χρήζω, (χρεία) to need, want, desire, Mat. 6. 32. Lu. 11. 8; 12. 30. Ro. 16. 2. 2 Co. 3. 1.

Κρημα, aros, τό, (γράομαι) any thing useful, or needful; plur. wealth, riches, Mar. 10. 23, 24. Lu. 18. 24; money, Ac. 8. 18, 20; 24. 26; sing. price, Ac. 4. 37: whence

Χρηματίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. έχρημάτισa, to have dealings, transact business; to negociate; to give answer on deliberation; in N. T., pass, to be divinely instructed, receive a revelation or warning from God, Mat. 2. 12, 22. Lu. 2. 26. Ac. 10. 22. He. 8.5; 11.7; 12.25; intrans. to receive an appellation, be styled, Ac. 11. 26. Ro. 7. 3: whence

Χρηματισμός, οῦ, ὁ, ɨn Ν. Τ., a response from God, a divine communication, oracle, Ro. 11. 4.

Χρήσιμος, η, ον, ▼. δ, ή, τὸ, -ον, useful, profitable, 2 Ti. 2. 14: from

Χρησις, εως, ή, use, employment; manner of using, Ro. 1. 26, 27.

Χρηστεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, (χρηστός) to be gentle, benign, kind, 1 Co. 13.
4. N. T.

Χρηστολογία, ας, ή, (χρηστός & λόγος) bland address, fair speaking, Ro. 16. 18. N. T.

Χρηστός, ή, όν, (χράομαι) useful, profitable; good, agreeable, Lu. 5. 39; easy, as a yoke, Mat. 11. 30; gentle, benign, kind, obliging, gra-cious, Lu. 6. 35. Ep. 4. 32. Ro. 2. 4. 1 Pe. 2. 3; good, in character, disposition, &c., virtuous, 1 Co. 15. 33: whence

Χρηστότης, τητος, ή, pr. utility; goodness, kindness, gentleness, Ro. 2. 4; 11. 22, et al.; kindness shown, beneficence, Ep. 2. 7; goodness, virtue, Ro. 3. 12.

Κρήσω, fut. of κίχρημι, a. 1. έχρησα, to lend, Lu. 11, 5.

Χρίσμα, ατος, τό, (χρίω) pr. any thing which is applied by smearing;

ointment, unguent; in N. T., an anointing, unction, in the reception of spiritual privileges, 1 Jno. 2. 20 27, bis.

Χριστιανός, οῦ, ὁ, a Christian, foklower of Christ, Ac. 11. 26; 26. 28. 1 Pe. 4. 16: from

Χριστός, οῦ, ὁ, pr. anointed; ὁ Χριστός, the Christ, the Anointed One, i. q. Merrias, the Messiah, Mat. 1. 16, 17. Jno. 1. 20, 25, 42, et al. freq.; meton. Christ, the word or doctrine of Christ, 2 Co. 1. 19, 21. accurne of curist, 2 Co. 1. 19, 21. Ep. 4. 20; Christ, a truly Christian frame of doctrine and affection, Ro. 8. 10. Ga. 4. 19; Christ, the Church of Christ, 1 Co. 12. 12; Christ, the distinctive privileges of the Gospel of Christ, Ga. 3. 27. Ph. 3. 8. He. 3. 14: from

Χρίω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἔχρισα, to anoint; in N. T., to anoint, by way of instituding to a dignity, function, or privilege, Lu. 4. 18. Ac. 4. 27; 10. 38. 2 Co. 1. 21. He. 1. 9.

Χρονίζω, f. ίσω, At. ιῶ, a. 1. ἐχρόνoa, to while, spend time; to linger, delay, be long, Mat. 24. 48; 25. 5. Lu. 1. 21; 12. 45. He. 10. 37: from

Χρόνος, ου, ό, time, whether in respect of duration or a definite point of its lapse, Mat. 2. 7; 25. 19, et al. freq.; an epoch, era, marked duration, Ac. 1. 7. 1 Th. 5. 1.

Χρονοτρίβέω, ω, f. ήσω, (χρόνος & $\tau \rho (\beta \omega)$ to spend time, while away time, linger, delay, Ac. 20. 16.

Χρύσευς, η, ον, contr. ους, η, ουν, (χρυσός) golden, of gold, 2 Ti. 2. 20. He. 9. 4, et al.

Χρυσίον, ίου, τό, (dim. fr. χρυσός) gold, He. 9. 4. 1 Pe. 1. 7. Re. 21. 18, 21; spc. gold when coined or manufactured; golden ornaments, 1 Pe. 3. 3; gold coin, money, Ac. 3. 6: 20. 33. 1 Pe. 1. 18.

Κρυσοδακτύλιος, ου, ό, ή, (χρυσύς & δακτύλιος) having rings of gold on the fingers, Ja. 2. 2. N. T.

Χρυσόλιθος, ου, ή, (χρυσός & λίθos) chrysolite, a name applied by the ancients to all gems of a gold colour, spc. the modern topaz, Re. 21. 20.

Χρυσόπράσος, ου, δ, (χρυσύς 🕭 πράσον, a leek) a chrysoprase, a sp

cles of gem of a golden green colour like that of a leek, Re. 21. 20.

Χρῦσός, οῦ, ὁ, gold, Mat. 2. 11; 23. 16, 17; *meton*. gold ornaments, 1 Ti. 2. 9; gold coin, money, Mat. 10. 9, et al.

Χρυσούς, εεε χρύσεος.

Χρυσόω, ῶ, f. ὡσω, p. pass. κεχρύσωμαι, (χρυσές) to gild, overlay with gold, adorn or deck with gold, Re. 17. 4; 18. 16.

Χρώς, χρωτός, ό, the skin; the body, Ac. 19. 12.

Χωλός, ή, όν, crippled in the feet, limping, haiting, lame, Mat. 11. 5; 15. 30, 31, et al.; met. limping, weak, spiritually, He. 12. 13; maimed, deprived of a foot, for ἀναπηρός, Mar. 9. 45.

Xώρα, as, η, space, room; a country, region, tract, province, Mar. 5. 10. Lu. 2. 8; a district, territory, environs, Mat. 8. 28; meton. the inhabitants of a country, region, &c., Mar. 1. 5. Ac. 12. 20; the country, as opposed to the city or town, Lu. 21. 21; a field, farm, Lu. 12. 16. Jno. 4. 35.

Χωρέω, ῶ, f. ἡσω, a. 1. ἐχώρησα, (fr. same) to make room either by motion or capacity; to move, pass, Mat. 15. 17; to proceed, go on, 2 Pe. 8. 9; to progress, make way, Jno. 8. 87; trans. to hold as contents, contain, afford room for, Mar. 2. 2. Jno. 2. 6; 21. 25; met. to give mental admittance to, to yield accordance, Mat. 19. 11, 12; to admit to approbation and esteem, to regard cordially, 2 Co. 7. 2

Χωρίζω, f. ίσω, a. 1. ἐχώρισα, (χωρίς) to sunder, sever, disunite, Mat. 19. 6. Ro. 8. 35, 39; πιάι, a. 1. ἐχωρίσθην, p. κεχώρισμα, to dissociate one's self, to part., 1 Co. 7. 10, 11, 15; to withdraw, depart, A. c. 1. 4; 18. 1, 2. Philem. 15; to be aloof, He. 7. 26.

Χωρίον, ου, τό, (pr. dim. fr. χώρος) a place, spot, Mat. 26. 36. Mar. 14. 32; a field, farm, estate, domain, Jno. 4. 5. Ac. 1. 18, et al.

Kwpis adv. apart, Jno. 20. 7; apart from, parted from, Jno. 15. 5. Ja. 2. 18, 20, 26; alien from, Eph. 2. 12; apart from, on a distinct footing

from, 1 Co. 11. 11; apart from, distinct from, without the intervention of, Ro. 3. 21, 28; 4. 6; apart from the company of, independently of, 1 Co. 4. 8. He. 11. 40; without the presence of, He. 9. 28; without the apercy of, Jno. 1. 3. Ro. 10. 14; without the employment of, Mat. 13. 34. Mar. 4. 34. He. 7. 20, 21; 9. 7, 18, 22; without, Lu. 6. 49. Phi. 2. 14. 1 Ti. 2. 8; 5. 21. Philem. 14. He. 10. 28; 11. 6; 12. 8, 14; clear from, He. 7. 7; irrespectively of, Ro. 7. 8, 9; without reckoning, besides, Mat. 14. 21; 15. 38. 2 Co. 11. 28; with the exception of, He. 4. 15. Acons. ov. 6. Cornes or Course the

Xôpos, ov, ô, Corus, or Caurus, the north-west wind; meton. the northwest quarter of the heavens, Ac. 27, 12.

Ψ.

Ψάλω, f. ψαλῶ, a. 1. ἔψηλα (ψάω, to touch) to move by a touch to twitch; to touch, strike the strings or chords of an instrument; absol. to play on a stringed instrument; te sing to music; in N. T., to sing praises, Ro. 15. 9. 1 Co. 14. 15. Ep. 5. 19. Ja. 5. 13: whence

Ψαλμός, οῦ, ὁ, impulse, touch, oj the chords of a stringed instrument; in N. T., a sacred song, psalm, 1 Co 14. 26. Ep. 5. 19, et al.

Ψευδαδελφός, οῦ, ὁ, (ψευδής & άδελφός) à false brother, à pretended Christian, 2 Co. 11. 26. Ga. 2. 4

Ψευδαπόστολος, ου, ό, (ψευδής & ἀπόστολος) a false apostle, pretended minister of Christ, 2 Co. 11. 13. N. T.

Ψευδής, έος, οῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύδομαι) false, lying. Ac. 6. 13. Re. 2. 2; in N. T., pl. maintainers of religious falsehood, corrupters of the truth of God, Re. 21. 8.

Ψευδοδάσκάλος, (ψευδής & διδάσκaλος) a false teacher, one who in culcates false doctrines, 2 Pe. 2. 1. N. T.

Ψευδολόγος, ου, ό, ή, (ψευδής & λέγω) false-speaking, 1 Ti. 4. 2. Ψευδομάρ**τυ**ρ, ὔρος, ό, (ψευδής & µа́ртор) a false witness, Mat. 26. 60, bis. 1 Co. 15. 15: whence

- Ψευδομαρτύρέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, to bear false witness, give false testimony, Mat. 19. 18. Mar. 14. 56, 57, et al.: whence
- Ψευδομαρτυρία, as, ή, false witness, false testimony, Mat. 15. 19; 26. 59.
- Ψευδοπροφήτης, ου, δ, (ψευδής & προφήτης) a false prophet, one who falsely claims to speak by divine inspiration, whether as a foreteller of future events, or a teacher of doctrines, Mat. 7. 15; 24. 24, et al.
- Ψεῦδος, εος, τό, (ψεῦδομαι) falsehood, Jno. 8. 44. Ep. 4. 25. 2 Th. 2. 9, 11. 1 Jno. 2. 27; in N. T., rekņious falsehood, perversion of religious truth, false religion, Ro. 1. 25; the practices of false religion, Re. 21. 27; 22. 15.
- Ψευδόχριστος, ου, ό, (ψευδής & χριστός) a false Christ, pretended Messiah, Mat. 24. 24 Mar. 13. 22. N. T.
- Ψεύδω, f. ψεύσω, to deceive; mid. to speak falsely or deceitfully, utter falsehood, lie, Mat. 5. 11. Ro. 9. 1, et al.; trans. to deceive, or attempt to deceive, by a lie, Ac. 5. 3.
- Ψευδώνὔμος, ου, ό, ή, (ψευδής & öνομα) falsely named, falsely called, 1 Ti. 6. 20.
- Ψεὖσμα, ατος, τό, (ψεύδω) a falsehood, lie; in N. T., delinquency, Ro. 3. 7.
- Ψευστής, οῦ, ὁ, (fr. same) one who utters a falsehood, a liar, Jno. 8. 44, 55, et al.; in N. T., a delinquent, Ro. 3. 4.
- Ψηλαφάω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἐψηλάφησα, (ψάλλω, ψάω) to feel, handle, Lu. 24. 39; to feel or grope for or after, as persons in the dark, Ac. 17. 27.
- Ψηφίζω, f. ίσω, to reckon by means of pebbles, compute by counters; hence genr. to compute, reckon, calculate, Lu. 14. 28. Re. 13. 18: from
- Ψηφος, ου, η, a small stone, pebble: a pebble variously employed, especially in a ballot; hence, a vote suffrage, Ac. 26. 10; a pebble or

- stone, probably given as a token, Re 2. 17.
- Ψιθυρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω, ta whisper) a whispering; a calumnious whispering, detraction, 2 Co. 12.20. L. G.
- Ψιθυριστής, οῦ, ὁ, (fr. same) a whisperer; a calumnious whisperer, detractor, Ro. 1. 30.
- Ψτχίον, ίου, τό, (dimin. of ψίξ, a fragment, morsel) a small morsel, crumb, bit, Mat. 15. 27. Mar. 7. 28. Lu. 16. 21. N. T.
- Ψυχή, $\hat{\eta}s$, $\hat{\eta}$, (Ψύχω) breath; the principle of animal life; the life, Mat. 2. 20; 6. 25. Mar. 3. 4. Lu. 21. 19. Jno. 10. 11, et al.; an animate being; 1 Co. 15. 45; a human individual, soul, Ao. 2. 41; 3. 23; 7. 14; 27. 37. Ro. 13. 1. 1 Pe. 3. 20; the immaterial soul, Mat. 10. 28. 1 Pe. 1. 9; 2. 11, 25; 4. 19, et al.; the soul as a seat of religious and moral sentiment, Mat. 11. 29. Ao. 14. 2, 22; 15. 24. Eph. 6. 6, et al.; the soul as a seat of feeling, Mat. 12. 18; 26. 38, et al.; the soul, the immer self, Lu. 12. 19; whence
- Ψυχικός, ή, όν, pertaining to the life or the soul; in N. T., animal, as distinguished from epiritual subsistence, 1 Co. 15. 44, 46; occupied with mere animal things, animal, sensual, 1 Co. 2.14. Ja. 3.15. Jude 19.
- Ψῦχος, εος, τό, (ψύχω) cold, Jno. 18. 18. Ac. 28. 2. 2 Co. 11. 27: whence
- Ψυχρός, \acute{a} , $\acute{o}\nu$, cool, cold, Mat. 10. 42; met. Re. 3. 15, 16.
- Ψύχω, f. ξω, pass. a. 2. ἐψύγην, f. 2. ψυγήσομαι, to breathe; to cool; pass. to be cooled; met., of affection, Mat. 24. 12.
- Ψωμίζω, f. ίσω, (ψωμός) pr. to feed by morsels; hence genr. to feed, supply with food, Ro. 12. 20; to bestow in supplying food, 1 Co. 13. 3.
- Ψωμιον, ου, τό, (dimin. of ψωμός, a bit, morsel, fr. ψάω, to break into bits) a bit, morsel, mouthful, Jno. 13. 26.
- Ψώχω, f. ξω, (ψάω) to rub in pieces, as the ears of grain, Lu. 6. 1.

Greek alphabet; hence met. 70 0, the last, Re. 1. 8, 11: 21, 6: 22, 13,

[®]Ω, interj. O! Mat. 15. 28; 17. 17,

 $\Omega \delta \epsilon$, adv. ($\delta \delta \epsilon$) thus; here, in this place, Mat. 12. 6, 41; ὧδε ἡ ὧδε, here or there, Mat. 24. 23; τὰ ὧδε, the state of things here, Col. 4. 9; met. herein, in this thing, Re. 13. 10, 18; hither, to this place, Mat. 8. 29; 14. 18. et al.

 ${}^{\circ}\Omega$ ιδή, $\hat{\eta}$ s, $\hat{\eta}$, (contr. for \hat{a} οιδή, fr. aeίδω) an ode, song, hymn, Ep. 5. 19. Col. 3. 16. Re. 5. 9; 14. 3; 15. 3.

'Ωδίς, îνος, ή, & in N. T., ωδίν, (δδύνη) the three of a woman in travail, a birth-pang, 1 Th. 5. 3; pl. met. birth-throes, preliminary troubles to the development of a catastrophe, Mat. 24. 8. Mar. 13. 9; fr. the Heb. a stringent band, a snare, noose, Ac. 2. 24: whence

"Ωδίνω, f. ἴνῶ, to be in travail, Ga. 4. 27. Re. 12. 2; met to travail with to make effort to bring to spiritual birth, Ga. 4. 19. (ī.)

⁹Ωμος, ου, ό, the shoulder, Mat. 28. 4. Lu. 15. 5.

"Ωνέομαι, οῦμαι, ε. ήσομαι, ε. 1. ώνησάμην, to buy, purchase, Ac. 7. 16. Ω ó ν , $o\hat{\nu}$, τ ó, an egg, Lu. 11. 12.

 $\Omega \rho a$, as, η , a limited portion of time marked out by part of a settled routine or train of circumstances; a season of the year; time of day, Mat. 14. 15. Mar. 6. 35; 11. 11; an hour, Mat. 20. 3. Jno. 11. 9, et al.; in N. T. an eventful season, 1 Jno. 2. 18, bis. Re. 3. 10; 14. 7; due time, Jno. 16. 21 Ro. 13. 11; a destined period, hour, Mat. 26. 45. Mar. 14, 35. Jno. 2. 4; 7. 30, et al.; a short period, Mat. 26. 40. Jno. 5. 35. 2 Co. 7. 8. Ga. 2. 5. 1 Th. 2. 17. Philem. 15; a point of time, time, Mat. 8. 13; 24. 42. Lu. 2. 38, et al.: whence

 $\Omega \rho a \hat{i} o s$, a, $o \nu$, timely, seasonable; in prime, blooming; in 1. T., beautiful, Mat. 23. 27. Ac. 3. 2, 10. Ro. 10. 15. Ωρύομαι, f. ύσομαι, to howl; to

roar, as a lion, 1 Pe. 5. 8.

0, ω, Omega, the last letter of the \Os, adv. (os) as, correlatively, Ma 4. 26. Jno. 7. 46. Ro. 5. 15, et al.; as, like as, Mat. 10. 16. Eph. 5. 8, et al.; according as, Ga. 6. 10, et al.; ts, as it were, Re. 8. 8, et al.; as, Lu. 16. 1. Ac. 3. 12, et al.; before numerals, about, Mar. 5. 13, et al.; conj., that, Ac. 10. 28, et al.; how, Ro. 11. 2, et al.; when, Mat. 28. 9. Phi. 2. 23; as an exclamatory parti-cle, how, Ro. 10. 15; equivalent & ப்ராச், accordingly, He. 3. 11; also, 0 condition that, provided that, Ac. 26, 24; ώς είπειν, so to speak, He. 7. 9.

> מ (הושיעה־נא Heb. הושיעה־נא) be sanna! save now, succour now, Mat. 21. 9, 15, et al.

> Ωσαύτως, adv. (ὡς & αΰτως, αὐτός) just so, in just the same way or manner, likewise, Mat. 20. 5; 21. 30, et al.

> Ωσεί, adv. (ως & εί) as if; as it were, as, like, Mat. 3. 16; 9. 36, et al.; with terms of number or quantity, about, Mat. 14. 21. Lu. 1. 56: 22. 41, 59.

> Ωσπερ, adv. (ès & περ) just as, as, like as, Mat. 6. 2; 24. 38. 1 Th. 5. 3, et al.

Ωσπερεί, adv. (δισπερ & εί) just as if: as it were, 1 Co. 15, 8,

[©]Ωστε, conj. (ως & τε) so that, so as that, so as to, Mat. 8. 24. Mar. 2. 12. Ac. 14. 1. Ga. 2. 13; as an illative particle, therefore, consequently, Mat. 12. 12; 23. 31, et al.; in N. T. as a particle of design, in order that, in order to, Lu. 9. 52.

Ωτίον, ου, τό, (dimin. of οὖς) in N. T. simply equivalent to obs, an ear, Mat. 26. 51. Mar. 14. 47. Lu. 22. 51 Jno. 18. 10, 26.

'Ωφέλεια, as, ή, help; profit, gain, advantage, benefit, Ro. 3. 1. Jude 16: from

' Ωφελέω, ῶ, f. ήσω, a. 1. ἀφέλησα, (ὄφελος) to help, profit, benefit, Mat. 27. 24. Mar. 7. 11. Ro. 2. 25 et al.: whence

' Ωφελίμος, ου, ό, ή, τό, -ον, profits able, useful, beneficial, serviceable 1 Ti. 4. 8, δίσ. 2 Ti. 3. 16. Tit. 2. 8.

SUPPLEMENT

SUPPLEMENT

CONTAINING ADDITIONAL WORDS AND FORMS TO BE FOUND IN ONE OR ANOTHER OF THE GREEK TEXTS IN CURRENT USE, ESPECIALLY THOSE OF LACHMANN, TISCHENDORF, TREGELLES, WESTCOTT AND HORT, AND THE REVISERS OF 1881.

ΑГА

A

APA

'Αγαλλιάομαι, 800 'Αγαλλιάω. 'Αγγέλλω, f. ῶ, s. 1. ἤγγειλα, Jn. 4.51 (where many texts read ἀπήν-

4. 51 (where many texts read ἀπήγγειλα); (ἄγγελος) to announce, Jn.
20. 18.

Αγγος, εος, τό, εσ άγγεῖον.

- 'Aηδία, αs, ἡ, (ἀηδήs, ἀ & ἦδοs, pleasure, delight) unpleasantness, annoyance; dislike, hatred, Lu. 23. 12 (some MSS.)
- 'Αθροίζω, p. pass. part. ἡθροισμένος, (άθρός, in crowds, masses) to collect together, assemble; pass. to be assembled, convene, Lu. 24. 33.
- 'Ακατάπαστος, ον, so some editors in 2 Pe. 2.14. Possibly fr. πατέσμαι, p. pass. πέπασμαι, to taste, eat; whence ἀκατάπαστος insatiable. In prof. writ. κατάπαστος signifies besprinkled, solled; fr. καταπάσσω. N. T.
- "Αλα, τό, read by Tdf. in Mat. 5. 13; Mar. 9. 30; Lu. 14. 34; see äλας. N. T.
- 'Aλεεύs, δ, read by Tdf., West.-Hort for άλιεύς.
- 'Aλλαχοῦ, adv. of place, (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Mar. 1. 38.

'Aμφιάζω, f. άσω, (ἀμφί) to put or, clothe, Lu. 12. 28. L. G. See ἀμφιέγγυμι.

'Αμφιέζω, collat. form of ἀμφιάζω. 'Ανακυλίω, (ἀνά & κυλίω) to roll up;

roll back, Mar. 16. 4. L. G. 'Αναλόω, see ἀναλίσκω.

Αναμέρος, вее άνά.

'Ανάμεσον, 800 άνά.

'Aνάπειρος, a false spelling in some MSS. for ἀνάπηρος. See Lu. 14. 13, 21. S.

'Αναπηδάω, a. 1. part. ἀναπηδήσας, (ἀνά & πηδάω) to leap up, spring up, start up, Mar. 10. 50.

'Ανατίθημι, act. of ἀνατίθεμαι.

'Aνέλεος, ον, (d priv. & έλεος) without mercy, merciless, Ja. 2. 13. N. T. See ανίλεως.

'Απασπάζομαι, a. 1. ἀπησπασάμην, (ἀπό & ἀσπάζομαι) to salute on leaving, bid farewell, take leave of, Ac. 21. 6. L. G.

'Αποδεκατεύω, for ἀποδεκατόω, Lu. 18. 12.

'Αποκατιστάνω, variant form of άποκαθιστάνω; see ἀποκαθίστημι. 'Αραβών, collat. form of ἀβραβών,

which see

210

"Αραγε, (ἄρα & γε΄) surely then, so then (Lat. itaque, ergo), Mat. 7. 20; 17. 26. Ac. 11. 18.

⁷Αράγε, like ἆρα but more pointed, Ac. 8. 30.

"Aραφος, collat. form of άρραφος, which see.

'Αρήν, άρνός, ό, a sheep, a lamb, acc. pl. άρνας, Lu. 10. 3.

pl. άρνας, Lu. 10. 3. 'Ασαίνω, 1 Th. 3. 3 in some edd. See

'Aτιμάω, a. 1. ἡτίμησα, (ἀ & τιμάω) to deprive of honor, to treat lightly, to treat with contempt or contumely, Mar. 12. 4. See Soph. Lex.

Αξέω, see αὐξάνω.

σαινω. Ν. Τ.

Aὐτόφωροs, ον, (αὐτόs & φώρ, a thief) caught in the act of theft; then univ., caught in the act of any other crime, Jn. 8. 4.

Aù $\chi \acute{\epsilon} \omega$, imperf. $\eta \widecheck{\upsilon} \chi \sigma \upsilon \nu$, to lift up the neck; to boast, Ja. 3. 5.

'A $\phi \in \hat{l} \delta o \nu$, a variant spelling of $d\pi \in \hat{l} - \delta o \nu$, which see.

'Αφελπίζω, a variant spelling of ἀπελπίζω, which see.

'Αφυστερέω, f. ω, (ἀπό & δστερέω) to be behindhand, come too late; to cause to fail, take away from, withdraw, defraud, Ja. 5. 4. L. G.

B.

Baθέωs, adv. deeply; ὅρθρου βαθέωs, deep in the morning, at early dawn, Lu. 24. 1. L. G.

Bασιλικόs, ή, όν, of or belonging to a king, kingly, royal, regal; of a man, the officer or minister of a prince, a courtier, Jn. 4. 46, 49; subject to a king, Ac. 12. 20; befitting a king, royal, Ac. 12. 21; met. principal, chief, Ja. 2. 4.

Βιβλιδάριον, ου, τό, (fr. βιβλίδιον) a little book, Re. 10. 8.

Boaνεργές, (Heb. בְּיֵלְנֵי הָנֵעְשׁ) Boanerges (sons of thunder), Mar. 3. 17. N. T.

Г.

Γαββαθα, $\dot{\eta}$, indecl. (Aram. \aleph , 3))
Gabbatha, Jn. 19. 13. N. T.

Γαμίσκω, act. of γαμίσκομαι, Mat. 24. 38. Lchm.

Δ

 $\Delta \alpha \nu i \zeta \omega$, collat. form of $\delta \alpha \nu \epsilon i \zeta \omega$, which see.

Δανιστής, collat. form of δανειστής, which see.

 $\Delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha - \epsilon \xi$, sixteen, Re. 13. 18. S.

 $\Delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha$ -οκτώ, eighteen, Lu. 13. 4. S.

 $\Delta \epsilon \xi io β δ λos, ov, δ, (\delta \epsilon \xi i δ s & β δ λ λ ω)$ throwing with the right hand, a slinger, an archer, Ac. 23. 23. N. T.

Δηλαυγῶs, adv., (δῆλοs & αὐγή) radiantly, in full light, Mar. 8. 25.

Διά-γε, see διά, the γε expresses that what is least is indicated, at least because, yet because, Lu. 11. 8; 18. 5.

Διακαθαίρω, a. 1. διεκάθαρα, to cleanse thoroughly, Lu. 3. 17.

Διαλιμπάνω, imperf. διελίμπανον, to intermit, cease, Ac. 8. 24. S. Apoer.

Διαπορεύω, act. of διαπορεύομαι.

Διεξέρχομαι, f. διεξελεύσομαι, a. 2. διεξήλθον, (διά, έξ, έρχομαι) to go out through something, Ac. 28. 3.

Διερμηνεία. as, ή, interpretation, of obscure utterances, 1 Co. 12. 10. Lehm. N. T.

Δικάζω, f. άσω, a. 1. pass. ἐδικάσθην, to judge, pass judgment, Lu. 6. 37, Treg. mrg.

Δισμυριάς, άδος, ή, twice ten thousand, two myriads, Re. 9. 16. Lchm. Tdf.

Δράμω, вее τρέχω.

Δυσεντέριον, ου, τό, = δυσεντερία, Ac. 28. 8. L. G.

 $\Delta \dot{\upsilon}\sigma_{1S}$, $\epsilon \omega_{S}$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\delta \dot{\upsilon}\omega)$ a sinking, setting, esp. of the heavenly bodies; the west, the quarter in which the sun sets, Mar. 16, Shorter Conclusion.

Δωροφορία, as, ή, (δωροφόροs, bringing gifts) the offering of a gift or gifts, Ro. 15. 31. N. T.

E.

Έβδομηκονταέξ, seventy-six, Ac. 27. 37.

'Εβδομηκυνταπέντε, seventy - five, Ac. 7. 14.

Έγγιστα, adv., (neut. pl. sup. of έγγυς) nearest, next, Mar. 6. 36.

Έγκακέω, f. ω̂, a. 1. ἐνεκάκησα, to be weary in anything; to lose courage, flag, faint, Lu. 18. 1. 2 Co. 4. 1, 16. Gal. 6. 9. Eph. 3. 13. 2 Th. 3. 13. L. G.

Έγκαυχάομαι, to glory in, 2 Th. 1. 4. L. G.

Εἴγε, if indeed, seeing that. See γέ.
 Εἰδέα, ας, ἡ, poetic form for ἰδέα,
 Mat. 28. 3.

Eĩ $\delta\omega$, whence a. 2. $\epsilon l\delta o\nu$, p. $ol\delta\alpha$, which see.

Eίρω, a rare pres. whence the f. $\epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$. See $\epsilon i \pi o \nu$.

Efre, conj., gen. repeated, efre...
eire (Lat. sive ... sive) whether
... or, Ro. 12. 6-8. 1 Co. 3. 22; 8.
5; 10. 31; 12. 13, 26; 13. 8; 15. 11.
2 Co. 1. 6; 5. 9, 10, 13; 8. 23.
Eph. 6. 8. Phi. 1. 18, 20, 27. Col.
1. 16, 20. 1 Th. 5. 10. 2 Th. 2. 15.
1 Pe. 2. 13, 14; whether ... or
(Lat. utrum ... an), indirect interrog. sense, 2 Co. 12. 2, 3; used once,
if, 1 Co. 14. 27.

 $\mathbf{E}\hat{l}\boldsymbol{\tau}\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\boldsymbol{\nu}$, rare form for $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}\hat{l}\boldsymbol{\tau}\boldsymbol{a}$, (which see), Mar. 4. 28.

Mar. 4. 28. Έκβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, a. 2. ἐξέβην, to go out, He. 11. 13.

'Εκζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκζητέω, to seek out) an investigating; a subject of subtle inquiry and dispute, 1 Ti. 1. 4. N. T.

'Εκθαυμάζω, f. σω, imperf. ἔξεθαύμαζον, (ἐκ & θαυμάζω) to wonder or marvel greatly, Mar. 12. 17. L. G.

'Εκκοπή, η̂ς, ή, 800 έγκοπή.

Έκκρέμομαι, 800 έκκρέμαμαι.

'Εκνεύω, f. σω, a. 1. ἐξένευσα, (ἐκ & νεύω, to incline in any direction) to bend to one side; to take one's self away, withdraw, Jn. 5. 13.

Έκσώζω, f. σω, a. l. ἐξέσωσα, (ἐκ & σώζω, to save) to save from, either to keep or to rescue from danger, Ac. 27. 39.

^{*}Εκτρομος, adj., trembling exceedingly, exceedingly terrified, He. 12. 25. N. T.

Έκύκλευσαν, for ἐκύκλωσαν, fr.

'Ελεάω, 800 έλεέω, Ro. 9. 16. Jud. 22, 23.

'Eλεινός, see ελεεινός.

^σΕλιγμα, ατος, τό, (έλίσσω, to turn about, to roll) a roll, Jn. 19. 39.

'Ελλογάω, вее ἐλλογέω. Ν. Τ.

'Εμμέσφ = ἐν μέσφ, вее μέσος. Ν. Τ.

'Eμπιπράω, for έμπίπρημι, to burn, set on fire; to be inflamed, swollen, Ac. 28. 6.

Έμπρήθω, f. σω, a. 1. ἐνέπρησα, (ἐν & πρήθω, to swell out by blowing) to burn, destroy by fire, Mat. 22. 7.
Ένγράφω, see ἐγγράφω.

Ένδώμησις, вее ενδόμησις. L. G.

Ένέγκω, a. 1 ήνεγκα, a. 2. ήνεγκον, see φέρω.

Ένενήκοντα, вее έννενήκοντα.

Ένεός, вее έννεός.

'Ενεστώς, 800 ένίστημι.

Еик-, вее еук- от екк-.

'Ενμένω, see έμμένω. 'Ενόντα, τά, see ένειμι.

'Ενορκίζω, to adjure, put under oath, solemnly entreat, 1 Th. 5. 27. L. G. 'Ενπ-, see έμπ-.

'Εξέλω, (whence f. ἐλῶ L. G., a. 2. εἶλον), see ἐξαιρέω.

Έξεραυνάω, 800 έξερευνάω.

'Εξέφνης, see έξαίφνης.

'Εξουδενέω, see έξουδενόω.

Έξουθενόω, see ξξουθενέω.

'Eπάρατος, ον, (ἐπαράομαι, to call down curses upon) accursed, Jn. 7. 49.

Έπάρχειος, ον. belonging to an έπαρχος οτ prefect, η επάρχειος, sc. εξουσία, Ac. 25. 1. L. G.

Έπεισέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, (ἐπί, εἰς, & ἔρχομαι) to come in besides or to those who are already within, to enter afterwards; to come in upon, enter against, Lu. 21. 35.

Έπικέλλω, a. 1. ἐπέκειλα, (ἐπί & κέλλω, to drive on) to run a ship ashore, to bring to land, Ac. 27. 41.

'Επικεφάλαιον, ου, τό, head money, poll-tax, Mar. 12. 14.

Eπιλείχω, imperf. ἐπέλειχον, (ἐπί & λείχω, to lick up) to lick the surface of, lick over, Lu. 16. 21. N. T.

'Επισπείρω, f. σπερῶ, a. 1. ἐπέσπειρα, (ἐπί & σπείρω, to sow) to sow above or besides, Mat. 13. 25.

'Επίστασις, εως, ή, (ἐφίστημι) an advancing, approach, incursion, onset, press, Ac. 24. 12. 2 Co. 11. 28.

'Επιτοαυτό, Ac. 1. 15; 2. 1; see αὐτόs. Έπιτροπεύω, to be ἐπίτροπος or procurator, Lu. 3. 1.

'Εραυνάω, collat. form of έρευνάω, which see.

*Ερμηνευτής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐρμηνεύω, to expound) an interpreter, 1 Co. 14. 28. Έρῶ, see εἴρω above.

"Εσθω, poet. for ἐσθίω, Mar. 1. 6. Lu. 7. 33, 34; 10. 7; 22. 30.

'Εσπερινός, η, ον, belonging to the evening, Lu. 12. 38.

Ebγε, used in commendation, well done! Lu. 19. 17.

Εὐρακύλων, see Εὐροκλύδων.

'Εφείδον, вее έπείδον.

Έφιδε, вее έπείδον.

'Εφνίδιος, see αἰφνίδιος.

'E $\chi\theta\epsilon$'s, a longer form of $\chi\theta\epsilon$'s, which see.

Z.

Ζβέννυμι, вее σβέννυμι.

H.

'Ημεῖς, 800 έγώ.

'Ησσάομαι, see ἡττάομαι.

"Ησσων, see ήττων.

Θ.

Θαρρέω, 800 θαρσέω.

Θεολόγος, ου, ό, (θεός & λέγω) one who speaks (treats) of the gods and divine things, versed in sacred science, Re. (in the heading of Text. Rec.).

Θορυβάζω, (θόρυβος, din, tumult) to trouble, disturb, Lu. 10. 41. N. T.

1

"I $\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu$ and $I\sigma\tau\epsilon$, 1 pl. ind., and 2 pl. ind. or impv., of olda, which see.

K.

Καθημέραν, καθ' ἡμέραν, see ἡμέρα. Καθολικόs, ἡ, όν, general, universal, Ja., Pe., Jn., in the headings or titles.

Kαθώσ π ερ, just as, exactly as, 2 Co. 3. 18. He. 5. 4.

Καλοὶ Λιμένες, (καλός & λιμήν, harbor, haven) Fair Havens, a bay of Crete, near the city Lasaea; so called because offering good anchorage. Ac. 27. 8.

Κάμιλος, ου, δ, a cable, Mat. 19. 24; Lu. 18. 25. N. T.

Καταγράφω, to draw, delineate, Jn. 8. 6.

Καταυγάζω, to beam down upon; to shine forth, shine brightly, 2 Co.
 4. 4. L. G.

Καταφάγω, вее κατεσθίω.

Kατευλογέω, to call down blessings on, Mar. 10. 16. L. G.

Κατ' ίδίαν, see ίδιος.

Κατοικίζω, a. 1. κατψκισα, to cause to dwell, to send or bring into an abode, to give a dwelling to, Ja. 4. 5.

Καυσόω, act. of καυσόομαι. N. T.

Καυστηριάζω, see καυτηριάζω. L.G. Κερέα, see κεραία.

Κεφαλιόω, Mar. 12. 4. N. T. See κεφαλαιόω.

Kίχρημι, to lend, Lu. 11. 5.

Κλίμα, 800 κλίμα.

Kλινάριον, ου, τό, (dim. of κλινή) a small bed, a couch, Ac. 5. 15. (On accent see W. gram., p. 50.)

Κοσμίως, adv., (fr. κόσμιος) decently, 1 Ti. 2. 9.

Κρέμαμαι, вее κρεμάννυμι.

Κρεπάλη, вее κραιπάλη.

Κρυπτή, see κρύπτη. L. G.

Κυκλεύω, a. 1. ἐκύκλευσα, to go round, to encircle, encompass, surround, Jn. 10. 24. Re. 20. 9.

Κύκλφ, (dat. fr. κύκλοs) in a circle, around, round about, on all sides, Mar. 3. 34; 6. 6, 36. Lu. 9. 12. Ro. 15. 19. Re. 4. 6; 5. 11.

Kυλισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (κυλίω) a rolling, wallowing, 2 Pe. 2. 22. N. T.

Λ.

Λάκω, & λακέω, 800 λάσκω. Λεμά, 800 λαμά.

Λευκαίνω, a. 1. έλεύκανα, to whiten, make white, Mar. 9. 3. Re. 7. 14.

Λευκοβύσσινον, (= βύσσινον λευκόν) Re. 19. 14. See βύσσινος. Λημά, see λαμά.

Λιμά, вее λαμά.

M.

Maγία, see μαγεία. Μαζός, οῦ, ὁ, the breast, Re. 1. 13.

Μάρτυρ, вее μάρτυς.

Maσθός, (Dor. for μαστός) Re. 1. 13. See μαστός.

Mετατρέπω, f. ψω, to turn about; met. to transmute, Ja. 4. 9.

Μηθέν, вее μηδείς.

Mἡ οὐκ, (οὖκ belonging to the verb, μή being interrogative) Ro. 10. 18, 19. 1 Co. 9. 4, 5; 11. 22.

Mήπου, v. μή που, that nowhere, lest anywhere, Ac. 27. 29.

Mήτις v. μή τις, prohibitive, let no one, 1 Co. 16. 11. 2 Th. 2. 3; interrogative, (Lat. num quis) hath any one, Jn. 4. 33; 7. 48. 2 Co. 12. 17.

Mητρόπολις, εως, ἡ, (μήτηρ & πόλις) a metropolis, chief city, 1 Ti. 6. 22.

Μνάομαι, вее μιμνήσκομαι.

Mογγιλάλος, (fr. μόγγος v. μογγός & λάλος) speaking with a harsh or thick voice, Mar. 7. 32.

Mύλινος, η, ον, made of mill-stones; equivalent to μυλικός, Re. 18. 21. L. G.

N.

Νεομηνία, вее νουμηνία.

Ξ.

 $\Xi \dot{\nu} \nu$, older form of $\sigma \dot{\nu} \nu$, appearing in composition in 1 Pe. 4. 12.

Ο.

'Οδοποιέω, ῶ, to make a road, to level, make passable, smooth, open, a way, Mar. 2. 23.

Οἰκειακός, ή, όν, 800 οἰκιακός.

Olκέτεια, as, η, (οἰκέω, to dwell in) household, i. e. body of servants, Mat. 24. 45.

Οίοσδηποτοῦν, of what kind . . . soever, Ja. 5. 4.

'Ολεθρεύω, He. 11. 28; see ὀλοθρεύω.
'Ολέθριος, ον, destructive, deadly,
2 Th. 1. 9.

'Ολιγοπιστία, ας, $\hat{\eta}$, (ὀλίγος & πίστις) littleness of faith, of little faith, Mat. 17. 20. N. T.

'Ομόω, see δμνύω.

'Οπτάνω, see όπτάνομαι. 8.

Όπτω, whence f. δψομαι. See δράω.

'Ορινός, вее δρεινός.

"Ορνιξ, вее δρνις.

 $O\sigma\gamma\epsilon$, (8s & $\gamma\epsilon$, even) the very one who, precisely he who, Ro. 8. 32.

"Ο,τε, ή,τε, τό,τε, (δ, ή, τό & τε, which see) Lu. 2. 16; 15. 2; 23. 12. Jn. 2. 15; 4. 42; 6. 18. Ac. 1. 13; 2. 33; 4. 14; 5. 24; 7. 26; 8. 38; 13. 1, 2, 44; 14. 11, 13; 15. 39; 16. 11, 13; 17. 4, 10, 14; 18. 5; 19. 12; 21. 25; 26. 23, 30; 27. 1, 3, 5; 28. 2. Ro. 1. 20, 26; 7. 7. Eph. 1. 10. He. 2. 11; 9. 1, 2.

"O $\tau\iota$ interrog., ($\delta,\tau\iota$ v. $\delta\tau\iota$) for $\tau\ell$ equivalent to δια τί, Mar. 2. 16; 9. 11, 28. L. G.

Où μή, in no wise, not at all, by no means (see Goodwin's Moods and Tenses, App. II.), Mat. 5. 18, 20, 26; 10. 23, 42; 13. 14; 15. 5; 16. 22, 28; 18. 3; 23. 39; 24. 2, 21, 34, 35; 25. 9; 26. 29, 35. Mar. 9. 1, 41; 10. 15; 13. 2, 19, 30, 31; 14. 25, 31; 16. 18. Lu. 1. 15; 6. 37; 9. 27; 10. 19; 12. 59; 13. 35; 18. 7, 17, 30; 21. 18, 32, 33; 22. 16, 18, 34, 67, 68. Jn. 4, 14, 48; 6, 35, 37; 8, 12, 51, 52; 10, 5, 28; 11, 26, 56; 13, 8, 38; 18, 11; 20, 25, Ac, 13, 41; 28, 26, Ro. 4, 8, 1 Co. 8. 13. Gal. 4. 30; 5. 16. 1 Th. 4. 15; 5. 3. He. 8. 11, 12; 10. 17; 13. 5. 1 Pe. 2. 6. 2 Pe. 1. 10. Re. 2. 11; 3. 3, 5, 12; 9. 6; 15. 4; 18. 7, 14, 21, 22, 23; 21. 25, 27.

 $O_{\chi \epsilon \tau \delta s}$, $o\hat{v}$, δ , $(\partial_{\chi} \epsilon \omega$, to uphold, carry) a watering-pipe, duct; the intestinal canal, Mar. 7. 19.

Παλινγεννεσία, вее παλιγγενεσία. Πανδοκεύς, 800 πανδοχεύς.

Πανδοκίον, вее πανδοχείον.

Πανπληθεί, 800 παμπληθεί. Πανταχη ν. πανταχη adv., every-

where, Ac. 21. 28. Παρακαθέζομαι, to sit down beside,

seat one's self, Lu. 10, 39,

 Π αρεμβάλλω, f. βαλ $\hat{\omega}$, to cast by the side of or besides, to insert, to interpose, to bring back into line; to assign to soldiers a place, to draw up in line, to encamp; to cast up (a bank) about (a city), Lu. 19. 43.

Πατρολφας, вее πατραλφας. $\Pi \in (\delta s, h, \delta \nu, \text{ on foot; by land, Mat.})$ Πειράω, act. of πειράομαι.

Περαιτέρω, adv., further, beyond, besides, Ac. 19. 39.

Περιάπτω, to bind around, to put around; to kindle a fire around, Lu.

Περιβλέπω, act. of περιβλέπομαι.

Περιδρέμω, 800 περιτρέχω.

 $\Pi \in \rho \in \kappa \alpha \theta (\zeta \omega)$, to sit around, be seated around, Lu. 22. 55.

Περιρραίνω, to sprinkle around, besprinkle, Re. 19. 13.

Πετεινός, ή, όν, flying, winged, Mat. 6. 26; 8. 20; 13. 4, 32. Mar. 4. 4, 32. Lu. 8. 5; 9. 58; 12. 24; 13. 19. Ac. 10. 12; 11. 6. Ro. 1. 23. Ja. 3. 7.

Πιθός, вее πειθός.

 $\Pi \iota \mu \pi \rho \dot{\alpha} \omega$, (for the more common πίμπρημι) to blow, burn; to cause to swell, become tumid, Ac. 28. 6.

Πινακίς, ίδος, ή, Lu. 1 63, see πινακίδιον.

Πλάνης, ητος, δ, see πλανήτης.

 $\Pi \lambda \epsilon \omega$, see $\pi l \mu \pi \lambda \eta \mu l$.

 $\Pi \delta \nu o s$, o v, δ , $(\pi \epsilon \nu o \mu a \iota$, to toil, work) labor, toil; great trouble, intense desire, Col. 4. 13; pain, Re. 16, 10, 11: 21. 4.

Πρέπω, 800 πρέπει.

Προαιρέω, act. of προαιρέομαι.

Προβάτιον, ου, τό, a little sheep, Jn. 21. 16, 17.

Προεπαγ<u>γ</u>έλλω, act. of προεπαγγέλλομαι Ν. Τ.

Προθέσμιος, α. ον. (πρό & θεσμός, fixed, appointed) set beforehand, prearranged, Gal. 4. 2.

Πρόϊμος, see πρώϊμος.

Προπάτωρ, ορος, δ, $(\pi \alpha \tau \eta \rho)$ a forefather, founder of a family or nation, Ro. 4. 1.

Προσανέχω, to hold up besides; to rise up so as to approach, rise up towards, Ac. 27. 27. L. G.

Προσαχέω, $\hat{\omega}$, to resound, Ac. 27. 27. N. T.

Προσδρέμω, see προστρέχω.

Πρόσκλησις, εως, ή, a judicial summons; an invitation, 1 Ti. 5. 21.

Προσπαίω, a. 1. προσέπαισα, to beat against, strike upon, Mat. 7. 25.

Πρώϊος, (πρωτ) Mat. 21. 18; 27. 1. Jn. 18. 28.

Πρώτως, adv., (πρῶτος) first, Ac. 11. 26.

P.

'Ραίνω, see βαντίζω.

'Ραχά, see ῥακά.

'Poπή, η̂s, ἡ, (ῥέπω, to sink) inclination downwards, 1 Co. 15. 52.

'Pυπαίνω, (ρύπος, filth) to make filthy; defile, dishonor, Re. 22.11.

Σ.

Σαρδιόνυξ, Re. 21. 20. N. T. See σαρδόνυξ.

Σειρός, οῦ, ὁ, a pit, an underground granary, 2 Pe. 2. 4.

Σιρικός, 800 σηρικός.

Σιρός, вее σειρός.

Στάμνος, ου, ό, (Ιστημι) an earthen jar into which wine was drawn off for keeping, also used for other purposes (β. for Heb. מנצות Σκ. 16. 30), He. 9. 4.

Στασιαστής, οῦ, ὁ, (στασιάζω, to rebel, revolt) the author of or participant in an insurrection, Mar. 15, 7. L. G.

 $\Xi \tau \iota \beta ds$, $d\delta os$, $\dot{\eta}$, $(\sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \beta \omega$, to tread on) a spread or layer of leaves, rushes, straw, etc., serving for a bed; that which is used in this way, a branch full of leaves, soft foliage, Mar. 11. 8.

Στρατοπέδαρχος, ου, δ, Ac. 28. 16. Ν. Τ. See στρατοπεδάρχης.

Συγγενίς, ίδος, ή, a kinswoman, Lu. 1. 36. L. G.

Συλλυπέω, act. of συλλυπέομαι.

Συμφάγω, 800 συνεσθίω.

Συμμιμητής, οῦ, ὁ, (σύν & μιμέομαι, to mimic, imitate) an imitator with others, Phi. 3. 17. N. T.

Σύμφορος, ον, fit, suitable, useful; τδ συμφορον, advantage, profit, 1 Co. 7. 35; 10. 33.

Συναλλάσσω, to reconcile, Ac. 7. 26. Συναυξάνω, act. of συναυξάνομαι.

Zuvauzava, act. of ovvauzavor

Συνβ-, вее συμβ-.

Συνγ-, see συγγ-.

Συνεπιτίθημι, act. of συνεπιτίθεμαι.

Σωνζ-, see συζ-.

Συνιέω, 800 συνίημι.

Συνκατανεύω, to consent to, agree with, Ac. 18. 27.

Συνκ-, вее συγκ .

Συνλ-, вее συλλ-.

Συνμ-, see συμμ-.

Συνπ-, вее συμπ-.

Συνσ-, see συσ- & συσσ-.

ZUVOT-, see OUOT-.

Συνφ-, see συμφ-.

Συνχ-, see συγχ-.

Συνψ-, вее συμψ-.

Σφυδρόν, οῦ, τό, Δc. 3. 7. N. T. See σφυρόν.

Σφυρίς, Mat. 16, 9. Mar. 8. 8. See σπυρίς.

T.

| Τάχειον, вее τάχιον.

Τεσσαρακονταδύο, forty-two, Re. 11. 2: 13. 5. N. T.

Teσσαρακοντατέσσαρες. ων, fortyfour, Re. 21. 17. N. T.

Τεσσερ-, вее τεσσαρ-.

Τετρα-, for τεσσαρα-.

Τετρααρχέω, for τετραρχέω.

Τετραάρχης, for τετράρχης.

Τεύχω, вее τυγχάνω.

Τιθέω, L. G. See τίθημι.

Tolve, Jn. 4. 2. Ac. 14. 17; 17. 27.

He. 4. 3; see καίτοιγε.

Τρημα, ατος, τό, a perforation, hole, Mat. 19. 24. Lu. 18. 25. Τριχός, вее θρίξ.

Tυπικώς, adv., (τύπος, an impress, counterpart,) by way of example (prefiguratively), 1 Co. 10. 11. N. T.

T.

Ύμεῖς, вее σύ.

Ύπερ-εγώ, 2 Co. 11. 23; see ὑπέρ. •

Υπερεκπερισσῶς, adv., beyond measure, 1 Th. 5. 13. N. T.

Υποζύγιος, a, ov, under the yoke; see υποζύγιον.

Υπόλειμμα v. ὑπόλιμμα, τος, τό, a remnant, Ro. 9. 27.

Υποπιάζω, (L. G. for ὑποπιέζω) to keep down, keep in subjection, 1 Co. 9. 27; see ὑπωπιάζω.

Ύφαίνω, f. ὑφανῶ, to weave, Lu. 12.

Φ.

Φάγω, act. of φάγομαι, see ἐσθίω. Φάρμακον, ου, τό, a drug, an enchantment, Re. 9. 21.

Φημίζω, to spread a report, to disseminate by report, Mat. 28. 15.

Φοινίκισσα, see Συροφοινίκισσα.

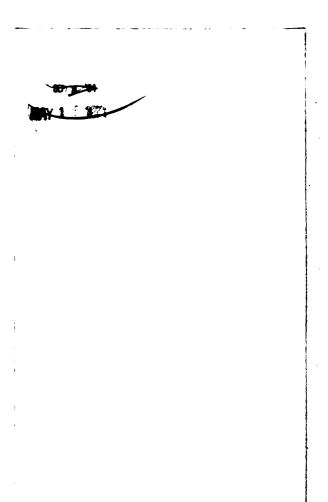
Χράω, see κίχρημι above. Xρίσμα, see χρ \hat{i} σμα; see Win. Gram.

p. 50.

Ψεύδομαι, вее ψεύδω. Ψευδομάρτυς, 800 ψευδομάρτυρ.

Ω.

'Ωτάριον, ου, τό, (dim. of obs) the ear, Mar. 14. 47. Jn. 18. 10.



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

GREEN, Thomas Sheldon

Greek-English lexicon
TITLE to the N.T.

Call Number 508.2 G798g 1896

cop.2



